

**Report on
Fifth Annual
Employment - Unemployment
Survey
(2015-16)**

Volume I



सत्यमेव जयते

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF LABOUR & EMPLOYMENT
LABOUR BUREAU
CHANDIGARH**

Foreword

The experience of countries that succeeded in reducing poverty significantly indicates the importance of high rates of economic growth in achieving this. High growth, however, is not a sufficient condition for poverty reduction; the pattern and sources of growth as well as the manner in which its benefits are distributed are equally important from the point of view of achieving the goal of poverty reduction. In this context, employment plays a key role in all developing countries. Indeed, countries which attained high rates of employment growth alongside high rates of economic growth are also the ones who succeeded in reducing poverty significantly.

Labour Bureau has been entrusted with the task of conducting Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey in the country. The first survey was conducted in 28 States/UTs by covering 300 districts in the country during the year 2010. The second, third and Fourth Annual Employment-Unemployment Surveys were more comprehensive in terms of coverage as well as parameters estimated. These surveys were conducted in all the States/UTs by covering all the districts in the country.

Field work for Fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey has been conducted during the period April, 2015 to December, 2015 in all the 36 States/UTs by covering all the districts in the country. A moving reference period of last twelve completed months from the date of survey is used to derive various estimates of labour force and its derivatives.

Considering the importance of the labour force parameters and demands from different various quarters, the Fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey report 2015-16 are being brought out in **Four Volumes**.

Volume-I titled "Employment-Unemployment Scenario 2015-16" deals with important parameters namely Labour Force Participation Rate, Worker Population Ratio, Unemployment Rate based on Usual Principal Status Approach and Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach,

distribution of employed persons by different activity, extent of underemployment etc.

Volume-II titled "Youth Employment-Unemployment Scenario 2015-16" deals with Labour Force Participation Rate, Worker Population Ratio, Unemployment Rate etc. for different age groups viz. 15-17 years, 18-29 years and 30 Years & above.

Volume-III titled "Education, Skill and Labour Force 2015-16" deals with vocational training and main activity pursued, educational level and main activity, type of formal and non-formal training attained etc.

Volume-IV titled "Employment-Unemployment Scenario among different Social Groups 2015-16" deals with the labour force related parameters and its derivatives for various social groups.

In addition considering the demand of district level estimates for decentralized planning, Bureau has worked with five States/UTs namely Maharashtra, Telangana, J & K, Andhra Pradesh and Puducherry. These States/UTs have covered matching samples along with Labour Bureau main survey. After pooling the samples, the district level estimates for these States/UTs are also a part of Fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey 201-15.

There have been many hurdles in completing the survey on time. Despite all such hurdles, the survey was successfully completed mainly because of the hard work put in by the dedicated staff and officers of the Labour Bureau. Without such support and co-operation from the State Governments it could have been very difficult to undertake such survey.

I would like to express my deep appreciation for the constant support received from the State Governments, especially their Directorates of Economics & Statistics (DES), despite the acute shortage of staff and officers, faced by them. My thanks are also due to the National Sample Survey Office (Field Operation Division) for timely making available the Urban Frame Survey maps of the sample urban blocks for use in the survey.

The Expert Committee set up under the able Chairmanship of Prof. S. P. Mukherjee meticulously designed the sample design, schedules and instruction manuals and deliberated at length on the findings of the survey at various stages. This report is the product of the efforts put in by the Committee members, in general and Prof. S. P. Mukherjee in particular. Without his constant guidance and enthusiasm the survey would not have progressed at such a pace. I have no hesitation in admitting that the errors or inadequacies in the Report are however entirely due to the limitations of the Labour Bureau. Last but not the least, Labour Bureau is grateful to the Ministry of Labour and Employment for reposing its faith in the Labour Bureau to conduct such a massive exercise at All-India level.

CHANDIGARH
15TH SEPTEMBER, 2016

DR. M. MATHISEKARAN
DIRECTOR GENERAL

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REPORT ON FIFTH ANNUAL EMPLOYMENT - UNEMPLOYMENT SCENARIO

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

INTRODUCTION

- The Present Report relates to the Fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey Report 2015-16 conducted by Labour Bureau.
- The survey has been conducted in all the States/UTs and covers all the districts.
- The field work was executed from April, 2015 to December, 2015.
- A total sample of 1,56,563 households has been covered with a break up of 88,783 households in the rural sector and 67,780 households in the urban sector.
- From the households covered, 7,81,793 members were inquired, out of which 4,48,254 respondents reside in rural households and rest 3,33,539 in urban households.
- The survey results are presented in four volumes namely
 - i. Employment - Unemployment survey 2015-16;
 - ii. Youth Employment - Unemployment survey 2015-16;
 - iii. Education, Skill Development & Labour Force 2015-16;
 - iv. Employment-Unemployment Scenario among different Social Groups 2015-16.
- Labour Force Estimates are derived based on two approaches namely Usual Principal Status (UPS) Approach and Usual Principal and Subsidiary Status (UPSS) Approach.
- A moving reference period of last twelve months from the date of survey was used to derive the estimates based on Usual Principal Status (UPS) Approach and Usual Principal and Subsidiary Status (UPSS) Approach.

- All the Labour Force related tables have been generated State/Gender/Sector/Social Group wise.
- All the Labour Force Estimates have been derived for persons aged 15 years and above only.
- The survey results show that at the All India levels, about 40.4 per cent of the households belong to Other Backward Classes category followed by 29.9 per cent under the others category, 20.3 per cent under the Scheduled Castes category and the rest 9.4 per cent households belong to the Scheduled Tribes category.
- The results show that about 24 percent households benefitted from employment generating schemes like MGNREGA, PMEGP, SGSY and SJSRY etc.
- Only three North Eastern States, namely Tripura, Manipur and Mizoram have more than 70 percent of the households benefitted from MGNREGA.
- In case of number of employed persons in the households, it is found that 48.4 per cent of the households had only 1 employed person followed by 30.6 per cent households with 2 employed persons. Households with 3 employed persons constituted 10.7 per cent and households with 4 & above persons constituted only 5.2 per cent. Remaining 5.1 per cent of the households did not have even a single employed person/earner.
- At the All India level, about 77 per cent of the households were reported to be having no regular wage/salaried person.
- In the present survey, an attempt has also been made to capture the information related to households having saving bank account and average monthly households earnings for each State/UT.
- It is estimated that at the All India level a little more than 67 per cent of the surveyed households had average Monthly Earnings not exceeding 10,000 only. In Rural sector such households

constituted about 77 per cent whereas the corresponding proportion was about 45 per cent among urban households.

- The state of Madhya Pradesh recorded the highest proportion (35.8) percentage of households with average monthly earnings not exceeding to Rs.5,000 followed by West Bengal (34.5 per cent), Uttar Pradesh (30.1 per cent) and Odisha (29.8 per cent).
- It is also estimated that at the All India level, 94.4 per cent of the households had saving bank accounts for both rural and urban sector.
- In Daman & Diu and Lakshadweep, all of the households surveyed had saving bank accounts.
- Union Territory of Chandigarh had 99 per cent of the households with saving bank accounts. Across all States/UT's among the households with saving bank accounts, Chandigarh had the highest proportion of (4.1 per cent) households having average monthly earnings above Rs. 1, 00,000 which is much higher than at All India Level.
- Nagaland state had minimum i.e. 79.2 per cent households having saving bank accounts and out of these the highest proportion (30.2 per cent) of the households had average monthly household earnings of Rs. 20,001 to Rs. 50,000.
- Lakshadweep had maximum (13.8 per cent) households with no earner followed by Kerala (13.2 per cent) and Chandigarh (12.4 per cent).

LABOUR FORCE AND WORKER-POPULATION RATIO

- Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) was estimated to be 50.3 per cent under the UPS approach at the All India level or in other words 50.3 per cent of the persons aged 15 years and above were either working or seeking work during the reference period.
- In the rural sector, the LFPR was estimated to be 53 per cent whereas in the urban sector the LFPR was 43.5 per cent under the UPS approach.
- Female LFPR was significantly lower as compared to LFPR among males. At the All India level, female LFPR was estimated to be 23.7 per cent as compared to 75 per cent for males and 48 per cent for transgenders.
- LFPR for different categories based on UPS approach is as below:

All India (in per cent)				
Sector	Male	Female	Transgender	Person
Rural	77.3	26.7	51.1	53.0
Urban	69.1	16.2	41.2	43.5
Rural + Urban	75.0	23.7	48.0	50.3

- The Worker Population Ratio (WPR) was estimated to be 47.8 per cent at the All India level under the UPS approach or in other words 47.8 per cent of the persons aged 15 years & above were reported to be employed under the reference period.
- In rural sector, the WPR was estimated to be 50.4 per cent under the UPS approach as compared to 41.4 per cent in the urban sector.
- The female WPR was estimated to be 21.7 per cent at the All India level under the UPS approach as compared to the male WPR of 72.1 per cent and 45.9 per cent for transgenders.

THE EMPLOYMENT-UNEMPLOYMENT SITUATION

- The unemployment rate was estimated to be 5.0 per cent at the All India level under the UPS approach or in other words 5.0 per cent of the persons aged 15 years and above who were available for work could not get work during the reference period.
- In rural sector, unemployment rate was 5.1 per cent whereas in urban sector, the unemployment rate was 4.9 per cent under the UPS approach.
- The unemployment rate was significantly higher among females as compared to males. At the All India level, the female unemployment rate was estimated to be 8.7 per cent, whereas for males it was 4.0 per cent (under the UPS approach).
- In urban areas, the female unemployment rate was estimated to be 12.1 per cent at the All India level under the UPS approach as compared to 3.3 per cent for males and 10.3 per cent for transgenders.
- The unemployment rate for different categories based on UPS approach is given below.

All India (in per cent)				
Sector	Male	Female	Transgender	Person
Rural	4.2	7.8	2.1	5.1
Urban	3.3	12.1	10.3	4.9
Rural + Urban	4.0	8.7	4.3	5.0

To get a better picture about the Employment situation, it will be useful to look at the distribution of workers or employed persons according to the nature of their employment

- Majority of the employed persons were found to be self employed based on both the UPS and UPSS approach.
- At the All India level, 46.6 per cent of the workers were found to be self employed under the Usual Principal Status Approach followed by 32.8 per cent as casual labour. Only 17 per cent of the employed persons were wage/salary earners and the rest 3.7 per cent were contract workers.
- Employed persons are further classified on the basis of economic activity pursued by them. At the State/UT level, results are presented at Section level (Section A-U) based on National Industrial Classification, 2008.
- The survey results show that majority of the persons were employed in the primary sector. At the All India level, based on Usual Principal Status Approach, 46.1 per cent of the persons were estimated to be employed under Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing sector, followed by 32 percent in tertiary sector and 21.8 percent in the secondary sector.
- ***It is pretty well-known that many of the persons who are reported as ‘employed’ or ‘workers’ in official publications do not get work for the entire duration of their stay in the Labour Force. And even those who get some work or the other for the entire duration may be getting work for only a small fraction of the time they are available for work. This apart, some may be working on jobs which do not allow them to fully utilise their abilities or from which they earn very low incomes. All this constitutes under-***

employment which remains a worrying aspect of the employment –unemployment scenario in the country. Fifth round of Annual Employment Unemployment survey also apart some important estimates for the under-employment, considering only the duration of work available to participants in the Labour Force.

- 60.6 per cent of the persons aged 15 years and above who were available for work for all the 12 months during the reference period were able to get work throughout the year, at the All India level. In rural areas, 52.7 per cent of the persons aged 15 years and above who were available for work for all the 12 months during the reference period were able to get work throughout the year at the All India level, whereas the corresponding figure for urban areas was 82.1 per cent.
- The present survey has also collected data on parameters like methods adopted to seek work by the unemployed, reasons for unemployment among graduates and post graduates, type of job contract, availability of paid leave & social security benefits and social security benefits by different schemes.
- At the All India level, a majority 67.5 per cent of the self employed workers had average monthly earnings up to Rs 7500. Only 0.1 per cent of the self employed were estimated to have earnings above Rs 1 lakh.
- Similarly, 57.2 per cent i.e. more than half of the regular wage/salaried workers had monthly average earnings up to Rs 10,000. At the All India level 38.5 per cent of the contract workers and 59.3 per cent of the casual workers had monthly earnings of up to Rs 5000.
- At the All India level, majority of unemployed persons (33.5 per cent) used more than two methods to seek work, followed by, through friends & relatives (24.1 per cent), application made in

response to advertisement (23.7 per cent) and through employment exchange (4.3 per cent).

- At the All India level, 58.3 per cent of unemployed graduates and 62.4 per cent of unemployed post graduates cited non availability of jobs matching with education/skill and experience as the main reason for unemployment followed by non availability of adequate remuneration cited by 22.8 per cent of graduates and 21.5 per cent of post graduates.
- At the All India level, 64.9 per cent of the regular wage/ salaried workers, 67.8 per cent of the contract workers and 95.3 per cent of the casual workers do not have a written job contract. 27 per cent of the regular wage/salaried workers and 11.5 per cent of the contract workers had written job contract of more than three years.
- At the All India level, just 20.6 per cent of workers except self employed received paid leave and 21.6 per cent availed social security benefits. A majority 71.2 per cent of workers were not eligible for social security benefits.

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Employment: Why does it matters?

1.1 Employment generation is the key channel through which economic growth translates into prosperity for the population. In a growing economy, employment growth with rising productivity is the most effective mechanism available to the poor to participate in the growth process and raise their standard of living. High economic growth, therefore, unless accompanied by quality employment opportunities will raise inequalities and is therefore undesirable. Thus, gainful employment generation is the bedrock of attaining growth with equity and to alleviate poverty.

1.2 Using the cross country data Rizwanul, 2004¹ empirically demonstrates the link between poverty reduction and employment intensity of growth. He also employs cross country analysis to show the impact of employment and labour market related variables on poverty reduction and finds that structural transformation of employment towards manufacturing and other non-farm sectors, education and

¹Islam, Rizwanul, 2004, "The Nexus of Economic Growth, Employment and Poverty Reduction: An Empirical Analysis". ILO, *Issues in Employment and Poverty Discussion Paper*.

lowering of the dependency burden (i.e., increase in labour force participation) make a positive contribution to poverty reduction. In the short run, the sectoral productivity and employment pattern of growth may have important implications for poverty alleviation. Employment-intensive growth in the secondary sector is associated with decreases in poverty. (Gutierrez et al, 2007)². The Government of India's 'Make in India Campaign' aimed at making India a manufacturing hub, is a significant step towards achieving employment intensive growth as it seeks "to create 100 million additional jobs by the year 2022 in the manufacturing sector"³.

1.3 Rapid employment generation assumes even greater importance for India which is projected to be the youngest nation in the world in terms of size by the year 2020. As the Economic Survey 2015-16⁴ puts it "To exploit its demographic dividend, India must create millions of "good"— safe,

²Gutierrez, Catalina, Carlo Orecchia, Pierella Paci and Pieter Serneels, 2007, "Does Employment Generation Really Matter for Poverty Reduction?" Poverty Reduction and Development Effectiveness Department of the Poverty Reduction and Economic Management Network: World Bank, *Policy Research Paper*.

³ <http://www.makeinindia.com/policy/national-manufacturing>

⁴Government of India, Ministry of Finance, *Economic Survey, 2015-16*.

productive, well-paying—jobs.” Thus, employment matters to achieve growth with equity and to successfully meet the challenge of the impending demographic dividend.

1.4 Women will account for a substantial proportion of the working age population and therefore participation of women in the labour force is of utmost importance to realize the full benefits of demographic dividend. However, a related concern in the Indian context is the low female Labour Force Participation Rates (LFPR). The 4th EUS also revealed that the LFPR for women was significantly lower than that for males in both rural and urban areas. The present survey divulges similar trend with LFPR for women at All India level further declining to 23.7 per cent as compared to 25.8 per cent recorded in 4th EUS. Increasing LFPR for women is vital to achieving high growth of employment and overall economic growth. The Government is keen to address the issue of low female LFPR and WPR and has launched various legislation based schemes and other programmes/schemes where the emphasis is on female participation, for example, the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), guaranteeing at least 100 days of employment to every household in rural areas has been enacted with a stipulation of one-

third participation by women (Economic Survey 2015-16)⁵.

Significance of Labour Statistics & ILO Resolutions on Labour Statistics

1.5 Availability of statistics on economically active population at frequent regular intervals is of utmost importance to monitor the economic/labour market situation, to devise, execute and evaluate the policies for human resource development including skill development, employment creation and poverty reduction. The frequency of employment data becomes even more crucial in the wake of the growing exposure of India to the global economic upheavals and its consequent impact on the employment scenario within the country. In this regard the Resolution 1 adopted by the 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS) also recommends that *“To meet the need for information to monitor labour markets and work patterns, a national data collection strategy should be established that allows for different sets of statistics to be reported, as relevant, on a sub-annual basis (main aggregates of employment, the labour force, labour underutilization), annual basis (detailed statistics of the labour force and of labour*

⁵ Government of India, (As n. 4 above).

underutilization, including unemployment) and less frequent basis (depending on national circumstances statistics on participation and working time in own-use production work, unpaid trainee work and volunteer work, particular topics, such as labour migration, child labour etc)”⁶.

1.6 The ILO Convention No. 160 and Recommendation No. 170 concerning Labour Statistics was adopted by General Conference of International Labour Organization way back in 25th June 1985 recognising the need for reliable labour statistics both in developed and in developing countries, particularly for the purposes of planning and monitoring social and economic progress, as well as for industrial relation. Each member country, which ratifies ILO Convention 160, undertakes that it will regularly collect, compile and publish basic labour statistics, which shall be progressively expanded in accordance with its resources to cover the specified subjects.

1.7 The Resolution 1 adopted by the latest 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS) calls for countries to develop systems of work statistics to achieve a number of objectives

ranging from monitoring of labour markets and labour underutilization to assess participation in different forms of work among population groups such as women and men, young people, children etc. The resolution also calls for the system should be developed in consultation with the various users of the statistics and in harmony with other economic and social statistics and be designed so as to provide current statistics for short-term needs and statistics collected at longer intervals for structural and in-depth analysis and as benchmark data.

Labour Statistics in India & Users of Labour Statistics in India

1.8 Labour Statistics are collected, compiled and disseminated by several agencies in India. Ministry of Labour and Employment is one of the most important sources of labour statistics in India. It collects labour statistics through the offices of Labour Bureau, Directorate General of Employment and Training (DGE&T), Directorate General of Labour Welfare (DGLW) and Directorate General Factory of Advice Service & Labour Institutes (DGFASLI). Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation is another major source which collects and publishes the data through two important

⁶Report of the Conference: “19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians”, Geneva, 2–11 October 2013/ International Labour Office, Department of Statistics. Geneva, ILO, 2013.

organisations viz. the Central statistical Organisation (CSO) and the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO). Besides these two, State governments also collect labour statistics, mostly through the Department of Labour & Directorate of Economics & Statistics.

1.9 In India, the main users/interest groups who make use of the employment statistics are a) Planners, Policy makers and administrators for planning and monitoring and policy formulation b) Research workers, media and civil society c) Workers' organisations and employers' associations: and; d) International agencies

Labour Force Surveys, Main Characteristics of the Present Survey

1.10 The Labour Force Surveys primarily provide estimates of Labour Force Participation Rate, Worker Population Ratio and Unemployment Rate. These are some of the key indicators of the labour market situation. Besides, they also provide descriptive data by social groups, sex, age, education, rural/urban sector, industry, occupation and type of activity. These indicators are fundamental to our understanding of the prevailing situation of labour supply, labour demand and structure of employment in the country.

1.11 The current Employment & Unemployment Survey is the fifth in the series providing annual results of the status of labour market in India. The survey covers the entire country. The field work of the survey was conducted in April, 2015 to December, 2015. The estimates of the Labour Force parameters and its derivatives are generated at State/UT/All India level.

1.12 Considering the importance of Labour Statistics and its use by different agencies, it has been decided to bring the results in four volumes catering to the demand of different Users. The four different volumes are as follows.

- a) Employment -Unemployment Scenario 2015-16.
- b) Youth Employment - Unemployment Scenario 2015-16.
- c) Education, Skill Development & Labour Force 2015-16.
- d) Employment-Unemployment Scenario among different Social Groups 2015-16.

Youth Employment

1.13 Youth is an asset for any nation and productive employment of youth is essential for them to contribute to its economic development. Especially, for a young nation like India on verge of the demographic dividend phase, achieving high rate of youth employment is of paramount importance.

Youth unemployment often impose significant economic and social costs on a country. In this regard, governments are rightly concerned about rising levels of youth unemployment and underemployment because of not only the direct economic costs (include financing unemployment benefits, retraining schemes and other active labour market policies, and the loss in potential output resulting from lower employment rates), but also due to the social impact of joblessness as manifested by increased crime, mental health problems, violence, drug taking and social exclusion (Mitra & Verick, 2013)⁷.

1.14 Youth unemployment and underemployment is prevalent around the world because young people lack skills, work experience, job search abilities and the financial resources to find employment (United Nations, 2003; ILO, 2006; Matsumoto et al., 2012 as cited in Mitra & Verick, 2013)⁷. Moreover, young Indians face major barriers because of poverty and low levels of human capital (Mitra & Verick, 2013)⁸. In case of India the unemployment rate among youth is generally higher than the rest of the population and it increases

with the level of education. Thus youth employment deserves special attention due to specific challenges faced by the youth in the form of lack of experience, heightened vulnerability during economic downturns in terms of difficulty in finding jobs and high chances of being laid off ('last in first out').

1.15 The Government has undertaken numerous initiatives to boost the youth employment scenario in the country. Noteworthy among these are the 'Start-up India', 'Make in India' and 'Skill India' initiatives. The 'Start-up India' initiative seeks to unleash the entrepreneurial potential of young entrepreneurs and turn them from job seekers to job creators. The Government is also targeting growth of the employment intensive manufacturing sector through 'Make in India' initiative which will generate employment and self employment opportunities for the growing young population.

1.16 During the Fourth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey 2013-14 a separate report on "Youth Employment Unemployment Scenario 2013-14" was published. For the 5th EUS also data on labour force indicators for the youth has been compiled in a separate volume **"Youth Employment Unemployment Scenario 2014-15"**.

⁷Mitra, Arup, Verick, Sher (2013). "Youth employment and unemployment: an Indian perspective". ILO Asia-Pacific, DWT for South Asia and Country Office for India, New Delhi: ILO, *Working Paper Series*.

⁸Mitra, Arup, Verick, Sher (2013) (as n. 7 above).

Skill Development

1.17 Skill development is central to achieving high levels of sustainable economic growth. A low-skill, low-productivity, low-wage economy is unsustainable in the long term and is incompatible with poverty reduction, this is the vicious circle of inadequate education, poor training, low productivity and poor quality jobs and low wages that traps the working poor and excludes workers without relevant skills from participating in economic growth and social development in the context of globalization and this negatively affects the competitiveness of enterprises and their capacity to contribute to economic and social development (ILO, 2008)⁹. Thus skill development is crucial to fuel innovation, increase productivity, development of enterprise, technological change, investment, diversification of the economy, and competitiveness.

1.18 In case of India, skill development faces the specific challenges of integrating the large rural workforce with limited access to training infrastructure, improving the productivity of huge informal workforce and support its formalization and to realize the

demographic dividend by right skilling of the youth. As per the National Skill Development Mission Document, India currently faces a severe shortage of well-trained, skilled workers. It is estimated that only 2.3 per cent of the workforce in India has undergone formal skill training as compared to 68 per cent in the UK, 75 per cent in Germany, 52 per cent in USA, 80 per cent in Japan and 96 per cent in South Korea and large sections of the educated workforce have little or no job skills, making them largely unemployable (GoI, National Skill Development Mission)¹⁰. The Government is tackling the challenge of skill development in mission mode. A Ministry of skill development & entrepreneurship has been set up for coordinating the efforts of all concerned stakeholders in the field of Skill Development. The National Skill Development Mission has been launched to rapidly scale up skill development efforts in India.

1.19 Reliable statistics on skill and training profiles of the Indian labour force is a vital input for pragmatic assessment of skill gap and for identifying the areas in skill development where action is required. In an endeavour to provide consistent database on

⁹Conclusions on skills for improved productivity, employment growth and development, International Labour Office, Geneva, "International Labour Conference, 2008".

¹⁰<http://www.skilldevelopment.gov.in/assets/images/Mission%20booklet.pdf>

skill profile of the labour force and workforce, a separate Volume on **‘Education, Skill Development & Labour Force 2014-15’** has been compiled.

Social Groups

1.20 In the context of India, a significant dimension of inclusiveness relates to economic development of different social groups i.e. SCs, STs and the OBCs. Achieving equity for these groups is essential to realise the goal of inclusive growth.

1.21 As part of the Fifth Annual Employment Unemployment Survey, information has been collected on various social groups and data on various labour force indicators for these social groups has been compiled in a separate volume **‘Employment-Unemployment Scenario among Different Social Groups’**.

District-level Estimates

1.22 District level data on labour force indicators can serve as a crucial input in development planning at the district level. Availability of data at such micro level also facilitates effective monitoring and evaluation of the various programmes targeting employment generation. During the third Annual Employment Unemployment Survey 2012-13, estimates at district level were started on pilot basis for the State of Andhra Pradesh. For deriving estimates at district level, the

State Government had covered matching sample along with Labour Bureau main survey. By polling the central and state sample, district level estimates for the state of Andhra Pradesh were prepared. During the fourth round, the district level estimates were generated for about 120 districts in the country for five states namely Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Tamil Nadu and Maharashtra & Puducherry.

1.23 During the 5th Annual Employment Unemployment Survey five States/UTs namely Andhra Pradesh, J&K, Maharashtra, Puducherry and Telangana had expressed their desire to have district level estimates of employment data. Labour Bureau acceded to their request and provided all the technical guidance in selection of rural/urban sample, training to the enumerators/supervisors and supply of blank schedules etc. All the five States covered matching sample along with Labour Bureau and completed the field work. The data for the district level samples has been processed to derive district level estimates by Labour Bureau.

Data Collection

1.24 To ensure optimal utilization of available resources, Directorates of Economics and Statistics of all the States/UTs were requested to undertake data collection in their respective

States/UTs. Out of 36 States/UTs, 16 States/UTs agreed and undertook the fieldwork on behalf of Labour Bureau. In the remaining States/UTs Labour Bureau engaged about 400 contract investigators to complete the fieldwork. Labour Bureau provided extensive training to State officials and contract staff through interactive sessions and workshops to familiarize them with the methodology, concepts and definitions and the practical aspects of the field work.

Supervision

1.25 Usefulness of data depends upon its quality and adherence to the methodology adopted for the survey. Labour Bureau adopted a three-tier supervision of fieldwork to ensure that the data collected is consistent with the agreed definitions and concepts used in the questionnaire. All the States/UTs agreed to perform first level scrutiny by the officials of Directorate of Economics and Statistics (DES) in their respective States. The objective of first level scrutiny is to ensure that sample units are correctly identified; households are listed properly; formation of hamlet groups and sampled households are selected using the prescribed statistical procedure and techniques. Supervisors are also expected to ensure that codes for status, activity, industry group and occupation are consistent with the

responses through random field level inspections and verification of data recorded by the investigators.

1.26 The second tier of scrutiny is carried out through 120 supervisors engaged on contract basis. They are required to check the reported data for overall consistency and uniformity. In many cases they are also deployed to the field to perform surprise inspections and work alongside the contract investigators in clarifying their doubts and helping investigators in collecting the data. The supervisors carried out number of inspections in different States/UTs in the sample First Stage units to check the filled in schedules for authenticity, consistency etc.

1.27 In the third tier of supervision, Labour Bureau deposes its own regular officials to verify the quality of data collected. In addition, four consultants have also been hired on contract basis to undertake random scrutiny of schedules and provide day-to-day guidance to field staff and supervisors. Any discrepancies observed at this level were referred back for necessary rectifications at the field.

Major Changes/improvements from earlier surveys

1.28 During 5th Annual Employment Unemployment Survey an attempt has been made

to capture the information related to households having a saving bank account and Average monthly household earnings for each State/UT. In addition, information has also been captured on methods adopted to seek work by the unemployed, reasons for unemployment among graduates and post graduates, type of job contract, availability of paid leave & social security benefits and social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT. The methodology followed in selecting the sample and coverage in the current survey is almost similar to the fourth Annual Employment–Unemployment Survey. The details of the selection of first stage unit, sample household etc. is detailed at the Annexure for “Sampling Design & Estimation Procedure”. However, based on the experience and the inputs and comments received from the stakeholders, certain changes have been made in the current survey. Questionnaire used for collecting the data has been modified and simplified to improve accuracy and reliability of data.

1.29 The past experience suggests that selecting households in second stage sampling was less than satisfactory because investigators do not have knowledge, skills and experience of sampling tools and random numbers. The training module for imparting these skills was

simplified in the current survey and higher proportion of time was spent on this aspect of training by organizing mock exercises and workshops. This has resulted in improved quality of data in the current survey.

Limitations and future challenges

1.30 As suggested elsewhere, credibility of any survey depends upon the accuracy tested over a period of time and general acceptance of the results by the users of information. Unlike the more institutionalized surveys conducted by National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) that tend to establish relationship between expenditure and employment, The purpose of annual employment surveys carried out by Labour Bureau is primarily to assess and estimate the structure and composition of labour force and provide the data to various users on regular basis. Within this broad framework, there are certain shortcomings that need to be overcome in the subsequent rounds.

1.31 The current methodology is unsuitable for measuring under-employment, disguised employment and seasonality of labour force. Likewise it also does not capture the migration aspects of employment. Further, there are reasons to feel that the survey should be more sensitive to gender attributes to capture the true and

fair value of contribution made by females.

1.32 Survey of this magnitude conducted every year puts great deal of strain on available resources. There is a need to relook the methodology of sample size and household selection to optimize the available resources without compromising the quality and accuracy of the results. It is assessed that approximately one half of the total time required for survey is attributed to stratification related work and listing of households.

1.33 Labour Bureau is following a conventional approach of

canvassing paper-based questionnaires.

Constitution of the Expert Group

1.34 Ministry of Labour & Employment constituted an expert group under the Chairmanship of renowned Statistician Professor S.P. Mukherjee with other experts on the subject as members, to finalize the questionnaires, sampling design, instruction manual & other technical details of the survey. Composition of the Expert group is annexed.

CHAPTER-II

HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

Introduction

2.1 During the Fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey information has been collected on some important household characteristics. This includes information on household size, households by social group, households benefitted from different employment generating schemes, number of employed persons in the household, households by saving bank accounts, households by average monthly earnings and households by number of wage/salaried persons etc. The findings of the survey on these parameters are discussed in the ensuing paragraphs.

2.2 A total of 13076 Villages/UFS Blocks were allocated in the sample, out of which 13059 Villages/UFS Blocks were actually covered. Hence, 99.87 per cent is the actual coverage of Village/UFS Blocks during the survey. In the rural sector 7405 villages have been

actually covered, whereas 7416 villages were allocated. For urban sector 5660 Villages/UFS blocks were allocated and 5654 were actually covered during the survey.

2.3 The survey has been conducted in all the 36 States/UTs by covering all the districts in the country. A sample size of 1, 56,563 households spread across 36 States/UTs have been covered of which 88,783 households belong to the rural sector and the rest 67,780 households to the urban sector. A total of 7,81,793 persons aged 15 years and above have been surveyed out of which 4,48,254 reside in the rural sector sample households and rest 3,33,539 persons in the urban sector sample households covered during the survey.

Members aged 15 years and above in a household

2.4 The second stage stratification under the survey to

select the sample household is based on number of members aged 15 years and above in the household. The households studied under the survey have been classified based on the number of members aged 15 years and above in the household. Accordingly, all the households under study are put in four categories as follows:

1. Up to 1 member household;
2. 2-3 members' household;
3. 4-5 members' household;
4. 6 & above members' household.

2.5 The results in Table 2.1 below show that at the All India level 51.4 percent of the households were having 2-3 member's aged 15 years and above followed by 32.2 per cent of the households having 4-5 member's aged 15 year and above. In case of 6 & above members aged 15 years and above, there were about 12 per cent households at overall level. The State-wise distribution of the households by members aged 15 years & above is presented in (Tables 3, 3.1, 3.2 in Annexure IV).

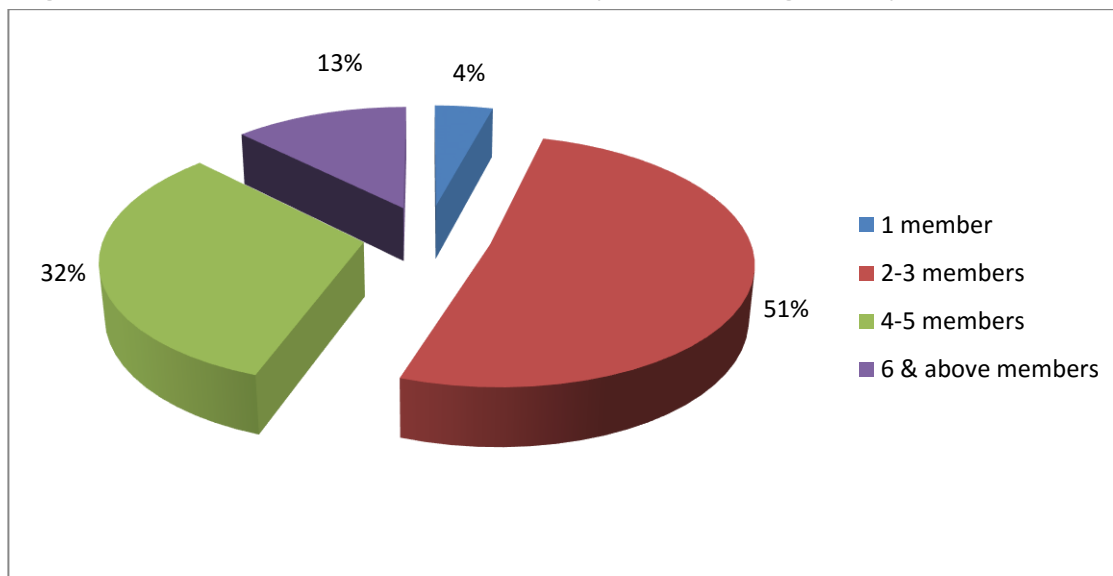
Table 2.1: Distribution of households by members aged 15 years and above
All India (in %)

Particulars	1 member	2-3 members	4-5 members	6 & above members
Rural	4.0	50.5	32.3	13.2
Urban	4.5	53.5	32.0	10.0
Rural + Urban	4.2	51.4	32.2	12.3

2.6 At sectoral level i.e. rural and urban sector also, similar types of results have been observed. The results are important in the sense that they provide information related to working age persons in the

households at States/UTs level. The results derived will also help in deciding the sample size in each stratum in the forthcoming Annual Employment-Unemployment survey.

Figure 2.1: Distribution of households by members aged 15 years and above



Social Groups

2.7 The households are classified into four social groups, viz., Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes and Others category. The State-wise distribution of the households among different social groups is presented in (Tables 4, 4.1 and 4.2 Annexure IV).

2.8 Table 2.2 shows the distribution of the households by social groups. The results show that at the All India level, 40.4 per

cent of the households belong to Other Backward Classes category followed by 29.9 per cent under the Others category, 20.3 percent under the Scheduled Castes category and the rest about 9.4 per cent households under the Scheduled Tribes category. Tables 4.1 & 4.2 (Annexure IV) also show the distribution of households among different social groups in rural, urban and rural + urban sectors in different States/UT's.

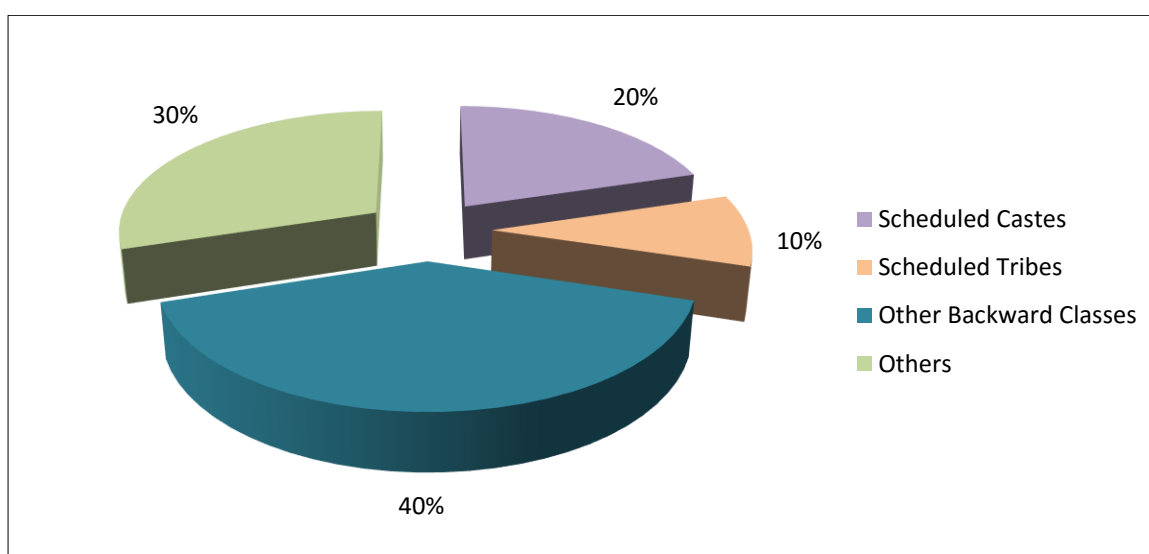
Table 2.2: Distribution of households by Social Groups (in %)

Social Group	All India		
	Rural	Urban	Rural + Urban
Scheduled Castes	23.0	13.7	20.3
Scheduled Tribes	11.4	4.6	9.4
Other Backward Classes	40.4	40.2	40.4
Others	25.1	41.5	29.9

2.9 In the rural sector, a trend, similar to the one observed at the All India level (rural + urban) was visible. In rural areas, the proportion of the households under Other Backward Classes category was highest with 40.4 percent followed by 25.1 percent under the Others category, 23 percent under the Scheduled Caste category and the rest 11.4 percent under the Scheduled Tribes group.

2.10 In case of urban sector, the Others category households had maximum proportion (41.5 per cent) followed by 40.2 per cent households under the Other Backward Classes category, 13.7 per cent households under the Scheduled Castes category and 4.6 percent households were reported under the Scheduled Tribes category at the All India level.

Figure 2.2: Distribution of households by social group at the All India Level (R +U)



Households Benefitted from Employment Generating Schemes

2.11 In the current survey a block was canvassed to ascertain the information from the

households regarding members of the household benefitted from the major employment generating schemes during the reference period as detailed in Box 2.1.

Box 2.1: Major Employment Generation Schemes

1. Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) enacted on 2005, with the aim to enhance livelihood security of the households in rural areas of the country by providing at least 100 days of wage employment in a financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work.

2. Prime Minister Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) was launched in August 2008 with the objective to generate employment opportunities in rural as well as urban areas of the country by providing credit linked subsidy for setting up of micro enterprises.

3. Swaranajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojna (SGSY) came in to effect on 1999, with the aim at bringing the rural BPL families above poverty line by organizing them in to Self Help Groups (SHGs) through the process of social mobilization and their training and capacity building, provision of credit linked subsidy, technology inputs etc. in order to enable them to be self employed and taking up some income generation activity.

4. Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojna (SJSRY) for urban areas a holistic scheme implemented in 1997 with the aim to provide gainful employment to the urban unemployed and under employed poor population and to help them set up self employment ventures and also through providing wage employment by utilizing their labour construction of socially and economically useful public assets.

Besides the above listed schemes there may be some other schemes of the Centre/State governments from which the households have got benefitted during the reference period, are also included under the category of 'Other schemes'.

The results thrown out by the survey will help Central and State government agencies to assess the progress made in the schemes so far and take corrective action to ensure that benefits of the schemes reach the targeted population.

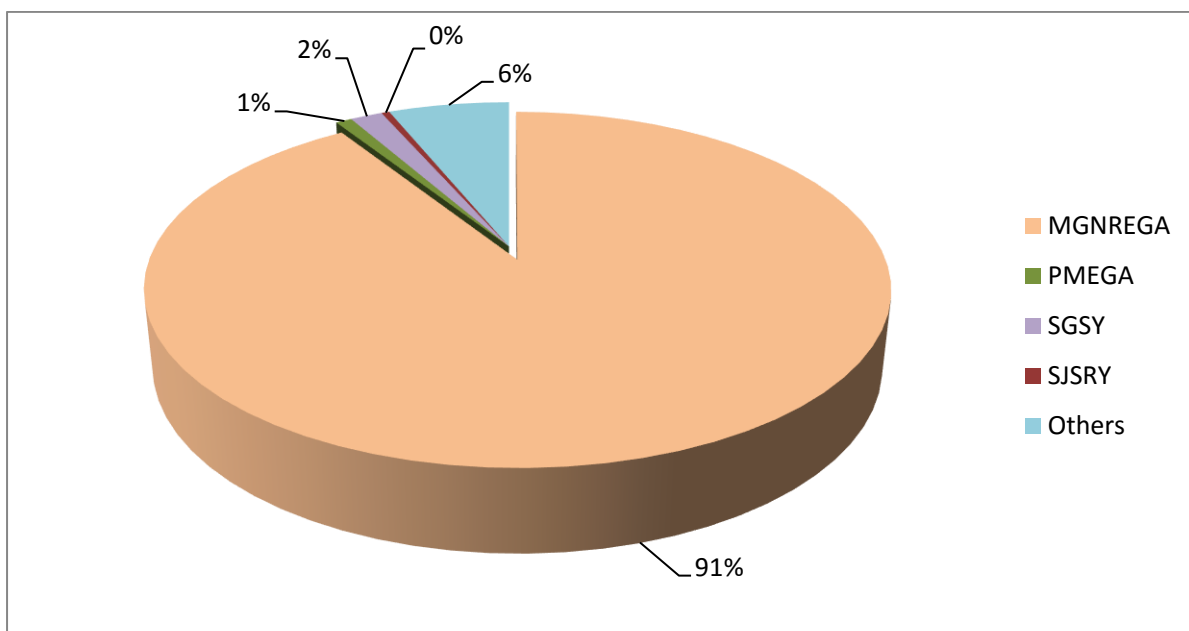
2.12 The results show that about 24 per cent of the households

were benefitting from either of the employment generating schemes at overall level. Among the benefitted households, 91 per cent of the households were benefitted from MGNREGA. At the all India level 21.9 per cent households were found to have benefitted from MGNREGA followed by 1.5 per cent from other schemes except

MGNREGA, PMEGP, SGSY and SJSRY. All States/UT's have shown positive number of households benefitting under MGNREGA during the reference period except Delhi and Chandigarh, where even not a single household was benefitted from MGNREGA. The North Eastern States, except Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Meghalaya and Sikkim had more than 70 per cent of the households having benefitted from the scheme MGNREGA. On the other hand, lowest i.e. 0.2 per cent households benefitted under MGNREGA scheme was recorded for the Union Territory of Dadra & Nagar Haveli during reference period.

2.13 Similar trends have been observed across social groups at the All India level i.e. 28.4 per cent SCs households, 31.3 per cent ST households, 19.8 percent OBC households and 14.9 per cent households from others group benefitted from the MGNREGA during the survey. The percentage of households benefitted from remaining schemes was negligible across all social groups (Table 5 to 5.4, Annexure IV). Very few households were observed to have benefitted from PMEGP, SGSY and SJSRY across states as well as across social groups. This fact reveals that how much significance MGNREGA has gained since its inception.

Figure 2.3: Distribution of Households benefitted from Employment Schemes



Households by number of employed persons

2.14 Households are categorised according to the number of employed persons based on Usual Principal Status approach in that household. For that, all the households are grouped in five categories as follows:

- 1) None (no family member is employed);
- 2) 1 person employed households;
- 3) 2 persons employed households;
- 4) 3 persons employed households;

- 5) 4 & above persons employed households

2.15 Table 2.3 shows that about 48.4 per cent of the households had only one person as employed/earner followed by households with 2 employed persons (30.6 per cent). Households with 3 employed persons constitute 10.7 per cent and 5.1 per cent of the households did not have a single employed person/earner and the households with 4 & above persons as employed/earner constitutes 5.2 per cent.

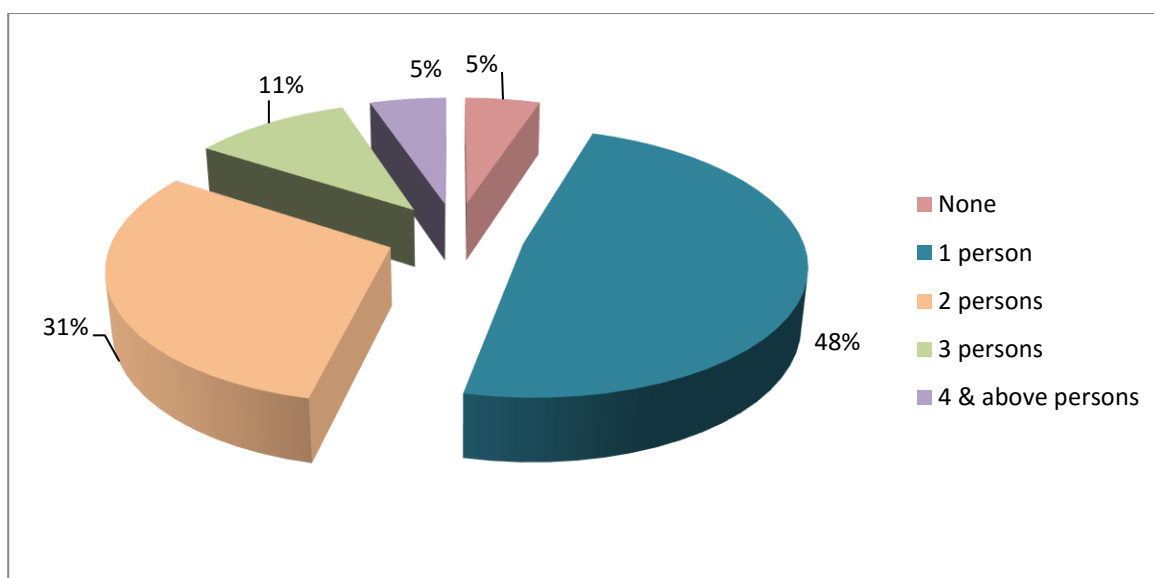
Table 2.3: Distribution of households by number of employed persons aged 15 years and above

Head	All India (in %)				
	None	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 & above persons
Rural	4.0	44.1	32.9	12.4	6.5
Urban	7.5	58.7	25.0	6.7	2.1
Rural + Urban	5.1	48.4	30.6	10.7	5.2

2.16 The same trend was visible in both rural and urban areas also where households with 1 employed person constituted the highest proportion followed by households with 2 employed persons. In urban areas, the proportion of households with 1

employed person was significantly higher (about 59 per cent) when compared to other types of households. The proportion of the households with no employed person or earner was 7.5 per cent in urban areas as compared to 4 per cent in rural areas.

Figure 2.4: Distribution of households by no. of Employed Persons



Households by Number of Wage/Salaried Persons

2.17 In Table 2.4, information is compiled on proportion of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years and above in a household based on Usual Principal Status approach. The households are

classified into four categories namely i) no wage/salaried person in the household, ii) One wage/salaried person, iii) Two wage/salaried persons and iv) Three and more wage/salaried persons in the household.

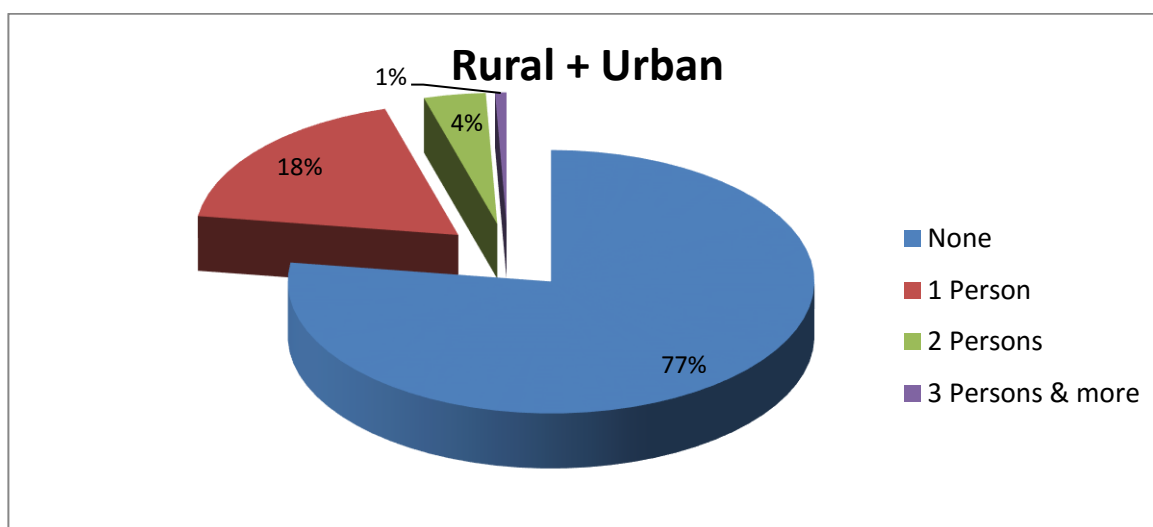
Table 2.4: Distribution of households by number of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years and above

Head	All India (in %)			
	None	1 Person	2 Persons	3 Persons & More
Rural	83.6	13.5	2.5	0.5
Urban	62.1	29.8	6.8	1.3
Rural + Urban	77.3	18.2	3.8	0.7

2.18 It is clearly evident that at the All India level, about 77 per cent of the households were reported to be having no wage/salaried person in their households.

2.19 It was also reported that more than 83 per cent of the households in rural areas had no wage/salaried person (Table 7.7.1 and 7.2, Annexure IV).

Figure 2.5: Distribution of households by number of Wage/Salaried Persons



Households by Average Monthly Earnings

2.20 In this survey an attempt has also been made to compile the information on Average Monthly Households Earnings. It could be seen from Table 2.5 that overall at the All India level a little more than 67 per cent of the surveyed

households had average monthly earnings up to Rs. 10,000/- only. In rural sector such households constituted about 77 per cent of the households whereas it was about 45 per cent for similar urban households. Only 0.2 per cent of the households reported earnings above Rs. 1, 00,000.

Table 2.5: Households by average monthly earnings

Head	All India (in %)						
	Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7,501 to 10,000	10,001 to 20,000	20,001 to 50,000	50,001 to 1,00,000	Above one Lakh
Rural	27.3	29.6	20.0	16.0	6.3	0.7	0.1
Urban	9.3	15.3	20.3	28.5	21.7	4.4	0.6
Rural + Urban	22.1	25.4	20.1	19.6	10.8	1.8	0.2

2.21 The State-wise distribution of the households by average monthly earnings is presented in (Table 8, 8.1 and 8.2 Annexure IV). The state of Madhya Pradesh

recorded highest (35.8 per cent) households with lowest average monthly earnings i.e., up to Rs. 5000/- followed by West Bengal (34.5 per cent) Uttar Pradesh

(30.1 per cent) and Odisha (29.8 per cent).

On the other hand, National Capital Delhi had only 1.5 per

cent of the households with up to Rs. 5000/- average monthly earnings.

Figure 2.6: Distribution of households by Average monthly income

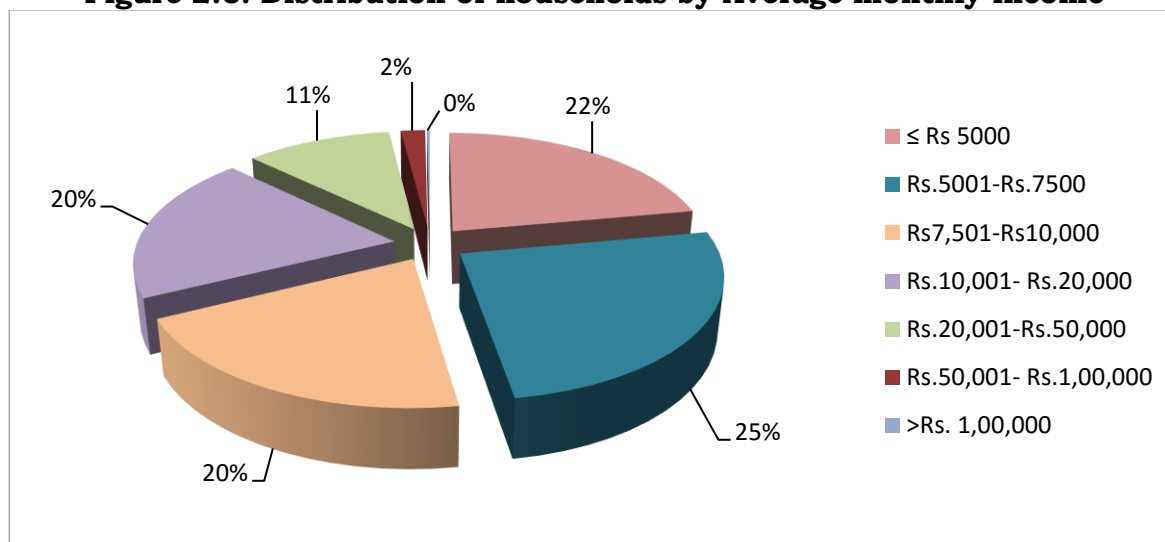


Table 2.6: Households having saving bank account by average monthly earnings

Head	HH	All India (in%)						
		Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7,501 to 10,000	10,001 to 20,000	20,001 to 50,000	50,001 to 1,00,000	Above one Lakh
Rural	93.4	25.5	29.8	20.6	16.6	6.7	0.7	0.1
Urban	96.8	8.3	15.1	20.3	29.0	22.3	4.5	0.6
Rural+Urban	94.4	20.4	25.4	20.5	20.3	11.3	1.9	0.3

Households by Saving Bank Accounts and Average Monthly Earnings

2.22 Table 2.6 presents percentage distribution of households having savings bank account. The survey results reveal that at the All India level 94.4 per cent of the households had saving bank accounts. (Government, Private and Co operative bank) for

both rural and urban sector. The figure was much higher than the official figure (58.7 per cent) of households with saving bank accounts in India¹¹. Government

11

<http://financialservices.gov.in/banking/overview%20and%20progress%20on%20financial%20inclusion%20.pdf> assessed on 29.03.2016

of India's recent initiatives to enhance the financial inclusion and accessibility of financial institutions such as Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojna and Pradhan Mantri Micro Units Development and Refinance Agency (Mudra) Yojana may have translated into entering of more population in the ambit of formal financial activities. Table 2.6 shows that Out of 94.4 per cent households, 25.4 per cent households reported their average monthly household's earnings in the range of Rs. 5001 to Rs. 7500 followed by 20.5 percent households with the range of average monthly earnings of Rs. 7501 to Rs. 10,000. Only in case of 0.3 per cent households, earnings above Rs. 1, 00,000 have been reported with saving bank account (Table 9.9.1 and 9.2 Annexure IV).

Households by Number of Earners and Average Monthly Earnings

2.23 It has been observed that overall at the All India level (Table 2.7) 5.1 per cent of the households did not have even a single earner. Among the

households without any earner, 51.5 per cent households have average monthly earnings up to Rs. 5,000.

2.24 Lakshadweep has the highest (13.8 per cent) households with no earner followed by Kerala (13.2 per cent) and Chandigarh (12.4 per cent). Across all States/UTs, among the households with no earner Chandigarh has the highest (2.4 per cent) households with average monthly earnings above Rs. 1,00,000 (Table 10 to 10.4 Annexure IV).

2.25 At the All India level, 48.4 per cent households had only a single earner. Among single earner households, 30.4 per cent of the households reported average monthly earnings up to Rs. 5,000 followed by 25.2 per cent of the households with Rs. 5,001 to Rs. 7500. Tripura had the highest percentage of households (62.5 per cent) with a single earner followed by Jammu & Kashmir (60.2 per cent). It has also been observed that 30.6 per cent households reported having 2 earning family members and out of these, most of the households

(32.2 per cent) had average monthly earnings in the range of Rs. 5001 to Rs. 7500 followed by

21 per cent with Rs. 7501 to Rs. 10,000.

Table 2.7: Households by earning members and average monthly earnings based on UPS approach

Details of Earner	HH	All India (in %)						
		Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7,501 to 10,000	10,001 to 20,000	20,001 to 50,000	50,001 to 1,00,000	Above one Lakh
No Earner	5.1	51.5	14.1	12.2	14.8	6.8	0.5	0.0
One Earner	48.4	30.4	25.2	18.6	15.7	9.0	1.0	0.1
Two Earner	30.6	13.2	32.2	21	20.4	10.6	2.3	0.3
Three Earner	10.7	5.2	18.4	27.7	28.7	16.4	3.2	0.4
Four and above Earner	5.2	3.6	12.9	20.8	36.9	21.1	3.9	0.8

2.26 The results reveal that 10.7 per cent households had 3 earning members and out of these 28.7 per cent households have average monthly earnings in the range of Rs. 10,001 to Rs. 20,000 followed by 27.7 per cent households with average monthly earnings in the range of Rs. 7501 to Rs. 10,000.

2.27 It is also revealed that 5.2 per cent of the households reported having 4 and above earning members. Out of these 36.9 per cent of the households reported having average monthly earnings in the range of Rs. 10,001 to Rs. 20,000. The state of Chhattisgarh has highest (16.5

per cent) households having 4 and above earners followed by Nagaland (12.3 per cent) and Mizoram (12.2 per cent). (Table 10.4, Annexure IV).

Households by Number of Wage Salaried Persons and Average Monthly Earnings

2.28 In the present survey, information has been compiled for the first time regarding the households having wage/salaried member vis-a-vis average monthly earnings, as presented in table 2.8. The results reveal that at the All India level 22.7 per cent of the households had wage/salaried persons. Among the households with wage/salaried persons, 29.2

per cent of the households had average monthly earnings in the range of Rs.10, 001-Rs.20,000 followed by 28.1 per cent of the

households with Rs.20,001-Rs.50,000 of average monthly earnings.

Table 2.8: Households having wage salaried persons by average monthly earnings

Head	All India (in %)							
	HH	Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7,501 to 10,000	10,001 to 20,000	20,001 to 50,000	50,001 to 1,00,000	Above one Lakh
Rural	16.4	7.6	17.9	20.2	28.3	22.6	2.9	0.4
Urban	37.9	2.9	8.5	14.8	30.1	34	8.5	1.2
Rural+Urban	22.7	5.4	13.3	17.6	29.2	28.1	5.6	0.8

2.29 In the rural sector, out of 16.4 per cent households having wage salaried persons, 28.3 per cent of the households had average monthly earnings in the range of Rs.10,001-Rs.20,000 followed by 22.6percent of the households with average monthly earnings in the range of Rs. 20,001-Rs.50,000.

2.30 In case of urban sector, percentage of households having Wage/salaried persons were more than double (37.9 percent) as compared to rural sector. The variation can also be observed in case of average monthly earnings of urban sector as compared to

overall results of All-India and rural sector. In urban sector, 34 percent of the households recorded having average monthly earnings of Rs. 20,001-50,000 followed by 30.1 percent households in the range of Rs.10,001-Rs20,000 average monthly earnings.

2.31 Union Territory Chandigarh had maximum (53.1 percent) of the households with wage/salaried persons. The state of Bihar recorded lowest (13.2 per cent) of the households with wage/salaried persons (Table 11, Annexure IV).

CHAPTER-III

LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES

Introduction

3.1 Labour Force indicates the supply of labour in the country and is an important input for production of goods & services in the country. The reliable estimates of labour force are important for policy and planning purposes. The Labour Force Participation Rate derived shows the proportion of a country's working-age population that engages actively in the labour market, either by working or looking/searching for work. It provides an indication of the relative size of the supply of labour available to engage in the production of goods and services. The breakdown of the labour force by sector, sex, State/UT, social group and age group wise gives a profile of the distribution of the economically active population within the country to formulate policies and plans for various target population.

3.2 In our country, the Labour Force Participation Rate for women is quite low as compared to other developed countries.

Based on the experience gained in each round, more and more probing questions for some of the categories of persons especially persons pursuing studies and persons involved in domestic duties are included in the schedule, however, still it is likely that the Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) and Worker Population Ratio (WPR) are underestimated due to insufficient probing especially in case of these categories of persons.

3.3 The present chapter deals with the Labour Force Participation Rate, Worker Population Ratio, Unemployment Rate, Proportion Unemployed estimates and activities pursued by employed persons based on Usual Principal Status approach and Usual Principal and Subsidiary Status approach. All the estimates derived in the present chapter are for the persons aged 15 years and above as was compiled in the previous Annual EUS report also.

Box 3.1 Concepts & Measurement of Labour Force

Concepts of Labour Force

- 1. Labour Force Participation Rate:** - Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) is defined as the number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons.

$$LFPR = \frac{\text{no. of employed} + \text{no. of unemployed persons}}{\text{Total population}} \times 1000$$

- 2. Worker Population Ratio:** - Worker Population Ratio (WPR) is defined as the number of persons employed per 1000 persons.

$$WPR = \frac{\text{no. of employed/Persons}}{\text{Total population}} \times 1000$$

- 3. Proportion Unemployed:** - Proportion Unemployed (PU) is defined as the number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons.

$$PU = \frac{\text{no. of unemployed persons}}{\text{Total population ages 15 +}} \times 1000$$

- 4. Unemployment Rate:** - Unemployment Rate (UR) is defined as the number of persons unemployed per 1000 persons in the labour force (employed & unemployed).

$$UR = \frac{\text{no. of unemployed persons}}{\text{labour force}} \times 1000$$

Measurement of Labour Force

In a country where majority of the workers are employed in the unorganized sector and pursuing multiple activities, estimating labour force and its derivatives by a single approach is a difficult task. In such cases no single measure is appropriate to estimate the labour force parameters precisely. As per International practice, Labour Force related parameters can be estimated for both longer reference period and current or shorter reference periods. Accordingly, based on longer reference period, Labour Force related parameters may be derived by the following two different approaches.

- i) Usual Principal Status (UPS) Approach:** - The major time criterion based on the 365 days is used to determine the activity pursued by a person under the usual principal status approach. Accordingly, the major time spent by a person (183 days or more) is used to determine whether the person is in the labour force or out of labour force. A person found unemployed under this approach reflects the chronic unemployment. In the present survey, the usual principal status approach estimates are derived for a moving reference period of last twelve months. For example, if the household is surveyed in January, 2014, the reference period for collection of information is January, 2013-December, 2013.

ii) Usual Principal and Subsidiary Status (UPSS) Approach: - The other important approach to measure the labour force parameters is the usual principal & subsidiary status approach. This approach is a hybrid one which takes into consideration both the major time criterion and shorter time period (30 days or more in any economic activity). Thus a person who has worked even for 30 days or more in any economic activity during the reference period of last twelve months is considered as employed under this approach. In this approach, the reference period is same as taken in the usual principal status approach (UPS). This approach is also called the usual status approach.

Concepts of Labour Force

3.4 The results of Labour Force Participation rate and its derivatives are compiled under two approaches namely Usual Principal Status (UPS) approach

and Usual Principal and Subsidiary Status (UPSS) approach which are based on longer reference period of one year.

Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)

Table 3.1: LFPR based on UPS & UPSS approach for persons aged 15 years & above All India (in %)

Approach	Rural				Urban				Rural+ Urban			
	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P
UPS	77.3	26.7	51.1	53	69.1	16.2	41.2	43.5	75	23.7	48	50.3
UPSS	78	31.7	52.2	55.8	69.1	16.6	41.2	43.7	75.5	27.4	48.8	52.4

3.5 The results of LFPR are presented in the form of proportions for persons aged 15 years & above only (Table 3.1). The results are compiled for all States/UT's, report. In order to derive the absolute figures, the proportions may be multiplied

with the corresponding population figure of same age-group/sector/gender.

3.6 At the All India level, the Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) based on Usual Principal Status approach was estimated at 50.3 percent or 503 persons out of

1000 persons aged 15 years & above. The present survey has estimated the various Labour Force indicators for the third gender namely 'transgender' also. The gender wise estimates derived shows that 75 per cent of the males, 23.7 per cent of the females and 48 per cent of the transgenders aged 15 year and above were either working or looking/available for work. Among States and UT's, Chhattisgarh recorded the highest LFPR of 67.9 per cent and the lowest 36.1 per cent was recorded in Lakshadweep (Table 12 Annexure IV).

3.7 While analysing the sector-wise LFPR estimates, it may be seen from the table that in rural sector the LFPR was estimated to be 53 per cent whereas in urban sector the same was 43.5 per cent at the All India level. One of the reasons for lower LFPR in urban areas was perhaps the low female participation rate of 16.2 per cent. In rural and urban sector, the

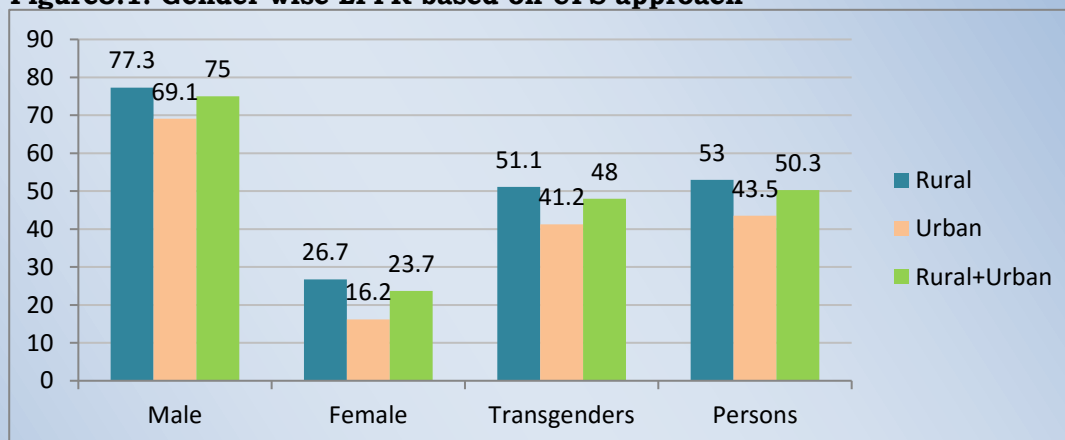
male participation rate was at 77.3 per cent and 69.1 per cent respectively. As compared to male LFPR, female LFPR was very low for both rural and urban sectors(Also see Box 3.2).The LFPR based on UPS approach for transgenders was 51.1 per cent and 41.2 per cent in rural and urban areas respectively.

3.8 Under the UPSS approach, the LFPR at the All India level was estimated to be 52.4 per cent. Under this approach, the persons employed even for 30 days and above are also taken into consideration and counted as employed. This approach is important to understand the contribution made by the seasonal workers in the production of goods and services in the country. Many persons categorised as not in labour force or unemployed based on major time criterion are counted as employed under this approach, if they have worked for 30 days and above during the one year reference period.

Box 3.2: In Depth: Female Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)

The low female Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) is a cause of concern for the economy as females constitute a significant proportion of the total working age population. In the World Economic Forum 'Global Gender Report 2015' India is ranked 139 among 145 countries on the Economic participation and opportunity sub index and in the rankings by indicator, India's rank in Female LFPR is 136 among 145 countries. The 5th EUS survey results reveal that the female LFPR of 23.7 per cent at All India (Rural+Urban) level was significantly lower than the LFPR of 75 per cent and 48 percent among males and transgenders respectively. The LFPR for females in urban areas is very low at 16.2 per cent as compared to 26.7per cent in rural areas.

Figure3.1: Gender wise LFPR based on UPS approach



There are large interstate variations in the female LFPR. The North Eastern and Southern States, in general, display high female LFPR as compared to low levels in Northern States. Chandigarh had the lowest female LFPR of 8.2 per cent followed by J&K (10.5 per cent), Punjab (11.1 per cent), Uttar Pradesh (11.2 per cent) and Delhi (12.2 per cent). Chhattisgarh has the highest female LFPR of 54.3 per cent followed by Mizoram (54 per cent), Nagaland (53.6 per cent), Meghalaya (46.7 per cent) and Andhra Pradesh (46.6 per cent).

Figure3.2: Female Labour Force Participation Rate (State wise)

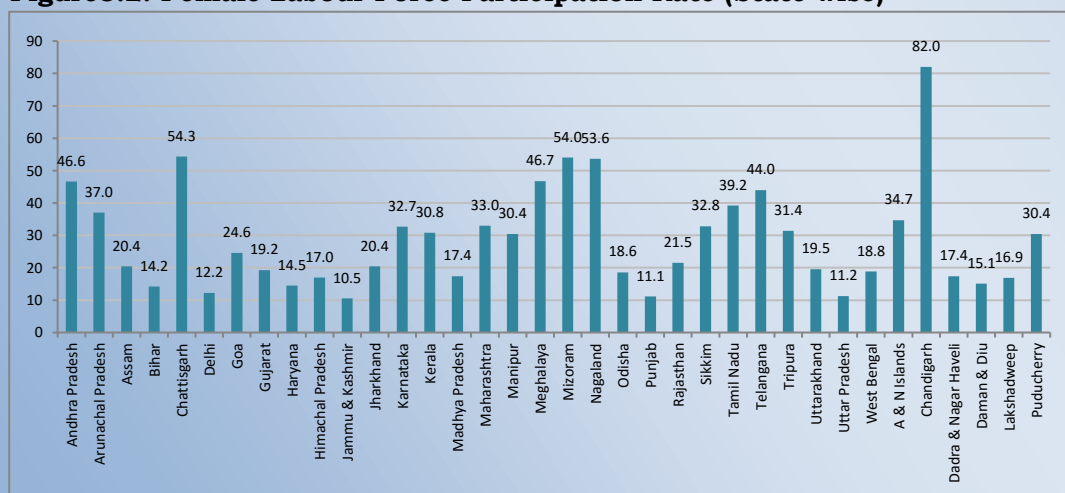
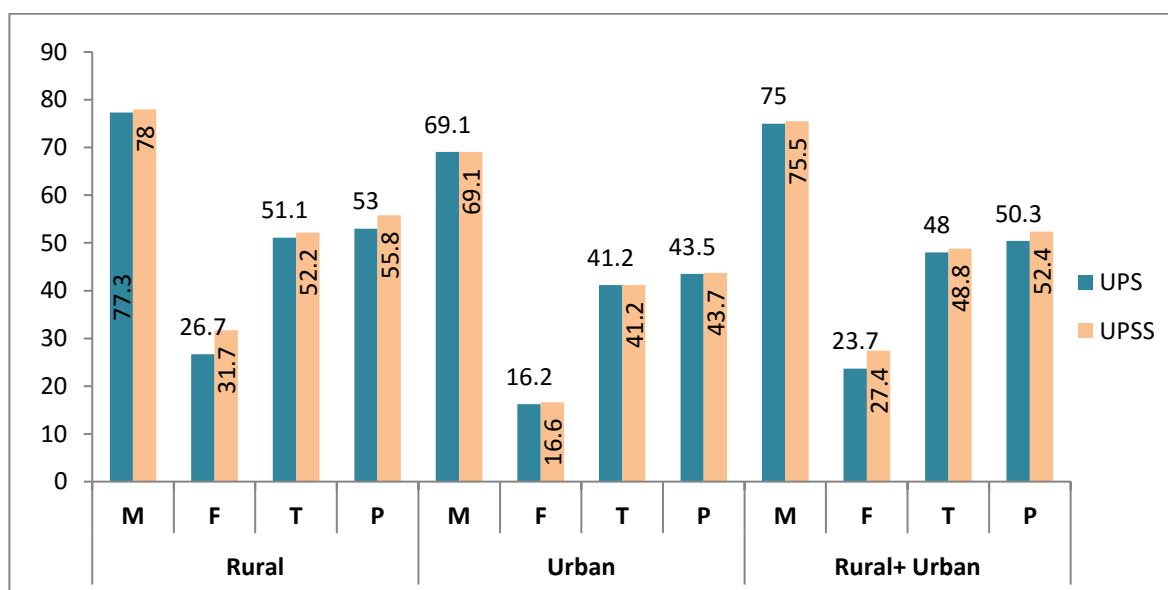


Figure 3.3: Labour force participation rate based on UPS and UPSS approach



3.9 While comparing the results of UPSS approach with UPS approach, it may be seen that for male category, the LFPR under the UPSS approach was higher than that under UPS approach by only 0.5 per cent. Whereas in case of females the LFPR under UPSS approach was higher than LFPR under UPS approach by 3.7 per cent at the All India level. It implies that many females who were primarily not a part of labour force based on major time criterion had worked for few months during the peak season or at the time of availability of work at their place.

Worker Population Ratio (WPR)

3.10 The second important parameter of the labour force is the Worker Population Ratio. The WPR signifies the proportion of workers/employed persons in the total population for the specific age group. As stated earlier, all the labour force related parameters are derived for the persons aged 15 years and above. The Worker Population Ratio based on Usual Principal Status approach and Usual Principal and Subsidiary Status approach for persons aged 15 years and above at the All India level is given below in Table 3.2.

Table 3.2: Worker Population Ratio based on UPS and UPSS approach for persons aged 15 years & above All India (in %)

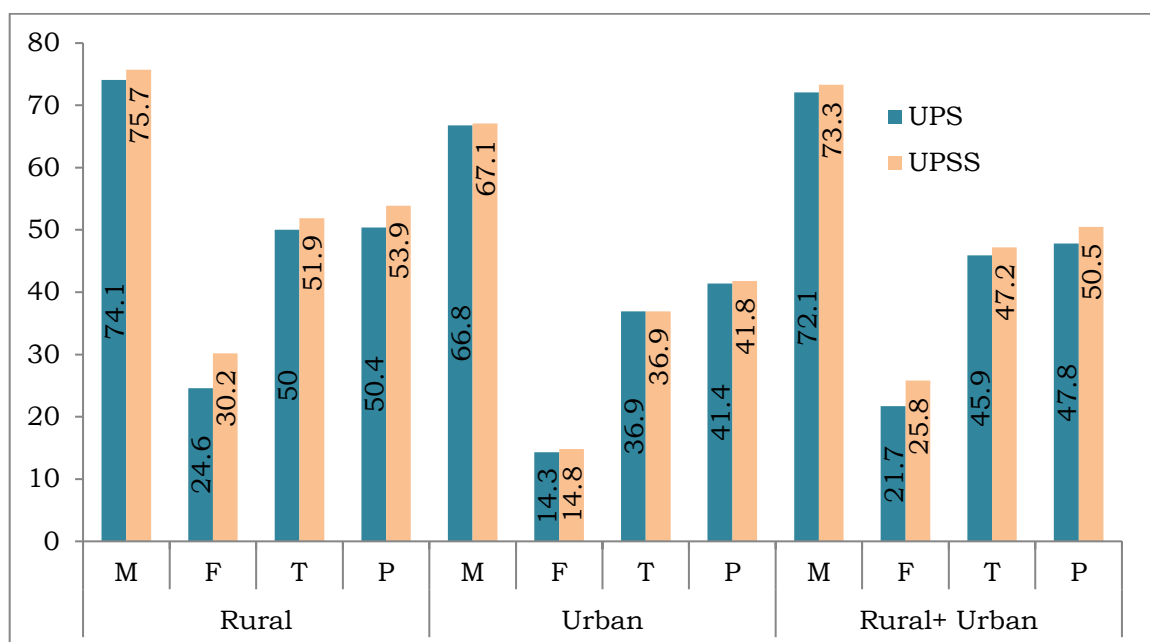
Approach	Rural				Urban				Rural + Urban			
	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P
UPS	74.1	24.6	50.0	50.4	66.8	14.3	36.9	41.4	72.1	21.7	45.9	47.8
UPSS	75.7	30.2	51.9	53.9	67.1	14.8	36.9	41.8	73.3	25.8	47.2	50.5

3.11 The WPR was estimated to be 47.8 per cent at the All India level based on Usual Principal Status Approach or in other words 47.8 per cent of persons aged 15 years and above were employed at All India level based on major time criterion approach. In case of gender wise classification of results, 72.1 per cent of the males, 21.7 per cent of the females and 45.9 per cent of the transgenders aged 15 years and above were employed based on UPS approach. Among States and UTs, the WPR based on UPS approach was the highest in the State of Chhattisgarh (66.6 per cent) and lowest for Lakshadweep (30.3 per cent). (Table 13, Annexure IV)

3.12 In rural sector, 50.4 percent of the persons aged 15 years and above were employed whereas in urban sector 41.4 per cent of the persons aged 15 years & above were employed based on UPS approach.

3.13 It may be seen from table 3.2 that the WPR based on the UPSS approach was estimated at 50.5 per cent at the All India level. The gender wise distribution of results show that 73.3 per cent of the males, 25.8 per cent of the females and 47.2 per cent of the transgenders aged 15 years and above were employed based on UPSS approach at the All India level.

Figure 3.4: Worker Population Ratio based on UPS and UPSS approach



3.14 At sectoral level, WPR was estimated to be 53.9 per cent and 41.8 per cent in the rural and urban sector respectively under the UPSS approach. The WPR for females in rural areas based on UPSS approach was higher by 5.6 per cent as compared to that based on UPS approach (Table 3.2)

Unemployment Rate (UR)

3.15 The third important parameter of the labour force is the Unemployment Rate. The unemployment rate reflects the portion of the labour force which was available for work during the

given reference period but did not get work. The unemployment rate derived based on Usual Principal Status approach is also sometimes called as “chronic unemployment” as the persons remained unemployed for major part of the period for which they were available. The Unemployment Rate in the present report has been calculated for Usual Principal Status approach and Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status approach. The UR based on UPS and UPSS approaches at the All India level is given below in Table 3.3:

Table 3.3: Unemployment Rate based on UPS & UPSS approaches for persons aged 15 years & above

Approach	Rural				Urban				Rural+ Urban			
	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P
UPS	4.2	7.8	2.1	5.1	3.3	12.1	10.3	4.9	4.0	8.7	4.3	5.0
UPSS	2.9	4.7	0.6	3.4	3.0	10.9	10.3	4.4	3.0	5.8	3.2	3.7

3.16 The Unemployment Rate based on Usual Principal Status approach was estimated to be 5 per cent at the All India level or in other words about 5 per cent of the persons who were available for work during the reference period could not get work and remained unemployed. Among the State and UT's unemployment rate exhibits wide variations. Tripura had the highest unemployment rate of 19.7per cent followed by Sikkim (18.1 per cent), Lakshadweep (16.1 per cent), A&N Islands (12.7 per cent) and Kerala (12.5per cent). Daman& Diu had the lowest

UR of 0.3 per cent followed by Gujarat (0.9 per cent), Karnataka (1.5per cent), Chhattisgarh (1.9 per cent) and Maharashtra (2.1per cent) (Table 14, Annexure IV). The Unemployment Rate for females was observed to be higher than the males across sectors. At the All India level, the UR for females at 8.7 per cent was more than double as compared to 4 per cent UR for male counterparts. The unemployment rate for transgenders was estimated to be 4.3 per cent at the All India level based on UPS approach.

Figure 3.5: Unemployment Rate based on UPS & UPSS approach

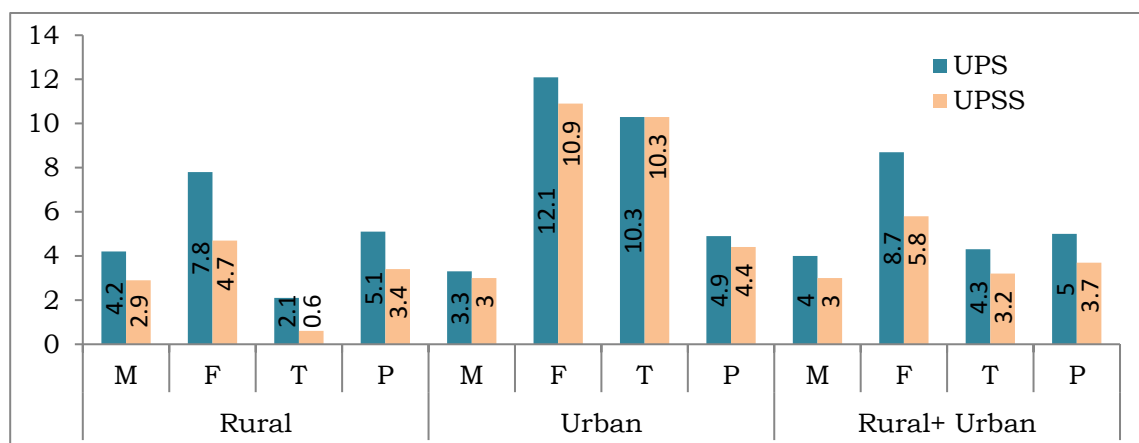
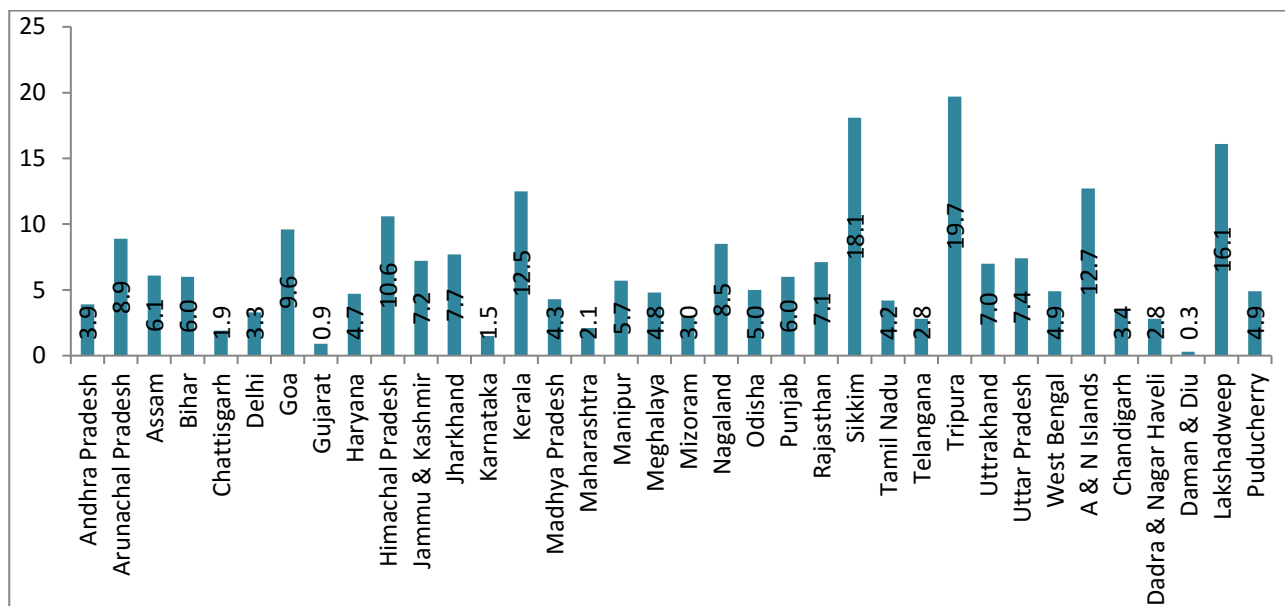


Figure 3.6: State/ UT wise Unemployment rate based on UPS approach



3.17 In the rural sector, based on Usual Principal Status approach unemployment rate was 5.1 per cent whereas in urban sector, the same was 4.9 per cent at the All India level. In case of urban females the UR was significantly high at 12.1 per cent at the All India level as compared to 3.3 per cent for urban males and rural females (7.8 per cent). Similarly, the unemployment rate among transgenders in urban areas was also high at 10.3 per cent as compared to UR of 2.1 per cent for transgenders in rural areas.

3.18 The Unemployment Rate based on Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status approach was estimated to be 3.7 per cent at the

All India level. The unemployment rate for males was 3 per cent whereas for females, the same was 5.8 per cent. The unemployment rate for transgenders based on UPSS approach was 3.2 per cent at the All India level. At the sectoral level, the unemployment rate in rural sector was estimated to be 3.4 per cent whereas in urban sector, it was 4.4 per cent at the All India level based on UPSS approach (Table 3.3).

Proportion Unemployed (PU)

3.19The other important parameter under the labour force is proportion unemployed. As discussed earlier, it is defined as a proportion of unemployed persons in the total population, whereas

unemployment rate is defined as a proportion of unemployed persons in the labour force. The Proportion Unemployed has been derived for Usual Principal Status approach

and Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status approach in this report. The PU based on these two approaches is given below in Table 3.4

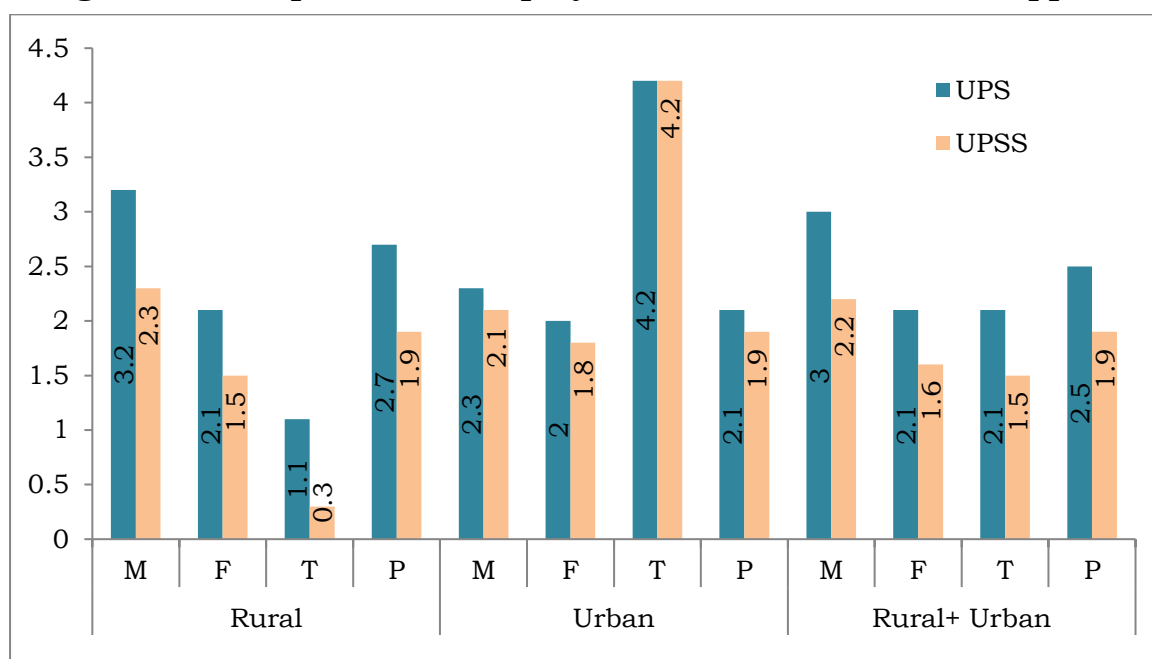
Table 3.4: Proportion Unemployed based on UPS & UPSS approaches for persons aged 15 years & above All India (in %)

Approach	Rural				Urban				Rural+ Urban			
	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P
UPS	3.2	2.1	1.1	2.7	2.3	2.0	4.2	2.1	3.0	2.1	2.1	2.5
UPSS	2.3	1.5	0.3	1.9	2.1	1.8	4.2	1.9	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.9

3.20 The Proportion Unemployed based on Usual Principal Status approach was estimated to be 2.5 per cent at the All India level. In case of males, the PU was 3 per cent whereas for female category

the same was 2.1 per cent. The proportion unemployed for transgenders was estimated to be 2.1 per cent. At sectoral level, the PU was 2.7 per cent in rural and 2.1 per cent in the urban sector.

Figure 3.7: Proportion Unemployed based on UPS & UPSS approach



Activity-wise distribution of the population

3.21 The persons aged 15 years and above are classified based on various activities pursued by them during a longer reference period of one year. The workers/employed persons are also classified based on the economic activity pursued by them on the basis of National Industrial Classification 2008 (NIC 2008) at the section level. The workers or employed persons are also classified among occupations on the basis of National Classification of Occupations (NCO 2004).

Activity-wise distribution of persons

3.22 Based on the Usual Principal Status approach, the main activities pursued by the persons are as follows:

- i) worked in household enterprise as an own account worker;
- ii) worked in household enterprise as an employer;

- iii) worked as helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker);
- iv) worked as permanent regular salaried/ wage employee;
- v) worked as contract worker;
- vi) worked as casual wage labour in public works;
- vii) Worked as casual wage labour in other types of work; private work excluding agriculture & allied work.
- viii) Worked as casual wage labour in agriculture & allied sectors.
- ix) did not work but was seeking and/or available for work;
- x) attended educational institution;
- xi) attended domestic duties only;
- xii) Rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.;
- xiii) not able to work due to disability;
- xiv) Others (begging, prostitution, etc.).

The classification as mentioned above from sr. no. (i) to (ix) belongs to the labour force and remaining from sr. no. (ix) to (xiv) belongs to the non-labour force category under the Usual Principal Status approach.

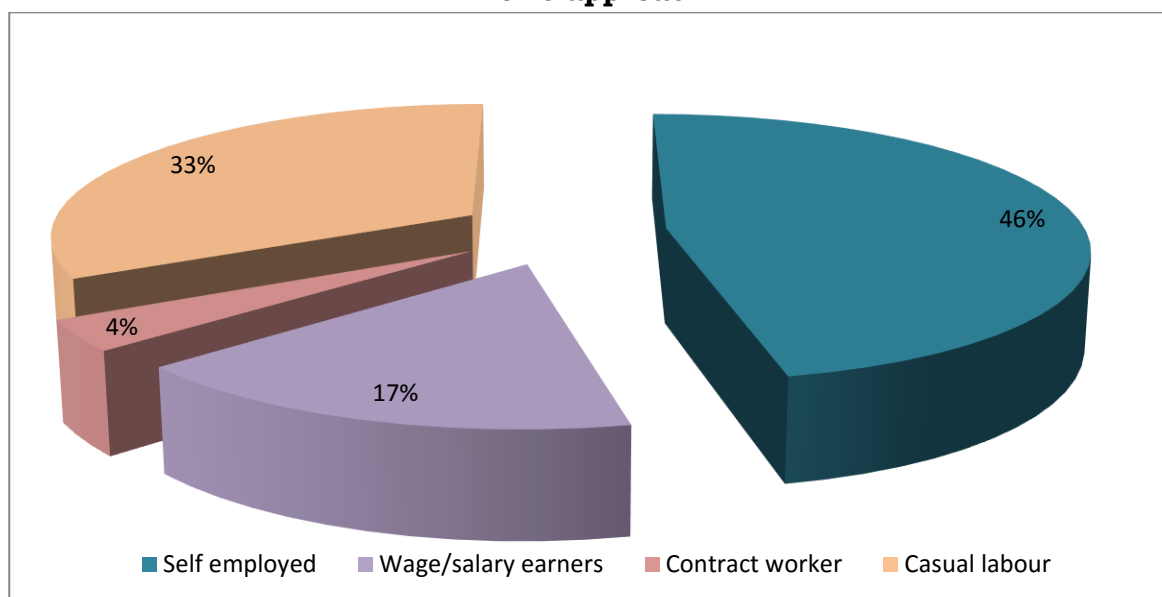
Table 3.5: Distribution of employed persons among different categories of employment based on UPS & UPSS approach (in %)

Approach	(All India) Rural+ Urban			
	Self employed	Wage/salary earners	Contract worker	Casual labour
UPS	46.6	17.0	3.7	32.8
UPSS	47.2	16.2	3.5	33.1

3.23 The distribution of employed persons by categories of employment, namely, self employed, wage/salary earners, contract workers and casual labour based on UPS & UPSS approach is presented in Table 3.5. The survey results show that majority of the persons i.e. 46.6 per cent of the employed persons were reported to be self employed followed by 32.8 per cent as casual labour, 17 per cent as wage/salary earners and remaining 3.7 per cent as contract workers based on Usual Principal Status approach. Under the Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status approach also a similar pattern as observed in UPS approach was evident. State/UT wise distribution of employed persons by categories of employment is given in (Table 20, Annexure IV). Among the State/UT's, Arunachal Pradesh had the highest 81.2 per cent of the workers as self employed as compared to the lowest 15.7 per cent of the workers as self-

employed in Puducherry. Self employment was the dominant form of employment in all the States/UT's barring UT's of Chandigarh, A & N Islands, Lakshadweep and Puducherry the States of Delhi, West Bengal and Goa. All the Southern States except Karnataka exhibit high levels of casual labour employment. Andhra Pradesh had the highest 48.5 per cent of workers engaged in casual labour followed by Tamil Nadu (47.3 per cent), Kerala and West Bengal (43.8 per cent), Telangana (43.3 per cent) and Puducherry (40.3 per cent) (Table 20, Annexure IV). Out of a total of 36 States/UT's, 19 States/UT's had less than one fifth of the workers employed on regular wage salary basis. Chandigarh had the highest 54.2 per cent of the workers employed on regular wage/salary basis while Bihar had the lowest 9.7 per cent (Table 20, Annexure IV).

Figure 3.8: Distribution of Employed persons by various activities under UPS approach



3.24 While analyzing the results at gender level, the survey results reveal that for male category, self employment was the dominant categories in which majority of the male persons were employed. Under the self employment category, 48.4 per cent of the male were employed followed by 30.2

per cent under the casual labour, 17.6 per cent under wage/salary earners and remaining 3.8 per cent as contract workers based on Usual Principal Status approach. The distribution of employed persons for male category based on UPS and UPSS classification is given below in Table 3.6.

Table 3.6: Distribution of employed persons (male) among different categories of employment based on UPS & UPSS approach (All India) (in %) Rural+ Urban

Approach	Self employed			Wage/salary earners			Contract worker			Casual labour		
	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T
UPS	48.4	39.9	44.1	17.6	14.8	19.6	3.8	3.1	4.9	30.2	42.1	31.4
UPSS	48.6	42.9	44.9	17.4	12.5	19.0	3.8	2.7	4.7	30.2	41.9	31.5

3.25 In case of females, casual labour was the dominant form of

employment. At the All India level, 42.1 per cent of the female work

force was employed as casual labour followed by 39.9 per cent under self employment, 14.8 per cent as wage/salary earners and remaining 3.1 per cent as contract worker based on Usual Principal Status approach. The distribution of female employed persons based on UPS and UPSS classification is given above in Table 3.6.

3.26 In case of transgenders also self-employment was the main form of employment under which 44.1 per cent of the transgenders were employed followed by 31.4 per cent as casual labour, 19.6 per cent as wage and salaried earners and remaining 4.9 per cent as contract workers. The

distribution of transgender employed persons based on UPS and UPSS classification is given above in Table 3.6.

Industry wise distribution of workers

3.27 The employed persons are further classified based on the economic activity pursued by them in different industry sections. The results are compiled based on National Industrial Classification 2008. The results at State/UT level are compiled at section level (A-U) of NIC 2008 classification. However, at the All India level, the survey results are presented at 2 digit level of NIC 2008 classification.

Table 3.7: Sector wise distribution of employed persons based on NIC 2008 classification (in %)

All India			
Approach	Primary sector	Secondary sector	Tertiary sector
Rural + Urban			
UPS	46.1	21.8	32
UPSS	47.3	21.9	31
Rural			
UPS	58.5	19.5	22
UPSS	59.3	19.7	21.1
Urban			
UPS	7.8	28.9	63.1
UPSS	7.9	29.0	63.0

3.28 Table 3.7 presents percentage distribution of employed persons (Rural+Urban,

Rural and Urban) based on NIC 2008 classification. The results reveal that under UPS approach,

majority of the persons were employed in primary sector i.e agriculture, forestry & fishing and mining & quarrying or Section A & Section B of NIC 2008 classification. In the primary sector, 46.1 per cent of the workers were estimated to be employed followed by 32 per cent in the tertiary sector and the remaining 21.8 per cent in the secondary sector i.e. manufacturing and construction sector (Section C and Section F) based on Usual Principal Status approach.

3.29 It may be observed from the above Table (3.7) that similar trend was evident under Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status approach.

3.30 The distribution of employed persons based on NIC 2008 classification in rural sector is presented in Table 3.7. The results reveal that in rural sector, 58.5 per cent of the employed persons were engaged in primary sector, followed by 22 per cent in the tertiary sector and remaining 19.5 per cent in the secondary sector based on Usual Principal Status approach.

3.31 As can be seen from Table 3.7, in the urban sector, majority of the employed persons were in tertiary sector. Based on Usual Principal Status approach, 63.1 per cent of the employed persons were in tertiary sector, followed by 28.9 per cent in the secondary sector and remaining 7.8 per cent in the primary sector.

Under-Employment

3.32 In order to find out whether the persons available for 12 months during the reference period are fully employed or partially employed, special tables have been generated in this report. The persons who were available for 12 months during the reference period are categorized into following four groups based on Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status approach.

- i) Worked for 12 months or fully employed
- ii) Worked for 6-11 months (partially employed)
- iii) Worked for 1-5 months (partially employed)
- iv) Did not get any work and remained unemployed throughout the year.

Table 3.8: Percentage distribution of persons available for 12 months based on UPSS approach

Group	All India (in %)		
	Rural	Urban	Rural + Urban
Worked for 12 months	52.7	82.1	60.6
Worked for 6-11 months	42.1	13.2	34.4
Worked for 1-5 months	1.4	0.4	1.1
Did not get any work	3.8	4.3	3.9

3.33 The survey results reveal that 60.6 per cent of the persons who were available for 12 months were able to get the work throughout the year at the All India level as presented in Table 3.8. However, in rural areas, only 52.7 per cent of the persons who were available for 12 months were able to get work for 12 months. 3.9 per cent of the persons who were available for work throughout the year could not get any work at the All India level. The results have been compiled at State/UT, gender and sectoral level at (Table 27 Annexure IV)

3.34 The present survey has made an attempt to capture data on a number of other variables of interest related to employment and unemployment. The data has been collected on parameters like methods adopted to seek work by the unemployed, reasons for unemployment among graduates

and post graduates, type of job contract, availability of paid leave & social security benefits and social security benefits by different schemes. Comprehensive data on these variables serves a very useful purpose in assessing the employment unemployment situation in a holistic manner.

Employed Persons by Average Monthly Earnings

3.35 The present survey has classified the various categories of employed persons according to average monthly earnings. The data are presented in Table 3.9. At the All India level, a majority 67.5 per cent of the self employed workers had average monthly earnings up to Rs 7500. In Odisha, Chattisgarh and West Bengal, more than 80 per cent of the self employed workers earned up to an average of Rs 7500 monthly. Delhi had the lowest 9.7 per cent of self employed workers in

the low monthly earnings bracket of up to Rs 7500. (Table 29, Annexure IV) At the All India level, 65 per cent of the self employed males had monthly average earnings up to Rs 7500 as against 85.5 per cent of self employed females and 64.6 per cent of self-employed transgenders. Only 0.1 per cent of self employed were estimated to have earnings above Rs 1 lakh. At the All India level, 57.2 per cent i.e. more than half of the regular wage/salaried workers earned monthly average earnings of up to Rs

10,000. Whereas, 23.6 per cent of regular wage/salaried workers fall in the monthly average earnings bracket Rs 10,001 to Rs 20,000 followed by 19.5 per cent in Rs 5001-Rs 7500 and 19 per cent in Rs 7501-Rs 10,000. Contract workers and Casual workers were predominantly in the low earnings bracket of up to Rs 7500. 66.4 per cent of the contract workers and 84.3 per cent of the casual workers had average monthly earnings of up to Rs 7500.

Table 3.9: Self Employed/Regular wage salaried/Contract/Casual Workers according to Average Monthly Earnings (in %) **All India**

	Self Employed	Regular Wage/salaried	Contract workers	Casual labour
Persons in labour Force	46.6	17.0	3.7	32.8
Up to Rs. 5,000	41.3	18.7	38.5	59.3
Rs. 5,001-Rs7,500	26.2	19.5	27.9	25.0
Rs7,501-Rs 10,000	17.4	19.0	20.3	12.0
Rs10,001-Rs20,000	11.1	23.6	11.0	3.5
Rs 20,001-Rs 50,000	3.5	17.7	2.1	0.3
Rs 50,001-Rs 1,00,000	0.4	1.4	0.1	0.0
Above Rs 1,00,000	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0

Unemployed Persons by methods adopted to seek work

3.36 Table 3.10 presents data on unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work based on UPS

approach. It shows that at the All India level, majority of persons (33.5 per cent) used more than two methods to seek work, followed by,

through friends & relatives (24.1 per cent), application made in response to advertisement (23.7 per cent), through employment exchange (4.3 per cent) and so on. Thus informal method of job search involving a network of friends and relatives was one of the significant methods of job search adopted by the unemployed. Workers in the urban sector, however, rely on more formal methods of job search as the 'Application made in response to advertisement' was adopted by a majority (33.5 per cent) of the unemployed persons. The unemployed in the rural sector

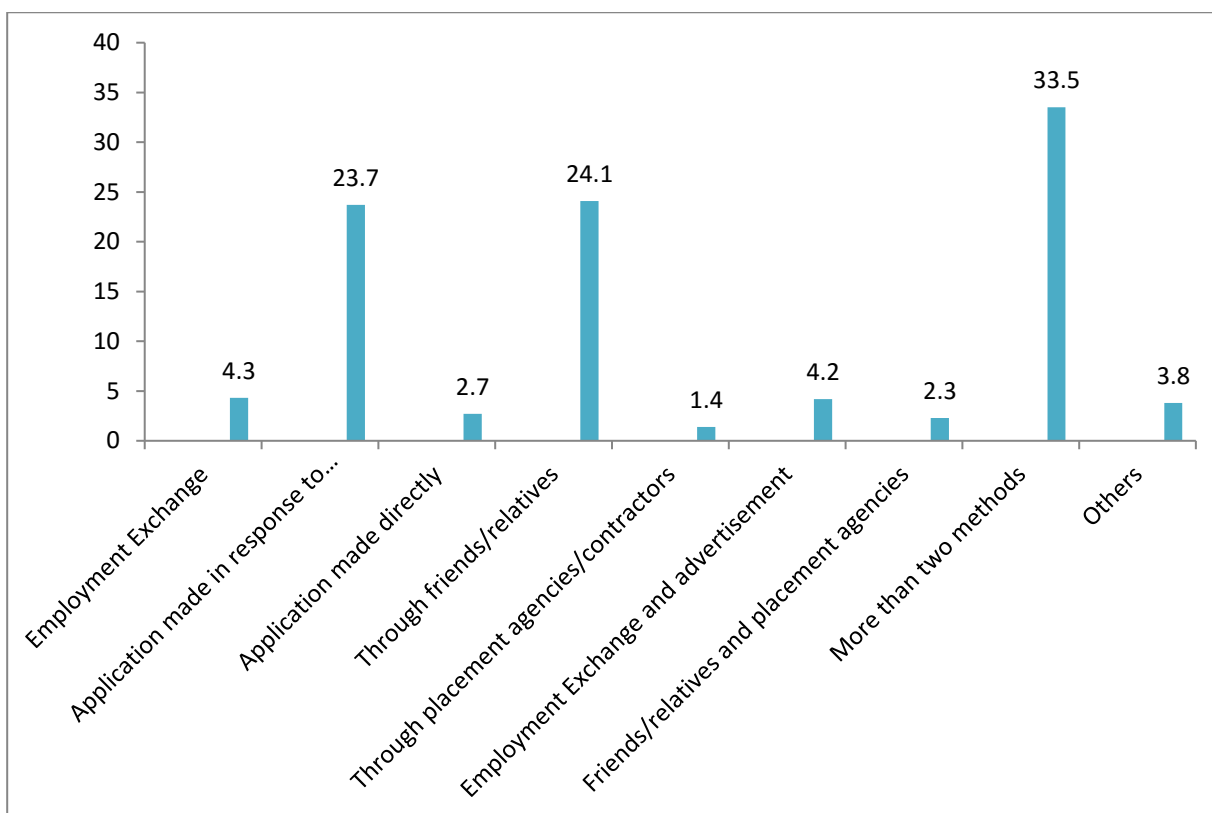
mainly adopt multiple methods of seeking work (35.2 per cent) followed by through network of friends and relatives (25.3 per cent) and application in response to advertisement (20.7 per cent). Gender wise analysis reveals that at the All India level, among the unemployed persons, the percentage of females seeking work through employment exchange was highest at 5.1 per cent as compared to 3.9 per cent for males and just 2.5 per cent for transgenders. Further details on methods adopted are presented in Table 3.10 (Table 33, Annexure IV).

Table 3.10: Unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work based on UPS approach

Methods	Rural				Urban				All India (in %)			
	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P
Code 1	4.1	5.5	_	4.6	3	4	3.9	3.4	3.9	5.1	2.5	4.3
Code 2	22.1	18.3	7.2	20.7	33.7	33.3	16.6	33.5	24.6	22.4	13.2	23.7
Code 3	2.4	2.3	_	2.4	3.9	3.4	_	3.6	2.8	2.6	_	2.7
Code 4	24.5	26.5	64.2	25.3	21.7	18.9	_	20.4	23.9	24.4	22.9	24.1
Code 5	1.1	1.0	_	1.1	2.2	2.5	_	2.4	1.3	1.4	_	1.4
Code 6	3.3	5.0	_	3.9	5.0	5.2	_	5.1	3.6	5.1	_	4.2
Code 7	2.6	2.0	_	2.4	2.0	1.4	_	1.8	2.5	1.9	_	2.3
Code 8	36.0	34	28.6	35.2	26.7	29.4	79.5	28	34	32.7	61.3	33.5
Code 9	3.8	5.4	_	4.4	1.7	1.9	_	1.8	3.4	4.5	_	3.8

Code 1=through employment exchange, Code 2=application made in response to advertisement, Code 3=application made directly, Code 4: through friends/relatives etc., Code 5: Through placement agencies/contractors, Code 6: codes 1 & 2, Code 7: codes 4&5, Code 8: More than two methods, Code 9: Others

Figure 3.9: Unemployed Persons by methods adopted to seek work (in %).



Unemployed Persons (Graduates and Post Graduates) by reasons of Unemployment

3.37 In India, it is observed that the unemployment rate goes up with the level of Education. High unemployment rate among graduates and post graduates is a serious issue and to address it effectively, a clear understanding of the underlying factors is required. To this effect, this survey also collected the data on reasons for unemployment from the unemployed graduates and post graduates. Table 3.11 provides the

details of reasons for unemployment as given by unemployed graduates and post graduates. It reveals that for graduates and Post graduates alike the main reason for unemployment was non availability of jobs matching with education/skill and experience. This clearly brings out the prevalence of skill mismatch in the labour market which renders even highly qualified individuals jobless. At the All India level, 58.3 per cent of unemployed graduates and 62.4 per cent of unemployed

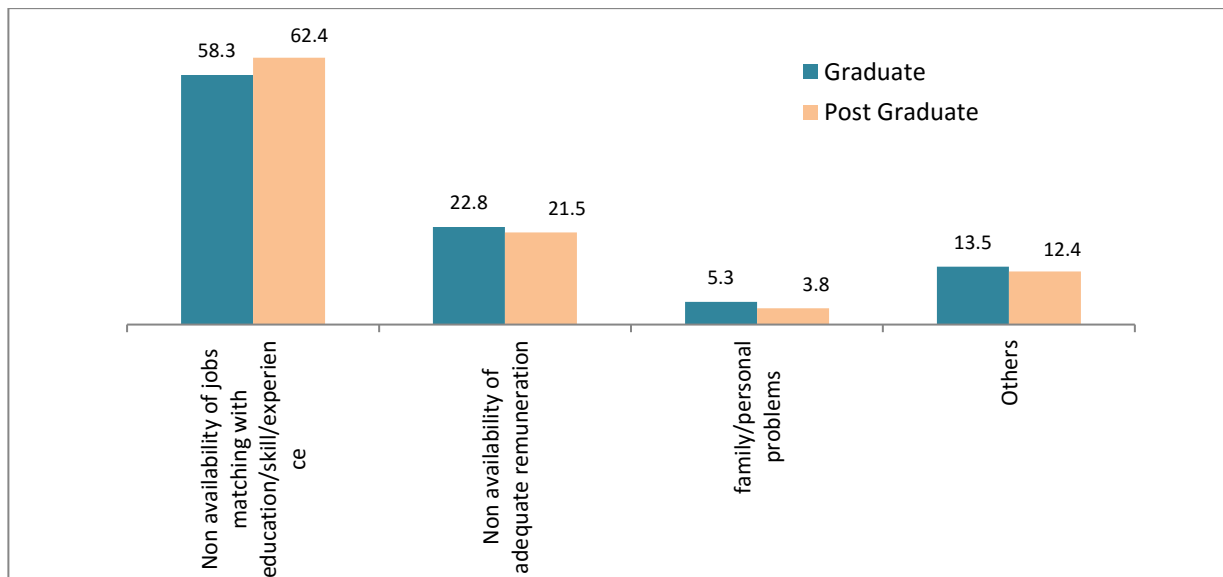
post graduates cited non availability of jobs matching with education/skill and experience as the main reason for unemployment followed by non availability of adequate remuneration cited by 22.8 per cent of graduates and 21.5 per cent of post graduates. Non availability of jobs matching

skills/education and experience continues to be the dominant reason for unemployment for graduates and post graduates across rural and urban sector also followed by non availability of adequate remuneration(Table 34 & 35, Annexure IV).

Table 3.11: Unemployed persons having graduate/post graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment All India (in %)

Reasons	Graduate			Post Graduate		
	Rural	Urban	Rural+Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural+Urban
Non availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experience	55.9	64.0	58.3	58.5	68.7	62.4
Non availability of adequate remuneration	25.1	17.5	22.8	24.8	16.0	21.5
family/personal problems	5.5	5.0	5.3	3.7	4.0	3.8
Others	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.0	11.3	12.4

Figure 3.10: Unemployed persons having graduate/post graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment (in%)



Workers by type of job contract

3.38 Table 3.12 provides data on the status of job contract of regular wage/salaried, casual workers and contract workers. The data reveals that at the All India level 64.9 per cent of the regular wage/ salaried workers, 67.8 per cent of the contract workers and 95.3 per cent of the casual workers did not have a written job contract. 27 per cent of the regular wage/salaried and 11.5 per cent of the contract workers had written job contract of more than three years. Sector wise analysis shows that the percentage

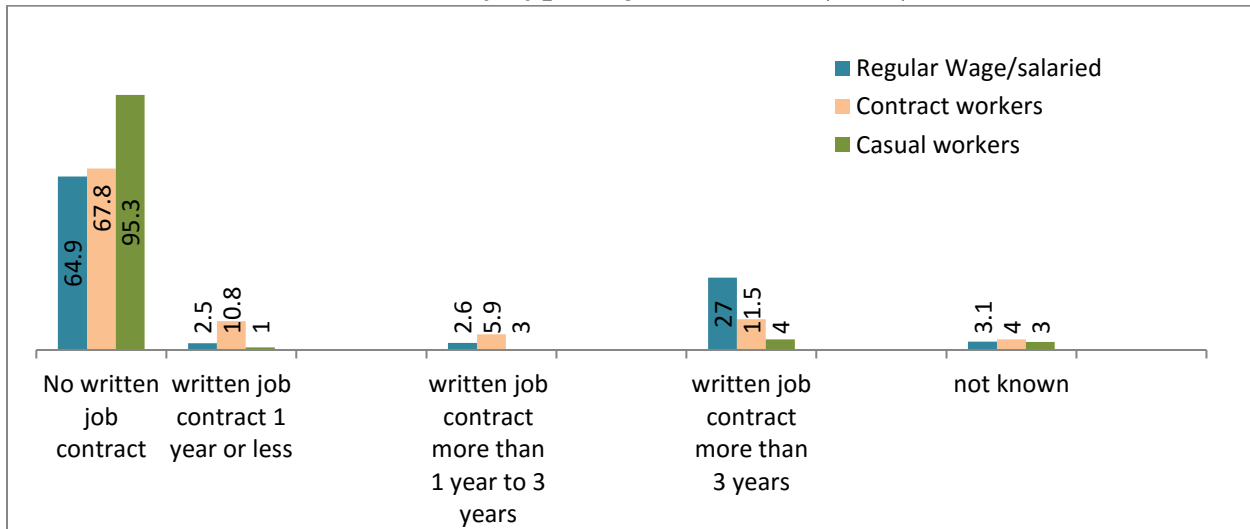
of workers with no written job contracts was higher in urban sector as compared to rural sector for both the regular wage/salaried and contract workers category. In the urban sector, 66.1 per cent of the regular wage/salaried workers had no written contract as compared to 63.7 per cent in the rural sector. Similarly 70.3 per cent of the contract workers in the urban sector had no written job contract as compared to 66.2 per cent in the rural sector (Table 37, 38 & 39 Annexure IV).

Table 3.12: Regular wage/salaried, contract and casual workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract All India (in %)

Type of job contract	Regular Wage/Salaried			Contract Workers			Casual workers		
	R	U	R + U	R	U	R + U	R	U	R + U
No written job contract	63.7	66.1	64.9	66.2	70.3	67.8	95.6	94.2	95.3
written job contract 1 year or less	3.0	1.9	2.5	11.6	9.4	10.8	0.9	1.6	1.0
written job contract more than 1 year to 3 years	2.8	2.3	2.6	4.6	8.1	5.9	0.3	0.3	0.3
written job contract more than 3 years	26.8	27.2	27.0	13.2	8.8	11.5	0.4	0.6	0.4
not known	3.6	2.5	3.1	4.4	3.4	4.0	3.0	3.3	3.0

R=Rural U=Urban R+U= Rural+Urban

Figure 3.11: Regular wage/salaried, contract and casual workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract (in %)



Workers by paid leave and availing social security benefits

3.39 Conditions of employment like leave benefits and social security availed by the workers are crucial to assess the extent of informality in the employment. The National Commission for Enterprises in Unorganised Sector (NCEUS) has also made an important distinction between organized or formal and unorganised or informal employment as follows: “Unorganised workers consist of those working in the unorganised enterprises or households, excluding regular workers with social security benefits, and the workers in the formal sector without any employment/ social security benefits provided by the employers”. Table

3.13 presents data on percentage of workers except self-employed who received paid leave and availed social security benefits. It shows that at the All India level, just 20.6 per cent of workers except self employed received paid leave and 21.6 per cent availed social security benefits. A majority 71.2 per cent of workers were not eligible for social security benefits thus indicating vast informalisation of employment in the country. The sector wise analysis reveals that the percentage of persons availing social security benefits in urban areas (32.4 per cent) was double as compared to that in rural areas (16 per cent). At the All India level, 74 per cent of female workers were estimated to be not eligible for social security

benefits as compared to 70.4 per cent males and 67 per cent for transgenders. In the category of ‘not eligible for social security benefits’, the gap between rural males and females was wider as compared to urban males and females. While 75.8 per cent and 79.3 percent of

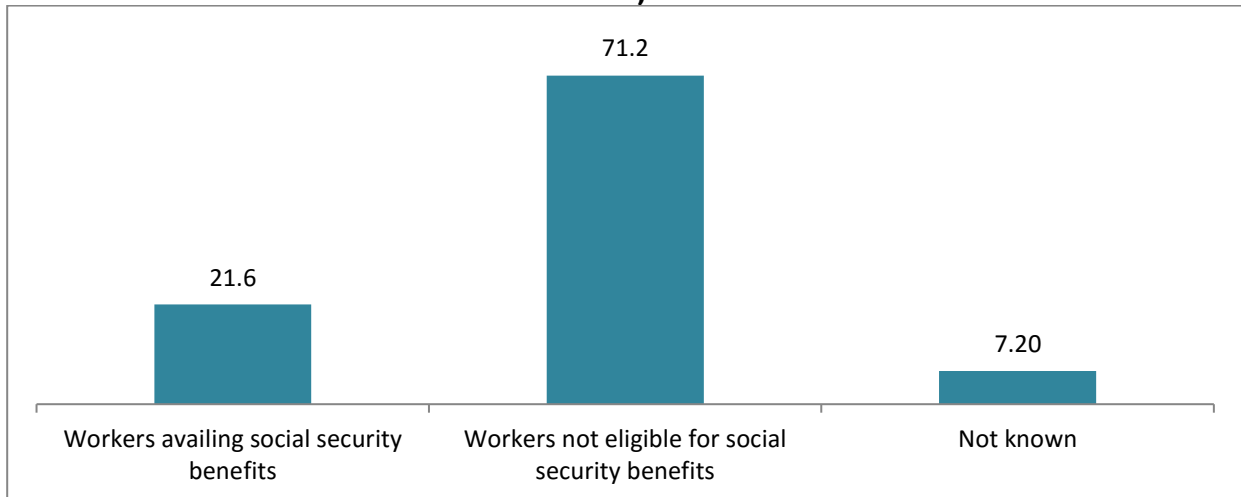
rural males and females were not eligible for social security benefits, the corresponding figures were 60.5 per cent and 62.1 per cent for urban males and females respectively (Table 40 to 40.11, Annexure IV).

Table 3.13: Workers except self-employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits All India (in %)

Workers by Paid Leave/ social security benefits	Rural				Urban				Rural+ Urban			
	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P	M	F	T	P
Received Paid Leave	15.5	11.4	15.7	14.4	37.9	36.2	36.4	37.6	21.9	16.7	21	20.6
Workers availing social security benefits	16.5	14.4	17.4	16.0	32.6	31.6	22.7	32.4	22.1	19.7	19.3	21.6
Workers not eligible for social security benefits	75.8	79.3	63.5	76.6	60.5	62.1	73.3	60.8	70.4	74.0	67.0	71.2
Not known	7.7	6.3	19.1	7.4	6.9	6.3	3.9	6.8	7.4	6.3	13.7	7.2

M=male F=female T=transgender P=persons

Figure 3.12: Workers except self-employed availing social security benefits (in %)



CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Important concepts and definitions used in the survey and relevant to this report are explained as below:

1.1 House: Every structure, tent or other place of shelter, etc. which is used primarily for residential use is considered as a house for the present survey.

1.2 Household: A group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen constitutes a household. It will include temporary stay-aways (those whose total period of absence from the household is expected to be less than 6 months) but exclude temporary visitors and guests (expected total period of stay less than 6 months). The members of a household may or may not be related by blood or marriage to one another. The following examples may be useful while determining the group of persons to be considered as households:

- (a) In case a hostel is listed, it will constitute a single household.
- (b) Inmates of hotel, lodging and boarding house etc. will also constitute a single household.
- (c) In deciding the composition of a household, more emphasis is to be placed on 'normally living together' than on ordinarily taking food from a common kitchen. In case the place of residence of a person is different from the place of boarding, he or she will be treated as a member of the household in which he or she resides.
- (d) A resident employee, or domestic servant or a paying guest will be considered as a member of the household in which he or she resides even though he or she is not a member of the same family if the period of stay is six month or above.
- (e) In case a member of a family (say a son or a daughter of the head of family) stays elsewhere like in hostel for studies or for any other reason for major part of the year, he/she will not be considered as a member of his/her parents household.

1.3 Household size: The number of members normally residing in a household is its size.

1.4 Economic activity: The entire spectrum of human activity falls into two categories: i) economic activity and ii) non-economic activity. Any activity that results in production of goods and services which adds value to the national product is considered as an economic activity. Further the economic activities have two parts namely i) market activities and ii) non-market activities. Market activities are those that involve remuneration to those who perform it, i.e., activity performed for pay or profit. Such activities include production of all goods and services for market including those of government services, etc. On the other hand non-market activities are those involving the production of primary commodities for own consumption and own account production of fixed assets. The term 'economic activity' under the fifth Annual Employment and Unemployment survey includes:

i. All the market activities described above, i.e., the activities performed for pay or profit which result in production of goods and services for exchange,

ii. Of the non-market activities,
a) All the activities relating to the primary sector which result in production (including free collection of uncultivated crops, forestry, firewood, hunting, fishing, mining, quarrying, etc.) of primary goods for own consumption.
b) The activities relating to the own-account production of fixed assets. Own account production of fixed assets include construction of own houses, roads, wells, etc., and of machinery, tools, etc., for household enterprise and also construction of any private or community facilities free of charge. A person may be engaged in own account construction in the capacity of either a labour or a supervisor.

1.5 Activity status: It is the activity in which a person is engaged during the reference period, which in turn decides the person's participation in economic and /or non-economic activities. According to this, a person will be in one or a combination of the following three statuses during a reference period:

i. Working or engaged in economic

- activity (work);
- ii. Not engaged in economic activity (work) but either making tangible efforts to seek 'work' or being available for 'work' in case the 'work' is available and
- iii. Neither engaged in any economic activity (work) nor available for 'work'.

1.6 Activity statuses mentioned against sl. no. (i) & (ii) above, are associated with 'being in labour force' and the last sl.no. (iii) is associated with 'not being in the labour force'. Being in labour force is further categorized into two parts (i) employed and unemployed.

1.7 The three broad activity statuses according to 5th EUS have been further subdivided into the following categories as listed below:

- i. working or being engaged in economic activity (employed):
 - a) worked as an own-account worker (self-employed);
 - b) employer (self-employed);
 - c) worked in household enterprise as 'helper' (unpaid family worker);
 - d) worked as regular salaried/wage employee other than contract worker;
 - e) worked as contract worker;

- f) worked as casual wage labour in public works;
- g) worked as casual wage labour in other types of works;
- ii. not working but seeking or available for work (unemployed);
- iii. neither working nor available for work (not in labour force)
 - i) attended educational institution;
 - ii) attended domestic duties;
 - iii) recipients of rent, pension, remittance, etc;
 - iv) not able to work due to disability;
 - v) Others (prostitutes, beggars, etc.);

1.8 The various concepts like, 'workers', 'unemployed', labour force, out of labour force are as explained below:

I. Workers (or employed): Persons who are engaged in any economic activity during the reference period or who, despite their attachment to their economic activity, have temporarily abstained from work, for reasons of illness, injury or other physical disability, bad weather, festivals, social or religious functions or other contingencies necessitating temporary absence from work constitute workers. Unpaid helpers

who assist in the operation of an economic activity in the household, farm or non-farm activities are also considered as workers.

II. Seeking or available for work

(or unemployed): Persons, who owing to lack of work, had not worked but either sought work through employment exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers or expressed their willingness or availability for work under the prevailing condition of work and remuneration are considered as those who are 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed).

III. Labour force: Persons who are either 'working' (employed) or 'seeking or available for work' (unemployed) or both during a major part of the reference period, constitute the labour force.

IV. Out of labour force: Persons who are neither 'working' and at the same time nor 'seeking or available for work' for various reasons during the major part of the reference period are considered to be 'out of the labour force'. The persons under this category includes students, persons engaged in domestic duties,

rentiers, pensioners, recipients of remittances, those living on alms, infirm or disabled persons, too young or too old persons, beggars, prostitutes, etc.

1.9 It may be noted that workers have been further categorized as self-employed, regular salaried/wage employee and casual wage labour. The details of these categories are defined in the following paragraphs.

I. Self-employed: Persons who operate their own farm or non-farm enterprises or are engaged independently in a profession or trade on own-account or with one or a few partners are considered as self-employed. The essential feature of the self-employed is that they have autonomy (i.e., regarding how, where and when to produce) and economic independence (i.e. regarding market, scale of operation and money) for carrying out operation. The fee or remuneration received by them consists of two parts - the share of their labour and profit of the enterprise. In other words, their remuneration is determined wholly or mainly by sales or profits of the goods or services which are produced.

The self-employed persons may again be categorized into the following groups:

- i) **Own-account workers:** The self-employed persons, who operate their enterprises on their own account or with one or a few partners and who during the reference period by and large, run their enterprises without hiring any labour are called as own account workers. They may, however, have unpaid helpers to assist them in the activity of the enterprise.
- ii) **Employers:** The self-employed persons who work on their own account or with one or a few partners and by and large run their enterprises by hiring labour are considered as the employers.
- iii) **Helpers in household enterprise:** The helpers are a category of self-employed persons, mostly family members, who keep themselves engaged in their household enterprises, working full or part time and do not receive any regular salary or wages in return for the work performed. They do not run the household enterprise on their own but

assist the related person living in the same household in running the household enterprise.

1.10 Regular salaried/wage employee other than contract workers:

Persons working in others farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and getting in return salary or wages on a regular basis (and not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract) are the regular salaried/wage employees. The category not only includes persons getting time-rate wage but also persons receiving piece-rate wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full time and part-time.

1.11 Worked on contract basis:

As per the definition of contract worker, a worker is deemed to be employed as contract worker when he/she is hired in connection with the work of an establishment by or through a contractor. Contract workmen are indirect employees; persons who are hired, supervised and remunerated by a contractor who, in turn, is compensated by the establishment. For the purpose of present survey, in addition to the above mentioned category of workers, the term contract workers includes workers whose work are

governed by a contract agreement either in writing or oral directly by the establishment. More precisely, the workers hired by the establishment directly for a specific job and for a specified period will also be categorized under the contract category of workers.

1.12 Casual wage labour: A person casually engaged in others farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and getting in return wage according to the terms of the daily or periodic work contract is a casual wage labour. Usually in the rural areas, a type of casual labourers can be seen who normally engage themselves in 'public works' activities. 'Public works' are those activities which are sponsored by the Government or local bodies for construction of roads, digging of ponds, etc. as relief measures (like flood relief, drought relief, famine relief, etc.) and also under various employment generation schemes under poverty alleviation programmes.

1.13 Different approaches for determining activity status: The persons surveyed can be classified into various activity categories on the basis of activities pursued by

them during certain specified reference periods. There could be three reference periods viz. (i) one year, (ii) one week and (iii) each day of the reference week. Based on these three reference periods, three different measures of activity status are arrived at. These are termed respectively as usual principal status, current weekly status and current daily status. The activity status determined on the basis of a reference period of one year is known as the usual principal activity status of the person, that determined on the basis of a reference period of 1 week is known as the current weekly status (CWS) of the person and the activity status determined on the basis of a reference period of one day is known as the current daily status (CDS) of the person. In this report, the labour force related parameters are estimated for a reference period of one year.

1.14 Usual activity status: The usual activity status relates to the activity status of a person during the last completed twelve months from the date of survey. The activity in which a person spent relatively longer time (major time criterion) during the reference period is considered as the usual principal activity of the person. To

decide the usual principal activity of a person, he/she is first categorized as belonging to the labour force or not during the reference period on the basis of major time criterion. Persons, thus adjudged as not belonging to the labour force are assigned the broad activity status 'neither working nor available for work'.

1.15 For the persons belonging to the labour force, the broad activity status of either 'working' or 'not working but available for work and/or seeking work' is then ascertained again on the basis of the relatively longer time spent during the period in the labour force. Within the broad activity status so determined, the detailed activity status category of a person pursuing more than one such

Average monthly household earnings:

Average monthly earnings of the sample household i.e., all members of the household, from all the sources is to be filled against this item. A reference period of 12 months shall be observed for calculating the household includes earnings of members from different sources like income from trade, wage employment, casual labour, rental income, interest received, remittances from abroad, old age pension etc excluding earnings of domestic servant if any in the household.

activity will be determined again on the basis of the relatively longer time spent.

1.16 Subsidiary economic

activity status: A person whose usual principal status is determined on the basis of the major time criterion may have pursued some other economic activity for 30 days or more during the reference period. The status in which such economic activity is pursued during the reference period is the subsidiary economic activity status of the person. In case of multiple subsidiary economic activities, subsidiary activity will be determined on the basis of relatively longer time spent criterion.

Saving Bank account in any bank:

If any of the household member has saving bank account in any bank (government, private, co-operative).

Average monthly earnings in Rs.

For every member who is employed (status code 11-51), average monthly earnings is to be collected and entered in terms of codes as given in the schedule. Average Monthly earnings are defined as the monetary returns from economic activities undertaken during the reference period by members having status code 11-

51. In case of wage wage/salaried, contract and casual workers, the average monthly earnings includes wages and salaries, dearness allowances, other guaranteed allowances, over time payment, bonus, family allowances, or any

other social security payments made by the employer. In case of self employed persons, the earnings will be taken as the monthly amount received by them on an average during the reference period.

SAMPLING DESIGN & ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

Introduction

Labour Bureau has been entrusted with the task of conducting Annual Employment-Unemployment Surveys in the country. The objective of this annual survey is to regularly make available the basic inputs on labour force related parameters to facilitate policy formulation/review. The first such Annual Household Employment-Unemployment survey for the period 2009-10 was conducted during the year 2010. Till so far four such surveys have been conducted and thereon reports released. The present one is the Fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey in the series.

2.1 In the current survey, a moving reference period is used to determine the usual status activity of the persons. The survey has been conducted in all the States/UTs by covering all the districts in the country. The field work of the present survey was launched in April, 2015 and completed in majority of the States/UTs by December, 2015. A

sample of about 1.57 lakh household schedules has been covered during the survey in 36 States/UTs.

2.2 Sample Design: A stratified multi-stage sample design has been adopted for the Fifth Annual Household Employment-Unemployment Survey. The first stage units (FSU) for rural sector are the 2011 census villages in all the States/UTs, except Kerala State, where panchayat wards are the FSUs. In case of urban sector, the latest available Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks for the period 2007-12 prepared by National Sample Survey Office are the First stage units.

2.3 Stratification: Each district of a State/UT has been divided into two strata: i) rural stratum comprising of all the rural areas of the district and ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

2.4 Sample Size: In all 36 States/UTs, a total sample of

13076 First Stage Units (FSUs) is allocated at All India level keeping in view the resource availability and other logistics. Broadly considering the population proportion, a sample of 7416 FSUs is allocated to rural sector in all the 36 States/UTs, while rest 5660 FSUs are allocated in the urban sector. While allocating the sample, additional weight age is given to the urban sector as compared to rural sector; so that the urban areas are not under represented in the survey on the basis of proportional allocation, with the condition that in major states the total sample size in urban sector does not exceed that of the rural sector.

2.5 Allocation of Sample to States/UTs: Distribution of total number of sample FSUs in rural sector among the States/UTs is done in proportion to their respective rural population as per 2011 census, subject to a minimum sample allocation to each State/UT. For urban sector, the sample FSUs are allocated among the 36 States/UTs in proportion to the UFS blocks for the period 2007-12. A minimum sample size in a State/UT is allocated at 24 FSUs with a

minimum of 12 each in rural and urban areas.

2.6 Allocation of State/UT level rural and Urban Stratum sample to districts: The State/UT level rural/ urban sample is further distributed among its districts in proportion to rural/ urban population/urban frame survey blocks. A minimum of 24 FSUs are allocated to each State/UT for rural and urban areas combined. Stratum level sample is adjusted to multiple of 4 FSUs with a minimum sample size of 4 FSUs in a stratum. In case of some North Eastern States and UTs a marginal increase in sample size is done due to their under representation in overall sample because of their lower population.

2.7 Selection of FSUs: For the rural stratum, the village lists based on 2011 census frame are taken in the same order and the required sample is drawn by using circular systematic sampling technique with probability proportional to size (size being the population of the village as per Census 2011). In case of urban stratum, the UFS blocks are arranged in ascending order based on the town variable. After

arranging UFS blocks, sample is drawn by circular systematic sampling. This arrangement is done to ensure that most of the towns are represented in the sample. In both, the rural and the urban strata, samples are drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples.

2.8 Criteria for hamlet group/sub block formation: Large FSUs having approximate present population of 1200 or more are divided into a suitable number (say, D) of 'hamlet-groups'(hg) in the rural sector and 'sub-blocks'(sb) in the urban sector as stated below.

APPROXIMATE PRESENT POPULATION OF THE SAMPLE VILLAGE/ URBAN BLOCK	NO. OF HG/SB TO BE FORMED (D)
LESS THAN 1200 (NO HAMLET-GROUP/SUB BLOCK)	1
1200 TO 1799	3
1800 TO 2399	4
2400 TO 2999	5
3000 TO 3599	6
.....AND SO ON	

2.9 For rural areas of Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Uttarakhand (except Dehradun plains, Nainital Plains, Haridwar and Udham Singh Nagar), Poonch, Rajouri,

Udhampur, Doda, Leh (Ladakh), Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir and Idukki district of Kerala, the number of hamlet groups are formed as follows:

APPROXIMATE PRESENT POPULATION OF THE SAMPLE VILLAGE/ BLOCK	NO. OF HGS/ SBS TO BE FORMED (D)
LESS THAN 600 (NO HAMLET-GROUPS/SUB BLOCKS)	1
600 TO 899	3
900 TO 1199	4
1200 TO 1499	5
.....AND SO ON	

2.10 Selection of hamlet groups/sub blocks:

In case of large village/UFS block wherever hamlet-groups/sub-blocks have been formed, two hamlet-groups/sub-blocks are selected. The procedure to select the hg/sb is as follows:

- i) The hg/sb with maximum percentage share of population will always be selected and termed as hg/sb 1.
- ii) Second hg/sb will be selected from the remaining hgs/sbs by simple random sampling and termed as hg/sb 2.

Listing and selection of the households will be done independently in the two selected hamlet-groups/sub-blocks. In case hamlet-groups/sub-blocks is formed in a sample FSU, it is ensured that the hamlet-groups/sub-blocks formed are clearly identifiable in terms of physical landmarks. The FSU without hg/sb formation will be treated as sample hg/sb number 1.

2.11 Listing of households: After determining the hamlet-groups/sub-blocks i.e. areas to be

considered for listing, all the households in that area will be listed (including those found to be temporarily locked after ascertaining the temporariness of locking of households through local people). The hamlet-group/sub-block with sample hg/sb number 1 will be listed first and that with sample hg/sb number 2 will be listed next.

2.12 Formation of Second Stage Strata and allocation of households:

For canvassing the schedules, all the households listed in selected FSU/ hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks are to be stratified into four second stage strata (SSS) as given below:

The second-stage-strata in the rural and urban stratum will be formed based on the number of persons in a household aged 15 years and above. The four second-stage-strata (SSS) in the rural and urban strata are formed in the following order:

2.13 Allocation of households:

The number of households to be surveyed (h) in each second stage stratum in the sample FSUs is as follows:

SECOND STAGE STRATA (SSS)	NO. OF MEMBERS IN THE HOUSEHOLD AGED 15 YEARS & ABOVE
SSS1	1
SSS2	2-3
SSS3	4-5
SSS4	6 & MORE

SSS	WITHOUT HG/SB FORMATION		WITH HG/SB FORMATION IN BOTH RURAL & URBAN STRATA	
	RURAL	URBAN	HG1/SB1	HG2/SB2
H1	1	1	1	1
H2	3	4	2	2
H3	4	4	2	2
H4	4	3	1	1
TOTAL	12	12	6	6

2.14 Selection of Households:

From each Second Stage Strata the sample households are selected by simple random sampling without replacement.

2.15 Shortfall of households to be compensated:

Shortfall of households in the frame of any particular SSS will be compensated from the same SSS of the other hg/sb or from the other SSS of the same or other hg/sb where additional household(s) are available. The procedure is as follows:

Step 1: Allocate the required number of households to each SSS wherever possible and identify the SSS having shortfall.

Step 2: In case of hg/sb formation, compensate from the same SSS of the other hg/sb, if available. Otherwise, go to Step 3.

Step 3: Find the SSS where additional households are available following the priority order of SSS 1, SSS 2, SSS 3 & SSS 4 and compensate.

2.16 The table given below may be useful for deciding the SSS from

which the compensation is to be made.

SSS HAVING SHORTFALL	PRIORITY ORDER OF SSS FOR COMPENSATION
1	2, 3, 4
2	1, 3, 4
3	1, 2, 4
4	1, 2, 3

2.17 If there is hg/sb formation, for each SSS as per priority order, compensation may be made from the hg/sb where shortfall occurs, failing which from other hg/sb and so on.

2.18 For example, if shortfall is in SSS 3 of hg/sb 1, first try to compensate from SSS3 of hg/sb 2,

failing which try from SSS 1 of hg/sb 1, failing which try from SSS 1 of hg/sb 2. If the shortfall still remains then try from SSS 2 of hg/sb 1, failing which try from SSS 2 of hg/ sb 2. If the shortfall still remains then try from SSS 4 of hg/sb 1, failing which try from SSS 4 of hg/ sb 2.

Estimation Procedure

t = subscript for t-th stratum

m = subscript for sub-sample (m = 1, 2)

i = subscript for i-th FSU (village/panchayat ward/ UFS block)

d = subscript for a hamlet-group/ sub-block (d = 1, 2)

j = subscript for j-th second stage stratum in an FSU/hg/sb (j = 1,2,3,4)

k = subscript for k-th sample household under a particular second stage stratum within an FSU/ hg/sb

D = total number of hg's/ sb's formed in the sample FSU

D* = 1 if D = 1

= D-1 for FSUs with D > 1

N = total number of FSUs in any urban stratum

Z = total size of a rural stratum

z = size of selected sample village

n = number of sample FSUs surveyed in a stratum

H = total number of households listed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU
/ hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU

h = number of households surveyed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU /
hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU

x, y = observed value of characteristics x, y under estimation

\hat{X}, \hat{Y} = estimate of population total X, Y for the characteristics x, y

Under the above symbols,

y_{tmidjk} = observed value of the characteristic y for the k -th household in the
 j -th second stage stratum of the d -th hg/ sb ($d = 1, 2$) of the i -th FSU
belonging to the m -th sub-sample for the t -th stratum.

Formulae for Estimation of Aggregates for a stratum in a district (rural & urban)

Listing Schedule 'A'

Rural stratum: For estimating the number of households possessing a characteristic

$$\hat{Y} = \frac{Z}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{z_i} \{y_{i1} + D_i^* y_{i2}\}$$

Where y_{i1}, y_{i2} are the total number of households possessing the characteristic y in hg's 1 & 2 of the i -th FSU respectively.

Urban Stratum: For estimating the number of households possessing a characteristic in the urban stratum of a district.

$$\hat{Y} = \frac{N}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \{y_{i1} + D_i^* y_{i2}\}$$

Where y_{i1}, y_{i2} are the total number of households possessing the characteristic y in sub-blocks 1 & 2 of i -th FSU respectively.

Schedule 'B': (Employment – Unemployment Survey Schedule)

Estimation formula for a rural stratum in a district:

Rural:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_{j=1}^4 \frac{Z}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \frac{1}{z_i} \left\{ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + D_i^* \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right\}$$

Estimation formula for an urban stratum in a District:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_{j=1}^4 \frac{N}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \left\{ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + D_i^* \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right\}$$

Overall Estimate for Aggregates:

Overall estimate for aggregates for a stratum (\hat{Y}_t) based on two sub-samples is obtained as:

$$\hat{Y}_t = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1}^2 \hat{Y}_{tm}$$

Overall Estimate of Aggregates at State/UT/all-India level:

The overall estimate \hat{Y} at the State/ UT/ all-India level is obtained by summing the stratum estimates \hat{Y}_t over all strata belonging to the State/ UT/ All-India.

Table (A1): Census Population as on 1st March 2011, percentage decadal change in population of aged 15 years and above between census 2001 and 2011 and projected population as on 1st July 2015 for each State/UT and All-India.

Name of State/UT/All India	Male					
	Rural			Urban		
	Census Population as on 1st March 2011	Percentage Decadal Change in Population Between Census 2001 and 2011 (15 years & above)	Projected Population as on 1st July 2015	Census Population as on 1st March 2011	Percentage Decadal Change in Population Between Census 2001 and 2011 (15 years & above)	Projected Population as on 1st July 2015
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ANDHRA PRADESH	12723964	10.0	13260740	5404834	40.9	6270625
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	345540	27.5	383919	117911	43.0	137682
ASSAM	8984143	22.5	9810817	1714757	28.8	1913259
BIHAR	28291540	29.1	31604938	4069247	38.9	4691505
CHHATTISGARH	6494519	27.5	7215547	2174035	49.0	2584049
DELHI	155382	-53.7	111263	6363500	31.0	7154482
GOA	214051	-16.1	198344	359885	39.2	415400
GUJARAT	12079593	14.8	12822878	10003996	42.5	11663957
HARYANA	5975814	19.6	6457678	3372282	53.0	4054363
HIMACHAL PRADESH	2255762	21.8	2457176	286050	15.7	304762
JAMMU & KASHMIR	3006222	21.3	3268251	1369519	38.0	1574471
JHARKHAND	7879281	26.7	8729699	2887142	35.2	3289963
KARNATAKA	13699163	16.8	14654747	9008103	38.1	10359135
KERALA	6295592	-23.8	5597242	5724882	92.9	7610699
MADHYA PRADESH	17511973	27.8	19476202	7433688	34.4	8449508
MAHARASHTRA	22301917	20.3	24161169	19941760	28.1	22203221
MANIPUR	696321	30.4	781230	293961	48.2	348559
MEGHALAYA	685697	29.6	767345	205902	38.5	237105
MIZORAM	170995	17.8	183608	203010	31.8	228812
NAGALAND	463981	-14.7	433152	208644	67.4	260849
ODISHA	12274108	19.0	13232816	2709680	30.8	3043880
PUNJAB	6588388	16.4	7037351	4131637	33.0	4675601
RAJASTHAN	16703648	29.4	18678306	6161691	37.1	7064232
SIKKIM	176803	5.6	181061	61292	154.0	91805
TAMIL NADU	13968706	12.6	14707841	13379738	31.3	15053497
TELANGANA	7876461	10.0	8208740	5169855	40.9	5998005
TRIPURA	974268	10.4	1016892	379194	82.3	491864
UTTAR PRADESH	50021327	26.2	55326053	16003291	37.4	18366869
UTTARAKHAND	2317524	21.7	2523696	1158496	43.9	1356505
WEST BENGAL	22562028	19.2	24350114	11545116	30.6	12959656
A & N ISLANDS	96137	5.6	98416	59268	24.8	65238
CHANDIGARH	12542	-69.4	7503	423178	30.9	475483
DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	65424	9.3	67994	71790	225.5	119719
DAMAN & DIU	23376	-52.6	16920	97529	371.4	190954
LAKSHADWEEP	5253	-52.6	3801	19534	109.3	26904
PUDUCHERRY	143757	23.7	157657	316228	33.7	358626
ALL INDIA	283897844	19.8	307991106	142648158	37.0	164091245

Note: 1. Population and Percentage decadal change in population aged 15 years and above were calculated using Table C13 of Census 2001 and 2011.

2. For any category of persons of any State/UT/All-India, Projected population as on 1st March 2015 has been derived using the formula. $A=A1*\{[1+(R/100)]^{(52/120)}\}$, where A1 is the census population as on 1st March 2011, R is the percentage decadal change in population between 2001 and 2011 and A is the projected population as on 1st July 2015.

Table (A2): Census Population as on 1st March 2011, percentage decadal change in population of aged 15 years and above between census 2001 and 2011 and projected population as on 1st July 2015 for each State/UT and All-India.

Name of State/UT/All India	Female					
	Rural			Urban		
	Census Population as on 1st March 2011	Percentage Decadal Change in Population Between Census 2001 and 2011 (15 years & above)	Projected Population as on 1st July 2015	Census Population as on 1st March 2011	Percentage Decadal Change in Population Between Census 2001 and 2011 (15 years & above)	Projected Population as on 1st July 2015
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ANDHRA PRADESH	12816437	11.7	13447276	5494012	46.0	6473871
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	325478	35.7	371523	99928	64.5	123967
ASSAM	8616599	25.5	9506392	1622354	44.4	1902246
BIHAR	25996835	26.1	28744488	3617140	45.4	4253658
CHHATTISGARH	6575704	26.2	7272585	2093989	55.3	2534043
DELHI	135541	-48.6	101594	5551497	43.0	6483076
GOA	217893	-14.5	203557	346462	43.9	405612
GUJARAT	11701925	14.7	12419884	8969721	43.4	10485585
HARYANA	5417300	23.4	5934856	3024578	59.7	3704484
HIMACHAL PRADESH	2292147	21.4	2493044	245095	27.8	272597
JAMMU & KASHMIR	2769414	24.6	3046478	1140318	44.9	1339141
JHARKHAND	7592263	25.6	8381062	2621596	45.3	3082101
KARNATAKA	13592754	17.4	14572188	8724552	42.4	10168780
KERALA	7024324	-22.4	6293575	6495803	100.4	8778753
MADHYA PRADESH	16405951	28.7	18299058	6890093	39.2	7950871
MAHARASHTRA	21723749	19.5	23463260	18081996	35.2	20608121
MANIPUR	687000	32.3	775472	309047	51.7	370195
MEGHALAYA	682380	33.4	773172	209184	43.6	244669
MIZORAM	162204	24.1	178107	204362	41.7	237682
NAGALAND	440247	-10.5	419679	185127	91.1	245121
ODISHA	12264737	18.8	13214693	2530100	39.1	2918759
PUNJAB	6198975	19.3	6690800	3697866	37.7	4247823
RAJASTHAN	15947725	30.0	17867879	5740345	43.3	6707939
SIKKIM	150478	7.8	155482	54891	189.1	86954
TAMIL NADU	14149428	12.5	14891404	13574850	34.5	15433446
TELANGANA	7971663	11.7	8364037	5053706	46.0	5955037
TRIPURA	929717	12.1	977076	371131	86.3	485983
UTTAR PRADESH	46430902	28.6	51774794	14426493	42.2	16806414
UTTARAKHAND	2425665	20.9	2633729	1038991	55.1	1256688
WEST BENGAL	21414024	19.6	23142421	10905021	40.6	12641765
A & N ISLANDS	81610	9.2	84794	50523	38.2	58134
CHANDIGARH	7964	-64.1	5109	344908	37.1	395476
DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	53477	13.6	56507	44833	229.0	75118
DAMAN & DIU	19661	-18.9	17955	47340	128.4	67717
LAKSHADWEEP	4853	-53.8	3472	18261	104.3	24886
PUDUCHERRY	151100	30.0	169291	337375	39.5	389695
ALL INDIA	273338790	20.1	296746693	134036267	43.4	157216407

Note: 1. Population and Percentage decadal change in population aged 15 years and above were calculated using Table C13 of Census 2001 and 2011.

2. For any category of persons of any State/UT/All-India, Projected population as on 1st March 2015 has been derived using the formula. $A=A1*\{[1+(R/100)]^{(52/120)}\}$, where A1 is the census population as on 1st March 2011, R is the percentage decadal change in population between 2001 and 2011 and A is the projected population as on 1st July 2015.

Table (1): Number of villages/UFS blocks allocated and actually surveyed for each State/UT

Rural+Urban							
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Number of villages/UFS blocks allocated			Actual number of villages/UFS blocks surveyed		
		Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Andhra Pradesh	296	220	516	295	220	515
2	Arunachal Pradesh	64	48	112	64	48	112
3	Assam	228	120	348	228	116	344
4	Bihar	768	192	960	768	192	960
5	Chhattisgarh	172	100	272	172	100	272
6	Delhi	27	232	259	20	232	252
7	Goa	12	12	24	12	12	24
8	Gujarat	320	316	636	320	316	636
9	Haryana	148	144	292	148	144	292
10	Himachal Pradesh	60	40	100	60	40	100
11	Jammu & Kashmir	104	108	212	103	108	211
12	Jharkhand	212	160	372	212	160	372
13	Karnataka	316	312	628	316	312	628
14	Kerala	148	240	388	148	240	388
15	Madhya Pradesh	436	284	720	436	284	720
16	Maharashtra	568	616	1184	568	616	1184
17	Manipur	36	36	72	36	36	72
18	Meghalaya	28	28	56	28	28	56
19	Mizoram	32	28	60	32	28	60
20	Nagaland	44	44	88	44	44	88
21	Odisha	292	152	444	292	152	444
22	Punjab	144	156	300	144	156	300
23	Rajasthan	432	252	684	432	252	684
24	Sikkim	16	16	32	16	16	32
25	Tamil Nadu	384	428	812	384	428	812
26	Telangana	176	196	372	175	194	369
27	Tripura	24	16	40	24	16	40
28	Uttarakhand	68	68	136	68	68	136
29	Uttar Pradesh	1284	600	1884	1284	600	1884
30	West Bengal	520	400	920	520	400	920
31	A & N Islands	12	12	24	12	12	24
32	Chandigarh	5	20	25	5	20	25
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	12	12	24	12	12	24
34	Daman & Diu	12	12	24	12	12	24
35	Lakshadweep	4	20	24	3	20	23
36	Puducherry	12	20	32	12	20	32
All India		7416	5660	13076	7405	5654	13059

Table (2): Number of householda and persons surveyed for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Number of households surveyed			Number of Persons surveyed		
		Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Andhra Pradesh	3537	2640	6177	15443	11866	27309
2	Arunachal Pradesh	764	576	1340	4038	2634	6672
3	Assam	2731	1392	4123	13858	6967	20825
4	Bihar	9211	2297	11508	50931	12809	63740
5	Chhattisgarh	2064	1197	3261	10905	5598	16503
6	Delhi	240	2784	3024	1208	13923	15131
7	Goa	144	144	288	633	702	1335
8	Gujarat	3839	3786	7625	18933	18833	37766
9	Haryana	1775	1728	3503	8891	8846	17737
10	Himachal Pradesh	720	480	1200	3575	2290	5865
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1236	1296	2532	6636	6525	13161
12	Jharkhand	2542	1911	4453	13915	9999	23914
13	Karnataka	3786	3739	7525	18484	17995	36479
14	Kerala	1776	2879	4655	7994	13289	21283
15	Madhya Pradesh	5232	3406	8638	27028	17528	44556
16	Maharashtra	6808	7390	14198	32594	36047	68641
17	Manipur	432	432	864	2197	2212	4409
18	Meghalaya	336	336	672	1968	1873	3841
19	Mizoram	384	336	720	2060	1699	3759
20	Nagaland	528	528	1056	2734	2708	5442
21	Odisha	3500	1823	5323	16661	8610	25271
22	Punjab	1728	1872	3600	8332	9161	17493
23	Rajasthan	5180	3023	8203	27040	15037	42077
24	Sikkim	192	192	384	908	936	1844
25	Tamil Nadu	4594	5131	9725	19807	22397	42204
26	Telangana	2097	2326	4423	9153	10605	19758
27	Tripura	288	192	480	1296	893	2189
28	Uttarakhand	816	816	1632	4162	4038	8200
29	Uttar Pradesh	15404	7188	22592	84673	38934	123607
30	West Bengal	6233	4788	11021	29024	22966	51990
31	A & N Islands	144	144	288	703	659	1362
32	Chandigarh	60	240	300	289	1145	1434
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	144	144	288	642	725	1367
34	Daman & Diu	144	144	288	729	654	1383
35	Lakshadweep	30	240	270	178	1336	1514
36	Puducherry	144	240	384	632	1100	1732
All India		88783	67780	156563	448254	333539	781793

**Table (3): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by members aged 15 years & above
Rural+Urban**

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by members aged 15 years and above			
		1 member	2-3 members	4-5 members	6 & above members
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	77	622	257	43
2	Arunachal Pradesh	76	394	290	240
3	Assam	37	515	331	117
4	Bihar	27	509	305	159
5	Chhattisgarh	44	513	317	127
6	Delhi	35	433	363	169
7	Goa	31	544	324	101
8	Gujarat	27	442	370	161
9	Haryana	26	429	385	160
10	Himachal Pradesh	51	440	384	125
11	Jammu & Kashmir	24	423	342	211
12	Jharkhand	29	480	327	164
13	Karnataka	56	514	322	108
14	Kerala	56	563	326	55
15	Madhya Pradesh	39	497	325	139
16	Maharashtra	33	486	366	115
17	Manipur	26	508	315	151
18	Meghalaya	48	594	243	116
19	Mizoram	65	515	280	140
20	Nagaland	74	445	315	166
21	Odisha	35	537	328	101
22	Punjab	26	438	399	137
23	Rajasthan	28	454	357	161
24	Sikkim	63	491	326	119
25	Tamil Nadu	77	592	288	43
26	Telangana	80	638	239	43
27	Tripura	59	621	260	60
28	Uttarakhand	47	442	358	153
29	Uttar Pradesh	29	463	317	191
30	West Bengal	35	585	305	75
31	A & N Islands	103	620	232	45
32	Chandigarh	68	470	355	108
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	38	448	353	162
34	Daman & Diu	40	531	290	138
35	Lakshadweep	34	323	318	324
36	Puducherry	59	580	315	46
	All India	42	514	322	123

Table (3.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by members aged 15 years & above
Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by members aged 15 years and above			
		1 member	2-3 members	4-5 members	6 & above members
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	82	616	256	46
2	Arunachal Pradesh	76	363	294	267
3	Assam	33	513	333	120
4	Bihar	27	505	306	162
5	Chhattisgarh	47	508	311	133
6	Delhi	26	398	398	178
7	Goa	30	530	351	89
8	Gujarat	30	419	374	177
9	Haryana	24	414	387	174
10	Himachal Pradesh	51	428	387	134
11	Jammu & Kashmir	24	406	336	234
12	Jharkhand	28	473	327	171
13	Karnataka	50	489	338	123
14	Kerala	56	552	334	58
15	Madhya Pradesh	42	506	317	135
16	Maharashtra	36	463	374	126
17	Manipur	27	502	315	156
18	Meghalaya	47	613	237	103
19	Mizoram	74	535	251	140
20	Nagaland	75	426	325	175
21	Odisha	35	530	330	105
22	Punjab	23	416	405	156
23	Rajasthan	27	445	359	169
24	Sikkim	57	485	336	122
25	Tamil Nadu	75	581	295	50
26	Telangana	81	630	247	42
27	Tripura	48	617	268	68
28	Uttarakhand	43	449	354	155
29	Uttar Pradesh	29	461	314	197
30	West Bengal	32	589	305	74
31	A & N Islands	106	625	220	49
32	Chandigarh	58	445	340	157
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	25	463	358	153
34	Daman & Diu	25	408	325	242
35	Lakshadweep	27	295	286	392
36	Puducherry	60	561	328	51
	All India	40	505	323	132

Table (3.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by members aged 15 years & above
Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by members aged 15 years and above			
		1 member	2-3 members	4-5 members	6 & above members
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	65	638	262	36
2	Arunachal Pradesh	73	549	269	110
3	Assam	58	525	320	97
4	Bihar	27	541	299	132
5	Chhattisgarh	31	531	337	100
6	Delhi	35	434	362	168
7	Goa	32	553	307	108
8	Gujarat	22	482	363	133
9	Haryana	29	460	380	131
10	Himachal Pradesh	50	513	367	70
11	Jammu & Kashmir	25	473	358	143
12	Jharkhand	34	503	324	139
13	Karnataka	65	555	296	84
14	Kerala	56	577	316	52
15	Madhya Pradesh	31	469	350	150
16	Maharashtra	29	518	354	99
17	Manipur	24	519	315	143
18	Meghalaya	55	504	268	173
19	Mizoram	54	493	313	139
20	Nagaland	73	494	287	145
21	Odisha	32	576	314	78
22	Punjab	30	481	387	102
23	Rajasthan	31	484	351	134
24	Sikkim	83	514	294	108
25	Tamil Nadu	80	604	281	35
26	Telangana	76	654	224	46
27	Tripura	103	635	228	34
28	Uttarakhand	58	423	372	147
29	Uttar Pradesh	29	470	329	171
30	West Bengal	43	575	304	78
31	A & N Islands	96	609	257	38
32	Chandigarh	68	470	355	106
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	52	429	347	171
34	Daman & Diu	44	562	282	112
35	Lakshadweep	35	327	322	316
36	Puducherry	58	592	307	43
	All India	45	535	320	100

Table (4): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by social group for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by social group			
		scheduled caste	scheduled tribe	other backward classes	others
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	200	64	423	314
2	Arunachal Pradesh	19	843	75	63
3	Assam	92	122	262	525
4	Bihar	208	32	561	199
5	Chhattisgarh	132	328	429	112
6	Delhi	147	16	215	622
7	Goa	11	185	174	629
8	Gujarat	160	131	408	301
9	Haryana	233	14	340	413
10	Himachal Pradesh	248	71	142	539
11	Jammu & Kashmir	101	88	126	685
12	Jharkhand	134	271	403	192
13	Karnataka	159	81	421	339
14	Kerala	111	20	562	307
15	Madhya Pradesh	199	207	390	204
16	Maharashtra	147	112	321	419
17	Manipur	134	249	522	95
18	Meghalaya	41	877	18	65
19	Mizoram	70	893	25	13
20	Nagaland	96	728	3	173
21	Odisha	234	194	293	279
22	Punjab	375	5	175	445
23	Rajasthan	200	142	405	254
24	Sikkim	66	377	198	359
25	Tamil Nadu	248	25	668	58
26	Telangana	172	85	527	216
27	Tripura	269	283	146	303
28	Uttarakhand	232	77	147	544
29	Uttar Pradesh	258	30	477	236
30	West Bengal	259	60	154	528
31	A & N Islands	13	56	205	726
32	Chandigarh	84	35	25	856
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	78	639	99	184
34	Daman & Diu	92	77	552	279
35	Lakshadweep	32	775	21	171
36	Puducherry	172	2	756	71
	All India	203	94	404	299

Table (4.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by social group for each State/UT

Rural					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by social group			
		scheduled caste	scheduled tribe	other backward classes	others
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	229	79	418	274
2	Arunachal Pradesh	15	905	55	26
3	Assam	90	131	268	512
4	Bihar	219	33	558	190
5	Chhattisgarh	137	388	441	34
6	Delhi	288	16	365	332
7	Goa	30	323	174	474
8	Gujarat	188	179	416	217
9	Haryana	299	13	355	333
10	Himachal Pradesh	264	78	151	506
11	Jammu & Kashmir	120	108	147	625
12	Jharkhand	145	323	404	128
13	Karnataka	185	102	417	295
14	Kerala	135	26	536	302
15	Madhya Pradesh	219	242	377	162
16	Maharashtra	163	150	327	360
17	Manipur	180	303	479	38
18	Meghalaya	44	909	18	30
19	Mizoram	86	891	15	9
20	Nagaland	95	759	3	143
21	Odisha	237	208	304	251
22	Punjab	425	3	187	385
23	Rajasthan	216	166	413	205
24	Sikkim	72	373	220	335
25	Tamil Nadu	324	22	628	25
26	Telangana	216	111	536	136
27	Tripura	265	344	136	255
28	Uttarakhand	238	82	111	569
29	Uttar Pradesh	288	30	482	200
30	West Bengal	287	76	175	462
31	A & N Islands	6	69	247	679
32	Chandigarh	-	90	97	813
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	37	925	10	27
34	Daman & Diu	190	1	515	294
35	Lakshadweep	35	792	13	160
36	Puducherry	298	-	699	3
All India		230	114	404	251

Table (4.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by social group for each State/UT
Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by social group			
		scheduled caste	scheduled tribe	other backward classes	others
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	121	25	436	418
2	Arunachal Pradesh	42	538	176	245
3	Assam	106	69	224	601
4	Bihar	111	24	590	274
5	Chhattisgarh	113	97	381	409
6	Delhi	143	16	211	630
7	Goa	-	102	175	724
8	Gujarat	110	46	396	448
9	Haryana	93	16	308	583
10	Himachal Pradesh	139	26	83	753
11	Jammu & Kashmir	45	32	65	858
12	Jharkhand	101	100	400	399
13	Karnataka	117	47	428	409
14	Kerala	80	13	593	313
15	Madhya Pradesh	136	98	431	336
16	Maharashtra	124	60	313	503
17	Manipur	53	158	595	194
18	Meghalaya	26	733	19	223
19	Mizoram	51	894	36	18
20	Nagaland	97	648	5	251
21	Odisha	215	121	234	431
22	Punjab	278	8	153	561
23	Rajasthan	146	61	377	416
24	Sikkim	43	392	124	441
25	Tamil Nadu	160	28	715	96
26	Telangana	92	36	509	362
27	Tripura	280	53	185	483
28	Uttarakhand	212	64	251	472
29	Uttar Pradesh	144	28	458	370
30	West Bengal	188	19	99	695
31	A & N Islands	28	30	114	828
32	Chandigarh	86	34	23	857
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	126	299	206	369
34	Daman & Diu	67	96	561	275
35	Lakshadweep	32	773	22	173
36	Puducherry	98	3	789	110
	All India	137	46	402	415

Table (5): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) benefited from employment generating schemes for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households benefited from				
		MGNREGA	PMEGA	SGSY	SJSRY	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	429	1	2	-	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	176	4	137	17	13
3	Assam	144	8	4	-	39
4	Bihar	53	0	1	-	55
5	Chhattisgarh	167	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	0	1
7	Goa	13	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	24	0	6	-	4
9	Haryana	84	0	1	-	3
10	Himachal Pradesh	201	-	-	-	2
11	Jammu & Kashmir	204	1	0	-	1
12	Jharkhand	353	30	47	8	90
13	Karnataka	123	2	2	-	1
14	Kerala	191	1	1	-	11
15	Madhya Pradesh	344	5	4	0	42
16	Maharashtra	56	2	5	-	3
17	Manipur	734	1	-	-	8
18	Meghalaya	687	2	-	-	3
19	Mizoram	864	11	-	19	124
20	Nagaland	722	42	105	9	166
21	Odisha	256	1	1	-	7
22	Punjab	46	-	-	-	0
23	Rajasthan	338	1	1	1	2
24	Sikkim	444	1	1	-	24
25	Tamil Nadu	477	4	9	1	8
26	Telangana	222	1	-	-	2
27	Tripura	746	6	-	-	60
28	Uttarakhand	323	1	-	-	7
29	Uttar Pradesh	149	0	0	0	13
30	West Bengal	345	2	5	2	6
31	A & N Islands	45	-	-	-	1
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	1
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	6	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	18	-	-	-	37
36	Puducherry	94	-	16	-	-
	All India	219	2	4	1	15

Table (5.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) benefited from employment generating schemes for each State/UT

Scheduled Caste (Rural+Urban)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households benefited from				
		MGNREGA	PMEGA	SGSY	SJSRY	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	472	4	4	-	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	72	113	108	23
3	Assam	153	0	2	-	35
4	Bihar	120	1	2	-	27
5	Chhattisgarh	267	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	33	-	7	-	5
9	Haryana	123	2	-	-	7
10	Himachal Pradesh	188	-	-	-	2
11	Jammu & Kashmir	133	3	4	-	3
12	Jharkhand	386	42	41	10	125
13	Karnataka	165	5	3	-	2
14	Kerala	419	3	5	-	13
15	Madhya Pradesh	382	3	2	3	50
16	Maharashtra	62	1	4	-	2
17	Manipur	652	-	-	-	6
18	Meghalaya	579	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	616	-	-	-	242
20	Nagaland	738	54	97	-	132
21	Odisha	293	1	0	-	3
22	Punjab	93	-	-	-	0
23	Rajasthan	416	2	2	1	3
24	Sikkim	716	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	572	3	5	-	11
26	Telangana	311	3	-	-	0
27	Tripura	684	23	-	-	81
28	Uttarakhand	314	-	-	-	24
29	Uttar Pradesh	235	0	0	-	18
30	West Bengal	388	3	6	7	7
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	31	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	210	-	-	-	-
	All India	284	3	3	1	15

Table (5.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) benefited from employment generating schemes for each State/UT

Scheduled Tribe (Rural+Urban)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households benefited from				
		MGNREGA	PMEGA	SGSY	SJSRY	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	390	-	-	-	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	190	3	145	24	15
3	Assam	226	30	6	-	55
4	Bihar	52	5	5	-	157
5	Chhattisgarh	194	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	4	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	3	-	1	-	-
9	Haryana	170	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	427	-	-	-	25
11	Jammu & Kashmir	501	-	-	-	0
12	Jharkhand	472	58	102	-	98
13	Karnataka	182	4	-	-	4
14	Kerala	573	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	422	9	6	-	61
16	Maharashtra	48	5	7	-	5
17	Manipur	877	4	-	-	13
18	Meghalaya	696	2	-	-	3
19	Mizoram	891	13	-	21	110
20	Nagaland	739	44	122	10	171
21	Odisha	319	2	-	-	23
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	478	-	-	-	3
24	Sikkim	447	2	2	-	5
25	Tamil Nadu	519	-	-	-	5
26	Telangana	157	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	836	1	-	-	54
28	Uttarakhand	423	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	185	-	-	-	14
30	West Bengal	454	-	3	-	1
31	A & N Islands	196	-	-	-	24
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	19
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	23	-	-	-	48
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	313	8	13	1	29

Table (5.3): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) benefited from employment generating schemes for each State/UT

Other Backward Classes (Rural+Urban)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households benefited from				
		MGNREGA	PMEGA	SGSY	SJSRY	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	495	0	0	-	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	20	5	20	-	-
3	Assam	110	5	1	-	30
4	Bihar	31	0	0	-	69
5	Chhattisgarh	121	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	1	3
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	34	-	9	-	6
9	Haryana	91	-	3	-	2
10	Himachal Pradesh	367	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	388	1	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	270	20	16	15	82
13	Karnataka	91	1	-	-	0
14	Kerala	144	1	0	-	14
15	Madhya Pradesh	349	6	2	-	31
16	Maharashtra	57	1	2	-	3
17	Manipur	665	-	-	-	7
18	Meghalaya	1000	-	-	-	7
19	Mizoram	665	-	-	-	267
20	Nagaland	1000	-	328	-	600
21	Odisha	258	0	2	-	4
22	Punjab	11	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	316	1	1	2	2
24	Sikkim	506	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	432	4	11	1	7
26	Telangana	200	1	-	-	1
27	Tripura	622	-	-	-	79
28	Uttarakhand	197	-	-	-	7
29	Uttar Pradesh	131	1	0	-	12
30	West Bengal	376	0	4	3	6
31	A & N Islands	24	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	44	-	22	-	-
	All India	198	2	3	1	17

Table (5.4): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) benefited from employment generating schemes for each State/UT

Others (Rural+Urban)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households benefited from				
		MGNREGA	PMEGA	SGSY	SJSRY	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	302	2	2	-	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	103	-	103	-	-
3	Assam	139	5	5	-	41
4	Bihar	40	0	-	-	30
5	Chhattisgarh	55	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	26	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	12	0	5	-	2
9	Haryana	36	0	0	-	0
10	Himachal Pradesh	124	-	-	-	0
11	Jammu & Kashmir	123	1	-	-	2
12	Jharkhand	275	2	11	3	73
13	Karnataka	121	-	5	-	2
14	Kerala	140	-	-	-	4
15	Madhya Pradesh	163	3	5	-	38
16	Maharashtra	55	2	7	-	3
17	Manipur	874	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	362	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	984	5	-	-	175
20	Nagaland	617	31	16	9	155
21	Odisha	167	2	2	-	2
22	Punjab	12	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	189	-	-	-	1
24	Sikkim	340	-	-	-	62
25	Tamil Nadu	352	0	1	-	4
26	Telangana	221	-	-	-	6
27	Tripura	754	-	-	-	38
28	Uttarakhand	336	2	-	-	0
29	Uttar Pradesh	66	-	-	0	9
30	West Bengal	288	2	5	1	6
31	A & N Islands	37	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	1
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	25	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	149	1	3	0	10

Table (6): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by number of employed persons aged 15 years & above for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by number of employed persons aged 15 years and above				
		None	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 & above persons
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	95	351	365	115	74
2	Arunachal Pradesh	15	451	326	141	68
3	Assam	27	554	277	94	48
4	Bihar	27	553	271	101	49
5	Chhattisgarh	32	261	392	150	165
6	Delhi	30	587	269	84	30
7	Goa	79	551	219	101	51
8	Gujarat	26	437	338	129	70
9	Haryana	47	517	295	105	35
10	Himachal Pradesh	84	546	259	86	24
11	Jammu & Kashmir	39	602	271	63	25
12	Jharkhand	14	486	341	121	39
13	Karnataka	37	403	340	141	80
14	Kerala	132	463	300	81	25
15	Madhya Pradesh	56	556	250	98	40
16	Maharashtra	54	408	341	112	86
17	Manipur	12	491	329	100	67
18	Meghalaya	14	452	298	144	92
19	Mizoram	15	361	352	149	122
20	Nagaland	18	374	379	106	123
21	Odisha	37	524	301	105	33
22	Punjab	64	544	270	99	24
23	Rajasthan	40	480	317	111	52
24	Sikkim	7	571	308	93	20
25	Tamil Nadu	85	419	329	115	52
26	Telangana	85	416	370	82	46
27	Tripura	57	625	245	60	12
28	Uttarakhand	95	465	289	110	42
29	Uttar Pradesh	31	565	264	102	38
30	West Bengal	51	514	300	100	35
31	A & N Islands	31	570	294	74	32
32	Chandigarh	124	586	214	53	23
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	20	554	254	124	48
34	Daman & Diu	30	497	248	169	56
35	Lakshadweep	138	519	190	109	43
36	Puducherry	88	487	290	111	23
	All India	51	484	306	107	52

Table (6.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by number of employed persons aged 15 years & above for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by number of employed persons aged 15 years and above				
		None	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 & above persons
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	76	268	421	140	95
2	Arunachal Pradesh	15	374	365	165	81
3	Assam	22	549	282	97	50
4	Bihar	26	541	277	103	53
5	Chhattisgarh	34	169	424	174	200
6	Delhi	45	390	363	158	43
7	Goa	60	556	230	107	47
8	Gujarat	22	361	368	153	96
9	Haryana	46	475	312	122	44
10	Himachal Pradesh	87	546	247	93	27
11	Jammu & Kashmir	38	597	274	65	26
12	Jharkhand	10	440	366	136	48
13	Karnataka	23	349	357	170	102
14	Kerala	119	466	306	83	27
15	Madhya Pradesh	58	522	264	109	47
16	Maharashtra	26	278	408	152	135
17	Manipur	10	449	381	102	57
18	Meghalaya	10	456	295	145	93
19	Mizoram	22	267	386	170	156
20	Nagaland	20	283	418	124	155
21	Odisha	36	501	312	114	36
22	Punjab	66	511	279	113	31
23	Rajasthan	35	425	352	125	63
24	Sikkim	7	578	291	104	19
25	Tamil Nadu	57	312	390	162	79
26	Telangana	80	323	429	106	62
27	Tripura	44	633	251	59	13
28	Uttarakhand	109	411	312	120	48
29	Uttar Pradesh	25	535	282	114	45
30	West Bengal	42	500	312	108	39
31	A & N Islands	25	558	310	80	27
32	Chandigarh	22	598	166	167	47
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	20	505	242	170	62
34	Daman & Diu	20	423	266	185	106
35	Lakshadweep	102	467	79	344	8
36	Puducherry	54	432	377	90	47
All India		40	441	329	124	65

Table (6.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by number of employed persons aged 15 years & above for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by number of employed persons aged 15 years and above				
		None	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 & above persons
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	144	569	219	48	20
2	Arunachal Pradesh	14	828	129	22	7
3	Assam	52	585	252	77	34
4	Bihar	36	663	210	80	11
5	Chhattisgarh	26	613	270	60	30
6	Delhi	30	593	266	82	30
7	Goa	90	547	212	97	54
8	Gujarat	34	567	285	88	26
9	Haryana	49	607	259	68	16
10	Himachal Pradesh	63	548	338	42	10
11	Jammu & Kashmir	42	616	264	55	23
12	Jharkhand	25	639	258	70	8
13	Karnataka	59	489	313	94	44
14	Kerala	147	459	293	78	23
15	Madhya Pradesh	49	662	205	65	19
16	Maharashtra	93	590	246	55	17
17	Manipur	14	564	241	96	85
18	Meghalaya	28	435	312	140	84
19	Mizoram	7	469	314	126	84
20	Nagaland	11	616	274	60	38
21	Odisha	40	650	239	55	16
22	Punjab	60	606	252	73	10
23	Rajasthan	57	665	199	64	15
24	Sikkim	6	547	368	54	25
25	Tamil Nadu	119	545	257	60	19
26	Telangana	95	588	262	39	17
27	Tripura	106	595	222	67	11
28	Uttarakhand	55	617	222	83	24
29	Uttar Pradesh	54	676	199	56	14
30	West Bengal	74	551	269	80	26
31	A & N Islands	45	597	258	60	40
32	Chandigarh	127	585	215	50	23
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	18	613	267	69	32
34	Daman & Diu	32	515	244	165	43
35	Lakshadweep	142	526	204	81	47
36	Puducherry	108	520	239	123	10
	All India	75	587	250	67	21

Table (7): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by number of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by number of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years and above			
		None	1 person	2 persons	3 persons & more
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	813	151	32	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	778	186	27	8
3	Assam	729	215	46	10
4	Bihar	868	110	19	3
5	Chhattisgarh	821	142	30	6
6	Delhi	501	363	109	27
7	Goa	536	317	103	44
8	Gujarat	777	168	45	9
9	Haryana	691	243	54	12
10	Himachal Pradesh	597	354	44	5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	653	270	64	13
12	Jharkhand	731	227	38	4
13	Karnataka	751	177	59	13
14	Kerala	714	217	60	8
15	Madhya Pradesh	851	125	19	4
16	Maharashtra	755	199	39	7
17	Manipur	735	225	36	4
18	Meghalaya	806	161	25	8
19	Mizoram	629	288	69	14
20	Nagaland	546	371	62	20
21	Odisha	742	212	41	5
22	Punjab	785	182	29	5
23	Rajasthan	728	225	39	7
24	Sikkim	580	351	54	16
25	Tamil Nadu	698	224	65	13
26	Telangana	770	196	30	4
27	Tripura	783	200	14	3
28	Uttarakhand	632	306	48	14
29	Uttar Pradesh	801	168	25	6
30	West Bengal	840	134	23	4
31	A & N Islands	661	277	53	9
32	Chandigarh	469	400	105	25
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	709	230	57	5
34	Daman & Diu	727	239	30	4
35	Lakshadweep	512	387	81	20
36	Puducherry	589	278	84	49
All India		773	182	38	7

Table (7.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by number of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by number of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years and above			
		None	1 person	2 persons	3 persons & more
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	863	110	25	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	819	143	28	10
3	Assam	754	197	39	9
4	Bihar	885	96	16	2
5	Chhattisgarh	881	95	19	4
6	Delhi	472	327	166	34
7	Goa	565	303	83	50
8	Gujarat	858	110	27	5
9	Haryana	769	184	37	10
10	Himachal Pradesh	600	352	43	5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	713	228	48	10
12	Jharkhand	784	179	33	3
13	Karnataka	851	110	32	6
14	Kerala	742	203	47	8
15	Madhya Pradesh	913	79	7	0
16	Maharashtra	858	121	18	3
17	Manipur	789	177	32	2
18	Meghalaya	846	137	12	4
19	Mizoram	809	161	25	5
20	Nagaland	632	293	55	19
21	Odisha	770	190	36	4
22	Punjab	839	139	17	5
23	Rajasthan	775	187	33	5
24	Sikkim	601	346	43	10
25	Tamil Nadu	754	178	55	12
26	Telangana	897	93	8	2
27	Tripura	816	180	3	0
28	Uttarakhand	684	265	41	10
29	Uttar Pradesh	844	132	19	5
30	West Bengal	896	88	14	2
31	A & N Islands	779	178	42	1
32	Chandigarh	325	497	156	22
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	822	145	33	-
34	Daman & Diu	642	265	71	22
35	Lakshadweep	505	172	323	-
36	Puducherry	832	134	32	1
All India		836	135	25	5

Table (7.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by number of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by number of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years and above			
		None	1 person	2 persons	3 persons & more
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	684	257	50	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	580	396	23	1
3	Assam	581	317	84	18
4	Bihar	717	232	43	8
5	Chhattisgarh	592	323	73	13
6	Delhi	501	364	107	27
7	Goa	518	326	115	41
8	Gujarat	638	268	77	17
9	Haryana	527	368	91	15
10	Himachal Pradesh	579	369	50	3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	478	393	110	19
12	Jharkhand	558	384	53	5
13	Karnataka	589	285	103	23
14	Kerala	678	236	77	9
15	Madhya Pradesh	660	269	55	17
16	Maharashtra	610	310	67	13
17	Manipur	642	308	42	8
18	Meghalaya	623	268	83	26
19	Mizoram	423	433	118	25
20	Nagaland	321	577	79	23
21	Odisha	589	333	66	12
22	Punjab	679	265	51	6
23	Rajasthan	571	352	62	15
24	Sikkim	503	366	94	37
25	Tamil Nadu	633	277	77	13
26	Telangana	537	384	71	8
27	Tripura	659	273	53	15
28	Uttarakhand	483	423	68	26
29	Uttar Pradesh	641	302	48	9
30	West Bengal	697	251	45	7
31	A & N Islands	410	488	76	26
32	Chandigarh	474	398	104	25
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	574	330	85	11
34	Daman & Diu	748	232	19	-
35	Lakshadweep	513	413	51	22
36	Puducherry	447	361	115	77
All India		621	298	68	13

Table (8): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by average monthly earnings for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by average monthly households earnings in code						
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	206	286	229	192	72	14	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	287	258	125	209	99	21	1
3	Assam	195	241	195	202	136	27	3
4	Bihar	225	323	250	147	49	5	1
5	Chhattisgarh	232	328	205	162	61	10	0
6	Delhi	15	37	132	308	384	109	14
7	Goa	114	110	135	285	245	74	37
8	Gujarat	134	217	215	271	151	11	1
9	Haryana	147	175	166	245	217	39	11
10	Himachal Pradesh	202	116	126	300	239	18	0
11	Jammu & Kashmir	211	182	145	201	209	50	2
12	Jharkhand	195	272	216	190	111	16	-
13	Karnataka	185	225	182	233	146	25	4
14	Kerala	101	150	223	311	171	40	5
15	Madhya Pradesh	358	310	155	118	54	5	0
16	Maharashtra	157	233	222	238	133	15	2
17	Manipur	73	209	258	236	201	22	2
18	Meghalaya	144	339	197	159	132	28	-
19	Mizoram	191	186	123	172	247	73	8
20	Nagaland	112	143	178	275	242	44	7
21	Odisha	298	293	168	144	81	12	4
22	Punjab	167	190	200	235	185	23	2
23	Rajasthan	108	223	235	281	139	13	1
24	Sikkim	54	185	274	169	242	71	5
25	Tamil Nadu	186	222	225	229	106	27	4
26	Telangana	204	249	211	199	104	28	4
27	Tripura	219	336	234	153	47	8	3
28	Uttarakhand	92	159	231	307	161	38	13
29	Uttar Pradesh	301	289	187	139	71	11	1
30	West Bengal	345	271	158	141	75	10	1
31	A & N Islands	106	186	236	202	212	52	6
32	Chandigarh	96	384	214	149	81	36	41
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	174	316	267	188	56	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	58	125	349	255	178	31	4
35	Lakshadweep	133	146	76	166	372	103	4
36	Puducherry	94	224	164	311	153	39	15
All India		221	254	201	196	108	18	2

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (8.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by average monthly earnings for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by average monthly households earnings in code						
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	246	324	218	173	34	4	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	333	291	116	178	66	15	1
3	Assam	219	262	202	189	110	16	2
4	Bihar	239	331	248	138	40	4	0
5	Chhattisgarh	259	357	207	142	31	4	-
6	Delhi	16	37	248	380	273	46	1
7	Goa	163	77	154	280	262	62	2
8	Gujarat	190	279	229	228	71	2	1
9	Haryana	200	218	191	229	145	14	3
10	Himachal Pradesh	226	126	127	287	223	12	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	267	212	151	177	167	25	0
12	Jharkhand	248	325	209	134	73	11	-
13	Karnataka	242	293	191	185	76	12	2
14	Kerala	111	165	254	303	140	22	5
15	Madhya Pradesh	434	338	132	75	21	1	0
16	Maharashtra	219	308	233	172	64	4	1
17	Manipur	107	250	246	205	174	18	-
18	Meghalaya	163	387	219	139	91	1	-
19	Mizoram	274	267	134	153	155	17	-
20	Nagaland	145	183	196	275	159	35	8
21	Odisha	329	304	159	132	62	10	4
22	Punjab	226	235	202	196	127	14	0
23	Rajasthan	129	255	239	262	108	7	0
24	Sikkim	67	224	333	142	197	36	2
25	Tamil Nadu	241	269	220	193	67	10	0
26	Telangana	267	317	227	154	33	2	-
27	Tripura	250	366	233	123	25	2	-
28	Uttarakhand	111	171	234	319	126	25	14
29	Uttar Pradesh	341	310	184	115	46	5	0
30	West Bengal	424	302	138	98	33	3	1
31	A & N Islands	141	250	286	155	125	43	-
32	Chandigarh	258	379	156	145	62	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	285	232	209	199	75	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	61	126	349	236	223	4	-
35	Lakshadweep	43	220	198	128	63	349	-
36	Puducherry	84	359	222	249	68	13	5
	All India	273	296	200	160	63	7	1

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (8.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by average monthly earnings for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households by average monthly households earnings in code						
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	102	187	257	240	171	40	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	56	97	171	360	264	51	2
3	Assam	56	122	155	280	288	90	9
4	Bihar	101	244	274	234	125	19	4
5	Chhattisgarh	131	220	200	239	174	33	2
6	Delhi	15	37	129	306	387	111	14
7	Goa	84	131	123	288	234	82	58
8	Gujarat	38	111	190	345	290	25	1
9	Haryana	36	82	111	280	371	93	28
10	Himachal Pradesh	46	47	120	386	345	54	2
11	Jammu & Kashmir	48	96	127	273	329	120	7
12	Jharkhand	22	98	236	374	238	33	-
13	Karnataka	92	116	170	310	258	47	7
14	Kerala	87	130	183	321	211	62	7
15	Madhya Pradesh	123	222	226	251	156	20	1
16	Maharashtra	69	127	207	332	231	31	3
17	Manipur	13	139	277	291	248	27	4
18	Meghalaya	56	121	101	252	319	150	-
19	Mizoram	95	94	110	194	351	138	17
20	Nagaland	24	40	131	274	461	67	3
21	Odisha	129	236	217	205	185	26	3
22	Punjab	52	102	195	310	297	39	4
23	Rajasthan	40	113	223	347	240	33	4
24	Sikkim	9	48	65	266	404	194	14
25	Tamil Nadu	121	166	231	272	153	48	9
26	Telangana	89	124	181	283	234	76	13
27	Tripura	102	221	238	265	130	30	13
28	Uttarakhand	37	125	221	274	259	75	9
29	Uttar Pradesh	154	212	202	227	167	33	4
30	West Bengal	145	191	207	247	180	28	2
31	A & N Islands	32	51	131	301	394	72	19
32	Chandigarh	91	384	216	149	81	37	42
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	43	415	335	174	33	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	57	125	349	260	167	37	5
35	Lakshadweep	143	138	61	171	410	73	5
36	Puducherry	99	145	131	348	202	55	20
All India		93	153	203	285	217	44	6

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (9): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) having saving bank account by average monthly earnings for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having saving bank account	distribution of households having saving bank account by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	958	192	287	231	199	75	15	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	889	249	269	124	225	108	24	1
3	Assam	927	163	242	202	215	146	29	3
4	Bihar	919	193	326	263	158	53	6	1
5	Chhattisgarh	972	224	330	207	166	63	10	0
6	Delhi	987	15	36	128	309	388	111	14
7	Goa	995	114	111	135	286	241	75	37
8	Gujarat	918	110	205	223	287	164	12	1
9	Haryana	968	144	173	162	246	224	41	11
10	Himachal Pradesh	989	201	109	127	303	242	18	0
11	Jammu & Kashmir	986	210	180	144	202	212	50	2
12	Jharkhand	973	181	276	219	193	114	17	-
13	Karnataka	916	168	230	181	237	154	26	4
14	Kerala	979	95	147	223	315	175	40	6
15	Madhya Pradesh	975	352	311	157	119	55	5	0
16	Maharashtra	955	151	229	223	241	138	16	2
17	Manipur	828	69	192	268	215	228	26	2
18	Meghalaya	851	115	338	194	165	154	33	-
19	Mizoram	917	176	157	131	188	259	80	9
20	Nagaland	792	42	111	173	313	302	51	9
21	Odisha	951	281	297	173	149	84	13	4
22	Punjab	957	149	186	204	243	193	24	2
23	Rajasthan	977	104	219	237	284	141	13	1
24	Sikkim	956	45	162	285	177	252	74	5
25	Tamil Nadu	938	165	222	229	239	112	28	4
26	Telangana	931	186	248	213	207	111	30	5
27	Tripura	940	218	312	246	162	50	9	3
28	Uttarakhand	969	81	154	234	313	165	39	13
29	Uttar Pradesh	945	284	291	193	145	74	11	1
30	West Bengal	904	313	275	165	152	82	11	1
31	A & N Islands	989	106	184	233	204	214	53	6
32	Chandigarh	990	86	388	216	150	82	36	41
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	979	167	316	269	192	57	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	1000	58	125	349	255	178	31	4
35	Lakshadweep	1000	133	146	76	166	372	103	4
36	Puducherry	980	93	228	167	306	152	40	15
	All India	944	204	254	205	203	113	19	3

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (9.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) having saving bank account by average monthly earnings for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having saving bank account	distribution of households having saving bank account by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	952	230	326	223	180	36	4	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	874	294	308	114	194	72	17	1
3	Assam	918	184	265	211	203	119	17	2
4	Bihar	914	205	336	262	149	44	4	0
5	Chhattisgarh	969	251	359	208	146	32	4	-
6	Delhi	982	13	23	252	387	277	47	1
7	Goa	999	163	77	154	280	262	62	2
8	Gujarat	877	158	267	245	247	80	3	1
9	Haryana	964	197	217	188	231	150	14	3
10	Himachal Pradesh	988	225	119	128	290	225	13	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	983	267	209	150	178	170	26	0
12	Jharkhand	967	231	332	215	136	75	12	-
13	Karnataka	909	222	302	195	189	79	11	2
14	Kerala	975	106	162	255	308	143	23	5
15	Madhya Pradesh	972	428	341	134	76	21	1	0
16	Maharashtra	933	213	307	237	172	67	4	1
17	Manipur	831	101	241	236	199	201	22	-
18	Meghalaya	845	129	390	213	158	108	1	-
19	Mizoram	861	254	218	150	178	180	19	-
20	Nagaland	738	59	147	204	327	211	40	11
21	Odisha	946	310	309	164	138	65	10	4
22	Punjab	947	204	232	210	205	134	15	1
23	Rajasthan	972	124	252	242	265	111	7	0
24	Sikkim	949	56	201	348	150	206	37	2
25	Tamil Nadu	937	223	273	225	199	70	10	0
26	Telangana	939	256	319	229	158	35	3	-
27	Tripura	933	252	342	246	131	27	3	-
28	Uttarakhand	967	98	166	241	326	130	26	15
29	Uttar Pradesh	937	322	313	190	121	48	5	0
30	West Bengal	880	394	312	145	107	37	4	1
31	A & N Islands	992	140	247	287	156	126	43	-
32	Chandigarh	940	224	391	165	154	66	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	970	275	227	215	205	77	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	1000	61	126	349	236	223	4	-
35	Lakshadweep	1000	43	220	198	128	63	349	-
36	Puducherry	998	85	360	221	249	68	13	5
All India		934	255	298	206	166	67	7	1

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (9.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) having saving bank account by average monthly earnings for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having saving bank account	distribution of households having saving bank account by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	975	96	187	252	246	175	41	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	966	48	95	168	365	269	53	2
3	Assam	983	48	117	156	285	293	92	9
4	Bihar	965	86	241	278	242	129	19	4
5	Chhattisgarh	983	121	221	202	243	177	34	2
6	Delhi	987	15	36	124	307	391	112	15
7	Goa	993	85	131	124	290	229	83	58
8	Gujarat	988	36	110	188	347	292	25	1
9	Haryana	978	33	80	108	277	378	96	28
10	Himachal Pradesh	993	44	46	117	389	347	54	2
11	Jammu & Kashmir	996	48	96	127	271	330	121	7
12	Jharkhand	993	22	96	235	375	239	33	-
13	Karnataka	928	83	115	159	314	272	50	7
14	Kerala	983	81	129	184	324	214	63	7
15	Madhya Pradesh	986	121	220	228	253	157	21	1
16	Maharashtra	986	69	127	205	332	233	31	3
17	Manipur	824	13	107	324	244	273	33	5
18	Meghalaya	876	55	112	111	194	357	171	-
19	Mizoram	980	96	96	112	198	339	141	18
20	Nagaland	933	5	36	109	282	492	72	3
21	Odisha	981	123	235	220	206	188	26	3
22	Punjab	978	45	98	194	316	303	40	4
23	Rajasthan	994	40	113	222	347	241	33	4
24	Sikkim	979	9	27	67	272	413	199	14
25	Tamil Nadu	939	96	162	234	287	161	50	9
26	Telangana	917	52	114	183	300	254	83	14
27	Tripura	965	95	204	247	275	134	31	14
28	Uttarakhand	976	34	122	214	277	266	77	9
29	Uttar Pradesh	971	145	212	203	232	170	34	4
30	West Bengal	965	127	189	212	256	186	29	2
31	A & N Islands	984	32	52	117	306	401	73	20
32	Chandigarh	991	83	388	218	150	82	37	42
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	990	40	420	331	176	33	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	1000	57	125	349	260	167	37	5
35	Lakshadweep	1000	143	138	61	171	410	73	5
36	Puducherry	969	98	148	135	340	202	57	21
	All India	968	83	151	203	290	223	45	6

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (10): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having no earner based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT No Earner

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having no earner	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	95	586	122	90	125	67	9	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	15	803	15	28	88	66	-	-
3	Assam	27	355	132	148	232	115	17	-
4	Bihar	27	593	207	92	91	17	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	32	820	130	3	40	7	-	-
6	Delhi	30	324	109	90	367	110	-	-
7	Goa	79	692	195	1	103	-	8	-
8	Gujarat	26	626	90	74	148	61	0	-
9	Haryana	47	446	123	146	239	44	2	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	84	441	19	212	174	154	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	39	312	143	33	427	83	2	-
12	Jharkhand	14	528	150	131	187	5	-	-
13	Karnataka	37	541	101	119	170	58	10	1
14	Kerala	132	302	161	228	198	104	6	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	56	755	136	50	39	20	-	-
16	Maharashtra	54	309	144	189	206	141	11	-
17	Manipur	12	-	216	151	627	7	-	-
18	Meghalaya	14	589	225	-	122	64	-	-
19	Mizoram	15	468	241	84	90	117	-	-
20	Nagaland	18	335	409	102	109	44	-	-
21	Odisha	37	659	225	34	63	19	-	-
22	Punjab	64	318	204	139	210	124	5	-
23	Rajasthan	40	568	149	105	102	77	-	-
24	Sikkim	7	179	-	-	821	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	85	466	138	131	173	76	15	1
26	Telangana	85	665	135	54	70	74	2	0
27	Tripura	57	564	88	266	82	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	95	140	32	370	423	34	0	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	31	598	162	98	107	35	1	-
30	West Bengal	51	573	116	122	144	45	1	-
31	A & N Islands	31	282	-	329	390	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	124	299	331	210	135	-	-	24
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	20	587	413	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	30	674	320	-	6	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	138	452	55	108	302	82	-	-
36	Puducherry	88	582	160	6	202	50	-	-
	All India	51	515	141	122	148	68	5	0

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (10.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having one earner based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT
One Earner

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having one earner	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	351	259	278	230	124	90	17	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	451	299	164	148	243	137	9	-
3	Assam	554	295	256	182	142	117	9	0
4	Bihar	553	301	359	226	89	24	1	-
5	Chhattisgarh	261	334	270	151	157	85	3	-
6	Delhi	587	8	55	183	341	357	54	2
7	Goa	551	96	152	209	307	184	52	-
8	Gujarat	437	187	221	240	240	109	3	0
9	Haryana	517	206	194	176	215	186	17	6
10	Himachal Pradesh	546	221	92	138	329	216	4	0
11	Jammu & Kashmir	602	279	193	164	185	164	14	1
12	Jharkhand	486	280	280	202	140	95	5	-
13	Karnataka	403	271	219	170	209	113	16	2
14	Kerala	463	111	177	253	303	125	28	3
15	Madhya Pradesh	556	426	277	138	109	45	3	0
16	Maharashtra	408	199	194	211	245	136	13	2
17	Manipur	491	105	250	297	192	143	13	-
18	Meghalaya	452	156	390	194	133	121	6	-
19	Mizoram	361	221	160	114	162	315	27	-
20	Nagaland	374	121	73	147	328	322	10	-
21	Odisha	524	427	298	120	91	62	3	-
22	Punjab	544	235	195	244	194	124	8	-
23	Rajasthan	480	150	281	257	221	86	5	0
24	Sikkim	571	77	182	367	142	215	16	-
25	Tamil Nadu	419	233	202	238	199	105	22	2
26	Telangana	416	182	236	205	202	135	37	2
27	Tripura	625	258	383	208	115	36	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	465	129	203	181	291	176	17	2
29	Uttar Pradesh	565	414	285	150	91	53	6	0
30	West Bengal	514	514	216	105	94	68	4	0
31	A & N Islands	570	126	262	218	131	248	4	11
32	Chandigarh	586	99	518	200	74	63	16	30
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	554	284	384	274	58	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	497	17	90	542	221	98	32	-
35	Lakshadweep	519	128	219	88	105	409	51	-
36	Puducherry	487	83	265	195	295	127	16	18
All India		484	304	252	186	157	90	10	1

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (10.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having two earners based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT
Two Earners

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having two earners	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	365	145	379	237	181	45	11	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	326	355	306	118	134	49	35	2
3	Assam	277	73	282	216	238	141	49	1
4	Bihar	271	138	358	274	176	47	6	0
5	Chhattisgarh	392	260	428	176	83	40	13	1
6	Delhi	269	2	6	75	300	423	180	15
7	Goa	219	30	53	87	372	311	45	102
8	Gujarat	338	84	264	197	278	161	16	1
9	Haryana	295	61	182	160	280	237	65	15
10	Himachal Pradesh	259	156	177	73	283	270	40	1
11	Jammu & Kashmir	271	104	210	130	194	260	100	2
12	Jharkhand	341	136	339	216	187	98	24	-
13	Karnataka	340	134	273	182	227	155	23	5
14	Kerala	300	28	140	210	354	204	54	11
15	Madhya Pradesh	250	264	416	149	108	56	8	0
16	Maharashtra	341	129	337	214	189	115	16	1
17	Manipur	329	57	183	264	266	199	31	-
18	Meghalaya	298	186	390	153	104	125	41	-
19	Mizoram	352	223	206	124	119	226	97	4
20	Nagaland	379	139	221	208	189	196	47	-
21	Odisha	301	140	361	220	167	88	13	10
22	Punjab	270	63	199	141	297	247	49	3
23	Rajasthan	317	39	218	236	359	131	17	1
24	Sikkim	308	26	158	173	208	287	148	-
25	Tamil Nadu	329	126	303	232	216	87	29	6
26	Telangana	370	183	299	241	181	66	24	7
27	Tripura	245	105	357	282	171	49	26	10
28	Uttarakhand	289	61	190	277	243	141	61	27
29	Uttar Pradesh	264	152	368	224	165	76	12	2
30	West Bengal	300	149	440	176	152	66	14	1
31	A & N Islands	294	75	80	326	252	132	135	-
32	Chandigarh	214	-	140	326	237	140	76	81
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	254	22	301	275	376	26	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	248	90	249	219	275	138	12	16
35	Lakshadweep	190	15	103	79	340	394	69	-
36	Puducherry	290	6	271	135	369	177	22	19
All India		306	132	322	210	204	106	23	3

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (10.3): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having three earners based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT
Three Earners

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having three earners	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	115	43	262	288	323	67	16	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	141	167	420	90	237	73	13	-
3	Assam	94	19	137	229	339	203	60	13
4	Bihar	101	44	153	331	322	127	19	4
5	Chhattisgarh	150	85	286	324	244	50	11	1
6	Delhi	84	5	4	16	139	543	231	62
7	Goa	101	-	-	-	188	534	209	69
8	Gujarat	129	39	177	237	302	226	15	3
9	Haryana	105	16	106	176	268	337	80	16
10	Himachal Pradesh	86	27	173	124	348	307	22	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	63	31	59	109	263	415	114	10
12	Jharkhand	121	45	131	299	318	176	31	-
13	Karnataka	141	60	192	250	275	181	36	6
14	Kerala	81	9	55	138	393	335	67	3
15	Madhya Pradesh	98	100	368	299	137	88	8	0
16	Maharashtra	112	72	176	335	248	146	20	3
17	Manipur	100	13	172	185	212	404	5	10
18	Meghalaya	144	63	214	275	269	122	57	-
19	Mizoram	149	139	190	57	289	214	106	3
20	Nagaland	106	24	167	192	223	232	138	23
21	Odisha	105	67	153	301	289	139	48	3
22	Punjab	99	15	147	167	288	338	40	4
23	Rajasthan	111	7	93	222	347	299	30	2
24	Sikkim	93	8	341	92	160	239	137	22
25	Tamil Nadu	115	50	176	249	341	127	49	8
26	Telangana	82	39	225	233	341	125	30	8
27	Tripura	60	-	65	283	467	164	21	-
28	Uttarakhand	110	9	32	280	414	202	56	6
29	Uttar Pradesh	102	62	203	311	269	128	24	3
30	West Bengal	100	66	190	351	252	117	20	4
31	A & N Islands	74	-	185	63	424	256	72	-
32	Chandigarh	53	-	169	16	451	178	161	26
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	124	-	127	314	389	170	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	169	42	54	144	312	384	64	-
35	Lakshadweep	109	-	51	-	43	478	391	38
36	Puducherry	111	-	19	156	362	249	212	1
All India		107	52	184	277	287	164	32	4

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (10.4): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having four & above earners based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT
Four & above Earners

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having four & above earners	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	74	19	116	265	450	135	14	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	68	14	367	104	309	151	55	-
3	Assam	48	14	92	196	418	214	44	21
4	Bihar	49	24	123	313	315	198	23	5
5	Chhattisgarh	165	26	261	292	311	93	16	0
6	Delhi	30	-	-	15	127	412	317	129
7	Goa	51	-	-	9	151	428	270	142
8	Gujarat	70	38	93	155	421	263	29	1
9	Haryana	35	7	106	53	328	381	77	48
10	Himachal Pradesh	24	36	130	121	92	480	142	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	25	29	3	112	175	405	264	12
12	Jharkhand	39	10	60	157	445	274	54	-
13	Karnataka	80	24	168	154	333	248	67	6
14	Kerala	25	10	13	71	257	457	165	28
15	Madhya Pradesh	40	87	203	217	355	118	17	4
16	Maharashtra	86	80	134	182	410	173	18	3
17	Manipur	67	19	87	72	382	367	66	9
18	Meghalaya	92	7	136	264	303	237	52	-
19	Mizoram	122	37	192	228	223	160	110	49
20	Nagaland	123	44	61	176	445	174	63	36
21	Odisha	33	37	127	175	394	201	58	8
22	Punjab	24	14	91	145	312	384	36	18
23	Rajasthan	52	11	49	155	364	380	30	12
24	Sikkim	20	-	-	141	177	419	143	121
25	Tamil Nadu	52	23	105	184	406	251	28	3
26	Telangana	46	25	212	273	315	143	28	4
27	Tripura	12	-	-	204	517	234	27	18
28	Uttarakhand	42	1	69	22	379	301	145	83
29	Uttar Pradesh	38	54	138	231	344	183	44	6
30	West Bengal	35	11	71	279	402	174	51	14
31	A & N Islands	32	105	-	40	314	398	143	-
32	Chandigarh	23	20	29	-	598	195	79	79
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	48	-	50	123	250	576	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	56	-	-	23	425	537	15	-
35	Lakshadweep	43	21	-	-	21	486	471	-
36	Puducherry	23	-	-	535	101	308	56	-
All India		52	36	129	208	369	211	39	8

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (11): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having wage/salaried persons based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having wage/salaried persons	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	187	41	139	268	287	202	61	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	222	13	98	105	357	341	82	4
3	Assam	271	47	122	135	257	347	83	9
4	Bihar	132	39	176	228	332	188	32	5
5	Chhattisgarh	179	47	155	196	335	218	48	1
6	Delhi	499	5	27	91	265	457	136	20
7	Goa	464	-	25	56	298	430	128	63
8	Gujarat	223	22	107	184	343	309	33	2
9	Haryana	309	34	77	115	274	380	92	27
10	Himachal Pradesh	403	130	89	45	267	428	41	0
11	Jammu & Kashmir	347	46	54	83	229	451	131	6
12	Jharkhand	269	57	152	153	268	317	54	-
13	Karnataka	249	45	94	140	323	335	54	9
14	Kerala	286	35	70	121	333	315	111	15
15	Madhya Pradesh	149	64	198	212	273	223	28	1
16	Maharashtra	245	42	99	188	330	301	34	5
17	Manipur	265	11	38	111	173	588	73	6
18	Meghalaya	194	83	42	136	181	434	124	-
19	Mizoram	371	31	55	48	157	502	186	22
20	Nagaland	454	1	34	69	347	439	96	15
21	Odisha	258	56	166	198	275	251	39	14
22	Punjab	215	73	122	192	209	327	71	6
23	Rajasthan	272	37	126	177	340	285	30	4
24	Sikkim	420	-	85	166	166	474	98	11
25	Tamil Nadu	302	53	154	205	293	226	59	11
26	Telangana	230	42	116	180	289	252	103	19
27	Tripura	217	192	186	150	257	166	35	13
28	Uttarakhand	368	23	100	186	302	311	68	10
29	Uttar Pradesh	199	98	204	190	245	215	44	4
30	West Bengal	160	80	122	140	282	321	48	7
31	A & N Islands	339	-	36	116	146	540	143	18
32	Chandigarh	531	58	314	224	177	126	55	46
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	291	1	238	410	255	97	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	273	2	54	215	360	315	54	-
35	Lakshadweep	488	42	16	50	89	593	201	8
36	Puducherry	411	19	112	87	385	300	82	15
	All India	227	54	133	176	292	281	56	8

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (11.1): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having wage/salaried persons based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having wage/salaried persons	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	137	40	146	326	321	141	25	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	181	19	143	121	357	273	83	3
3	Assam	246	54	143	153	270	320	55	5
4	Bihar	115	44	184	244	331	167	28	2
5	Chhattisgarh	119	55	191	203	379	146	26	-
6	Delhi	528	15	22	171	278	435	79	0
7	Goa	435	-	17	56	299	486	138	4
8	Gujarat	142	34	152	211	394	190	15	4
9	Haryana	231	36	107	152	306	337	51	11
10	Himachal Pradesh	400	147	96	46	274	410	27	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	287	70	74	100	230	451	75	1
12	Jharkhand	216	88	215	159	208	278	52	-
13	Karnataka	149	80	171	197	316	220	13	4
14	Kerala	258	42	87	160	324	312	63	12
15	Madhya Pradesh	87	94	295	288	195	122	5	0
16	Maharashtra	142	84	156	243	270	229	11	6
17	Manipur	211	22	36	36	170	656	79	-
18	Meghalaya	154	126	61	198	237	372	7	-
19	Mizoram	191	17	58	64	242	533	86	-
20	Nagaland	368	1	52	98	395	338	94	23
21	Odisha	230	59	192	215	275	209	33	17
22	Punjab	161	118	174	191	172	289	55	1
23	Rajasthan	225	52	150	178	330	267	20	2
24	Sikkim	399	-	102	209	170	455	59	5
25	Tamil Nadu	246	66	213	209	301	195	15	0
26	Telangana	103	113	193	254	285	133	22	-
27	Tripura	184	274	217	138	239	120	13	-
28	Uttarakhand	316	25	108	173	350	306	34	5
29	Uttar Pradesh	156	120	236	208	231	179	24	1
30	West Bengal	104	129	200	175	270	198	20	9
31	A & N Islands	221	-	-	235	92	494	179	-
32	Chandigarh	675	146	407	222	133	92	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	178	2	94	356	386	163	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	358	7	207	357	180	237	12	-
35	Lakshadweep	495	-	-	148	161	3	688	-
36	Puducherry	168	-	428	-	283	247	12	30
All India		164	76	179	202	283	226	29	4

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (11.2): Per 1000 distribution of households (hhs) by households having wage/salaried persons based on usual principal status (ps) approach and their average monthly earnings for each State/UT Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of households having wage/salaried persons	distribution of households by average monthly household earnings in code						
			Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Andhra Pradesh	316	41	132	202	248	272	101	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	420	1	1	69	358	485	80	5
3	Assam	419	24	50	72	213	440	180	21
4	Bihar	283	22	150	169	333	267	45	15
5	Chhattisgarh	408	39	115	189	286	298	73	2
6	Delhi	499	5	27	88	265	457	137	20
7	Goa	482	-	30	56	298	400	122	95
8	Gujarat	362	15	76	165	308	390	46	0
9	Haryana	473	32	46	77	241	425	135	44
10	Himachal Pradesh	421	24	46	42	224	538	125	1
11	Jammu & Kashmir	522	9	23	55	227	451	221	13
12	Jharkhand	442	6	51	143	364	377	58	-
13	Karnataka	411	26	49	107	327	401	78	12
14	Kerala	322	29	53	82	342	319	159	17
15	Madhya Pradesh	340	40	120	151	336	304	47	3
16	Maharashtra	390	20	70	160	361	338	46	5
17	Manipur	358	-	39	188	176	518	68	12
18	Meghalaya	377	3	7	22	79	548	341	-
19	Mizoram	577	37	54	41	125	490	223	30
20	Nagaland	679	0	8	28	279	582	98	5
21	Odisha	411	50	86	146	274	378	60	6
22	Punjab	321	28	72	192	246	363	87	11
23	Rajasthan	429	11	85	174	359	316	48	7
24	Sikkim	497	-	38	43	155	528	208	28
25	Tamil Nadu	367	42	109	202	286	249	93	20
26	Telangana	463	12	84	150	291	300	136	26
27	Tripura	341	28	124	175	293	260	80	39
28	Uttarakhand	517	22	86	208	218	320	128	18
29	Uttar Pradesh	359	62	150	160	267	274	78	10
30	West Bengal	303	38	54	110	292	429	72	5
31	A & N Islands	590	-	65	22	189	576	114	33
32	Chandigarh	526	55	310	224	179	128	57	48
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	426	-	310	436	190	64	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	252	-	-	165	423	343	68	-
35	Lakshadweep	487	48	17	38	80	666	141	9
36	Puducherry	553	22	56	102	404	310	94	12
All India		379	29	85	148	301	340	85	12

code : Upto Rs 5,000-1, Rs 5,001- Rs7,500-2, Rs7,501- Rs 10,000-3, Rs 10,001- Rs 20,000-4, Rs 20,001- Rs 50,000-5, Rs 50,001- Rs 1,00,000-6, Above Rs 1,00,000-7

Table (12): Labour Force Participation Rate (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	819	561	1000	692	679	221	387	448	781	466	775	625
2	Arunachal Pradesh	706	403	965	558	635	163	-	403	696	370	965	536
3	Assam	740	202	487	490	753	216	316	497	742	204	447	491
4	Bihar	782	149	486	490	735	76	-	431	777	142	462	485
5	Chhattisgarh	831	623	684	729	720	208	536	478	808	543	651	679
6	Delhi	714	187	-	473	667	120	447	416	668	122	447	418
7	Goa	807	240	-	515	713	250	-	472	750	246	-	489
8	Gujarat	791	240	458	526	715	103	133	421	764	192	295	489
9	Haryana	717	156	1000	449	682	118	123	411	706	145	471	437
10	Himachal Pradesh	727	170	888	450	694	169	844	441	723	170	887	449
11	Jammu & Kashmir	657	99	-	391	652	122	1000	397	656	105	167	392
12	Jharkhand	787	226	674	528	728	130	592	445	774	204	666	509
13	Karnataka	791	362	494	582	743	264	392	508	774	327	458	555
14	Kerala	722	312	467	507	704	303	797	493	714	308	704	500
15	Madhya Pradesh	729	203	351	480	661	87	719	388	712	174	396	457
16	Maharashtra	763	463	554	616	644	128	376	397	714	330	467	527
17	Manipur	733	330	-	535	796	262	-	516	755	304	-	528
18	Meghalaya	757	466	1000	615	718	471	-	592	750	467	996	610
19	Mizoram	759	642	-	701	718	439	1000	568	740	540	1000	637
20	Nagaland	723	590	315	661	667	388	-	532	709	536	315	627
21	Odisha	786	196	570	503	728	131	604	441	778	186	572	494
22	Punjab	725	108	151	426	692	117	103	418	714	111	143	424
23	Rajasthan	761	250	238	517	673	91	576	395	742	215	270	490
24	Sikkim	772	331	-	560	758	319	56	557	769	328	56	560
25	Tamil Nadu	809	509	564	658	691	250	559	468	756	392	561	572
26	Telangana	722	529	862	625	701	267	622	491	714	440	756	578
27	Tripura	804	316	-	560	846	308	-	565	812	314	-	561
28	Uttarakhand	723	220	897	478	655	115	104	405	705	195	458	459
29	Uttar Pradesh	769	121	304	466	651	76	352	380	745	112	314	448
30	West Bengal	831	199	590	526	752	160	242	462	808	188	387	508
31	A & N Islands	867	368	-	621	820	299	-	579	852	347	-	608
32	Chandigarh	763	69	-	459	628	83	-	382	632	82	-	384
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	748	216	-	502	665	120	-	424	710	174	-	467
34	Daman & Diu	747	164	-	476	832	147	-	507	812	151	-	500
35	Lakshadweep	340	245	-	290	623	157	-	373	583	169	-	361
36	Puducherry	824	341	-	563	730	279	-	502	764	304	-	525
	All India	773	267	511	530	691	162	412	435	750	237	480	503

Table (13): Worker Population Ratio (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	786	541	1000	666	660	200	387	428	752	446	775	601
2	Arunachal Pradesh	645	360	965	506	609	147	-	382	640	330	965	488
3	Assam	714	175	487	464	696	173	316	447	712	175	447	461
4	Bihar	738	138	486	461	686	64	-	399	733	131	462	455
5	Chhattisgarh	822	617	684	721	681	183	536	445	793	533	651	666
6	Delhi	689	170	-	451	650	110	447	402	651	112	447	404
7	Goa	717	175	-	438	687	222	-	445	699	204	-	442
8	Gujarat	782	238	458	520	711	101	133	418	757	189	295	484
9	Haryana	688	147	1000	429	657	96	123	388	678	131	471	416
10	Himachal Pradesh	655	137	888	397	677	166	844	431	658	140	887	401
11	Jammu & Kashmir	623	68	-	358	639	107	1000	383	627	77	167	364
12	Jharkhand	738	200	501	489	671	105	592	403	723	178	510	470
13	Karnataka	782	357	494	575	732	256	392	498	764	320	458	547
14	Kerala	694	216	467	443	671	215	443	431	684	216	450	438
15	Madhya Pradesh	705	185	351	459	637	81	719	373	688	159	396	437
16	Maharashtra	746	455	554	603	633	121	360	388	699	322	459	516
17	Manipur	691	319	-	509	753	232	-	479	713	285	-	498
18	Meghalaya	748	441	1000	598	658	373	-	513	731	427	996	581
19	Mizoram	746	634	-	691	690	411	1000	540	720	522	1000	619
20	Nagaland	672	552	315	616	584	321	-	457	649	489	315	574
21	Odisha	758	173	570	478	701	116	604	420	750	165	572	469
22	Punjab	694	88	151	401	667	90	103	393	686	89	143	398
23	Rajasthan	712	219	238	477	652	78	576	378	699	188	270	456
24	Sikkim	681	215	-	457	707	171	56	464	687	206	56	459
25	Tamil Nadu	781	478	564	629	674	233	448	451	733	367	496	548
26	Telangana	714	520	862	617	679	227	622	460	702	420	756	562
27	Tripura	736	156	-	446	800	164	-	468	748	158	-	451
28	Uttarakhand	671	195	897	439	640	104	104	392	663	173	458	427
29	Uttar Pradesh	724	97	290	430	620	56	352	355	703	88	303	415
30	West Bengal	801	181	590	502	721	139	242	437	778	169	387	483
31	A & N Islands	817	248	-	536	795	198	-	518	810	233	-	531
32	Chandigarh	750	36	-	437	605	82	-	369	610	81	-	371
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	728	207	-	487	659	103	-	413	696	161	-	454
34	Daman & Diu	747	162	-	475	832	144	-	506	812	148	-	499
35	Lakshadweep	321	239	-	278	513	131	-	307	485	145	-	303
36	Puducherry	813	294	-	532	707	257	-	479	745	272	-	500
	All India	741	246	500	504	668	143	369	414	721	217	459	478

Table (14): Unemployment Rate (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	40	34	-	38	28	95	-	44	37	42	-	39
2	Arunachal Pradesh	87	108	-	93	40	98	-	52	81	107	-	89
3	Assam	35	136	-	55	75	199	-	101	41	145	-	61
4	Bihar	56	75	-	59	67	147	-	74	57	79	-	60
5	Chhattisgarh	11	10	-	11	55	120	-	68	19	18	-	19
6	Delhi	35	92	-	45	25	83	-	33	26	83	-	33
7	Goa	112	269	-	150	37	113	-	58	69	172	-	96
8	Gujarat	10	9	-	10	5	19	-	7	9	11	-	9
9	Haryana	40	61	-	43	37	186	-	57	39	93	-	47
10	Himachal Pradesh	99	194	-	117	24	19	-	23	90	174	-	106
11	Jammu & Kashmir	51	318	-	83	20	130	-	36	44	264	-	72
12	Jharkhand	62	116	257	73	79	190	-	94	65	127	234	77
13	Karnataka	12	16	-	13	15	31	-	19	13	20	-	15
14	Kerala	38	308	-	125	46	290	445	126	41	300	361	125
15	Madhya Pradesh	33	87	-	44	36	73	-	40	34	85	-	43
16	Maharashtra	22	16	-	20	17	55	44	23	20	22	17	21
17	Manipur	56	33	-	49	53	117	-	70	55	61	-	57
18	Meghalaya	12	54	-	28	83	208	-	134	25	87	-	48
19	Mizoram	17	12	-	15	39	64	-	49	27	33	-	30
20	Nagaland	71	65	-	69	124	172	-	141	84	86	-	85
21	Odisha	36	116	-	51	36	113	-	47	36	116	-	50
22	Punjab	42	186	-	59	36	231	-	62	40	201	-	60
23	Rajasthan	63	123	-	77	31	138	-	43	57	124	-	71
24	Sikkim	118	351	-	184	66	465	-	168	107	374	-	181
25	Tamil Nadu	35	61	-	45	25	67	197	36	31	63	116	42
26	Telangana	10	17	-	13	32	148	-	62	18	44	-	28
27	Tripura	84	505	-	203	55	467	-	172	78	498	-	197
28	Uttarakhand	72	116	-	81	22	95	-	32	60	113	-	70
29	Uttar Pradesh	59	200	49	76	47	262	-	67	57	209	37	74
30	West Bengal	37	91	-	47	41	129	-	56	38	101	-	49
31	A & N Islands	58	326	-	137	31	337	-	104	50	329	-	127
32	Chandigarh	17	488	-	49	36	7	-	34	36	19	-	34
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	26	41	-	29	9	145	-	26	19	73	-	28
34	Daman & Diu	-	9	-	1	-	22	-	3	-	18	-	3
35	Lakshadweep	55	24	-	41	178	168	-	175	167	140	-	161
36	Puducherry	14	136	-	54	32	81	-	46	25	106	-	49
	All India	42	78	21	51	33	121	103	49	40	87	43	50

Table (15): Proportion Unemployed (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	33	19	-	26	19	21	-	20	29	20	-	24
2	Arunachal Pradesh	61	43	-	52	26	16	-	21	56	40	-	48
3	Assam	26	28	-	27	56	43	-	50	30	30	-	30
4	Bihar	44	11	-	29	50	11	-	32	45	11	-	29
5	Chhattisgarh	9	6	-	8	39	25	-	32	15	10	-	13
6	Delhi	25	17	-	21	17	10	-	14	17	10	-	14
7	Goa	90	64	-	77	26	28	-	27	51	42	-	47
8	Gujarat	8	2	-	5	4	2	-	3	7	2	-	4
9	Haryana	29	10	-	19	25	22	-	24	27	13	-	21
10	Himachal Pradesh	72	33	-	53	17	3	-	10	65	30	-	47
11	Jammu & Kashmir	34	32	-	33	13	16	-	14	29	28	-	28
12	Jharkhand	49	26	173	38	57	25	-	42	51	26	156	39
13	Karnataka	9	6	-	7	11	8	-	10	10	7	-	8
14	Kerala	27	96	-	63	32	88	354	62	29	92	254	63
15	Madhya Pradesh	24	18	-	21	24	6	-	16	24	15	-	20
16	Maharashtra	17	8	-	12	11	7	17	9	15	7	8	11
17	Manipur	41	11	-	26	43	31	-	36	42	19	-	30
18	Meghalaya	9	25	-	17	59	98	-	79	19	41	-	30
19	Mizoram	13	8	-	10	28	28	-	28	20	18	-	19
20	Nagaland	51	39	-	45	83	67	-	75	59	46	-	53
21	Odisha	28	23	-	26	26	15	-	21	28	22	-	25
22	Punjab	30	20	-	25	25	27	-	26	28	22	-	25
23	Rajasthan	48	31	-	40	21	12	-	17	42	27	-	35
24	Sikkim	91	116	-	103	50	148	-	94	82	123	-	101
25	Tamil Nadu	28	31	-	30	17	17	110	17	23	25	65	24
26	Telangana	7	9	-	8	22	40	-	31	13	19	-	16
27	Tripura	68	160	-	114	46	144	-	97	64	156	-	110
28	Uttarakhand	52	25	-	39	15	11	-	13	42	22	-	32
29	Uttar Pradesh	45	24	15	35	31	20	-	26	42	23	12	33
30	West Bengal	30	18	-	24	31	21	-	26	30	19	-	25
31	A & N Islands	51	120	-	85	25	101	-	60	42	114	-	77
32	Chandigarh	13	34	-	22	23	1	-	13	23	2	-	13
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	20	9	-	15	6	17	-	11	13	13	-	13
34	Daman & Diu	-	2	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	3	-	1
35	Lakshadweep	19	6	-	12	111	26	-	65	98	24	-	58
36	Puducherry	11	46	-	30	23	23	-	23	19	32	-	26
All India		32	21	11	27	23	20	42	21	30	21	21	25

Table (16): Labour Force Participation Rate (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	824	590	1000	709	679	222	387	449	785	488	775	638
2	Arunachal Pradesh	774	585	965	682	636	201	-	422	755	532	965	646
3	Assam	753	275	684	531	756	221	316	501	753	267	598	527
4	Bihar	786	196	486	514	736	83	-	435	781	185	462	507
5	Chhattisgarh	831	626	684	730	721	222	536	485	809	548	651	682
6	Delhi	760	218	-	512	667	123	447	418	670	126	447	421
7	Goa	808	246	-	519	713	253	-	474	750	250	-	491
8	Gujarat	791	254	458	533	715	103	133	421	764	200	295	493
9	Haryana	717	229	1000	483	682	126	123	415	706	197	471	462
10	Himachal Pradesh	729	182	888	457	694	169	844	441	725	180	887	455
11	Jammu & Kashmir	657	101	-	392	652	122	1000	397	656	106	167	393
12	Jharkhand	844	592	674	727	732	149	592	456	820	490	666	666
13	Karnataka	793	381	494	593	743	265	392	508	775	339	458	562
14	Kerala	726	319	467	512	705	309	797	496	717	314	704	505
15	Madhya Pradesh	730	215	351	486	661	90	719	390	712	183	396	462
16	Maharashtra	765	469	554	619	644	129	376	398	715	334	467	530
17	Manipur	747	582	-	666	798	311	-	542	765	477	-	620
18	Meghalaya	782	548	1000	668	718	491	-	602	770	536	996	655
19	Mizoram	793	706	-	750	742	502	1000	613	770	604	1000	684
20	Nagaland	757	648	315	706	696	455	-	579	741	596	315	672
21	Odisha	800	274	570	547	729	142	604	447	789	254	572	532
22	Punjab	726	115	151	430	692	118	103	419	715	116	143	427
23	Rajasthan	776	392	238	593	676	99	576	400	754	328	270	551
24	Sikkim	786	595	-	695	764	403	79	599	781	556	79	674
25	Tamil Nadu	812	552	564	682	691	250	559	468	758	415	561	585
26	Telangana	723	537	862	630	702	267	622	491	715	445	756	581
27	Tripura	829	591	-	710	847	362	-	594	833	544	-	687
28	Uttarakhand	726	260	897	499	655	116	104	405	707	225	458	475
29	Uttar Pradesh	775	156	321	485	651	78	352	381	750	140	327	464
30	West Bengal	837	244	670	551	752	162	242	463	813	220	420	525
31	A & N Islands	867	390	-	632	820	299	-	579	852	362	-	615
32	Chandigarh	763	69	-	459	628	83	-	382	632	82	-	384
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	749	216	-	502	665	120	-	424	710	174	-	467
34	Daman & Diu	747	164	-	476	832	153	-	510	812	155	-	502
35	Lakshadweep	340	245	-	290	623	158	-	373	583	169	-	362
36	Puducherry	824	364	-	576	743	279	-	509	773	313	-	534
	All India	780	317	522	558	691	166	412	437	755	274	488	524

Table (17): Worker Population Ratio (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	795	573	1000	686	661	202	387	429	759	470	775	616
2	Arunachal Pradesh	737	570	965	656	616	186	-	404	720	516	965	621
3	Assam	737	255	684	514	712	181	316	459	734	245	598	506
4	Bihar	751	189	486	493	694	73	-	408	746	178	462	484
5	Chhattisgarh	826	624	684	727	689	200	536	458	798	542	651	673
6	Delhi	740	201	-	493	651	115	447	405	654	117	447	408
7	Goa	720	190	-	447	687	227	-	447	700	212	-	447
8	Gujarat	785	253	458	529	711	102	133	419	759	199	295	490
9	Haryana	699	222	1000	471	661	106	123	395	687	187	471	447
10	Himachal Pradesh	659	149	888	405	677	166	844	431	662	151	887	408
11	Jammu & Kashmir	627	70	-	361	642	107	1000	385	631	79	167	367
12	Jharkhand	832	587	674	719	685	126	592	420	799	482	666	652
13	Karnataka	785	376	494	586	732	257	392	499	766	333	458	555
14	Kerala	701	242	467	460	677	231	443	442	690	237	450	452
15	Madhya Pradesh	714	201	351	471	644	85	719	378	696	172	396	448
16	Maharashtra	753	464	554	611	635	123	360	390	705	328	459	522
17	Manipur	723	578	-	652	758	284	-	509	736	464	-	599
18	Meghalaya	773	523	1000	651	674	407	-	537	754	499	996	628
19	Mizoram	790	704	-	747	731	476	1000	594	763	590	1000	674
20	Nagaland	725	614	315	673	639	411	-	529	703	559	315	635
21	Odisha	777	256	570	527	703	129	604	427	766	237	572	512
22	Punjab	697	96	151	406	667	91	103	393	687	94	143	402
23	Rajasthan	757	384	238	579	661	87	576	387	736	319	270	537
24	Sikkim	736	528	-	636	726	305	79	534	734	482	79	614
25	Tamil Nadu	786	524	564	655	674	235	448	451	736	393	496	563
26	Telangana	715	529	862	622	680	229	622	461	703	427	756	566
27	Tripura	784	510	-	647	802	226	-	502	787	453	-	619
28	Uttarakhand	680	237	897	464	643	105	104	394	670	205	458	446
29	Uttar Pradesh	741	136	306	458	621	59	352	356	716	120	316	437
30	West Bengal	817	231	670	534	722	142	242	438	790	205	420	507
31	A & N Islands	820	273	-	550	799	198	-	521	813	251	-	541
32	Chandigarh	750	36	-	437	605	82	-	369	610	81	-	371
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	730	207	-	488	659	103	-	413	697	161	-	454
34	Daman & Diu	747	163	-	476	832	149	-	509	812	152	-	501
35	Lakshadweep	340	245	-	290	603	141	-	355	566	155	-	346
36	Puducherry	813	318	-	545	720	257	-	486	754	281	-	509
	All India	757	302	519	539	671	148	369	418	733	258	472	505

Table (18): Unemployment Rate (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	35	29	-	33	27	91	-	43	33	37	-	35
2	Arunachal Pradesh	48	26	-	39	32	73	-	42	46	29	-	39
3	Assam	21	72	-	33	59	180	-	85	26	84	-	40
4	Bihar	44	36	-	42	56	121	-	62	45	39	-	44
5	Chhattisgarh	5	4	-	5	44	101	-	57	13	11	-	12
6	Delhi	27	79	-	37	24	70	-	30	24	71	-	31
7	Goa	108	229	-	138	37	105	-	56	67	152	-	90
8	Gujarat	7	3	-	6	5	12	-	6	7	5	-	6
9	Haryana	25	31	-	26	31	153	-	49	27	55	-	33
10	Himachal Pradesh	96	181	-	112	24	19	-	23	87	163	-	102
11	Jammu & Kashmir	45	307	-	78	15	127	-	32	38	257	-	66
12	Jharkhand	15	7	-	12	65	156	-	79	25	18	-	22
13	Karnataka	11	14	-	11	15	31	-	19	12	18	-	14
14	Kerala	35	241	-	102	40	251	445	110	37	245	361	106
15	Madhya Pradesh	21	64	-	30	26	57	-	29	22	63	-	30
16	Maharashtra	15	11	-	13	14	49	44	19	14	17	17	15
17	Manipur	31	7	-	21	51	85	-	61	39	27	-	34
18	Meghalaya	12	45	-	25	62	171	-	107	21	69	-	40
19	Mizoram	4	2	-	3	16	52	-	31	9	23	-	15
20	Nagaland	42	52	-	46	82	95	-	87	52	61	-	56
21	Odisha	28	64	-	37	35	94	-	44	29	66	-	38
22	Punjab	40	167	-	57	36	229	-	62	39	187	-	58
23	Rajasthan	25	22	-	24	22	114	-	33	24	28	-	25
24	Sikkim	65	113	-	84	50	242	-	107	61	132	-	89
25	Tamil Nadu	31	50	-	39	25	63	197	35	29	54	116	38
26	Telangana	10	15	-	12	31	145	-	61	18	42	-	27
27	Tripura	54	136	-	88	54	374	-	156	54	168	-	100
28	Uttarakhand	64	91	-	71	18	91	-	27	53	91	-	61
29	Uttar Pradesh	44	125	46	56	46	246	-	65	45	139	36	58
30	West Bengal	23	53	-	30	40	122	-	54	28	68	-	36
31	A & N Islands	55	298	-	129	26	337	-	100	46	308	-	120
32	Chandigarh	17	488	-	49	36	7	-	34	36	19	-	34
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	25	41	-	29	9	145	-	26	18	73	-	27
34	Daman & Diu	-	9	-	1	-	21	-	3	-	18	-	3
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	32	106	-	49	29	85	-	43
36	Puducherry	14	127	-	53	31	81	-	45	25	102	-	48
	All India	29	47	6	34	30	109	103	44	30	58	32	37

Table (19): Proportion Unemployed (per 1000) for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	Rural				Urban				Rural+Urban			
		male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person	male	female	transgender	person
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh	29	17	-	23	18	20	-	19	26	18	-	22
2	Arunachal Pradesh	37	15	-	26	20	15	-	18	35	15	-	25
3	Assam	16	20	-	18	45	40	-	42	20	23	-	21
4	Bihar	34	7	-	22	41	10	-	27	35	7	-	22
5	Chhattisgarh	5	2	-	3	32	23	-	27	10	6	-	8
6	Delhi	20	17	-	19	16	9	-	13	16	9	-	13
7	Goa	88	56	-	72	26	27	-	26	50	38	-	44
8	Gujarat	6	1	-	3	4	1	-	2	5	1	-	3
9	Haryana	18	7	-	13	21	19	-	20	19	11	-	15
10	Himachal Pradesh	70	33	-	51	17	3	-	10	63	29	-	46
11	Jammu & Kashmir	30	31	-	30	10	16	-	13	25	27	-	26
12	Jharkhand	13	4	-	9	48	23	-	36	20	9	-	15
13	Karnataka	8	5	-	7	11	8	-	10	9	6	-	8
14	Kerala	25	77	-	52	28	77	354	55	27	77	254	53
15	Madhya Pradesh	16	14	-	15	17	5	-	11	16	12	-	14
16	Maharashtra	11	5	-	8	9	6	17	8	10	6	8	8
17	Manipur	23	4	-	14	40	26	-	33	29	13	-	21
18	Meghalaya	9	25	-	17	45	84	-	65	16	37	-	26
19	Mizoram	3	1	-	2	12	26	-	19	7	14	-	11
20	Nagaland	32	34	-	33	57	43	-	50	38	36	-	37
21	Odisha	23	17	-	20	26	13	-	20	23	17	-	20
22	Punjab	29	19	-	24	25	27	-	26	28	22	-	25
23	Rajasthan	19	9	-	14	15	11	-	13	18	9	-	14
24	Sikkim	51	67	-	59	38	98	-	64	48	73	-	60
25	Tamil Nadu	26	28	-	27	17	16	110	16	22	22	65	22
26	Telangana	7	8	-	8	22	39	-	30	13	19	-	16
27	Tripura	45	80	-	63	46	136	-	92	45	92	-	69
28	Uttarakhand	47	24	-	35	12	11	-	11	37	20	-	29
29	Uttar Pradesh	34	20	15	27	30	19	-	25	33	19	12	27
30	West Bengal	20	13	-	16	30	20	-	25	23	15	-	19
31	A & N Islands	48	116	-	81	21	101	-	58	39	112	-	74
32	Chandigarh	13	34	-	22	23	1	-	13	23	2	-	13
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	19	9	-	14	6	17	-	11	13	13	-	13
34	Daman & Diu	-	2	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	3	-	1
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	20	17	-	18	17	14	-	16
36	Puducherry	11	46	-	30	23	23	-	23	19	32	-	26
All India		23	15	3	19	21	18	42	19	22	16	15	19

Table (20): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	262	4	97	130	22	9	87	389
2	Arunachal Pradesh	503	5	304	147	10	10	15	6
3	Assam	399	5	97	213	18	17	77	174
4	Bihar	383	1	95	97	35	26	116	247
5	Chhattisgarh	242	3	268	98	15	5	35	334
6	Delhi	335	6	86	445	82	5	34	7
7	Goa	212	18	25	447	106	11	144	37
8	Gujarat	358	7	182	160	77	4	64	149
9	Haryana	386	1	112	247	58	28	93	76
10	Himachal Pradesh	314	8	67	318	127	20	132	14
11	Jammu & Kashmir	351	4	71	305	39	14	85	129
12	Jharkhand	450	2	95	185	67	19	136	45
13	Karnataka	305	7	116	181	23	14	75	279
14	Kerala	235	12	23	260	32	19	282	137
15	Madhya Pradesh	360	4	167	116	23	64	92	174
16	Maharashtra	318	4	209	166	35	7	47	214
17	Manipur	518	3	150	177	20	26	61	45
18	Meghalaya	354	3	214	126	20	11	104	168
19	Mizoram	363	3	309	226	22	7	47	23
20	Nagaland	353	1	283	283	15	8	11	46
21	Odisha	341	3	109	196	42	27	132	149
22	Punjab	352	3	114	172	80	9	133	136
23	Rajasthan	433	5	164	196	21	33	109	41
24	Sikkim	446	0	70	327	4	52	63	38
25	Tamil Nadu	203	7	48	241	29	38	178	257
26	Telangana	261	10	101	168	28	11	93	329
27	Tripura	370	13	73	176	5	73	186	103
28	Uttarakhand	334	7	147	285	20	26	79	102
29	Uttar Pradesh	405	3	138	151	31	34	130	107
30	West Bengal	315	3	73	123	48	4	234	200
31	A & N Islands	225	-	89	270	61	95	221	38
32	Chandigarh	136	4	28	542	178	25	88	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	317	2	79	217	318	2	33	32
34	Daman & Diu	319	12	129	180	219	-	54	86
35	Lakshadweep	245	37	34	421	150	14	93	7
36	Puducherry	130	13	14	395	45	22	235	146
	All India	336	5	125	170	37	22	117	189

Table (20.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	332	5	44	153	28	10	111	315
2	Arunachal Pradesh	598	7	161	187	15	9	19	4
3	Assam	453	6	80	202	15	19	81	143
4	Bihar	424	1	87	99	34	29	127	199
5	Chhattisgarh	339	4	167	125	21	7	39	299
6	Delhi	355	7	80	430	84	4	32	6
7	Goa	230	15	17	434	104	9	155	35
8	Gujarat	394	7	149	167	80	4	67	131
9	Haryana	402	1	99	240	55	30	103	69
10	Himachal Pradesh	313	10	51	326	113	23	149	14
11	Jammu & Kashmir	376	4	71	273	32	15	91	137
12	Jharkhand	477	2	66	192	68	19	144	32
13	Karnataka	363	8	99	184	25	16	78	227
14	Kerala	266	15	15	215	30	16	313	131
15	Madhya Pradesh	411	4	127	119	23	67	95	154
16	Maharashtra	411	5	118	198	41	10	56	163
17	Manipur	549	2	89	205	26	35	63	31
18	Meghalaya	411	4	150	122	18	14	119	162
19	Mizoram	417	3	165	309	23	8	51	23
20	Nagaland	415	2	145	352	21	11	10	44
21	Odisha	382	4	73	203	43	27	140	129
22	Punjab	372	3	117	150	72	10	136	140
23	Rajasthan	461	6	107	212	22	35	123	34
24	Sikkim	493	0	25	353	4	37	68	20
25	Tamil Nadu	255	9	27	263	36	14	207	190
26	Telangana	347	13	42	218	31	12	98	239
27	Tripura	410	16	62	161	6	46	206	93
28	Uttarakhand	361	8	86	305	23	32	91	94
29	Uttar Pradesh	422	3	126	150	32	34	136	98
30	West Bengal	346	3	63	120	41	4	233	189
31	A & N Islands	247	-	48	267	62	68	262	45
32	Chandigarh	143	5	28	522	180	27	95	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	328	2	73	242	280	2	40	33
34	Daman & Diu	336	14	111	191	229	-	37	83
35	Lakshadweep	236	42	24	376	180	17	116	9
36	Puducherry	153	18	8	410	40	30	241	100
	All India	386	5	93	176	38	22	128	152

Table (20.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	142	3	188	89	12	6	45	515
2	Arunachal Pradesh	314	1	587	69	0	13	6	9
3	Assam	143	1	174	265	28	6	61	321
4	Bihar	113	-	145	87	46	6	38	564
5	Chhattisgarh	91	3	426	56	5	2	28	389
6	Delhi	194	2	121	548	66	8	48	13
7	Goa	154	27	50	487	113	19	110	40
8	Gujarat	202	3	321	128	64	4	49	229
9	Haryana	291	-	185	286	70	19	35	114
10	Himachal Pradesh	318	-	146	279	193	3	51	11
11	Jammu & Kashmir	131	9	77	584	103	11	31	55
12	Jharkhand	326	2	229	152	61	23	99	108
13	Karnataka	160	5	157	174	18	8	67	411
14	Kerala	146	4	48	389	37	28	193	155
15	Madhya Pradesh	112	6	358	98	23	53	77	273
16	Maharashtra	104	3	419	91	21	3	29	330
17	Manipur	444	5	299	106	4	4	57	81
18	Meghalaya	254	1	327	133	23	6	78	178
19	Mizoram	294	2	495	120	21	5	42	22
20	Nagaland	261	-	489	181	5	4	12	48
21	Odisha	137	1	289	163	37	30	95	247
22	Punjab	187	1	89	357	150	4	106	106
23	Rajasthan	318	1	395	132	17	22	49	68
24	Sikkim	272	-	236	233	5	105	44	105
25	Tamil Nadu	101	4	88	196	16	84	122	388
26	Telangana	114	4	200	83	24	9	84	482
27	Tripura	181	-	123	246	4	199	96	152
28	Uttarakhand	223	1	400	202	8	4	27	136
29	Uttar Pradesh	255	5	245	167	24	33	74	197
30	West Bengal	165	2	124	137	81	2	238	252
31	A & N Islands	147	-	239	280	56	196	69	13
32	Chandigarh	67	-	24	727	160	-	22	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	257	-	108	91	517	-	-	27
34	Daman & Diu	217	-	239	116	162	-	156	110
35	Lakshadweep	270	22	64	553	60	4	25	1
36	Puducherry	69	-	31	360	56	-	221	263
	All India	157	3	239	148	31	21	78	322

Table (20.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	278	-	338	191	18	-	-	175
2	Arunachal Pradesh	59	-	941	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	279	-	-	328	-	-	89	304
4	Bihar	667	-	12	-	-	-	310	11
5	Chhattisgarh	305	173	9	-	-	-	-	513
6	Delhi	630	-	109	261	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	722	-	-	244	-	-	34	-
9	Haryana	86	-	-	-	71	-	-	843
10	Himachal Pradesh	323	-	204	473	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	338	-	-	146	-	-	63	452
13	Karnataka	348	-	100	60	-	-	135	358
14	Kerala	-	-	169	208	294	-	329	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	138	-	386	166	-	-	-	310
16	Maharashtra	453	-	44	17	122	-	60	304
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	286	-	-	-	-	714
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	958	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	273	-	96	163	190	-	102	176
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	118	-	-	882
23	Rajasthan	161	-	148	201	-	-	432	58
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	343	-	4	409	7	98	94	45
26	Telangana	166	-	305	269	39	-	144	77
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	467	153	-	-	113	268
29	Uttar Pradesh	167	-	85	350	33	119	8	239
30	West Bengal	417	-	30	241	-	-	-	312
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	293	4	144	196	49	22	85	207

Table (20.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	244	3	109	85	17	9	62	471
2	Arunachal Pradesh	500	4	339	118	10	11	11	7
3	Assam	401	4	99	188	15	18	75	201
4	Bihar	377	1	95	83	34	27	116	268
5	Chhattisgarh	226	3	287	60	11	2	27	385
6	Delhi	188	1	83	455	92	-	0	181
7	Goa	195	33	20	412	130	13	109	88
8	Gujarat	366	3	215	91	62	3	49	210
9	Haryana	394	0	124	175	53	38	111	105
10	Himachal Pradesh	324	8	69	315	103	20	146	15
11	Jammu & Kashmir	360	4	67	248	47	17	86	170
12	Jharkhand	449	2	100	143	70	22	158	56
13	Karnataka	297	6	137	96	13	11	56	384
14	Kerala	246	8	25	225	38	26	248	184
15	Madhya Pradesh	351	4	188	60	17	72	90	218
16	Maharashtra	306	3	266	77	18	5	31	294
17	Manipur	557	3	204	139	19	28	38	13
18	Meghalaya	387	1	244	92	10	12	51	202
19	Mizoram	412	4	439	99	3	1	22	20
20	Nagaland	367	1	334	218	14	8	7	51
21	Odisha	346	3	114	170	38	28	131	170
22	Punjab	324	3	127	123	68	11	152	193
23	Rajasthan	445	4	179	151	21	34	116	49
24	Sikkim	455	-	62	297	3	63	72	49
25	Tamil Nadu	188	5	52	171	26	54	144	359
26	Telangana	267	3	124	66	12	11	79	439
27	Tripura	368	-	88	137	4	90	186	128
28	Uttarakhand	342	8	160	234	20	31	75	130
29	Uttar Pradesh	407	3	149	114	29	36	134	128
30	West Bengal	312	3	78	76	41	5	221	265
31	A & N Islands	289	-	117	172	65	126	184	46
32	Chandigarh	214	18	110	542	-	5	111	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	325	-	56	118	412	-	44	44
34	Daman & Diu	365	8	151	243	187	-	23	24
35	Lakshadweep	134	-	-	484	245	8	124	4
36	Puducherry	165	31	4	121	66	12	291	310
	All India	338	3	142	113	30	25	109	240

Table (20.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	322	4	48	106	22	10	87	401
2	Arunachal Pradesh	611	6	182	153	16	10	17	5
3	Assam	459	5	81	177	14	20	79	164
4	Bihar	419	1	87	85	32	30	128	217
5	Chhattisgarh	326	2	182	76	16	4	32	362
6	Delhi	199	1	35	481	109	-	0	174
7	Goa	233	21	21	375	120	15	130	85
8	Gujarat	412	4	173	98	63	3	55	192
9	Haryana	407	0	105	171	53	41	126	96
10	Himachal Pradesh	320	10	51	328	86	24	166	15
11	Jammu & Kashmir	382	4	66	222	38	17	93	179
12	Jharkhand	480	2	65	150	72	22	170	40
13	Karnataka	363	6	119	100	17	14	64	317
14	Kerala	279	10	18	191	36	19	274	173
15	Madhya Pradesh	410	4	141	61	17	76	94	198
16	Maharashtra	434	3	150	97	22	6	39	248
17	Manipur	591	1	124	167	27	40	45	6
18	Meghalaya	447	2	174	102	9	17	55	193
19	Mizoram	554	4	244	154	5	1	10	27
20	Nagaland	451	2	171	286	24	11	6	49
21	Odisha	389	3	73	178	39	28	141	149
22	Punjab	341	3	132	99	58	12	157	198
23	Rajasthan	481	5	112	164	22	38	137	42
24	Sikkim	494	-	15	335	3	44	83	26
25	Tamil Nadu	249	6	28	197	35	17	184	284
26	Telangana	387	2	54	92	15	12	90	348
27	Tripura	411	-	74	130	4	57	208	115
28	Uttarakhand	372	10	85	257	25	38	92	122
29	Uttar Pradesh	425	3	135	113	30	36	141	117
30	West Bengal	346	3	67	72	34	5	222	252
31	A & N Islands	321	-	60	169	70	93	232	55
32	Chandigarh	221	19	114	525	-	5	115	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	339	-	55	136	363	-	54	52
34	Daman & Diu	386	9	151	245	173	-	16	19
35	Lakshadweep	204	-	-	182	384	-	222	8
36	Puducherry	192	45	-	150	56	17	319	220
All India		395	3	104	120	32	25	125	197

Table (20.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	129	3	198	55	8	6	26	576
2	Arunachal Pradesh	307	1	611	56	0	14	-	10
3	Assam	127	1	181	240	20	7	52	372
4	Bihar	109	-	144	70	46	6	35	589
5	Chhattisgarh	87	3	432	37	3	1	20	416
6	Delhi	130	-	312	330	13	-	-	215
7	Goa	51	81	16	553	166	5	30	97
8	Gujarat	202	1	366	67	57	3	29	275
9	Haryana	331	-	217	198	50	24	34	145
10	Himachal Pradesh	346	-	155	249	183	4	50	13
11	Jammu & Kashmir	143	9	75	516	140	17	19	81
12	Jharkhand	317	-	253	114	62	24	107	124
13	Karnataka	142	4	180	88	3	5	38	540
14	Kerala	148	2	46	324	42	47	174	218
15	Madhya Pradesh	98	6	385	57	18	57	72	306
16	Maharashtra	88	2	463	43	12	2	17	373
17	Manipur	480	7	383	75	-	-	25	30
18	Meghalaya	283	-	367	73	12	4	45	216
19	Mizoram	242	3	674	34	-	1	35	11
20	Nagaland	248	-	562	124	1	3	7	54
21	Odisha	140	1	307	130	33	32	85	273
22	Punjab	182	-	82	321	150	5	109	151
23	Rajasthan	318	0	420	107	16	22	43	74
24	Sikkim	319	-	223	165	6	127	34	126
25	Tamil Nadu	88	3	91	129	12	115	78	483
26	Telangana	104	4	219	29	8	8	65	564
27	Tripura	164	-	151	170	-	244	80	192
28	Uttarakhand	239	1	431	153	3	5	11	157
29	Uttar Pradesh	260	4	261	121	21	36	73	224
30	West Bengal	153	2	132	97	73	2	217	324
31	A & N Islands	183	-	308	186	46	238	23	17
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	269	-	63	48	611	-	-	9
34	Daman & Diu	250	-	150	232	258	-	60	51
35	Lakshadweep	47	-	-	865	71	18	-	-
36	Puducherry	101	-	13	52	89	-	223	521
	All India	149	3	268	93	24	24	59	379

Table (20.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/	contract	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	salaried employee	worker	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	172	-	418	194	-	-	-	216
2	Arunachal Pradesh	59	-	941	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	136	-	-	393	-	-	107	364
4	Bihar	667	-	12	-	-	-	310	11
5	Chhattisgarh	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	627
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	880	-	-	120	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
10	Himachal Pradesh	296	-	212	492	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	251	-	-	166	-	-	72	512
13	Karnataka	492	-	-	-	-	-	-	508
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	162	-	441	-	-	-	-	397
16	Maharashtra	555	-	72	-	-	-	-	374
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	286	-	-	-	-	714
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	245	-	101	162	200	-	107	186
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
23	Rajasthan	202	-	-	185	-	-	541	72
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	376	-	9	293	15	210	-	96
26	Telangana	-	-	478	401	-	-	-	121
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	390	175	-	-	129	306
29	Uttar Pradesh	106	-	112	308	-	157	-	316
30	West Bengal	509	-	-	-	-	-	-	491
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	281	-	162	160	38	29	58	271

Table (20.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	334	9	53	312	45	10	187	51
2	Arunachal Pradesh	496	13	62	376	6	3	41	2
3	Assam	384	12	84	371	36	11	95	6
4	Bihar	449	3	94	250	55	16	116	17
5	Chhattisgarh	350	10	142	347	43	21	83	4
6	Delhi	340	6	86	445	82	5	36	1
7	Goa	223	8	28	469	91	11	166	4
8	Gujarat	340	15	105	316	111	4	97	13
9	Haryana	363	4	84	427	70	3	47	3
10	Himachal Pradesh	246	8	57	344	288	16	36	5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	325	6	85	471	18	6	82	8
12	Jharkhand	457	5	73	362	53	9	41	1
13	Karnataka	322	11	71	355	44	20	113	64
14	Kerala	220	17	22	305	24	9	326	76
15	Madhya Pradesh	393	6	89	320	43	35	101	14
16	Maharashtra	344	7	78	368	74	14	85	29
17	Manipur	450	3	52	245	21	23	102	103
18	Meghalaya	199	11	76	282	64	6	347	14
19	Mizoram	294	2	127	402	53	15	81	26
20	Nagaland	302	1	90	528	16	10	25	26
21	Odisha	306	6	78	368	69	21	138	13
22	Punjab	413	3	87	280	108	5	93	11
23	Rajasthan	377	7	96	397	22	24	74	3
24	Sikkim	415	1	99	435	6	13	30	-
25	Tamil Nadu	229	11	40	359	34	9	237	81
26	Telangana	245	28	43	423	69	12	126	53
27	Tripura	377	67	13	329	12	5	190	6
28	Uttarakhand	306	2	106	450	20	12	92	12
29	Uttar Pradesh	395	4	87	327	41	25	111	10
30	West Bengal	325	5	59	254	67	2	272	17
31	A & N Islands	84	-	26	487	53	26	304	20
32	Chandigarh	133	4	25	542	184	25	87	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	304	4	111	358	184	4	18	16
34	Daman & Diu	306	13	123	162	229	-	63	104
35	Lakshadweep	261	42	39	412	136	15	88	8
36	Puducherry	106	-	21	584	30	29	197	33
	All India	331	9	72	345	57	14	141	32

Table (20.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	11	33	307	48	10	190	38
2	Arunachal Pradesh	516	15	24	403	7	4	30	2
3	Assam	415	15	74	361	26	13	89	6
4	Bihar	469	3	88	236	55	17	118	13
5	Chhattisgarh	399	10	95	353	45	22	72	3
6	Delhi	360	7	82	429	84	4	33	1
7	Goa	229	11	14	474	93	5	172	1
8	Gujarat	358	15	102	306	114	4	92	10
9	Haryana	392	4	85	405	60	3	48	3
10	Himachal Pradesh	269	10	50	317	296	20	32	7
11	Jammu & Kashmir	358	5	86	433	16	7	87	9
12	Jharkhand	466	4	72	357	53	7	40	0
13	Karnataka	362	12	61	345	41	21	104	55
14	Kerala	248	21	11	245	22	11	364	77
15	Madhya Pradesh	414	6	79	313	42	37	100	9
16	Maharashtra	371	7	63	368	74	15	83	18
17	Manipur	479	3	30	269	24	27	94	73
18	Meghalaya	243	15	36	211	57	2	418	18
19	Mizoram	241	2	63	509	45	18	103	19
20	Nagaland	295	2	58	572	11	11	22	29
21	Odisha	335	7	69	357	69	22	132	10
22	Punjab	439	3	85	262	102	5	92	11
23	Rajasthan	383	7	90	399	22	25	71	3
24	Sikkim	488	1	59	409	8	16	18	-
25	Tamil Nadu	263	13	26	357	37	10	239	55
26	Telangana	272	36	19	455	61	12	112	33
27	Tripura	407	82	12	284	11	-	198	7
28	Uttarakhand	330	3	89	446	18	13	89	12
29	Uttar Pradesh	409	4	83	315	41	26	113	9
30	West Bengal	348	5	51	252	60	2	265	16
31	A & N Islands	92	-	23	473	46	15	326	24
32	Chandigarh	140	4	25	522	187	28	94	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	314	5	97	377	173	5	21	9
34	Daman & Diu	322	15	100	175	244	-	43	101
35	Lakshadweep	239	46	26	396	159	19	105	10
36	Puducherry	128	-	13	581	29	39	189	22
	All India	360	10	63	337	57	14	137	23

Table (20.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	232	3	119	329	37	10	176	93
2	Arunachal Pradesh	413	4	223	264	5	-	91	-
3	Assam	243	1	129	416	82	3	120	7
4	Bihar	193	-	176	421	47	4	98	62
5	Chhattisgarh	146	6	338	326	31	19	128	8
6	Delhi	197	2	112	558	69	8	50	3
7	Goa	206	-	67	454	86	26	149	12
8	Gujarat	202	13	128	391	95	6	132	33
9	Haryana	152	-	74	588	140	1	39	5
10	Himachal Pradesh	142	-	87	464	252	-	54	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	107	9	80	718	30	-	53	2
12	Jharkhand	384	15	79	394	53	22	47	6
13	Karnataka	206	6	101	385	54	17	138	94
14	Kerala	144	5	51	471	31	4	218	75
15	Madhya Pradesh	208	-	179	374	56	25	110	49
16	Maharashtra	193	7	164	368	72	9	96	89
17	Manipur	365	2	115	173	13	12	127	192
18	Meghalaya	126	5	145	404	75	13	226	7
19	Mizoram	373	1	220	253	53	10	52	37
20	Nagaland	317	-	153	443	27	8	31	22
21	Odisha	111	1	139	445	75	15	181	33
22	Punjab	197	2	103	434	152	-	101	11
23	Rajasthan	321	6	143	378	25	17	105	7
24	Sikkim	46	-	300	563	-	-	92	-
25	Tamil Nadu	133	5	82	363	26	6	230	155
26	Telangana	157	5	119	325	96	10	169	118
27	Tripura	245	-	16	532	18	30	157	2
28	Uttarakhand	135	-	220	486	33	-	115	11
29	Uttar Pradesh	228	13	137	468	42	12	82	18
30	West Bengal	201	1	98	264	106	2	307	21
31	A & N Islands	47	-	42	551	83	78	199	-
32	Chandigarh	68	-	24	723	162	-	23	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	224	-	224	199	278	-	-	74
34	Daman & Diu	206	-	269	76	129	-	190	130
35	Lakshadweep	333	28	83	466	57	-	32	2
36	Puducherry	45	-	45	594	30	-	219	65
	All India	188	5	115	386	59	9	161	75

Table (20.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ contract	casual labour			
		code 11	code 12	code 13	salaried employee code 31	worker code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	725	-	-	180	95	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	950	50	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	630	-	109	261	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	183	-	-	666	-	-	151	-
9	Haryana	547	-	-	-	453	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	338	204	-	-	458	-
14	Kerala	-	-	240	294	-	-	466	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	53	-	188	759	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	292	-	-	44	316	-	157	192
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	958	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	805	-	-	195	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	736	264	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	314	-	-	511	-	-	175	-
26	Telangana	459	-	-	36	107	-	399	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	356	-	-	478	136	-	31	-
30	West Bengal	256	-	82	662	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	328	17	89	301	80	-	165	19

Table (21): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	257	4	98	127	22	18	85	388
2	Arunachal Pradesh	476	4	369	116	8	8	12	6
3	Assam	383	5	141	194	17	16	73	170
4	Bihar	369	1	113	93	35	25	111	254
5	Chhattisgarh	242	3	266	97	15	5	36	334
6	Delhi	334	6	90	441	82	5	35	7
7	Goa	212	18	26	443	105	16	142	39
8	Gujarat	354	7	183	158	76	4	63	154
9	Haryana	370	1	125	232	55	43	88	86
10	Himachal Pradesh	309	8	71	313	125	32	130	13
11	Jammu & Kashmir	350	4	71	303	39	16	89	128
12	Jharkhand	372	2	256	134	49	18	107	61
13	Karnataka	305	7	120	179	23	14	74	279
14	Kerala	233	12	25	254	31	25	276	144
15	Madhya Pradesh	352	4	170	113	23	69	93	176
16	Maharashtra	315	4	211	164	35	8	48	215
17	Manipur	470	2	148	147	16	102	52	62
18	Meghalaya	333	3	228	116	22	35	105	157
19	Mizoram	357	3	303	209	23	35	47	24
20	Nagaland	362	1	295	257	16	11	14	44
21	Odisha	328	3	130	180	39	27	126	168
22	Punjab	350	3	113	171	80	13	134	136
23	Rajasthan	391	4	216	168	19	61	100	42
24	Sikkim	382	5	119	246	3	139	57	49
25	Tamil Nadu	200	7	48	235	29	51	175	256
26	Telangana	259	10	102	167	28	11	93	330
27	Tripura	295	10	60	128	5	259	158	86
28	Uttarakhand	327	6	156	273	20	42	75	101
29	Uttar Pradesh	392	3	155	145	31	34	127	113
30	West Bengal	311	3	80	117	47	11	228	203
31	A & N Islands	227	-	99	266	60	94	217	37
32	Chandigarh	136	4	28	542	178	25	88	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	316	2	79	217	319	2	33	32
34	Daman & Diu	318	12	129	179	222	-	54	86
35	Lakshadweep	221	35	30	369	233	17	83	12
36	Puducherry	127	13	14	389	44	21	239	153
All India		327	4	141	162	35	28	114	189

Table (21.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	329	5	46	153	28	12	111	315
2	Arunachal Pradesh	550	7	234	166	13	8	18	4
3	Assam	446	6	97	196	15	19	80	141
4	Bihar	420	1	92	98	34	29	127	199
5	Chhattisgarh	338	4	167	124	21	7	40	300
6	Delhi	354	7	83	429	84	4	33	6
7	Goa	230	15	17	433	104	10	154	36
8	Gujarat	393	7	150	167	80	4	68	132
9	Haryana	399	1	100	240	56	30	102	71
10	Himachal Pradesh	311	10	55	325	113	24	148	14
11	Jammu & Kashmir	375	4	70	272	32	15	96	137
12	Jharkhand	448	2	125	175	62	17	136	34
13	Karnataka	362	8	100	184	25	16	77	227
14	Kerala	266	15	15	214	30	16	312	132
15	Madhya Pradesh	407	4	127	118	23	67	97	156
16	Maharashtra	408	5	120	197	42	10	56	164
17	Manipur	541	2	94	199	25	40	61	37
18	Meghalaya	408	4	162	118	19	15	115	159
19	Mizoram	397	3	168	294	25	37	52	24
20	Nagaland	407	2	172	326	22	16	14	41
21	Odisha	380	4	78	198	42	26	138	134
22	Punjab	372	3	117	150	72	10	137	140
23	Rajasthan	448	6	128	203	21	37	123	34
24	Sikkim	471	0	57	330	4	50	64	25
25	Tamil Nadu	255	9	28	262	36	15	206	190
26	Telangana	347	13	42	217	31	12	98	239
27	Tripura	392	16	59	153	7	74	209	90
28	Uttarakhand	359	8	89	303	23	34	90	94
29	Uttar Pradesh	416	3	132	148	32	34	136	99
30	West Bengal	346	3	66	118	41	5	232	190
31	A & N Islands	248	-	48	268	62	68	261	45
32	Chandigarh	143	5	28	522	180	27	95	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	328	2	73	241	281	2	40	33
34	Daman & Diu	336	14	111	191	229	-	37	83
35	Lakshadweep	204	39	20	322	278	22	100	15
36	Puducherry	152	18	8	405	40	30	249	99
	All India	382	5	99	174	38	23	127	152

Table (21.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	139	3	183	85	12	29	43	507
2	Arunachal Pradesh	371	1	560	44	0	9	5	10
3	Assam	168	1	290	190	21	5	52	272
4	Bihar	117	-	217	65	38	7	31	525
5	Chhattisgarh	93	3	421	56	5	2	31	389
6	Delhi	206	2	133	525	66	8	49	12
7	Goa	157	26	52	473	108	33	105	46
8	Gujarat	195	3	321	122	62	4	46	246
9	Haryana	253	-	222	201	51	98	29	146
10	Himachal Pradesh	295	-	141	259	179	67	47	10
11	Jammu & Kashmir	132	9	75	570	101	29	31	54
12	Jharkhand	228	1	506	57	24	19	52	114
13	Karnataka	166	5	167	167	17	8	65	405
14	Kerala	145	3	49	360	36	49	184	175
15	Madhya Pradesh	105	5	364	91	22	75	75	263
16	Maharashtra	103	3	418	90	21	3	30	333
17	Manipur	358	3	232	66	3	198	39	101
18	Meghalaya	219	1	332	114	26	67	89	154
19	Mizoram	308	2	465	107	21	32	41	24
20	Nagaland	299	-	470	159	7	3	14	48
21	Odisha	146	0	313	114	26	30	84	286
22	Punjab	178	1	84	336	146	31	116	109
23	Rajasthan	247	0	438	79	12	122	41	61
24	Sikkim	232	14	224	103	2	290	45	89
25	Tamil Nadu	99	4	86	184	16	117	116	378
26	Telangana	112	4	201	83	24	9	85	482
27	Tripura	127	-	61	86	1	575	71	78
28	Uttarakhand	214	1	391	170	6	68	22	127
29	Uttar Pradesh	228	5	316	125	23	30	61	212
30	West Bengal	168	1	141	113	71	35	215	257
31	A & N Islands	156	-	273	261	52	183	64	12
32	Chandigarh	67	-	24	727	160	-	22	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	257	-	108	91	517	-	-	27
34	Daman & Diu	212	-	232	112	186	-	152	107
35	Lakshadweep	274	20	60	518	90	4	32	1
36	Puducherry	67	-	30	347	54	-	213	288
	All India	156	3	270	125	27	43	72	304

Table (21.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	311	-	322	183	17	-	-	167
2	Arunachal Pradesh	59	-	941	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	461	-	-	245	-	-	67	227
4	Bihar	667	-	12	-	-	-	310	11
5	Chhattisgarh	305	173	9	-	-	-	-	513
6	Delhi	630	-	109	261	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	722	-	-	244	-	-	34	-
9	Haryana	86	-	-	-	71	-	-	843
10	Himachal Pradesh	323	-	204	473	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	283	-	-	112	-	-	48	557
13	Karnataka	348	-	100	60	-	-	135	358
14	Kerala	-	-	169	208	294	-	329	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	138	-	386	166	-	-	-	310
16	Maharashtra	453	-	44	17	122	-	60	304
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	286	-	-	-	-	714
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	958	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	273	-	96	163	190	-	102	176
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	118	-	-	882
23	Rajasthan	161	-	148	201	-	-	432	58
24	Sikkim	-	-	288	712	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	343	-	4	409	7	98	94	45
26	Telangana	166	-	305	269	39	-	144	77
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	467	153	-	-	113	268
29	Uttar Pradesh	160	-	122	335	32	114	7	229
30	West Bengal	384	-	107	222	-	-	-	287
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	298	4	147	190	47	21	83	211

Table (21.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	239	3	109	83	16	20	61	467
2	Arunachal Pradesh	471	3	402	91	8	9	9	7
3	Assam	383	4	148	170	14	17	71	194
4	Bihar	362	1	114	79	33	26	110	275
5	Chhattisgarh	226	2	285	60	11	2	27	386
6	Delhi	187	1	143	417	85	-	1	168
7	Goa	193	32	22	403	127	23	107	92
8	Gujarat	361	3	218	90	61	4	49	215
9	Haryana	371	0	140	162	50	58	103	117
10	Himachal Pradesh	318	8	73	309	101	35	143	15
11	Jammu & Kashmir	358	4	66	246	46	20	91	169
12	Jharkhand	360	1	283	98	49	19	118	72
13	Karnataka	296	6	143	94	13	11	55	382
14	Kerala	241	8	27	220	37	35	241	190
15	Madhya Pradesh	342	4	192	58	17	77	90	219
16	Maharashtra	303	3	268	76	18	5	31	296
17	Manipur	480	2	191	109	15	135	30	39
18	Meghalaya	362	1	261	84	9	40	54	188
19	Mizoram	409	3	419	94	4	29	22	19
20	Nagaland	367	1	347	200	14	11	10	50
21	Odisha	331	3	137	154	35	28	124	188
22	Punjab	321	3	125	121	68	16	153	193
23	Rajasthan	394	4	237	126	18	67	104	49
24	Sikkim	378	5	109	213	2	168	64	60
25	Tamil Nadu	184	5	52	165	26	74	139	355
26	Telangana	265	3	126	65	12	11	80	439
27	Tripura	284	-	69	95	4	299	149	101
28	Uttarakhand	332	8	171	222	19	50	71	127
29	Uttar Pradesh	391	3	169	108	29	36	130	134
30	West Bengal	306	2	88	72	40	14	214	265
31	A & N Islands	291	-	130	168	63	123	179	45
32	Chandigarh	214	18	110	542	-	5	111	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	325	-	56	118	413	-	44	44
34	Daman & Diu	365	8	151	243	186	-	23	24
35	Lakshadweep	139	-	-	464	246	7	119	25
36	Puducherry	161	31	4	118	65	12	284	326
All India		326	3	162	107	29	32	105	237

Table (21.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	319	4	50	106	22	13	86	400
2	Arunachal Pradesh	555	6	263	134	14	9	16	4
3	Assam	450	5	100	172	14	20	79	161
4	Bihar	416	1	92	85	32	30	128	217
5	Chhattisgarh	325	2	181	76	16	4	32	363
6	Delhi	186	1	98	449	101	-	0	165
7	Goa	233	21	21	373	119	17	129	87
8	Gujarat	411	4	174	97	63	4	55	192
9	Haryana	402	0	107	171	55	41	125	100
10	Himachal Pradesh	318	10	55	326	86	25	165	15
11	Jammu & Kashmir	380	3	65	220	37	17	99	178
12	Jharkhand	445	2	135	133	65	20	159	41
13	Karnataka	363	6	121	99	17	13	64	317
14	Kerala	279	10	19	191	35	19	273	173
15	Madhya Pradesh	406	4	141	60	17	76	96	200
16	Maharashtra	430	3	153	97	22	6	40	249
17	Manipur	578	1	129	160	26	47	43	17
18	Meghalaya	443	2	188	99	9	16	53	189
19	Mizoram	525	4	240	149	5	38	12	27
20	Nagaland	436	2	200	265	24	17	9	46
21	Odisha	387	3	79	174	38	27	139	153
22	Punjab	341	3	132	99	58	13	157	198
23	Rajasthan	465	5	136	156	21	39	135	42
24	Sikkim	467	-	52	310	2	60	77	32
25	Tamil Nadu	249	6	29	196	36	18	183	283
26	Telangana	387	2	55	92	15	12	90	348
27	Tripura	389	-	70	122	6	91	211	110
28	Uttarakhand	369	10	89	254	24	42	91	121
29	Uttar Pradesh	418	3	142	112	30	36	141	118
30	West Bengal	345	3	71	71	34	6	220	251
31	A & N Islands	323	-	60	168	70	93	231	55
32	Chandigarh	221	19	114	525	-	5	115	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	338	-	55	135	365	-	54	52
34	Daman & Diu	386	9	151	245	173	-	16	19
35	Lakshadweep	211	-	-	172	363	-	210	44
36	Puducherry	192	45	-	150	56	17	319	220
	All India	390	3	111	118	31	25	124	197

Table (21.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	126	3	192	52	8	31	25	564
2	Arunachal Pradesh	367	1	577	35	0	9	-	10
3	Assam	159	1	309	166	13	5	44	304
4	Bihar	114	-	217	52	38	7	28	544
5	Chhattisgarh	90	3	428	37	3	1	20	418
6	Delhi	190	-	337	279	11	-	1	182
7	Goa	47	74	27	511	153	47	28	112
8	Gujarat	192	1	364	63	55	3	28	293
9	Haryana	264	-	255	131	33	116	28	172
10	Himachal Pradesh	318	-	149	229	169	77	46	12
11	Jammu & Kashmir	142	8	73	499	135	43	20	79
12	Jharkhand	219	0	528	39	23	18	51	121
13	Karnataka	150	4	192	83	3	4	36	526
14	Kerala	142	2	49	296	41	76	159	235
15	Madhya Pradesh	91	6	390	53	17	82	67	293
16	Maharashtra	88	2	462	42	12	2	17	375
17	Manipur	353	4	270	43	-	249	14	68
18	Meghalaya	240	-	372	62	10	78	55	184
19	Mizoram	276	2	623	30	4	19	35	10
20	Nagaland	273	-	546	112	1	3	11	56
21	Odisha	149	0	328	88	22	32	76	305
22	Punjab	167	-	76	294	145	44	123	151
23	Rajasthan	242	0	455	62	11	129	37	64
24	Sikkim	244	12	196	67	2	332	44	102
25	Tamil Nadu	87	3	87	118	12	158	73	462
26	Telangana	102	4	219	28	8	9	67	563
27	Tripura	122	-	67	52	-	619	53	87
28	Uttarakhand	224	1	416	126	3	78	9	143
29	Uttar Pradesh	228	4	336	87	21	32	59	234
30	West Bengal	158	1	152	76	62	43	191	316
31	A & N Islands	190	-	347	168	42	216	21	15
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	269	-	63	48	611	-	-	9
34	Daman & Diu	253	-	150	231	257	-	59	50
35	Lakshadweep	46	-	-	844	93	17	-	-
36	Puducherry	93	-	12	48	83	-	206	557
	All India	149	2	300	76	21	49	54	348

Table (21.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)		per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	self employed		wage/ salaried employee		contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	218	-	395	183	-	-	-	204
2	Arunachal Pradesh	59	-	941	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	385	-	-	280	-	-	76	259
4	Bihar	667	-	12	-	-	-	310	11
5	Chhattisgarh	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	627
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	880	-	-	120	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
10	Himachal Pradesh	296	-	212	492	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	212	-	-	123	-	-	53	611
13	Karnataka	492	-	-	-	-	-	-	508
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	162	-	441	-	-	-	-	397
16	Maharashtra	555	-	72	-	-	-	-	374
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	286	-	-	-	-	714
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	245	-	101	162	200	-	107	186
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
23	Rajasthan	202	-	-	185	-	-	541	72
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	376	-	9	293	15	210	-	96
26	Telangana	-	-	478	401	-	-	-	121
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	390	175	-	-	129	306
29	Uttar Pradesh	100	-	160	292	-	149	-	299
30	West Bengal	448	-	119	-	-	-	-	433
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	288	-	165	154	36	28	56	273

Table (21.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	334	9	53	311	46	11	187	51
2	Arunachal Pradesh	500	12	74	355	7	4	47	2
3	Assam	386	12	92	361	38	11	94	6
4	Bihar	444	3	99	247	56	16	117	19
5	Chhattisgarh	344	10	144	338	43	22	94	4
6	Delhi	340	6	88	442	82	5	36	1
7	Goa	225	8	28	469	91	11	165	4
8	Gujarat	340	15	105	315	111	4	97	13
9	Haryana	366	4	83	421	70	4	47	5
10	Himachal Pradesh	246	8	57	344	288	16	36	5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	328	6	85	469	18	6	82	8
12	Jharkhand	448	5	92	348	51	11	43	2
13	Karnataka	322	11	71	354	44	20	112	64
14	Kerala	221	17	22	299	24	12	322	83
15	Madhya Pradesh	390	6	90	316	44	37	104	14
16	Maharashtra	343	7	79	367	75	15	86	29
17	Manipur	448	3	55	230	20	31	101	111
18	Meghalaya	194	11	73	269	80	10	351	13
19	Mizoram	284	2	143	367	52	42	80	30
20	Nagaland	346	1	111	459	22	9	26	25
21	Odisha	304	6	80	363	68	21	139	19
22	Punjab	413	3	87	280	108	5	93	11
23	Rajasthan	375	7	102	389	23	26	74	3
24	Sikkim	399	8	159	385	6	15	28	-
25	Tamil Nadu	229	11	40	358	34	9	237	81
26	Telangana	246	28	43	423	69	12	126	53
27	Tripura	352	62	12	308	12	44	205	6
28	Uttarakhand	306	2	105	449	22	12	92	12
29	Uttar Pradesh	395	4	88	327	41	25	111	10
30	West Bengal	325	5	59	253	67	2	272	17
31	A & N Islands	84	-	26	489	52	26	302	19
32	Chandigarh	133	4	25	542	184	25	87	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	304	4	111	358	184	4	18	16
34	Daman & Diu	305	13	122	161	233	-	62	104
35	Lakshadweep	231	39	34	357	232	19	79	10
36	Puducherry	104	-	21	577	29	28	208	33
	All India	330	9	73	343	57	14	141	32

Table (21.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	10	32	306	48	10	191	38
2	Arunachal Pradesh	514	15	27	398	7	4	33	2
3	Assam	416	14	82	353	27	13	88	6
4	Bihar	466	3	90	236	57	17	118	14
5	Chhattisgarh	397	10	97	349	46	22	76	3
6	Delhi	360	7	83	428	84	4	34	1
7	Goa	229	11	14	474	93	5	172	1
8	Gujarat	358	15	102	306	114	4	92	10
9	Haryana	391	4	85	405	60	3	48	3
10	Himachal Pradesh	269	10	50	317	296	20	32	7
11	Jammu & Kashmir	360	5	85	431	16	7	86	9
12	Jharkhand	462	4	82	351	52	8	40	1
13	Karnataka	362	12	61	345	41	21	104	55
14	Kerala	249	21	11	244	22	12	362	78
15	Madhya Pradesh	412	6	79	311	43	39	101	10
16	Maharashtra	369	7	64	368	75	16	84	18
17	Manipur	478	3	33	267	24	29	93	72
18	Meghalaya	244	14	35	206	66	8	409	17
19	Mizoram	231	2	76	482	50	36	104	19
20	Nagaland	311	2	78	526	17	11	27	28
21	Odisha	335	7	70	356	69	22	131	11
22	Punjab	439	3	85	261	103	5	92	11
23	Rajasthan	380	8	94	395	23	27	71	3
24	Sikkim	485	1	74	398	8	16	18	-
25	Tamil Nadu	263	13	26	357	37	10	239	55
26	Telangana	273	36	19	455	61	12	112	33
27	Tripura	406	81	12	283	11	2	197	7
28	Uttarakhand	329	3	88	445	20	13	89	12
29	Uttar Pradesh	409	4	83	315	41	26	113	9
30	West Bengal	348	5	52	251	60	2	265	16
31	A & N Islands	92	-	23	476	46	15	324	24
32	Chandigarh	140	4	25	522	187	28	94	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	314	5	97	377	173	5	21	9
34	Daman & Diu	322	15	100	175	244	-	43	101
35	Lakshadweep	203	43	22	336	270	24	89	13
36	Puducherry	125	-	12	570	29	38	203	21
	All India	359	10	64	336	57	15	137	23

Table (21.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	233	3	118	327	39	13	174	92
2	Arunachal Pradesh	452	3	232	209	7	4	93	-
3	Assam	252	1	135	397	85	4	119	6
4	Bihar	202	-	203	370	41	3	107	74
5	Chhattisgarh	142	5	324	299	34	22	167	7
6	Delhi	207	2	122	538	69	8	51	3
7	Goa	215	-	66	452	84	26	146	12
8	Gujarat	209	13	127	387	94	6	131	33
9	Haryana	200	-	68	531	136	10	35	21
10	Himachal Pradesh	142	-	87	464	252	-	54	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	110	9	80	716	30	-	53	2
12	Jharkhand	358	12	155	334	45	27	64	6
13	Karnataka	206	5	103	383	54	17	137	94
14	Kerala	149	5	49	444	29	12	216	96
15	Madhya Pradesh	207	-	179	356	53	24	130	50
16	Maharashtra	192	6	168	365	72	9	98	89
17	Manipur	374	2	111	141	11	37	118	205
18	Meghalaya	115	5	132	370	102	12	258	6
19	Mizoram	355	1	231	221	46	52	50	44
20	Nagaland	405	-	166	348	31	6	25	20
21	Odisha	115	1	141	404	68	14	186	72
22	Punjab	205	2	102	430	150	-	100	11
23	Rajasthan	329	6	172	342	22	18	106	6
24	Sikkim	151	27	408	344	-	13	57	-
25	Tamil Nadu	133	5	82	361	27	6	232	154
26	Telangana	159	5	119	326	95	10	168	117
27	Tripura	178	-	12	386	13	182	228	1
28	Uttarakhand	147	-	217	479	32	-	114	11
29	Uttar Pradesh	227	12	142	468	40	12	81	17
30	West Bengal	205	2	96	259	107	2	309	20
31	A & N Islands	47	-	42	551	83	78	199	-
32	Chandigarh	68	-	24	723	162	-	23	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	224	-	224	199	278	-	-	74
34	Daman & Diu	198	-	259	73	162	-	182	125
35	Lakshadweep	335	26	76	431	89	-	41	2
36	Puducherry	45	-	45	594	30	-	219	65
	All India	191	5	119	375	59	11	163	77

Table (21.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by broad activity according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers according to activity							
		self employed			wage/ salaried employee	contract worker	casual labour		
		code 11	code 12	code 13	code 31	code 32	code 41	code 42	code 51
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	725	-	-	180	95	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	950	50	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	630	-	109	261	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	183	-	-	666	-	-	151	-
9	Haryana	547	-	-	-	453	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	338	204	-	-	458	-
14	Kerala	-	-	240	294	-	-	466	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	53	-	188	759	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	292	-	-	44	316	-	157	192
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	958	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	805	-	-	195	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	736	264	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	288	712	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	314	-	-	511	-	-	175	-
26	Telangana	459	-	-	36	107	-	399	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	356	-	-	478	136	-	31	-
30	West Bengal	256	-	82	662	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	328	17	89	301	80	-	165	19

Table (22): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																						
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
1	Andhra Pradesh	577	6	84	4	2	74	75	44	18	7	7	2	5	4	16	33	11	2	24	4	-		
2	Arunachal Pradesh	622	2	40	12	1	24	116	7	16	1	6	-	1	68	15	57	7	0	2	4	-		
3	Assam	488	3	47	2	3	75	137	38	12	4	7	1	6	20	27	77	13	1	22	14	-		
4	Bihar	519	1	62	2	1	145	114	41	12	2	8	1	5	8	7	44	8	1	15	4	0		
5	Chhattisgarh	745	1	37	2	1	51	55	14	9	3	7	1	3	7	11	35	7	0	9	3	-		
6	Delhi	18	0	175	5	8	62	237	93	26	33	40	13	48	62	48	47	32	5	28	18	-		
7	Goa	67	5	156	3	8	100	139	98	88	6	16	2	16	62	107	47	46	0	15	20	-		
8	Gujarat	486	3	160	4	2	54	101	53	15	7	9	1	9	17	11	32	10	1	16	6	-		
9	Haryana	361	0	101	6	4	139	116	55	6	17	18	9	20	20	32	54	23	3	14	2	-		
10	Himachal Pradesh	209	1	69	39	26	158	96	80	29	18	20	2	16	18	70	104	19	2	15	10	-		
11	Jammu & Kashmir	363	-	70	6	10	96	99	48	12	8	13	1	12	11	94	116	30	-	9	3	-		
12	Jharkhand	351	27	77	1	3	156	136	60	10	3	21	0	8	20	14	74	10	1	23	6	-		
13	Karnataka	493	3	118	2	2	67	106	43	20	18	10	3	11	16	13	39	9	1	15	8	-		
14	Kerala	216	3	117	3	1	149	139	102	29	19	21	3	16	35	24	54	27	5	20	15	-		
15	Madhya Pradesh	547	2	62	2	1	158	87	25	11	4	6	2	9	9	11	32	8	1	17	6	-		
16	Maharashtra	552	2	82	3	2	59	106	44	18	8	11	3	9	19	16	33	10	2	12	9	-		
17	Manipur	431	1	79	1	-	65	145	54	31	4	1	-	2	11	88	55	13	3	14	2	-		
18	Meghalaya	652	29	22	0	8	62	51	31	6	1	4	0	4	9	29	59	9	1	8	13	-		
19	Mizoram	551	1	44	1	2	37	100	19	12	1	0	2	8	49	66	58	20	-	13	15	-		
20	Nagaland	582	3	16	1	2	28	71	23	3	3	4	0	1	30	122	74	19	-	18	2	-		
21	Odisha	415	7	68	4	4	164	114	48	17	4	18	0	4	20	20	61	10	1	16	5	-		
22	Punjab	343	1	130	10	8	136	121	51	17	10	15	6	15	13	26	50	16	2	18	13	-		
23	Rajasthan	411	11	88	6	4	148	116	57	18	6	10	3	7	8	14	62	11	2	15	2	-		
24	Sikkim	309	-	46	-	16	143	108	85	25	2	20	-	21	24	104	68	7	6	15	4	-		
25	Tamil Nadu	351	4	176	3	5	123	104	59	21	19	15	3	10	18	12	34	13	2	21	10	-		
26	Telangana	540	5	95	2	1	78	84	51	12	20	11	2	9	10	10	31	11	1	16	12	-		
27	Tripura	343	-	48	-	-	258	105	75	6	1	6	-	1	8	52	55	11	-	6	25	-		
28	Uttarakhand	377	2	85	5	7	112	120	43	37	5	13	2	5	28	35	84	19	0	18	2	-		
29	Uttar Pradesh	452	2	113	2	3	152	104	45	12	5	8	1	9	15	11	37	8	2	16	4	-		
30	West Bengal	369	4	184	2	4	107	111	56	18	6	7	2	12	21	18	32	11	4	15	18	-		
31	A & N Islands	238	12	24	11	8	218	90	113	22	4	6	-	7	95	52	56	15	3	20	6	-		
32	Chandigarh	31	3	110	-	9	205	117	59	3	27	0	5	24	224	69	11	24	7	26	47	-		
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	235	11	369	9	12	85	86	72	13	0	9	1	1	7	28	41	15	-	5	-	-		
34	Daman & Diu	253	0	306	3	-	66	115	57	66	14	20	-	8	40	12	18	8	5	8	3	-		
35	Lakshadweep	88	-	68	1	1	135	87	78	10	10	2	-	27	264	21	125	48	2	31	3	-		
36	Puducherry	157	3	175	11	7	155	110	52	53	32	11	-	38	56	25	21	69	2	15	9	-		
All India		457	4	105	3	3	113	106	49	16	8	11	2	9	16	17	43	11	2	16	8	0		

Table (22.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	498	8	88	5	2	104	88	70	17	8	10	4	6	7	21	30	7	1	24	3	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	556	3	41	18	1	28	131	10	13	1	8	-	1	89	23	65	5	1	3	4	-
3	Assam	474	3	47	3	4	87	158	46	13	4	8	1	5	21	30	61	7	1	20	7	-
4	Bihar	485	1	63	2	1	162	125	47	13	2	8	1	6	9	8	38	7	1	16	4	0
5	Chhattisgarh	665	1	50	3	1	65	79	23	13	4	10	1	5	10	18	31	8	1	11	2	-
6	Delhi	16	0	180	6	9	66	254	103	28	35	40	15	49	60	51	28	24	4	23	8	-
7	Goa	84	6	137	4	11	122	131	128	107	5	14	2	17	53	107	21	31	-	14	5	-
8	Gujarat	448	3	171	5	2	60	117	63	18	8	11	2	11	19	12	23	8	1	17	3	-
9	Haryana	335	0	108	7	4	157	131	65	7	18	20	10	21	21	36	26	14	3	16	0	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	174	1	69	40	29	186	106	95	33	21	23	2	18	20	82	57	22	2	13	6	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	388	-	66	7	10	105	107	51	13	7	11	1	12	11	99	78	21	-	10	2	-
12	Jharkhand	311	29	77	1	3	171	152	72	12	3	25	0	9	23	16	63	5	1	23	4	-
13	Karnataka	469	3	105	3	3	77	122	59	23	20	12	4	13	17	15	29	6	1	16	4	-
14	Kerala	219	4	97	4	1	188	158	130	30	19	17	5	16	24	22	26	11	5	19	6	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	526	2	61	2	1	166	97	29	12	4	6	3	10	10	13	26	6	1	19	4	-
16	Maharashtra	461	2	97	5	3	74	132	62	23	9	13	4	12	24	21	30	8	3	14	4	-
17	Manipur	425	1	33	1	-	88	116	76	33	5	1	-	3	13	113	59	8	4	17	3	-
18	Meghalaya	651	35	16	0	7	94	37	48	3	1	7	-	5	9	30	41	6	2	2	7	-
19	Mizoram	496	1	46	2	3	50	71	34	3	1	1	1	14	67	101	68	16	-	13	11	-
20	Nagaland	486	4	23	1	3	40	77	38	3	5	5	0	2	31	168	80	13	-	19	2	-
21	Odisha	388	8	69	5	5	173	127	58	19	4	20	0	5	22	23	46	7	1	17	2	-
22	Punjab	361	1	128	11	8	149	130	56	19	10	15	7	16	11	26	22	9	2	18	2	-
23	Rajasthan	345	12	92	7	5	169	137	70	21	7	12	3	9	10	15	55	7	2	18	2	-
24	Sikkim	292	-	45	-	20	140	103	108	14	2	19	-	21	30	128	50	8	7	13	0	-
25	Tamil Nadu	289	5	181	5	4	128	125	87	24	21	17	4	13	22	15	22	7	3	24	4	-
26	Telangana	464	7	78	2	2	97	111	79	13	26	15	3	12	11	13	30	10	1	18	8	-
27	Tripura	356	-	54	-	-	247	123	87	3	2	7	-	1	9	55	36	2	-	6	11	-
28	Uttarakhand	317	3	93	5	4	136	131	52	45	6	12	3	6	33	42	77	14	0	20	1	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	438	1	114	2	3	160	110	48	13	5	9	2	10	16	11	30	7	2	16	3	-
30	West Bengal	370	4	157	2	4	125	124	67	19	6	8	2	14	24	19	21	7	5	15	7	-
31	A & N Islands	222	8	26	7	9	233	98	143	18	5	8	-	8	86	62	39	3	4	14	7	-
32	Chandigarh	34	4	121	-	10	222	128	65	3	19	0	6	21	200	70	7	13	7	24	45	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	254	13	345	11	14	96	73	82	16	0	10	2	1	5	30	30	11	-	6	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	256	1	313	4	-	53	112	66	65	13	23	-	10	42	14	7	9	6	6	3	-
35	Lakshadweep	102	-	45	1	1	175	103	105	-	14	2	-	5	264	24	72	46	1	41	-	-
36	Puducherry	111	4	180	15	9	181	122	65	53	40	15	-	46	61	33	16	27	2	20	1	-
All India		417	4	105	4	3	130	122	61	18	9	12	3	11	18	19	33	8	2	17	4	0

Table (22.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	712	3	77	1	1	23	54	1	19	5	3	-	3	1	7	38	18	5	24	5	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	753	0	38	1	-	15	86	1	23	-	0	-	1	26	0	41	11	-	0	3	-
3	Assam	555	1	50	1	0	23	39	3	8	4	2	-	10	17	15	149	43	0	31	47	-
4	Bihar	746	-	58	-	0	34	36	0	4	1	2	0	1	4	2	87	14	-	5	6	-
5	Chhattisgarh	871	-	17	-	-	29	17	1	3	1	1	-	0	2	1	42	6	0	5	5	-
6	Delhi	31	-	140	-	3	34	120	26	13	19	43	2	37	73	28	177	88	9	66	91	-
7	Goa	12	-	216	1	-	28	162	-	28	11	21	-	12	91	110	132	93	2	17	66	-
8	Gujarat	654	4	115	0	0	30	32	7	5	3	4	1	2	9	6	73	20	2	14	20	-
9	Haryana	507	-	57	0	4	35	29	2	1	16	7	2	14	11	12	213	69	-	8	13	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	377	-	67	34	12	23	48	7	14	1	6	-	2	11	13	325	5	-	25	29	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	137	-	108	-	3	15	25	14	2	14	32	-	6	12	51	457	109	-	1	15	-
12	Jharkhand	540	18	77	-	3	84	58	5	2	1	5	-	3	6	6	125	34	-	19	13	-
13	Karnataka	555	1	152	0	0	41	68	4	14	13	6	1	9	13	8	66	16	1	13	18	-
14	Kerala	207	1	175	2	3	36	83	21	25	21	33	0	18	67	31	137	74	3	21	42	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	650	2	65	0	0	120	35	4	5	1	2	1	1	4	4	64	18	-	8	15	-
16	Maharashtra	760	2	46	1	1	24	48	3	7	5	6	1	3	7	5	41	15	0	7	19	-
17	Manipur	443	1	191	-	-	9	218	2	27	0	2	-	1	4	28	44	25	0	4	1	-
18	Meghalaya	654	20	33	-	11	6	76	1	12	0	-	0	4	8	27	92	14	-	19	24	-
19	Mizoram	622	1	42	-	1	20	136	-	24	1	0	4	-	26	21	44	24	-	14	20	-
20	Nagaland	725	-	6	-	-	11	63	1	4	-	2	0	0	28	52	63	27	-	17	1	-
21	Odisha	545	2	68	-	0	116	48	3	8	2	8	-	1	9	5	135	23	1	8	18	-
22	Punjab	188	-	145	2	3	29	42	5	2	4	12	-	6	32	27	288	79	6	24	106	-
23	Rajasthan	681	4	70	1	2	64	30	1	4	1	4	1	1	2	8	90	25	0	5	6	-
24	Sikkim	369	-	50	-	-	154	125	-	65	-	24	-	19	2	15	135	2	-	22	18	-
25	Tamil Nadu	472	1	166	0	6	112	61	6	15	13	10	1	6	9	7	57	25	0	13	21	-
26	Telangana	669	1	123	2	0	48	38	4	11	9	4	0	4	8	5	32	11	0	12	18	-
27	Tripura	284	-	17	-	-	306	18	21	20	-	-	-	-	-	38	145	56	-	5	87	-
28	Uttarakhand	623	-	51	2	21	13	77	5	1	3	18	0	4	5	6	114	38	0	14	4	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	577	3	104	1	0	76	46	17	7	2	3	1	2	9	5	102	19	2	12	11	-
30	West Bengal	362	1	317	1	2	20	49	7	13	5	4	0	3	7	11	83	32	0	15	71	-
31	A & N Islands	296	26	19	23	4	163	58	4	38	-	-	-	6	127	14	120	61	-	43	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	4	-	-	48	15	-	-	99	-	-	53	444	58	44	123	6	38	69	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	138	-	492	-	-	24	157	16	-	-	-	-	-	18	19	98	38	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	236	-	259	-	-	141	133	-	72	22	-	-	-	32	3	81	3	-	17	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	46	-	136	-	-	21	38	-	37	-	-	-	94	263	14	281	54	4	-	10	-
36	Puducherry	275	-	163	-	2	89	80	18	54	11	3	-	17	42	2	35	177	-	2	30	-
All India		601	2	108	1	2	52	49	5	10	6	6	0	4	10	8	77	24	1	13	21	-

Table (22.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	534	-	104	-	-	-	256	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	17	72	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	671	-	-	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	-	-	##	-
4	Bihar	185	-	281	-	-	310	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	##	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	513	-	-	-	-	-	182	-	-	-	-	-	305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	239	-	-	-	630	-	-	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	680	-	47	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	151	-	34	-	-
9	Haryana	914	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	204	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	473	-	284	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	624	-	146	-	-	63	117	-	-	-	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	333	-	233	-	-	252	121	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	299	-	-	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	150	-	-	-	##	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	669	-	-	-	-	-	153	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	##	-
16	Maharashtra	689	-	-	-	-	12	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	12	-	72	60	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	958	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	382	-	107	-	-	102	38	-	40	-	12	-	-	115	-	181	-	-	22	-	-
22	Punjab	882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	58	##	-	-	-	-	309	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	###	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	220	-	7	-	-	218	184	-	-	-	110	-	-	232	29	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	284	##	134	-	-	-	425	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	613	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	153	-	-	-	-	122	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	315	-	6	-	-	152	18	317	63	75	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	12	-
30	West Bengal	544	-	-	-	-	-	122	-	-	-	241	-	-	-	-	93	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All India		425	16	84	-	-	100	129	38	12	11	25	-	8	33	9	60	6	7	15	23	-

Table (22.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	695	5	63	3	2	61	43	34	14	5	3	1	3	2	12	26	8	2	17	3	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	684	2	39	13	0	21	96	5	11	-	6	-	-	60	9	46	5	-	2	4	-
3	Assam	555	3	37	2	3	78	114	34	11	2	5	1	3	16	20	73	10	0	19	14	-
4	Bihar	560	1	59	1	1	147	97	37	10	2	5	1	3	6	6	40	6	1	14	3	-
5	Chhattisgarh	849	1	22	1	0	42	26	7	2	1	2	-	3	2	8	26	3	-	3	1	-
6	Delhi	237	-	65	19	6	97	107	177	8	11	17	10	13	74	63	10	70	-	16	0	-
7	Goa	166	3	126	5	-	125	151	131	72	1	3	-	9	7	156	28	8	1	4	4	-
8	Gujarat	678	3	103	3	2	52	41	43	6	4	4	0	2	9	5	24	6	1	11	2	-
9	Haryana	489	0	69	4	3	164	70	52	1	14	8	2	10	15	26	39	19	2	11	2	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	235	1	63	34	26	169	85	77	30	18	15	1	15	14	68	103	17	3	15	11	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	442	-	76	5	10	104	68	44	11	6	8	-	6	9	75	96	29	-	9	2	-
12	Jharkhand	427	16	72	0	3	176	98	54	8	2	12	0	2	17	14	69	7	1	19	3	-
13	Karnataka	683	3	80	1	1	53	64	31	12	2	4	1	3	7	8	26	5	1	9	6	-
14	Kerala	292	5	104	3	1	144	123	97	26	12	16	3	12	27	15	55	28	4	19	13	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	675	1	45	0	1	165	37	15	5	1	1	1	3	5	5	21	5	0	13	2	-
16	Maharashtra	763	3	38	2	1	42	53	26	8	2	3	1	3	8	9	23	6	1	5	3	-
17	Manipur	549	2	73	1	-	59	101	54	3	4	-	-	4	2	84	42	10	4	8	1	-
18	Meghalaya	774	35	17	-	-	31	29	23	2	1	-	-	1	4	16	53	5	-	3	7	-
19	Mizoram	778	0	25	2	-	7	53	12	8	-	-	2	-	17	16	39	13	-	5	22	-
20	Nagaland	694	2	8	1	1	26	40	17	-	3	3	-	1	21	93	56	18	-	12	2	-
21	Odisha	466	7	64	3	3	166	95	44	17	3	14	0	2	16	18	56	9	1	14	2	-
22	Punjab	471	1	93	8	8	155	76	41	10	5	6	0	9	8	24	41	13	1	16	13	-
23	Rajasthan	493	12	69	5	2	156	91	52	16	3	4	1	3	5	12	53	10	1	11	2	-
24	Sikkim	396	-	52	-	20	147	48	85	23	-	1	-	17	19	103	73	6	-	11	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	484	3	136	3	5	134	75	51	16	9	8	0	4	7	10	26	9	0	16	3	-
26	Telangana	729	3	71	1	1	60	41	34	5	1	3	0	1	4	5	19	6	1	12	2	-
27	Tripura	425	-	49	-	-	276	80	57	1	2	7	-	1	2	27	38	10	-	2	22	-
28	Uttarakhand	477	3	64	3	8	115	82	43	35	2	11	1	0	20	30	78	15	-	14	1	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	535	2	92	2	3	159	73	40	10	2	5	0	5	11	7	32	5	1	13	2	-
30	West Bengal	483	4	167	1	2	115	79	45	13	3	3	0	5	10	12	25	7	3	12	10	-
31	A & N Islands	328	2	15	15	5	251	75	116	32	1	4	-	1	67	4	60	8	-	16	-	-
32	Chandigarh	231	6	90	-	-	125	98	174	4	3	-	-	5	79	84	39	-	15	19	29	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	297	19	348	9	9	83	48	88	1	1	-	-	-	0	22	54	22	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	224	2	357	4	-	21	137	42	29	1	7	-	2	58	12	57	5	-	31	11	-
35	Lakshadweep	71	-	6	5	8	308	57	10	-	5	-	-	6	245	-	223	11	16	11	21	-
36	Puducherry	325	7	221	1	4	133	75	68	24	13	6	-	0	51	23	8	19	4	13	4	-
All India		581	4	79	2	2	116	71	39	11	3	5	1	4	9	12	36	8	1	12	4	-

Table (22.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	627	8	66	4	2	93	47	56	13	6	3	1	3	4	17	26	4	1	18	3	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	624	3	40	20	0	24	109	7	7	-	8	-	-	82	13	53	2	-	2	5	-
3	Assam	538	3	37	2	3	90	133	41	12	3	6	1	2	17	23	59	4	1	18	7	-
4	Bihar	525	1	60	2	1	165	107	43	11	2	6	1	4	7	7	35	6	1	15	3	-
5	Chhattisgarh	795	1	31	2	1	56	40	13	3	2	4	-	5	3	13	22	5	-	4	0	-
6	Delhi	173	-	69	23	8	116	111	184	9	13	20	12	16	70	76	4	81	-	15	-	-
7	Goa	206	3	65	5	-	157	133	165	81	-	-	-	12	5	140	7	10	-	5	5	-
8	Gujarat	648	3	109	4	2	59	47	54	8	4	5	0	3	11	6	16	5	1	13	1	-
9	Haryana	459	1	74	5	3	189	80	62	1	16	9	2	11	16	29	19	10	3	13	0	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	193	1	65	41	29	200	94	92	33	21	18	2	18	17	79	52	21	2	14	7	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	469	-	74	6	10	112	73	47	12	6	5	-	6	8	79	64	18	-	10	1	-
12	Jharkhand	384	16	73	0	2	196	109	66	10	2	15	0	2	21	16	60	3	1	21	2	-
13	Karnataka	662	3	69	2	2	64	72	43	15	3	5	1	3	8	10	19	4	1	10	3	-
14	Kerala	296	6	84	3	1	178	142	121	28	12	12	3	13	19	14	27	11	4	20	5	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	662	1	44	0	1	175	40	18	5	1	1	1	4	5	5	16	3	0	15	2	-
16	Maharashtra	700	3	47	3	2	56	66	41	12	2	5	1	4	12	13	20	4	1	8	2	-
17	Manipur	575	2	16	1	-	80	52	78	0	5	-	-	5	4	113	42	7	6	12	1	-
18	Meghalaya	768	41	5	-	-	47	15	36	1	1	-	-	2	4	21	42	6	-	2	8	-
19	Mizoram	748	0	29	3	-	7	34	22	4	-	-	-	-	27	29	62	15	-	4	16	-
20	Nagaland	599	4	10	2	2	38	49	29	-	5	3	-	1	22	140	67	14	-	11	2	-
21	Odisha	439	8	63	4	4	178	106	53	19	3	16	0	3	18	21	42	7	1	15	1	-
22	Punjab	496	1	89	9	9	170	82	45	11	5	7	1	10	6	23	15	6	0	16	1	-
23	Rajasthan	425	14	73	7	2	182	110	66	20	4	5	1	3	7	13	46	6	2	14	2	-
24	Sikkim	381	-	49	-	26	142	37	109	9	-	1	-	17	25	132	55	7	-	9	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	424	5	146	4	3	129	93	80	20	12	10	0	6	10	12	18	4	1	21	2	-
26	Telangana	683	4	47	0	2	81	57	58	5	2	4	1	1	3	9	21	6	1	14	2	-
27	Tripura	440	-	57	-	-	256	93	70	1	2	9	-	1	3	32	23	-	-	1	12	-
28	Uttarakhand	407	3	71	3	4	144	90	53	45	2	10	1	1	25	38	78	10	-	14	1	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	522	1	93	2	3	168	78	42	11	2	6	0	5	12	8	25	4	2	13	2	-
30	West Bengal	488	4	133	1	2	135	88	54	15	3	4	1	6	12	12	17	4	4	12	5	-
31	A & N Islands	309	-	20	11	7	271	81	150	26	1	5	-	1	63	4	37	2	-	12	-	-
32	Chandigarh	240	6	94	-	-	125	101	181	4	3	-	-	6	66	87	41	-	-	20	30	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	352	24	287	11	11	98	23	110	1	1	-	-	-	0	27	40	15	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	227	3	342	5	-	25	161	50	33	1	8	-	2	69	14	20	4	-	24	14	-
35	Lakshadweep	127	-	10	9	14	553	102	17	-	9	-	-	10	78	-	19	20	14	19	-	-
36	Puducherry	232	10	219	2	6	176	78	96	34	18	8	-	0	46	32	7	11	6	18	-	-
All India		540	4	78	3	3	136	82	50	13	4	6	1	5	11	14	28	5	1	14	3	-

Table (22.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	797	1	59	0	1	15	37	1	15	3	2	-	3	0	6	27	13	5	15	2	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	786	-	39	2	-	14	75	-	19	-	0	-	-	21	-	33	10	-	-	1	-
3	Assam	636	2	40	1	-	26	25	3	7	0	-	-	4	10	3	138	39	0	24	44	-
4	Bihar	779	-	53	-	0	32	32	0	2	1	2	-	-	2	2	76	11	-	4	4	-
5	Chhattisgarh	925	-	9	-	-	21	7	-	1	0	-	-	-	-	1	32	1	-	1	2	-
6	Delhi	548	-	46	-	-	3	88	145	-	5	-	-	-	93	-	36	13	-	21	2	-
7	Goa	11	-	362	2	-	-	222	-	39	4	16	-	-	13	215	110	-	5	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	784	4	85	0	-	28	19	4	0	2	1	-	-	2	1	51	10	-	6	4	-
9	Haryana	641	-	45	0	0	38	22	1	-	4	5	-	1	8	11	145	67	-	1	11	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	438	-	51	3	14	21	44	7	15	-	1	-	2	1	14	339	1	-	17	32	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	173	-	100	-	5	22	26	16	2	10	35	-	2	17	35	420	131	-	1	6	-
12	Jharkhand	610	17	67	-	3	89	52	3	0	-	-	-	0	2	6	104	25	-	12	7	-
13	Karnataka	734	1	106	-	-	26	45	2	7	1	1	0	2	4	3	43	9	-	5	11	-
14	Kerala	282	1	164	2	3	46	69	27	19	14	28	0	10	50	17	135	76	4	16	37	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	729	1	51	-	0	126	21	2	3	0	-	-	-	1	2	42	14	-	3	4	-
16	Maharashtra	870	3	23	1	0	19	31	1	2	1	0	-	1	2	3	28	9	-	2	5	-
17	Manipur	491	1	202	-	-	12	211	-	8	-	-	-	2	-	18	40	15	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	782	24	38	-	-	2	52	1	4	-	-	-	-	4	7	74	2	-	5	4	-
19	Mizoram	814	-	19	-	-	8	76	-	12	-	-	5	-	6	-	12	12	-	5	30	-
20	Nagaland	826	-	5	-	-	10	28	-	-	-	2	-	-	20	28	41	24	-	15	0	-
21	Odisha	600	2	68	-	-	109	41	2	6	1	4	-	-	7	3	124	19	1	5	7	-
22	Punjab	262	-	132	-	5	36	31	4	-	3	1	-	4	25	30	257	72	6	17	116	-
23	Rajasthan	739	3	52	1	0	63	21	1	4	0	0	1	-	1	8	75	25	0	2	3	-
24	Sikkim	445	-	59	-	-	166	87	-	69	-	2	-	15	-	3	135	-	-	19	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	583	0	121	0	7	141	45	4	11	5	5	-	1	2	6	39	16	0	8	5	-
26	Telangana	792	0	104	2	-	32	18	2	6	-	2	-	1	6	1	17	6	-	10	1	-
27	Tripura	356	-	12	-	-	371	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109	59	-	2	70	-
28	Uttarakhand	725	-	39	2	24	9	57	6	1	0	14	-	-	-	-	78	30	-	14	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	651	3	85	0	0	81	35	17	6	1	1	-	1	4	4	87	13	1	8	2	-
30	West Bengal	458	0	325	-	1	23	38	3	6	2	1	-	1	2	10	63	21	0	9	35	-
31	A & N Islands	390	9	-	31	-	181	54	-	51	-	-	-	-	81	4	138	29	-	32	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	140	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	424	-	-	-	426	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	72	-	596	-	-	19	147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	53	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	207	-	438	-	-	-	9	-	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	257	14	-	68	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	456	-	480	-	18	-	47	-
36	Puducherry	544	-	226	-	-	32	68	1	-	2	-	-	-	64	4	8	35	-	4	13	-
All India		713	2	83	0	1	51	34	4	6	2	2	0	1	4	5	59	16	1	7	9	-

Table (22.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	653	-	88	-	-	-	163	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	-	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Assam	804	-	-	-	-	107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	-	
4	Bihar	185	-	281	-	-	310	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	
5	Chhattisgarh	627	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8	Gujarat	880	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	-	-	-	-	
9	Haryana	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	492	-	296	-	-	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
12	Jharkhand	707	-	166	-	-	72	-	-	-	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
13	Karnataka	472	-	190	-	-	166	172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	804	-	-	-	-	-	196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
16	Maharashtra	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
18	Meghalaya	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
21	Odisha	403	-	113	-	-	107	40	-	-	-	13	-	-	121	-	180	-	-	23	-	
22	Punjab	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
23	Rajasthan	72	541	-	-	-	-	202	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185	-	-	-	-	
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	472	-	15	-	-	268	9	-	-	-	235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
26	Telangana	445	-	154	-	-	-	401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
28	Uttarakhand	696	-	-	-	-	129	-	-	-	-	175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	417	-	-	-	-	157	-	410	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	
30	West Bengal	855	-	-	-	-	-	145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
All India		556	9	75	-	-	103	82	50	-	-	21	-	10	15	2	53	-	10	13	2	

Table (22.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	92	10	169	9	4	127	209	88	35	16	26	9	13	14	31	60	25	3	52	10	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	146	2	44	4	4	46	268	23	59	6	6	-	9	127	69	147	25	4	5	6	-
3	Assam	59	4	110	6	5	56	283	66	18	16	20	3	27	48	77	99	35	3	42	21	-
4	Bihar	83	0	99	4	1	129	297	86	37	7	29	2	23	29	15	89	23	1	27	16	0
5	Chhattisgarh	64	1	139	5	2	112	238	58	54	15	35	5	7	41	35	92	32	3	49	15	-
6	Delhi	10	0	179	4	8	61	242	91	27	34	41	13	49	61	48	48	31	5	29	19	-
7	Goa	4	6	175	2	13	83	131	77	98	9	24	3	20	97	77	59	70	-	22	30	-
8	Gujarat	52	4	288	7	3	59	235	75	35	14	22	4	26	36	25	51	21	2	27	16	-
9	Haryana	40	-	179	11	7	76	229	64	20	27	44	27	46	32	48	91	32	3	23	4	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	36	-	107	71	27	77	165	99	28	18	51	2	17	45	84	115	26	5	20	5	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	129	-	55	9	9	72	189	58	13	13	29	3	29	18	149	174	35	-	8	7	-
12	Jharkhand	35	73	99	4	3	70	293	83	19	8	60	1	33	32	18	96	22	-	37	16	-
13	Karnataka	106	3	197	5	3	95	194	69	36	49	22	8	29	34	25	67	17	2	28	13	-
14	Kerala	116	1	134	4	2	156	158	108	32	29	28	4	21	46	37	54	26	5	20	18	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	77	6	121	9	4	133	270	61	35	13	22	9	31	25	34	75	19	4	34	19	-
16	Maharashtra	67	2	182	6	4	97	229	85	40	21	29	8	23	43	32	57	20	6	27	21	-
17	Manipur	219	-	89	-	-	77	223	55	82	4	3	-	-	25	96	79	19	0	23	5	-
18	Meghalaya	93	5	47	1	47	206	154	66	26	1	24	0	20	29	89	87	26	7	30	43	-
19	Mizoram	233	3	71	-	4	79	164	29	19	2	1	2	19	93	135	88	28	-	25	4	-
20	Nagaland	160	3	48	-	3	36	187	44	14	2	7	0	3	61	229	138	21	-	41	2	-
21	Odisha	76	10	97	13	10	150	235	73	23	10	46	0	17	45	35	91	17	2	29	23	-
22	Punjab	62	1	209	15	7	93	219	72	32	21	33	18	27	24	29	71	24	6	24	14	-
23	Rajasthan	40	6	175	10	17	112	232	79	24	18	41	11	30	22	24	105	13	3	34	5	-
24	Sikkim	3	-	26	-	0	127	316	85	34	8	87	-	35	42	107	52	10	25	27	17	-
25	Tamil Nadu	123	4	242	4	5	104	153	74	29	35	26	7	21	36	16	47	20	5	28	22	-
26	Telangana	65	12	154	5	1	124	191	94	30	68	31	7	31	24	22	58	24	1	23	37	-
27	Tripura	20	-	42	-	-	185	202	145	27	-	-	-	1	28	151	123	15	-	24	37	-
28	Uttarakhand	50	1	153	9	5	104	243	41	40	16	23	7	21	55	53	106	33	1	33	5	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	60	2	207	4	5	120	245	70	23	16	22	7	28	32	27	62	23	3	29	13	-
30	West Bengal	45	4	232	6	8	85	203	90	30	13	19	5	32	52	34	51	22	6	24	40	-
31	A & N Islands	39	34	43	-	13	145	122	107	2	11	12	-	22	157	157	48	32	11	29	18	-
32	Chandigarh	24	3	110	-	10	208	117	55	3	28	0	5	24	229	68	10	24	7	26	48	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	148	-	399	10	15	88	141	48	30	-	21	4	3	16	37	22	5	-	12	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	261	-	291	3	-	78	108	61	76	17	24	-	10	35	12	6	9	6	1	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	90	-	77	-	-	110	91	88	11	11	2	-	31	267	24	111	54	-	33	-	-
36	Puducherry	41	-	143	18	8	170	134	41	74	45	15	-	63	59	26	31	104	-	15	13	-
	All India	73	5	186	6	5	103	216	79	31	24	28	7	27	37	32	65	22	4	29	19	0

Table (22.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	85	8	159	11	4	141	219	115	31	16	30	12	14	17	35	42	15	2	40	5	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	121	1	49	5	4	51	272	27	52	8	7	-	7	135	85	143	24	5	5	-	-
3	Assam	59	5	109	8	6	68	319	81	18	13	21	3	22	44	75	72	27	4	35	9	-
4	Bihar	81	0	95	4	2	134	312	93	37	8	31	2	24	28	16	72	19	1	28	13	0
5	Chhattisgarh	53	1	141	6	2	106	259	69	58	18	39	6	8	45	41	70	23	3	43	8	-
6	Delhi	11	0	183	5	9	64	259	101	29	36	41	15	50	60	50	29	22	4	23	8	-
7	Goa	1	8	187	3	18	98	130	104	125	8	24	3	21	85	83	30	45	-	21	6	-
8	Gujarat	47	3	294	8	4	61	255	82	36	15	23	4	27	35	25	35	14	1	24	6	-
9	Haryana	40	-	190	12	6	82	253	71	22	23	48	30	44	34	52	43	26	3	22	1	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	45	-	93	35	34	88	184	121	34	20	56	3	20	39	101	87	25	6	6	4	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	138	-	44	10	11	83	215	66	15	12	29	4	32	21	159	120	30	-	9	3	-
12	Jharkhand	27	79	94	5	3	73	321	92	20	8	63	1	35	32	19	74	12	-	32	11	-
13	Karnataka	101	4	174	6	4	100	217	89	38	51	24	10	30	33	26	47	12	2	27	5	-
14	Kerala	118	2	114	5	1	203	179	142	32	28	23	6	19	31	32	24	11	7	18	7	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	73	5	117	9	4	139	287	67	36	14	22	9	33	25	36	59	16	4	33	10	-
16	Maharashtra	55	2	182	7	4	105	243	98	41	19	28	8	24	45	34	47	15	7	26	8	-
17	Manipur	178	-	61	-	-	102	221	72	87	5	2	-	-	30	112	88	9	-	27	6	-
18	Meghalaya	102	8	68	1	38	313	136	104	12	1	38	-	19	32	73	37	3	11	1	2	-
19	Mizoram	170	2	68	-	6	106	120	49	2	3	2	2	33	120	193	76	18	-	24	4	-
20	Nagaland	109	5	65	-	4	46	170	66	12	3	10	1	4	60	263	124	10	-	49	-	-
21	Odisha	75	11	102	15	11	146	254	84	23	10	47	1	18	48	36	71	10	1	28	10	-
22	Punjab	66	1	213	16	8	103	238	80	36	22	33	20	29	21	30	37	15	6	22	5	-
23	Rajasthan	34	5	167	11	17	117	244	86	26	19	41	12	32	23	26	90	12	4	33	2	-
24	Sikkim	3	-	29	-	0	133	318	101	31	10	78	-	33	48	114	35	10	31	25	0	-
25	Tamil Nadu	96	5	230	5	5	128	172	97	30	35	27	9	22	38	18	29	11	6	28	8	-
26	Telangana	47	13	137	5	1	127	211	119	29	73	36	8	35	27	22	46	19	1	24	19	-
27	Tripura	21	-	42	-	-	214	245	155	11	-	-	-	1	35	145	88	8	-	25	10	-
28	Uttarakhand	54	1	157	11	5	113	250	47	46	16	20	7	20	58	54	74	26	1	36	2	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	58	2	206	5	5	126	256	75	24	16	22	7	29	31	29	51	20	3	29	9	-
30	West Bengal	43	4	222	7	9	99	225	103	29	12	20	6	37	58	38	33	14	7	22	14	-
31	A & N Islands	41	25	37	-	12	152	134	127	2	13	15	-	21	135	182	44	6	13	19	22	-
32	Chandigarh	26	4	122	-	11	226	129	61	3	20	0	6	21	205	70	6	13	7	25	45	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	129	-	420	11	17	94	136	47	34	-	23	4	3	10	33	17	6	-	14	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	264	-	305	3	-	61	98	70	74	16	28	-	12	34	14	4	10	7	1	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	100	-	49	-	-	135	103	114	-	14	2	-	4	284	26	77	49	-	43	-	-
36	Puducherry	31	-	153	24	10	184	151	45	66	55	19	-	76	72	34	21	37	-	21	1	-
	All India	65	5	180	7	6	113	237	92	32	23	29	8	28	38	34	47	16	4	27	8	0

Table (22.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	117	15	201	4	2	81	174	3	47	15	12	-	8	3	20	118	58	5	89	27	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	253	5	26	-	-	24	251	10	87	-	-	-	18	93	3	165	30	-	5	32	-
3	Assam	60	-	116	-	1	5	126	1	18	27	16	-	47	64	88	219	72	0	73	66	-
4	Bihar	96	-	151	-	-	71	106	3	38	4	2	5	22	43	2	307	78	-	22	51	-
5	Chhattisgarh	111	-	131	-	-	136	147	12	37	4	17	-	6	26	8	184	70	0	70	42	-
6	Delhi	7	-	144	-	4	36	121	20	13	20	45	2	39	72	29	183	91	10	68	96	-
7	Goa	12	-	142	-	-	42	133	-	22	15	24	-	18	130	58	142	140	-	25	98	-
8	Gujarat	89	8	244	-	1	38	85	20	25	9	13	3	12	40	24	172	66	11	48	93	-
9	Haryana	43	-	100	-	15	25	55	7	4	58	12	7	60	21	15	446	77	-	32	21	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	168	231	-	33	74	3	3	8	32	-	7	69	12	240	30	-	80	9	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	67	-	122	-	-	0	23	11	1	21	25	-	15	4	83	529	66	-	1	32	-
12	Jharkhand	89	26	135	-	2	51	93	17	14	8	36	-	23	32	6	253	94	-	67	53	-
13	Karnataka	118	-	264	2	0	79	124	8	32	44	18	3	25	36	20	125	33	3	31	36	-
14	Kerala	113	-	189	1	2	25	101	13	33	30	40	-	28	89	50	138	71	2	28	48	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	113	11	161	3	2	79	131	13	24	9	19	4	11	19	17	212	44	-	39	89	-
16	Maharashtra	133	-	178	1	3	51	144	15	34	30	35	5	18	35	21	111	49	2	36	99	-
17	Manipur	341	-	169	-	-	4	231	5	69	0	5	-	-	13	50	53	46	0	13	2	-
18	Meghalaya	77	-	13	-	61	24	183	2	49	0	-	0	20	24	117	172	65	-	80	113	-
19	Mizoram	325	4	77	-	2	40	229	-	42	2	0	3	-	56	55	93	42	-	27	4	-
20	Nagaland	257	-	14	-	-	16	221	3	20	-	-	0	1	63	163	167	43	-	26	6	-
21	Odisha	81	1	64	-	2	176	113	4	20	11	39	-	10	27	23	226	60	3	35	107	-
22	Punjab	32	-	173	6	-	15	67	7	5	7	37	-	9	48	21	352	94	4	39	84	-
23	Rajasthan	99	14	246	1	22	66	117	10	2	8	38	-	13	16	9	240	25	-	39	33	-
24	Sikkim	2	-	8	-	-	96	307	-	48	-	133	-	40	13	70	133	9	-	36	105	-
25	Tamil Nadu	198	1	276	1	5	38	99	9	26	34	23	3	17	26	10	100	46	1	27	61	-
26	Telangana	122	4	207	3	1	115	123	16	34	51	15	2	18	15	23	98	37	1	20	94	-
27	Tripura	15	-	39	-	-	60	11	102	97	-	-	-	-	-	180	280	46	-	16	154	-
28	Uttarakhand	26	-	121	-	3	40	190	-	1	17	43	3	25	38	42	328	85	0	9	30	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	91	2	228	2	-	42	121	19	12	14	23	4	14	37	12	200	59	9	37	73	-
30	West Bengal	58	2	290	3	2	9	82	18	34	14	14	1	9	23	13	146	67	1	31	183	-
31	A & N Islands	25	75	73	-	14	109	69	15	-	-	-	-	22	259	44	69	152	-	75	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	4	-	-	47	15	-	-	101	-	-	54	444	58	44	125	-	39	70	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	305	-	227	-	-	37	181	58	-	-	-	-	-	65	68	60	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	246	-	198	-	-	190	175	-	95	29	-	-	-	43	4	21	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	59	-	174	-	-	27	48	-	48	-	-	-	121	209	18	225	70	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	69	-	115	-	3	133	89	31	96	17	5	-	29	25	1	56	285	-	-	43	-
All India		118	3	214	2	3	53	116	12	29	26	23	2	18	35	23	153	56	3	38	73	-

Table (22.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	180	-	-	-	670	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	95	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	239	-	-	-	630	-	-	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	50	-	-	-	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	666	-	##	-	-
9	Haryana	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	##	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	338	-	-	458	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	424	-	-	119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	212	-	-	-	162	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	759
16	Maharashtra	192	-	-	-	-	31	344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	31	-	##	157	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	958	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	805	-	-	-	-	-	-	195	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	736	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	264	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	175	337	-	-	-	-	-	-	435	53	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	-	##	99	-	-	-	467	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	972	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	-	25	-	-	136	73	31	258	##	-	-	-	-	-	171	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	-	-	-	662	-	-	-	-	256	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	34	39	109	-	-	92	268	4	49	45	36	-	-	85	28	81	23	-	22	87	-

Table (23): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	574	6	84	4	2	82	74	43	17	7	7	2	5	4	16	32	11	2	23	4	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	654	2	57	10	0	19	98	5	14	1	4	-	1	60	12	45	5	0	2	11	-	
3	Assam	517	3	48	2	3	70	131	35	11	4	6	1	5	18	25	70	12	1	20	15	-	
4	Bihar	536	1	61	2	1	139	110	39	11	2	7	1	5	8	7	43	7	1	14	5	0	
5	Chhattisgarh	742	1	38	2	1	51	55	14	9	3	7	1	4	7	11	35	8	0	9	3	-	
6	Delhi	20	0	175	5	8	62	238	93	26	33	40	13	47	61	48	48	32	5	28	19	-	
7	Goa	72	6	154	3	8	101	138	97	87	6	16	2	16	61	106	47	45	0	15	20	-	
8	Gujarat	491	3	159	4	2	54	100	52	15	7	9	1	9	17	11	32	10	1	16	6	-	
9	Haryana	377	0	98	5	4	148	109	52	6	16	17	8	19	19	30	52	22	2	14	3	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	209	1	69	38	26	166	94	78	29	17	20	1	16	18	69	103	18	3	15	10	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	360	-	71	6	9	101	98	47	11	8	13	1	12	11	93	115	30	-	9	4	-	
12	Jharkhand	486	20	66	1	2	125	111	44	10	2	15	0	6	15	10	55	8	0	17	8	-	
13	Karnataka	498	3	118	2	2	66	105	43	20	18	10	3	11	16	13	39	9	1	15	8	-	
14	Kerala	223	3	116	3	2	151	136	99	29	19	21	3	16	36	24	54	26	4	19	16	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	546	2	61	2	1	163	85	24	11	4	5	2	9	9	11	32	8	1	17	6	-	
16	Maharashtra	554	2	81	3	2	59	106	44	18	8	11	3	9	19	16	33	10	2	12	9	-	
17	Manipur	401	1	102	1	-	135	121	45	26	3	1	-	2	9	74	47	11	2	11	9	0	
18	Meghalaya	642	27	21	0	8	89	47	28	6	1	4	0	4	8	27	57	8	1	9	14	-	
19	Mizoram	528	1	42	1	2	67	109	18	11	1	0	2	7	45	61	58	18	-	14	15	-	
20	Nagaland	593	3	21	1	1	34	69	21	3	3	3	0	1	27	110	67	17	0	19	7	-	
21	Odisha	450	8	70	4	4	153	105	44	16	3	17	0	4	18	19	56	9	1	14	5	-	
22	Punjab	341	1	129	10	8	139	120	50	17	10	15	6	15	14	25	51	16	2	18	13	-	
23	Rajasthan	446	10	81	5	4	165	102	48	15	5	9	2	6	8	12	54	9	2	14	2	-	
24	Sikkim	340	-	39	-	12	217	98	63	24	1	16	-	16	21	77	51	5	4	12	5	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	350	4	172	3	5	134	101	58	21	18	14	3	10	18	12	33	12	2	20	10	-	
26	Telangana	540	5	94	2	1	79	84	51	12	20	11	2	9	10	10	30	11	1	15	12	-	
27	Tripura	269	-	54	-	-	386	76	55	5	1	4	-	1	37	38	41	8	-	4	21	-	
28	Uttarakhand	385	2	81	4	7	124	115	41	35	5	13	2	5	27	34	81	18	0	18	2	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	469	2	110	2	3	148	100	43	12	5	8	1	9	14	10	36	8	2	15	4	-	
30	West Bengal	378	4	182	2	4	109	107	54	17	5	7	2	12	21	17	31	11	4	14	19	-	
31	A & N Islands	235	12	28	10	7	214	89	111	33	4	6	-	7	93	51	55	15	3	20	5	-	
32	Chandigarh	31	3	110	-	9	205	117	59	3	27	0	5	24	224	69	11	24	7	26	47	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	235	11	369	9	12	85	86	72	13	0	9	1	1	7	28	41	15	-	5	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	252	0	304	3	-	65	114	56	65	18	20	-	8	40	12	17	8	5	8	3	-	
35	Lakshadweep	86	-	65	1	1	120	76	161	8	9	1	-	24	238	19	114	48	2	27	2	-	
36	Puducherry	164	3	180	11	7	152	108	51	53	31	11	-	37	55	24	21	68	2	14	9	-	
All India		469	4	103	3	3	116	103	46	16	8	10	2	9	16	16	41	11	2	16	8	0	

Table (23.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	498	8	88	5	2	105	87	69	17	8	10	4	6	7	21	30	7	1	23	3	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	589	2	38	16	1	25	118	9	14	1	7	-	1	87	20	58	4	1	3	6	-	
3	Assam	482	3	46	2	4	86	157	45	13	4	8	1	5	20	29	59	7	1	20	9	-	
4	Bihar	486	1	63	2	1	161	125	47	13	2	8	1	6	9	8	38	7	1	16	5	0	
5	Chhattisgarh	664	2	50	3	1	66	79	22	13	4	10	1	5	11	18	31	8	1	11	2	-	
6	Delhi	17	0	179	6	9	66	255	103	28	35	40	15	49	60	51	28	24	4	23	8	-	
7	Goa	85	6	137	4	11	122	131	129	107	5	14	2	17	53	106	21	31	-	14	5	-	
8	Gujarat	448	3	170	5	2	60	116	63	18	8	11	2	11	19	12	22	8	1	17	3	-	
9	Haryana	336	0	108	7	4	157	129	64	7	17	20	10	21	21	35	27	15	3	16	1	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	174	1	71	40	29	186	105	95	33	21	23	2	19	20	82	56	21	2	13	6	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	386	-	66	7	10	109	107	51	13	7	11	1	12	11	98	77	21	-	10	3	-	
12	Jharkhand	345	26	76	1	2	162	149	65	11	3	22	0	8	21	15	58	5	1	22	7	-	
13	Karnataka	470	3	105	3	3	76	121	59	23	20	12	4	13	17	15	28	6	1	16	4	-	
14	Kerala	220	4	97	3	1	189	157	129	31	19	17	5	16	24	22	26	11	5	19	6	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	524	2	61	2	1	169	97	29	12	4	6	3	10	10	13	26	6	1	19	4	-	
16	Maharashtra	463	2	97	5	3	74	131	62	23	9	13	4	12	24	20	30	8	3	14	4	-	
17	Manipur	429	1	32	1	-	91	113	74	32	5	1	-	3	13	110	58	8	4	17	10	0	
18	Meghalaya	659	34	16	0	6	92	36	46	3	1	7	-	5	9	29	41	6	2	2	7	-	
19	Mizoram	481	1	46	2	3	78	68	32	3	1	1	1	14	64	95	70	15	-	14	12	-	
20	Nagaland	498	5	23	1	2	49	74	35	3	5	5	0	2	29	156	74	12	1	21	6	-	
21	Odisha	398	8	68	5	5	170	125	56	19	4	20	0	5	22	23	45	7	1	17	2	-	
22	Punjab	361	1	128	11	8	149	130	56	19	10	15	7	16	11	25	23	9	2	18	2	-	
23	Rajasthan	362	12	89	7	5	168	134	67	20	6	12	3	9	10	15	53	7	2	18	2	-	
24	Sikkim	310	-	42	-	19	145	100	101	20	2	18	-	20	28	119	47	7	7	12	2	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	290	5	180	4	4	129	125	86	24	21	17	4	12	22	14	22	7	3	24	4	-	
26	Telangana	464	7	78	2	2	97	111	79	13	26	15	3	12	11	13	30	10	1	18	8	-	
27	Tripura	338	-	51	-	-	281	117	82	3	2	7	-	1	9	52	36	2	-	6	14	-	
28	Uttarakhand	319	3	92	5	4	137	130	51	45	6	12	3	6	33	42	76	14	0	20	1	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	442	1	113	2	3	161	109	47	13	5	9	2	10	16	11	30	7	2	16	3	-	
30	West Bengal	373	4	155	2	4	125	123	66	19	6	8	2	14	24	19	21	7	5	15	9	-	
31	A & N Islands	224	8	25	7	9	232	99	142	18	5	8	-	8	86	62	39	3	4	14	7	-	
32	Chandigarh	34	4	121	-	10	222	128	65	3	19	0	6	21	200	70	7	13	7	24	45	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	254	13	346	11	14	96	73	82	16	0	10	2	1	5	30	30	11	-	6	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	256	1	313	4	-	53	112	66	65	13	23	-	10	42	14	7	9	6	6	3	-	
35	Lakshadweep	99	-	39	1	1	150	89	211	-	12	2	-	4	229	20	64	44	1	35	-	-	
36	Puducherry	110	4	189	15	9	179	121	65	53	40	14	-	45	61	33	15	26	2	19	1	-	
	All India	420	4	104	4	3	131	121	60	18	9	12	3	11	18	19	33	8	2	17	4	0	

Table (23.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	698	3	77	1	1	45	52	1	18	5	3	-	3	0	7	36	17	5	23	5	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	741	0	85	1	-	11	70	0	15	-	0	-	1	23	0	26	7	-	0	18	-	
3	Assam	637	2	58	1	0	18	42	2	7	3	2	-	7	12	12	107	31	0	22	37	-	
4	Bihar	779	0	55	-	0	29	39	0	3	1	3	0	1	3	1	65	10	-	5	6	-	
5	Chhattisgarh	865	0	19	0	-	29	17	1	3	1	1	-	0	2	1	42	7	0	6	5	-	
6	Delhi	41	-	145	-	3	33	123	25	12	18	41	2	35	70	27	174	84	9	63	95	-	
7	Goa	32	5	207	1	-	37	161	-	27	11	20	-	12	87	106	126	89	2	16	63	-	
8	Gujarat	666	4	112	0	0	29	31	6	5	3	3	1	2	9	5	70	19	2	13	19	-	
9	Haryana	537	-	57	0	2	113	25	1	1	11	5	1	10	9	9	151	49	-	5	12	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	361	-	62	32	11	80	45	6	13	1	5	-	3	10	13	303	5	-	24	27	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	134	-	109	-	3	33	24	14	2	13	31	-	6	12	50	446	107	-	1	15	-	
12	Jharkhand	755	7	46	-	2	54	39	2	6	0	2	-	1	3	2	48	14	-	9	10	-	
13	Karnataka	565	1	150	0	0	40	67	4	14	13	6	1	8	13	8	64	16	1	12	18	-	
14	Kerala	232	1	167	2	3	51	79	19	26	19	31	0	16	68	29	128	67	3	20	40	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	644	2	61	0	0	139	33	3	6	1	2	1	3	3	4	60	17	-	7	13	-	
16	Maharashtra	761	2	46	1	1	23	48	3	7	5	5	1	3	7	5	41	15	0	7	19	-	
17	Manipur	358	0	211	-	-	202	134	1	17	0	1	-	1	2	17	31	15	0	2	8	-	
18	Meghalaya	615	17	28	-	10	85	65	1	10	0	-	0	3	7	23	81	12	-	19	24	-	
19	Mizoram	587	1	37	-	1	53	160	-	21	1	0	4	-	23	19	39	21	-	15	18	-	
20	Nagaland	727	-	18	-	-	14	63	0	3	-	2	0	0	24	46	55	24	-	17	7	-	
21	Odisha	633	6	75	-	0	94	36	2	5	1	5	-	1	6	4	95	16	1	7	13	-	
22	Punjab	188	-	137	2	3	61	40	5	1	4	12	-	5	37	26	276	75	5	22	102	-	
23	Rajasthan	662	3	61	0	2	155	22	1	3	0	2	0	1	3	5	55	15	1	4	4	-	
24	Sikkim	391	-	35	-	-	338	93	-	30	-	12	-	8	7	6	57	1	-	13	9	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	461	1	158	0	6	143	57	6	15	13	9	1	5	10	7	53	23	0	13	20	-	
26	Telangana	670	1	122	2	0	50	37	4	11	9	4	0	4	8	5	32	11	0	12	18	-	
27	Tripura	151	-	60	-	-	566	6	7	7	-	-	-	-	85	13	51	20	-	2	33	-	
28	Uttarakhand	614	-	44	2	18	78	65	4	1	2	15	0	3	5	5	96	32	0	11	4	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	657	2	93	0	0	63	39	13	6	2	3	0	2	6	4	76	14	1	9	9	-	
30	West Bengal	396	1	293	1	3	46	43	5	11	4	5	0	3	8	9	72	27	0	12	63	-	
31	A & N Islands	275	24	36	21	3	151	54	4	87	-	-	-	5	118	13	112	57	-	40	-	-	
32	Chandigarh	-	-	4	-	-	48	15	-	-	99	-	-	53	444	58	44	123	6	38	69	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	138	-	492	-	-	24	157	16	-	-	-	-	-	18	19	98	38	-	-	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	229	-	252	-	-	137	129	-	70	50	-	-	-	31	3	78	3	-	17	-	-	
35	Lakshadweep	43	-	149	-	-	25	35	-	35	-	-	-	88	266	13	273	60	4	-	10	-	
36	Puducherry	299	-	158	-	2	86	78	17	52	10	3	-	16	41	2	34	171	-	1	29	-	
All India		619	2	101	1	2	70	45	4	9	5	5	0	4	9	7	65	20	1	11	19	-	

Table (23.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	534	-	104	-	-	-	256	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	17	72	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	754	-	-	-	-	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	123	-
4	Bihar	185	-	281	-	-	310	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	513	-	-	-	-	-	182	-	-	-	-	-	305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	239	-	-	-	630	-	-	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	680	-	47	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	151	-	34	-	-
9	Haryana	914	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	204	-	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	473	-	284	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	689	-	112	-	-	48	90	-	-	-	37	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	333	-	233	-	-	252	121	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	299	-	-	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	150	-	-	-	115	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	669	-	-	-	-	-	153	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166	-
16	Maharashtra	689	-	-	-	-	12	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	12	-	72	60	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	958	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	382	-	107	-	-	102	38	-	40	-	12	-	-	115	-	181	-	-	22	-	-
22	Punjab	882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	58	432	-	-	-	-	309	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	712	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	220	-	7	-	-	218	184	-	-	-	110	-	-	232	29	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	284	144	134	-	-	-	425	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	613	-	-	-	-	113	-	-	-	-	153	-	-	-	-	122	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	343	-	6	-	-	146	17	304	60	72	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	12	-
30	West Bengal	580	-	-	-	-	-	112	-	-	-	222	-	-	-	-	86	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All India		439	16	81	-	-	97	126	37	12	11	24	-	7	32	8	59	6	7	15	23	-

Table (23.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	688	5	64	2	1	72	42	33	13	5	3	1	3	2	12	26	7	2	16	3	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	703	1	57	10	0	16	82	4	10	-	4	-	-	54	7	35	4	-	1	12	-	
3	Assam	582	3	39	2	3	73	109	31	10	2	5	1	2	14	18	66	9	0	17	14	-	
4	Bihar	576	1	58	1	1	140	94	35	9	2	5	1	3	6	6	38	6	1	13	4	-	
5	Chhattisgarh	849	1	22	1	0	42	26	7	2	1	2	-	3	2	8	26	4	-	3	1	-	
6	Delhi	257	-	59	18	6	89	127	162	7	10	15	9	12	68	57	9	64	-	15	15	-	
7	Goa	173	6	123	4	-	129	148	130	71	1	3	-	9	7	153	27	8	1	4	4	-	
8	Gujarat	682	3	102	3	2	52	41	42	6	4	4	0	2	9	5	23	6	1	11	2	-	
9	Haryana	501	0	67	3	3	175	65	48	1	13	7	1	9	13	24	38	18	2	10	2	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	234	1	63	34	25	179	84	75	29	17	15	1	16	14	66	101	17	2	14	11	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	438	-	76	5	10	111	68	43	11	6	8	-	6	9	75	95	28	-	9	2	-	
12	Jharkhand	562	11	59	0	2	134	80	37	8	1	8	0	1	12	9	48	6	0	14	6	-	
13	Karnataka	686	2	81	1	1	52	63	30	12	3	4	1	3	7	8	25	5	1	9	6	-	
14	Kerala	298	5	103	3	2	146	120	94	27	12	16	3	12	29	15	55	27	4	19	13	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	672	1	45	0	1	170	36	15	5	1	1	1	3	4	5	20	5	0	13	2	-	
16	Maharashtra	765	3	38	2	1	42	52	26	8	2	3	1	3	8	9	23	5	1	5	3	-	
17	Manipur	481	1	99	1	-	159	80	42	2	3	-	-	3	2	66	34	8	3	6	10	-	
18	Meghalaya	756	32	16	-	-	64	26	21	2	1	-	-	1	4	14	49	4	-	3	6	-	
19	Mizoram	738	0	23	1	-	39	69	11	7	-	-	2	-	16	15	38	12	-	5	22	-	
20	Nagaland	704	3	11	1	1	33	38	16	-	3	3	-	1	19	85	52	17	-	11	3	-	
21	Odisha	502	8	66	3	3	153	87	40	15	2	13	0	2	15	16	52	8	1	13	2	-	
22	Punjab	468	1	92	8	8	160	75	40	10	5	6	0	9	9	24	42	13	1	16	13	-	
23	Rajasthan	522	11	62	4	2	174	78	43	14	2	3	1	2	5	10	45	8	2	10	2	-	
24	Sikkim	419	-	40	-	15	241	38	61	21	-	1	-	12	14	74	52	4	-	8	0	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	479	3	133	2	5	150	72	49	16	9	8	0	4	8	10	25	8	0	16	3	-	
26	Telangana	730	3	71	1	1	61	41	34	5	1	3	0	1	4	5	19	6	1	12	2	-	
27	Tripura	316	-	57	-	-	413	55	40	1	1	5	-	1	39	18	27	7	-	1	18	-	
28	Uttarakhand	482	3	60	3	8	130	78	40	34	2	10	1	0	19	28	74	14	-	14	1	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	552	1	90	1	3	154	70	38	10	2	5	0	5	11	7	30	5	1	12	2	-	
30	West Bengal	488	3	165	1	2	117	76	43	13	3	3	0	5	11	11	24	7	4	11	12	-	
31	A & N Islands	322	2	21	15	5	244	73	113	47	1	4	-	1	65	4	59	8	-	16	-	-	
32	Chandigarh	231	6	90	-	-	125	98	174	4	3	-	-	5	79	84	39	-	15	19	29	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	296	19	349	9	9	82	48	88	1	1	-	-	-	0	22	54	22	-	-	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	224	2	358	4	-	21	137	42	29	1	7	-	2	58	12	57	5	-	31	11	-	
35	Lakshadweep	99	-	5	5	7	306	55	9	-	5	-	-	5	235	-	213	11	15	10	20	-	
36	Puducherry	341	7	216	1	4	130	73	66	23	13	6	-	0	50	23	7	18	4	13	4	-	
All India		589	4	78	2	2	119	68	37	11	3	5	1	4	9	11	34	7	1	12	4	-	

Table (23.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	625	7	66	4	2	94	46	55	13	6	4	1	3	4	16	26	4	1	18	3	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	653	2	36	17	0	21	98	6	8	-	7	-	-	80	12	46	2	-	2	7	-	
3	Assam	545	3	36	2	3	89	133	39	12	3	6	1	2	16	22	58	4	1	17	8	-	
4	Bihar	527	1	60	2	1	164	106	42	11	2	6	1	4	7	7	35	6	1	15	4	-	
5	Chhattisgarh	795	2	31	2	1	57	40	13	3	2	4	-	4	3	13	22	5	-	4	0	-	
6	Delhi	210	-	64	22	7	108	123	171	9	12	19	11	15	65	71	4	76	-	14	-	-	
7	Goa	209	3	64	5	-	157	132	166	81	-	-	-	12	5	140	7	10	-	4	5	-	
8	Gujarat	649	3	108	4	2	60	47	53	8	4	5	0	3	11	6	16	5	1	13	1	-	
9	Haryana	460	1	75	4	3	188	79	62	1	15	8	2	11	16	28	20	10	3	13	0	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	193	1	67	41	28	200	94	91	32	21	18	2	19	17	79	52	21	2	14	7	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	466	-	73	6	10	117	72	46	12	6	5	-	6	8	79	64	18	-	10	1	-	
12	Jharkhand	419	14	71	0	2	183	108	59	9	2	13	0	2	18	14	55	3	1	19	5	-	
13	Karnataka	663	3	69	2	2	64	71	43	15	3	5	1	3	9	10	19	4	1	10	4	-	
14	Kerala	297	6	84	3	1	178	141	120	30	12	12	3	13	19	14	27	11	4	20	5	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	660	1	45	0	1	177	40	18	5	1	1	1	4	5	5	15	3	0	15	2	-	
16	Maharashtra	701	3	47	3	2	55	65	41	12	3	5	1	4	12	13	20	3	1	7	2	-	
17	Manipur	573	2	15	1	-	85	51	75	0	5	-	-	5	3	108	40	7	6	11	12	-	
18	Meghalaya	776	40	5	-	-	46	15	35	1	1	-	-	2	4	20	40	6	-	2	8	-	
19	Mizoram	719	0	29	3	-	44	32	21	4	-	-	-	-	25	28	62	14	-	5	16	-	
20	Nagaland	609	6	10	2	2	47	47	27	-	5	3	-	1	21	130	63	13	-	10	4	-	
21	Odisha	449	8	62	4	4	174	104	52	18	3	16	0	3	17	21	41	6	1	15	1	-	
22	Punjab	495	1	89	9	8	171	81	45	11	5	7	1	10	6	23	16	6	0	16	1	-	
23	Rajasthan	441	14	70	6	2	181	107	62	19	3	4	1	3	6	12	45	5	2	14	2	-	
24	Sikkim	399	-	46	-	24	150	34	101	17	-	1	-	16	23	122	50	7	-	8	1	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	425	5	145	4	3	129	92	79	21	12	10	0	6	10	12	18	4	1	22	2	-	
26	Telangana	684	4	47	0	2	81	57	58	5	2	4	1	1	3	9	21	6	1	14	2	-	
27	Tripura	413	-	53	-	-	296	87	65	1	2	8	-	1	3	30	23	-	-	1	14	-	
28	Uttarakhand	409	4	70	3	4	146	89	52	44	2	9	1	1	25	38	77	10	-	15	1	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	525	1	92	2	3	168	77	42	11	3	6	0	5	12	7	25	4	2	13	2	-	
30	West Bengal	490	4	132	1	2	134	87	53	15	3	4	1	6	12	12	17	4	4	12	7	-	
31	A & N Islands	312	-	20	11	7	270	81	150	26	1	5	-	1	63	4	37	2	-	12	-	-	
32	Chandigarh	240	6	94	-	-	125	101	181	4	3	-	-	6	66	87	41	-	-	20	30	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	351	24	288	11	11	98	23	109	1	1	-	-	-	0	27	40	15	-	-	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	227	3	342	5	-	25	161	50	33	1	8	-	2	69	14	20	4	-	24	14	-	
35	Lakshadweep	175	-	9	8	13	522	96	16	-	8	-	-	9	74	-	18	19	13	18	-	-	
36	Puducherry	232	10	219	2	6	176	78	96	34	18	8	-	0	46	32	7	11	6	18	-	-	
All India		543	4	77	3	3	136	82	49	13	4	6	1	5	11	13	28	5	1	14	3	-	

Table (23.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	777	1	60	0	1	40	36	1	14	3	1	-	2	0	5	25	12	5	14	2	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	764	-	86	1	-	9	63	-	12	-	0	-	-	20	-	21	6	-	-	17	-	
3	Assam	704	2	50	1	-	19	32	2	5	0	1	-	3	7	3	94	26	0	16	34	-	
4	Bihar	805	0	51	-	0	26	36	0	2	1	3	-	-	1	1	56	8	-	4	4	-	
5	Chhattisgarh	924	-	9	-	-	21	7	-	1	0	-	-	-	-	1	31	2	-	1	2	-	
6	Delhi	463	-	40	-	-	3	147	123	-	4	-	-	-	79	-	31	11	-	18	82	-	
7	Goa	44	14	334	2	-	29	205	-	36	4	14	-	-	12	199	102	-	5	-	-	-	
8	Gujarat	793	3	82	0	-	27	19	3	0	2	1	-	-	2	1	48	9	-	5	3	-	
9	Haryana	640	-	42	0	0	131	19	0	-	3	4	-	1	5	7	96	44	-	0	7	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	414	-	47	3	12	87	41	7	14	-	1	-	3	1	13	312	1	-	15	29	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	167	-	103	-	5	49	25	15	2	9	34	-	2	16	34	407	127	-	1	6	-	
12	Jharkhand	796	6	39	-	2	53	34	1	5	-	-	-	0	1	2	37	10	-	5	8	-	
13	Karnataka	739	1	106	-	-	25	44	2	6	1	1	0	2	4	3	40	9	-	5	11	-	
14	Kerala	302	1	155	2	4	61	66	24	19	13	25	0	9	57	15	127	68	4	15	34	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	719	1	47	-	0	146	19	2	3	0	-	-	1	1	2	39	13	-	3	3	-	
16	Maharashtra	871	3	24	1	0	18	31	1	2	1	0	-	1	2	3	28	9	-	2	5	-	
17	Manipur	361	1	208	-	-	255	117	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	10	27	8	-	-	8	-	
18	Meghalaya	726	20	32	-	-	93	44	1	3	-	-	-	-	4	6	62	2	-	4	3	-	
19	Mizoram	760	-	17	-	-	34	112	-	11	-	-	5	-	5	-	11	10	-	6	29	-	
20	Nagaland	833	-	12	-	-	13	25	-	-	-	2	-	-	18	25	37	21	-	13	0	-	
21	Odisha	678	7	75	-	-	86	30	2	4	1	3	-	-	4	2	85	13	0	4	5	-	
22	Punjab	256	-	122	-	4	82	28	4	-	2	1	-	4	32	28	244	66	6	15	106	-	
23	Rajasthan	698	2	47	0	1	161	15	0	3	0	0	0	-	3	5	44	15	1	2	2	-	
24	Sikkim	447	-	32	-	-	378	44	-	28	-	1	-	6	-	1	55	-	-	8	-	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	559	1	114	0	7	182	42	4	10	4	4	-	1	3	6	36	15	0	7	5	-	
26	Telangana	792	0	103	1	-	35	18	2	6	-	2	-	1	6	1	17	6	-	10	1	-	
27	Tripura	166	-	63	-	-	593	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	95	-	34	18	-	1	24	-	
28	Uttarakhand	697	-	32	2	20	83	47	5	1	0	11	-	-	-	-	64	25	-	12	-	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	720	2	76	0	0	66	29	12	5	1	0	-	0	3	3	63	9	1	6	2	-	
30	West Bengal	481	0	293	-	3	55	33	2	6	1	2	-	1	4	8	54	17	0	8	32	-	
31	A & N Islands	354	8	24	28	-	165	49	-	115	-	-	-	-	73	4	125	26	-	29	-	-	
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	140	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	424	-	-	-	426	-	-	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	72	-	596	-	-	19	147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	53	-	-	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	206	-	440	-	-	-	9	-	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	256	14	-	68	-	-	
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445	-	468	-	17	-	46	-	
36	Puducherry	578	-	209	-	-	29	63	1	-	2	-	-	-	59	3	7	33	-	3	12	-	
All India		716	2	79	0	1	72	31	3	5	1	2	0	1	5	4	49	14	1	6	8	-	

Table (23.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	653	-	88	-	-	-	163	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	860	-	-	-	-	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	185	-	281	-	-	310	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	627	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	880	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	492	-	296	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	756	-	123	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	472	-	190	-	-	166	172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	804	-	-	-	-	-	196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	403	-	113	-	-	107	40	-	-	-	13	-	-	121	-	180	-	-	23	-	-
22	Punjab	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	72	541	-	-	-	-	202	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	472	-	15	-	-	268	9	-	-	-	235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	445	-	154	-	-	-	401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	696	-	-	-	-	129	-	-	-	-	175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	448	-	-	-	-	149	-	388	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
30	West Bengal	873	-	-	-	-	-	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All India		571	9	72	-	-	99	79	48	-	-	20	-	10	14	2	52	-	9	12	2	-

Table (23.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	92	10	169	9	4	128	209	88	35	16	25	9	13	14	31	60	25	3	52	11	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	164	2	52	4	3	52	257	22	57	6	5	-	8	124	65	139	23	4	6	6	-	
3	Assam	65	4	111	6	5	55	281	64	18	16	20	3	26	47	76	97	36	3	43	23	-	
4	Bihar	86	0	98	4	1	129	295	86	37	8	29	2	23	29	14	89	23	1	27	18	0	
5	Chhattisgarh	63	2	140	5	2	112	235	56	52	15	34	4	8	42	34	92	33	3	51	15	-	
6	Delhi	12	0	179	4	8	61	242	90	26	34	41	13	49	61	47	49	31	5	28	20	-	
7	Goa	8	6	174	2	13	83	132	76	98	9	24	3	20	96	76	59	69	-	22	30	-	
8	Gujarat	52	4	288	7	3	59	235	75	35	14	22	4	26	36	25	51	21	2	27	16	-	
9	Haryana	41	-	181	11	7	76	226	63	20	27	43	27	46	33	47	91	31	3	23	7	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	36	-	107	71	27	77	165	99	28	18	51	2	17	45	84	115	26	5	20	5	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	128	-	55	9	9	72	188	58	13	13	29	3	29	18	148	174	34	-	8	11	-	
12	Jharkhand	39	70	103	4	3	73	294	80	20	8	59	1	32	30	17	93	22	-	36	18	-	
13	Karnataka	106	3	197	5	3	95	194	69	36	49	22	8	29	34	25	67	17	2	28	13	-	
14	Kerala	124	1	134	3	1	157	156	105	32	28	27	4	21	46	36	53	26	5	20	19	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	78	6	121	8	4	137	268	60	34	13	21	9	31	24	34	75	19	4	34	19	-	
16	Maharashtra	67	2	181	6	4	98	229	85	40	21	29	8	23	43	32	57	20	6	27	21	-	
17	Manipur	230	-	108	-	-	81	211	52	78	4	2	-	-	24	91	75	17	0	22	6	0	
18	Meghalaya	92	5	45	1	44	210	147	63	25	1	23	0	19	28	85	95	25	7	36	51	-	
19	Mizoram	241	3	67	-	4	105	164	26	17	2	1	2	18	85	123	84	25	-	27	5	-	
20	Nagaland	197	3	56	-	2	38	182	38	13	2	6	0	3	53	198	120	18	2	48	21	-	
21	Odisha	84	9	97	13	10	150	233	72	23	10	45	0	16	44	34	90	17	2	28	23	-	
22	Punjab	62	1	209	15	7	93	219	72	32	20	33	18	27	24	29	71	24	6	24	15	-	
23	Rajasthan	41	7	180	10	17	112	231	77	23	17	40	10	29	23	24	103	13	3	34	5	-	
24	Sikkim	6	-	35	-	0	115	350	74	34	7	77	-	30	49	93	45	9	22	30	25	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	123	4	241	4	5	104	153	75	29	35	26	7	21	36	16	47	20	5	28	22	-	
26	Telangana	65	12	154	5	1	124	191	94	30	67	31	7	31	24	22	59	24	1	23	37	-	
27	Tripura	18	-	39	-	-	239	189	135	25	-	-	-	1	26	141	115	14	-	22	34	-	
28	Uttarakhand	50	1	155	9	5	103	243	41	40	16	23	7	21	55	52	105	33	1	33	6	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	60	2	209	4	5	120	245	70	23	16	22	7	28	31	27	62	23	3	29	14	-	
30	West Bengal	45	4	233	6	8	86	202	89	30	13	19	5	32	52	33	51	22	6	24	41	-	
31	A & N Islands	38	33	43	-	13	144	126	106	2	11	12	-	22	156	156	48	32	11	28	18	-	
32	Chandigarh	24	3	110	-	10	208	117	55	3	28	0	5	24	229	68	10	24	7	26	48	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	148	-	399	10	15	88	141	48	30	-	21	4	3	16	37	22	5	-	12	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	260	-	289	3	-	78	108	60	76	23	24	-	10	35	12	6	9	6	1	-	-	
35	Lakshadweep	84	-	73	-	-	95	79	180	9	9	2	-	27	238	21	100	52	-	29	-	-	
36	Puducherry	40	-	155	17	8	168	133	41	73	44	15	-	62	59	25	30	102	-	15	13	-	
	All India	74	5	186	6	5	104	216	78	31	24	28	7	26	37	32	65	22	4	29	20	0	

Table (23.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																					
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	Andhra Pradesh	85	8	159	11	4	142	219	115	31	16	30	12	14	17	34	42	15	2	40	5	-	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	122	1	48	5	4	54	269	26	51	8	7	-	7	138	84	142	23	5	5	-	-	
3	Assam	64	5	108	8	6	67	317	79	18	13	21	3	22	44	74	71	28	4	36	12	-	
4	Bihar	82	0	94	4	2	133	312	93	37	8	31	2	23	28	15	73	19	1	27	15	0	
5	Chhattisgarh	53	2	140	6	2	107	259	68	57	17	39	6	9	46	41	70	23	3	44	8	-	
6	Delhi	11	0	183	5	9	65	259	101	29	36	41	15	50	60	50	29	22	4	23	8	-	
7	Goa	1	8	187	3	18	98	130	104	125	8	24	3	21	85	83	30	45	-	21	6	-	
8	Gujarat	47	3	294	8	4	61	255	82	36	15	23	4	27	35	25	35	14	1	24	6	-	
9	Haryana	40	-	189	12	6	83	251	71	22	22	48	30	45	34	52	43	25	3	22	2	-	
10	Himachal Pradesh	45	-	93	35	34	88	184	121	34	20	56	3	20	39	101	87	25	6	6	4	-	
11	Jammu & Kashmir	138	-	44	10	11	83	214	66	15	12	29	4	31	21	159	119	30	-	9	7	-	
12	Jharkhand	29	78	95	5	3	73	323	91	20	8	62	1	34	31	19	73	12	-	32	13	-	
13	Karnataka	102	4	174	6	4	100	217	89	38	51	24	10	30	33	26	47	12	2	27	5	-	
14	Kerala	118	2	114	4	1	203	178	141	32	28	23	6	20	31	32	24	11	7	18	8	-	
15	Madhya Pradesh	73	5	116	9	4	142	285	66	35	14	22	9	33	25	36	59	16	4	33	11	-	
16	Maharashtra	55	2	183	7	4	106	243	97	41	19	28	9	24	45	34	47	15	7	25	8	-	
17	Manipur	181	-	61	-	-	102	219	71	87	5	2	-	-	30	112	88	9	-	27	6	0	
18	Meghalaya	106	7	66	1	37	312	133	102	12	1	37	-	19	32	71	46	4	11	1	2	-	
19	Mizoram	173	2	69	-	6	123	115	47	2	3	2	2	31	113	183	80	17	-	26	7	-	
20	Nagaland	133	4	65	-	4	52	163	60	12	3	9	1	4	55	241	113	9	3	57	12	-	
21	Odisha	76	11	102	15	11	145	254	84	23	10	47	1	18	48	36	70	10	1	28	10	-	
22	Punjab	66	1	214	16	8	103	238	80	36	22	33	20	29	21	30	37	15	6	22	5	-	
23	Rajasthan	35	5	167	11	17	118	245	85	26	18	41	12	31	24	25	89	12	3	33	2	-	
24	Sikkim	3	-	28	-	0	130	325	99	31	9	76	-	33	47	111	34	10	30	24	9	-	
25	Tamil Nadu	96	5	230	5	5	128	172	97	30	35	27	9	22	38	18	29	11	6	28	8	-	
26	Telangana	47	13	137	5	1	127	212	119	29	73	36	8	35	27	22	46	19	1	24	19	-	
27	Tripura	21	-	42	-	-	215	244	154	11	-	-	-	1	35	144	87	8	-	26	10	-	
28	Uttarakhand	54	1	159	11	5	112	251	47	46	16	20	7	20	58	54	73	26	1	36	3	-	
29	Uttar Pradesh	58	2	206	5	5	126	256	74	24	16	22	7	29	31	28	51	20	3	29	9	-	
30	West Bengal	43	4	221	7	9	100	225	103	29	12	20	6	37	58	37	33	14	7	22	14	-	
31	A & N Islands	41	25	37	-	12	151	138	126	2	13	15	-	21	134	181	44	6	13	18	22	-	
32	Chandigarh	26	4	122	-	11	226	129	61	3	20	0	6	21	205	70	6	13	7	25	45	-	
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	129	-	420	11	17	94	136	47	34	-	23	4	3	10	33	17	6	-	14	-	-	
34	Daman & Diu	264	-	305	3	-	61	98	70	74	16	28	-	12	34	14	4	10	7	1	-	-	
35	Lakshadweep	92	-	41	-	-	115	88	229	-	12	2	-	3	244	22	68	46	-	37	-	-	
36	Puducherry	30	-	169	24	10	180	148	44	65	54	18	-	74	71	34	21	36	-	21	1	-	
	All India	65	5	180	7	6	114	237	92	32	23	28	8	28	38	34	47	16	4	27	9	0	

Table (23.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	116	15	199	4	2	84	173	3	47	17	12	-	8	3	20	116	57	5	88	30	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	308	7	65	-	-	44	215	8	78	-	-	-	14	73	2	130	24	-	8	26	-
3	Assam	67	-	125	-	1	5	126	1	18	26	16	-	45	61	86	211	72	0	75	66	-
4	Bihar	138	-	146	-	-	83	112	7	33	3	1	5	21	38	2	270	69	-	27	45	-
5	Chhattisgarh	103	1	141	0	-	133	140	12	34	4	15	-	7	29	7	180	73	4	77	41	-
6	Delhi	18	-	151	-	3	35	122	20	13	19	43	2	37	69	28	182	88	9	66	95	-
7	Goa	25	-	139	-	-	41	138	-	21	14	23	-	18	127	56	139	137	-	25	96	-
8	Gujarat	89	8	245	-	1	38	85	20	29	9	13	3	12	39	24	170	65	11	49	92	-
9	Haryana	51	-	128	-	14	31	55	6	3	52	11	7	54	28	14	411	69	-	29	36	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	168	231	-	33	74	3	3	8	32	-	7	69	12	240	30	-	80	9	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	67	-	122	-	-	0	23	11	1	21	25	-	15	4	83	527	66	-	1	34	-
12	Jharkhand	102	21	155	-	2	71	118	14	18	6	40	-	19	27	5	211	84	-	60	46	-
13	Karnataka	119	-	264	2	0	78	125	8	32	44	18	3	25	35	20	124	33	3	31	36	-
14	Kerala	139	1	184	1	2	37	96	12	35	27	38	-	26	83	48	129	67	2	26	47	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	118	10	157	3	1	94	128	12	23	9	18	4	16	18	17	208	42	-	37	84	-
16	Maharashtra	133	-	176	1	3	51	148	15	34	30	34	5	18	35	21	111	48	2	37	97	-
17	Manipur	347	-	220	-	-	31	189	4	56	0	4	-	-	11	41	43	37	0	10	6	-
18	Meghalaya	71	-	12	-	56	48	168	2	45	0	-	0	18	22	108	173	60	-	91	128	-
19	Mizoram	333	3	66	-	1	82	230	-	37	2	0	2	-	49	47	81	36	-	28	3	-
20	Nagaland	304	-	42	-	-	15	212	2	15	-	-	0	1	49	128	130	33	-	33	36	-
21	Odisha	129	1	72	-	2	179	106	4	18	10	35	-	9	24	21	207	54	5	31	96	-
22	Punjab	32	-	171	6	-	15	67	7	5	7	37	-	9	48	21	349	93	4	38	93	-
23	Rajasthan	90	16	284	1	19	66	119	9	2	7	34	-	11	14	8	216	23	3	40	36	-
24	Sikkim	13	-	53	-	-	71	423	-	46	-	83	-	22	53	39	74	5	-	47	71	-
25	Tamil Nadu	197	1	274	1	4	39	99	11	26	35	23	3	17	26	10	99	45	1	27	61	-
26	Telangana	121	4	207	3	1	115	124	16	34	51	14	2	18	15	23	100	38	1	20	93	-
27	Tripura	12	-	28	-	-	317	8	74	71	-	-	-	-	-	131	203	34	-	12	111	-
28	Uttarakhand	26	-	128	-	3	40	187	-	1	16	42	3	24	37	41	323	84	0	9	35	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	90	2	246	2	-	40	121	19	12	13	22	4	13	35	12	194	57	8	36	72	-
30	West Bengal	57	2	293	3	2	11	81	17	33	14	14	1	10	23	12	146	66	1	31	184	-
31	A & N Islands	25	75	73	-	14	109	69	15	-	-	-	-	22	259	44	69	152	-	75	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	4	-	-	47	15	-	-	101	-	-	54	444	58	44	125	-	39	70	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	305	-	227	-	-	37	181	58	-	-	-	-	-	65	68	60	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	236	-	190	-	-	182	168	-	91	66	-	-	-	42	4	20	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	55	-	188	-	-	25	45	-	44	-	-	-	112	218	17	220	76	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	69	-	115	-	3	133	89	31	96	17	5	-	29	25	1	56	285	-	-	43	-
All India		121	3	215	2	3	57	116	12	28	26	23	2	18	34	22	150	55	3	38	72	-

Table (23.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Industry Section based on NIC 2008 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by industry section NIC 2008																				
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	180	-	-	-	670	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	95	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	239	-	-	-	630	-	-	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	50	-	-	-	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	666	-	151	-	-
9	Haryana	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	###	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	338	-	-	458	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	424	-	-	119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	212	-	-	-	162	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	759	-
16	Maharashtra	192	-	-	-	-	31	344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	31	-	188	157	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	958	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	805	-	-	-	-	-	-	195	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	###	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	736	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	264	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	712	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	175	337	-	-	-	-	-	-	435	53	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	-	399	99	-	-	-	467	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	972	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	-	25	-	-	136	73	31	258	307	-	-	-	-	-	171	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	-	-	-	662	-	-	-	-	256	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All India		34	39	109	-	-	92	268	4	49	45	36	-	-	85	28	81	23	-	22	87	-

Table (24): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	50	28	38	25	52	190	101	44	472	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	94	31	37	53	74	617	39	10	45	-
3	Assam	109	31	74	39	64	315	67	36	266	-
4	Bihar	66	22	39	18	68	285	71	34	396	-
5	Chhattisgarh	38	20	31	14	44	414	35	21	384	-
6	Delhi	195	97	88	85	168	18	140	98	112	-
7	Goa	120	87	49	162	149	50	111	130	142	-
8	Gujarat	71	23	40	28	74	340	101	74	250	-
9	Haryana	73	50	62	50	98	287	93	67	219	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	41	32	82	97	193	185	58	104	209	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	72	59	94	66	121	222	85	48	233	-
12	Jharkhand	77	24	77	35	98	303	133	58	194	-
13	Karnataka	79	44	36	40	61	217	114	52	357	-
14	Kerala	76	64	62	49	112	90	191	107	249	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	63	20	32	16	55	378	63	25	347	-
16	Maharashtra	68	30	33	33	73	346	63	52	301	0
17	Manipur	113	40	41	50	104	381	98	62	110	-
18	Meghalaya	36	19	51	23	43	484	41	27	276	-
19	Mizoram	50	50	64	54	90	532	60	24	76	-
20	Nagaland	58	51	76	64	75	533	38	29	76	-
21	Odisha	55	32	52	34	108	278	75	51	315	-
22	Punjab	87	42	41	45	115	205	117	55	292	-
23	Rajasthan	77	31	54	24	81	369	117	62	184	-
24	Sikkim	94	61	59	110	69	267	107	86	148	-
25	Tamil Nadu	60	49	38	31	71	100	178	74	398	-
26	Telangana	60	45	35	21	52	211	100	52	425	-
27	Tripura	100	34	43	34	70	253	43	69	354	-
28	Uttarakhand	91	48	74	62	103	274	65	61	222	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	66	22	38	22	69	348	104	43	288	-
30	West Bengal	57	34	35	30	80	166	176	50	371	-
31	A & N Islands	50	27	67	63	151	180	52	116	294	-
32	Chandigarh	73	53	36	146	179	31	277	69	136	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76	5	39	44	68	195	60	150	364	-
34	Daman & Diu	124	37	40	36	109	214	114	188	137	-
35	Lakshadweep	72	102	114	199	57	93	185	89	88	-
36	Puduchery	62	40	98	71	134	24	146	85	339	-
	All India	68	33	43	30	75	272	106	52	321	0

Table (24.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	63	32	38	31	55	185	122	67	408	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	115	36	42	76	81	550	42	15	44	-
3	Assam	126	28	59	43	65	330	73	41	234	-
4	Bihar	74	22	37	20	72	300	74	38	363	-
5	Chhattisgarh	58	26	31	21	53	370	50	32	359	-
6	Delhi	214	83	75	83	171	17	144	110	104	-
7	Goa	133	44	45	144	153	60	117	161	143	-
8	Gujarat	84	24	34	31	79	321	104	86	237	-
9	Haryana	81	42	46	56	102	268	104	79	223	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	43	29	71	108	194	147	64	125	219	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	77	48	69	60	124	238	84	54	247	-
12	Jharkhand	89	24	67	39	104	277	141	68	190	-
13	Karnataka	98	46	29	44	56	244	109	70	306	-
14	Kerala	93	45	42	40	109	101	211	132	227	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	72	20	28	18	58	378	64	30	332	-
16	Maharashtra	91	34	32	41	85	306	76	73	262	0
17	Manipur	88	50	34	59	115	392	68	82	112	-
18	Meghalaya	36	12	37	20	42	490	45	41	276	-
19	Mizoram	30	64	72	75	95	483	75	43	64	-
20	Nagaland	73	64	75	74	95	439	56	48	74	-
21	Odisha	64	31	44	37	113	271	78	61	300	-
22	Punjab	94	35	25	44	111	219	120	60	293	-
23	Rajasthan	92	34	51	29	88	310	129	77	191	-
24	Sikkim	91	61	48	127	63	267	106	109	126	-
25	Tamil Nadu	78	53	37	34	76	107	201	102	311	-
26	Telangana	85	56	40	28	59	222	88	79	343	-
27	Tripura	110	18	32	37	67	270	50	83	332	-
28	Uttarakhand	107	51	73	65	98	221	74	74	238	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	71	22	32	23	70	344	105	47	285	-
30	West Bengal	65	32	30	32	83	178	154	59	366	-
31	A & N Islands	42	28	42	58	168	159	60	146	297	-
32	Chandigarh	76	44	29	117	181	34	305	77	138	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76	4	26	48	59	209	51	166	360	-
34	Daman & Diu	140	39	35	36	94	229	107	213	108	-
35	Lakshadweep	84	90	66	204	39	105	191	120	100	-
36	Puduchery	76	17	83	84	149	29	171	112	278	-
	All India	81	32	38	33	80	269	110	64	293	0

Table (24.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	29	22	37	14	47	197	66	6	583	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	55	22	29	8	61	741	35	2	47	-
3	Assam	26	43	141	23	59	244	40	12	412	-
4	Bihar	16	27	54	4	46	187	54	1	610	-
5	Chhattisgarh	5	11	29	4	28	485	12	4	422	-
6	Delhi	62	196	179	95	147	23	111	15	172	-
7	Goa	78	224	64	218	136	19	92	32	138	-
8	Gujarat	13	19	67	13	50	424	87	23	306	-
9	Haryana	31	92	158	21	78	393	35	3	191	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	29	36	124	49	194	362	31	7	168	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	22	155	315	119	101	81	98	4	105	-
12	Jharkhand	21	22	126	15	68	426	98	13	212	-
13	Karnataka	32	41	54	29	76	150	126	8	483	-
14	Kerala	30	117	117	75	120	60	134	36	312	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	18	21	54	6	39	379	58	3	421	-
16	Maharashtra	16	20	36	14	48	437	35	4	391	-
17	Manipur	177	15	57	27	76	354	172	15	107	-
18	Meghalaya	35	32	75	29	44	475	34	1	275	-
19	Mizoram	77	34	50	27	83	597	42	-	91	-
20	Nagaland	35	31	77	49	46	672	12	-	78	-
21	Odisha	12	34	91	15	82	310	64	3	388	-
22	Punjab	34	104	172	59	150	90	92	14	284	-
23	Rajasthan	16	19	67	7	53	611	69	5	153	-
24	Sikkim	103	58	100	43	89	264	109	4	230	-
25	Tamil Nadu	24	40	41	26	63	86	134	19	568	-
26	Telangana	16	26	27	10	39	191	120	5	566	-
27	Tripura	52	110	96	19	84	173	10	2	454	-
28	Uttarakhand	25	35	78	51	124	494	30	11	152	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	28	21	88	10	62	381	90	8	313	-
30	West Bengal	18	47	57	20	65	108	285	5	394	-
31	A & N Islands	79	26	158	81	90	258	19	4	285	-
32	Chandigarh	41	135	109	411	159	-	22	-	123	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76	6	107	22	112	126	102	66	383	-
34	Daman & Diu	30	27	73	39	197	126	154	36	318	-
35	Lakshadweep	38	138	252	182	110	57	169	-	55	-
36	Puducherry	24	97	138	39	96	12	83	15	495	-
	All India	22	34	61	19	60	282	92	9	421	-

Table (24.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	123	17	-	-	133	425	33	82	187	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	239	-	254	114	-	-	393	-
4	Bihar	82	-	-	-	132	174	-	-	612	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	305	-	-	182	-	-	-	513	-
6	Delhi	630	-	-	261	109	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	42	-	151	57	-	680	34	36	-	-
9	Haryana	86	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	843	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	39	284	473	-	-	204	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	117	-	49	-	-	172	146	-	515	-
13	Karnataka	121	-	-	-	60	92	235	84	406	-
14	Kerala	-	150	-	58	-	-	464	84	244	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	12	-	153	359	-	-	476	-
16	Maharashtra	40	17	-	-	97	385	72	-	388	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	286	-	-	714	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	958	-	-	42	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	101	82	125	38	206	129	-	319	-
22	Punjab	-	118	-	-	-	-	-	-	882	-
23	Rajasthan	161	53	148	-	148	-	-	-	490	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	168	-	-	110	72	175	101	-	375	-
26	Telangana	130	13	-	-	294	207	134	144	77	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	122	-	153	-	345	97	-	283	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	81	129	-	-	-	102	-	284	405	-
30	West Bengal	92	93	241	-	30	232	-	-	312	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puduchery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	78	57	46	31	84	226	78	60	341	-

Table (24.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	26	19	29	17	39	225	81	36	528	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	71	20	31	44	71	674	37	8	43	-
3	Assam	93	23	68	30	48	356	59	32	291	-
4	Bihar	53	18	34	14	63	305	66	32	414	-
5	Chhattisgarh	17	11	22	7	24	469	22	13	416	-
6	Delhi	2	14	38	50	297	167	63	181	189	-
7	Goa	62	39	70	136	155	130	126	152	129	-
8	Gujarat	25	10	23	17	42	472	75	53	283	-
9	Haryana	21	19	42	38	92	387	78	56	268	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	30	22	81	87	191	208	53	106	224	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	43	42	76	60	104	256	89	45	284	-
12	Jharkhand	36	10	68	24	94	367	136	54	209	-
13	Karnataka	41	16	21	16	41	301	85	35	446	-
14	Kerala	65	51	58	32	109	121	172	107	285	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	23	8	19	7	32	463	46	16	386	-
16	Maharashtra	27	11	16	14	45	479	34	31	343	0
17	Manipur	85	26	42	41	73	529	93	53	59	-
18	Meghalaya	22	7	49	5	19	572	32	23	271	-
19	Mizoram	31	20	45	23	28	766	26	11	50	-
20	Nagaland	35	46	62	41	52	640	25	23	77	-
21	Odisha	40	24	46	28	103	310	73	48	327	-
22	Punjab	30	17	32	33	109	278	96	46	360	-
23	Rajasthan	54	21	41	16	70	442	104	58	195	-
24	Sikkim	63	45	59	81	49	342	111	86	163	-
25	Tamil Nadu	38	24	25	22	57	133	148	65	487	-
26	Telangana	24	11	19	7	28	287	86	35	503	-
27	Tripura	47	24	39	21	61	313	45	59	392	-
28	Uttarakhand	62	32	67	57	83	346	56	58	239	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	43	12	30	15	57	411	88	39	305	-
30	West Bengal	32	16	24	15	70	215	170	40	418	-
31	A & N Islands	50	15	63	56	92	258	32	127	307	-
32	Chandigarh	6	10	52	25	295	231	188	135	58	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	48	4	57	43	23	238	67	141	379	-
34	Daman & Diu	134	43	38	36	116	178	120	136	199	-
35	Lakshadweep	36	27	212	20	255	87	212	10	140	-
36	Puduchery	43	23	20	25	82	22	149	138	497	-
	All India	39	17	32	18	59	345	87	41	362	0

Table (24.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	30	21	32	21	41	227	101	57	470	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	87	22	35	66	81	617	37	12	42	-
3	Assam	108	23	54	33	51	373	67	36	255	-
4	Bihar	59	17	32	16	66	323	69	37	379	-
5	Chhattisgarh	27	15	22	10	31	439	35	19	402	-
6	Delhi	2	10	42	57	335	132	72	191	159	-
7	Goa	66	23	68	85	146	149	141	178	143	-
8	Gujarat	31	11	18	21	45	462	78	63	273	-
9	Haryana	22	18	26	43	93	366	87	67	277	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	29	18	69	97	199	164	60	127	237	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	45	35	56	50	103	273	88	50	301	-
12	Jharkhand	41	10	61	28	102	342	146	63	206	-
13	Karnataka	52	17	15	21	36	344	83	48	385	-
14	Kerala	80	34	42	27	105	138	191	126	257	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	26	8	15	8	32	472	46	19	373	-
16	Maharashtra	38	12	13	21	53	463	43	48	309	0
17	Manipur	37	32	40	51	90	565	46	74	65	-
18	Meghalaya	23	6	38	5	23	578	28	36	265	-
19	Mizoram	21	29	69	35	23	739	32	21	31	-
20	Nagaland	47	64	65	50	75	547	37	39	76	-
21	Odisha	47	23	40	31	109	304	75	58	314	-
22	Punjab	31	15	15	31	102	296	99	49	361	-
23	Rajasthan	66	24	36	20	76	381	118	73	208	-
24	Sikkim	47	41	46	104	53	348	111	110	139	-
25	Tamil Nadu	53	28	23	27	60	151	176	96	385	-
26	Telangana	36	15	21	10	34	329	70	59	427	-
27	Tripura	53	14	23	25	60	334	54	71	365	-
28	Uttarakhand	72	37	72	62	78	283	65	72	260	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	46	13	25	16	57	409	90	42	302	-
30	West Bengal	36	16	19	16	73	233	143	48	415	-
31	A & N Islands	35	14	38	53	107	231	42	164	316	-
32	Chandigarh	6	6	49	26	295	240	195	140	44	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	45	4	39	53	6	279	52	161	359	-
34	Daman & Diu	160	31	18	40	119	182	114	149	186	-
35	Lakshadweep	65	49	-	23	115	119	380	17	232	-
36	Puduchery	56	22	21	34	117	22	175	181	373	-
	All India	46	17	28	21	63	348	91	52	333	0

Table (24.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	17	25	11	36	221	51	4	615	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	43	16	25	6	55	771	36	2	45	-
3	Assam	20	25	131	14	34	276	25	12	462	-
4	Bihar	15	22	43	3	42	194	50	1	629	-
5	Chhattisgarh	3	4	21	2	14	512	5	4	434	-
6	Delhi	-	29	19	17	112	333	21	133	335	-
7	Goa	45	103	78	333	191	56	67	51	76	-
8	Gujarat	5	6	41	6	31	508	66	19	317	-
9	Haryana	14	25	121	12	85	496	31	1	216	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	33	30	126	39	155	420	23	7	168	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	28	121	285	157	105	90	98	0	116	-
12	Jharkhand	15	10	98	9	62	479	94	14	219	-
13	Karnataka	15	13	34	4	53	201	91	4	585	-
14	Kerala	21	102	104	46	121	71	117	50	368	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	10	7	36	4	27	426	46	3	441	-
16	Maharashtra	8	9	21	3	30	506	19	2	401	-
17	Manipur	194	13	45	18	35	450	197	5	44	-
18	Meghalaya	21	8	68	4	13	565	41	1	280	-
19	Mizoram	43	9	16	8	34	798	19	-	73	-
20	Nagaland	19	21	58	27	20	768	8	-	80	-
21	Odisha	8	29	79	13	74	341	64	2	390	-
22	Punjab	19	35	173	46	169	122	78	15	343	-
23	Rajasthan	11	11	58	3	48	663	54	3	149	-
24	Sikkim	117	59	104	4	35	319	113	4	245	-
25	Tamil Nadu	15	17	28	13	52	103	103	15	654	-
26	Telangana	7	7	16	4	17	230	108	1	608	-
27	Tripura	16	75	112	-	67	215	1	-	515	-
28	Uttarakhand	26	14	47	40	103	576	25	8	161	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	21	8	73	4	53	427	76	5	334	-
30	West Bengal	12	16	43	11	55	133	296	2	432	-
31	A & N Islands	100	17	150	67	40	349	-	-	277	-
32	Chandigarh	-	140	140	-	294	-	-	-	426	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	58	-	134	-	89	70	130	58	461	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	107	144	14	98	156	151	63	267	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	479	18	433	47	-	-	24	-
36	Puduchery	13	26	20	6	-	23	88	36	789	-
	All India	14	16	45	9	45	337	74	6	455	-

Table (24.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	163	521	-	88	229	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	89	-	304	136	-	-	471	-
4	Bihar	82	-	-	-	132	174	-	-	612	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	627	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	74	-	880	-	46	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	296	492	-	-	212	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	55	-	-	195	166	-	584	-
13	Karnataka	172	-	-	-	-	131	190	-	508	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	196	407	-	-	397	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	626	-	-	374	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	286	-	-	714	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	106	87	121	40	217	136	-	293	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
23	Rajasthan	202	-	185	-	-	-	-	-	613	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	235	67	376	15	-	306	-
26	Telangana	-	-	-	-	401	325	154	-	121	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	175	-	390	111	-	324	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	16	-	-	-	135	-	375	474	-
30	West Bengal	145	-	-	-	-	364	-	-	491	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puduchery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	24	35	35	34	79	298	61	55	379	-

Table (24.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	149	65	73	56	106	45	186	80	241	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	281	126	85	122	92	150	59	26	60	-
3	Assam	211	79	111	100	170	51	119	59	100	-
4	Bihar	207	71	94	60	124	67	127	47	202	-
5	Chhattisgarh	171	82	89	63	173	54	116	76	176	-
6	Delhi	202	100	90	86	164	12	142	95	110	-
7	Goa	157	118	36	178	145	-	101	116	149	-
8	Gujarat	174	53	78	52	146	42	158	122	176	-
9	Haryana	204	126	115	81	114	36	133	95	96	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	112	99	88	166	210	28	93	94	111	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	156	107	147	83	174	120	75	58	81	-
12	Jharkhand	246	80	116	79	113	35	121	78	131	-
13	Karnataka	158	102	67	89	104	46	172	88	176	-
14	Kerala	91	79	67	72	115	51	215	107	202	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	207	64	81	50	142	66	126	60	204	-
16	Maharashtra	161	74	72	76	140	39	131	101	205	-
17	Manipur	164	65	40	66	158	116	108	80	203	-
18	Meghalaya	100	76	63	107	152	76	82	42	303	-
19	Mizoram	77	92	90	97	175	207	107	42	112	-
20	Nagaland	143	70	128	153	163	132	89	52	70	-
21	Odisha	157	81	89	70	143	65	90	71	236	-
22	Punjab	212	97	62	73	128	48	162	75	144	-
23	Rajasthan	182	77	114	61	134	38	176	85	134	-
24	Sikkim	202	114	58	209	139	3	90	87	98	-
25	Tamil Nadu	98	91	60	47	95	44	230	89	245	-
26	Telangana	149	129	76	55	112	19	134	95	231	-
27	Tripura	309	74	62	85	108	14	34	109	204	-
28	Uttarakhand	186	100	97	78	168	37	96	73	164	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	175	67	75	56	128	50	176	62	209	-
30	West Bengal	129	85	67	72	111	27	195	78	237	-
31	A & N Islands	49	55	75	78	283	9	94	92	265	-
32	Chandigarh	75	55	36	150	174	24	280	67	139	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	116	6	13	46	131	135	49	162	342	-
34	Daman & Diu	121	35	41	36	107	225	112	203	120	-
35	Lakshadweep	78	113	100	225	29	93	181	101	81	-
36	Puduchery	74	51	152	103	170	26	144	49	230	-
	All India	159	83	77	67	126	44	163	85	195	-

Table (24.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	169	65	59	61	100	50	190	99	207	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	292	128	84	143	78	119	68	31	56	-
3	Assam	244	63	90	105	161	50	118	71	98	-
4	Bihar	220	67	80	63	125	69	126	51	199	-
5	Chhattisgarh	206	75	75	71	160	43	119	94	158	-
6	Delhi	221	85	76	84	166	13	146	107	102	-
7	Goa	178	59	29	184	157	-	100	149	143	-
8	Gujarat	191	50	65	53	148	39	156	133	165	-
9	Haryana	219	100	92	85	122	36	144	106	95	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	136	104	82	178	159	35	95	114	98	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	178	89	112	89	186	129	70	65	81	-
12	Jharkhand	273	78	90	82	114	28	120	88	126	-
13	Karnataka	186	100	55	88	94	53	158	111	156	-
14	Kerala	109	59	43	57	114	53	237	139	188	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	224	58	70	53	144	66	124	66	194	-
16	Maharashtra	179	72	64	76	138	40	132	115	183	-
17	Manipur	172	80	25	72	157	106	105	94	189	-
18	Meghalaya	101	37	37	88	133	79	128	66	331	-
19	Mizoram	41	108	75	126	189	152	130	71	107	-
20	Nagaland	159	67	110	155	163	80	118	79	70	-
21	Odisha	173	81	72	75	142	68	95	80	214	-
22	Punjab	230	79	48	71	131	51	166	82	143	-
23	Rajasthan	195	73	110	63	137	32	170	91	128	-
24	Sikkim	234	126	54	204	97	3	91	104	87	-
25	Tamil Nadu	115	89	56	44	98	45	238	110	206	-
26	Telangana	178	135	78	62	105	20	122	117	184	-
27	Tripura	336	36	68	85	98	14	32	132	200	-
28	Uttarakhand	210	90	75	73	158	40	101	79	174	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	183	64	66	57	129	49	175	65	212	-
30	West Bengal	146	74	60	76	113	27	185	89	230	-
31	A & N Islands	56	57	52	68	293	11	98	108	256	-
32	Chandigarh	79	46	28	121	176	26	309	74	141	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	116	4	10	42	126	119	51	172	361	-
34	Daman & Diu	134	41	40	35	87	242	105	230	86	-
35	Lakshadweep	86	94	73	224	31	103	171	131	86	-
36	Puduchery	90	15	124	117	171	34	168	67	215	-
	All India	180	76	67	68	126	44	162	98	179	-

Table (24.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	82	64	121	38	125	29	172	16	353	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	233	116	92	31	155	281	18	-	74	-
3	Assam	65	149	201	78	211	53	128	7	108	-
4	Bihar	40	122	278	33	119	34	142	4	230	-
5	Chhattisgarh	28	111	148	29	223	104	106	2	250	-
6	Delhi	65	203	186	98	149	9	116	9	165	-
7	Goa	95	284	56	161	109	-	104	22	168	-
8	Gujarat	47	75	176	43	129	61	175	38	257	-
9	Haryana	88	323	286	50	54	38	48	10	104	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	4	78	114	114	431	-	84	4	171	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11	222	373	44	93	65	99	10	82	-
12	Jharkhand	55	96	300	57	109	88	124	8	162	-
13	Karnataka	75	109	105	91	133	24	213	17	233	-
14	Kerala	41	135	133	112	118	46	154	19	241	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	68	114	178	23	123	64	138	4	289	-
16	Maharashtra	60	83	118	79	150	38	125	18	329	-
17	Manipur	140	21	83	48	164	146	117	37	244	-
18	Meghalaya	98	142	107	139	185	70	4	1	254	-
19	Mizoram	130	71	102	56	157	287	77	-	120	-
20	Nagaland	112	77	163	150	162	232	33	-	71	-
21	Odisha	50	80	199	34	148	49	57	11	372	-
22	Punjab	66	251	170	87	109	21	122	12	160	-
23	Rajasthan	60	105	156	44	105	93	227	21	189	-
24	Sikkim	38	51	82	234	351	2	86	0	156	-
25	Tamil Nadu	48	96	74	58	89	43	209	30	354	-
26	Telangana	55	111	73	35	135	17	172	22	381	-
27	Tripura	189	245	35	89	150	14	45	9	225	-
28	Uttarakhand	17	162	262	113	247	15	61	29	94	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	72	108	189	48	123	73	188	24	176	-
30	West Bengal	35	147	100	48	99	27	251	17	275	-
31	A & N Islands	18	50	180	121	235	-	75	14	307	-
32	Chandigarh	41	135	108	416	157	-	23	-	119	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	122	22	38	79	170	268	32	86	183	-
34	Daman & Diu	40	-	49	48	230	116	155	26	336	-
35	Lakshadweep	48	177	188	228	20	59	216	-	63	-
36	Puduchery	32	151	229	65	170	3	79	-	271	-
	All India	58	115	130	65	125	43	170	19	274	-

Table (24.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	670	95	-	-	-	-	180	55	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	630	-	-	261	109	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	183	-	666	-	-	-	151	-	-	-
9	Haryana	547	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	204	-	345	287	164	-
14	Kerala	-	212	-	82	-	-	240	119	346	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	53	-	-	188	-	-	759	-
16	Maharashtra	104	45	-	-	253	-	188	-	410	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	958	-	-	42	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	195	-	-	-	-	805	-
22	Punjab	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	264	-	-	736	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	314	-	-	-	76	-	175	-	435	-
26	Telangana	360	36	-	-	107	-	99	399	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	972	-	-	-	28	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	330	478	-	-	-	-	-	-	193	-
30	West Bengal	-	256	662	-	82	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puduchery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	237	122	76	23	98	11	129	74	230	-

Table (25): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	49	28	37	24	51	188	101	44	479	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	75	25	29	42	72	646	57	9	46	-
3	Assam	100	29	67	36	65	348	66	33	257	-
4	Bihar	63	23	37	18	68	293	70	32	397	-
5	Chhattisgarh	37	21	31	14	45	411	35	21	385	-
6	Delhi	193	97	88	84	169	20	140	97	112	-
7	Goa	119	86	49	160	149	53	109	129	145	-
8	Gujarat	70	23	40	28	73	340	100	73	254	-
9	Haryana	68	48	60	47	93	292	91	63	238	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	40	31	80	95	193	183	57	102	218	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	71	59	93	65	121	220	85	48	237	-
12	Jharkhand	56	19	60	25	85	422	107	42	184	-
13	Karnataka	78	44	35	39	61	221	114	51	356	-
14	Kerala	74	64	60	48	111	91	188	104	261	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	61	20	32	16	54	376	62	26	353	-
16	Maharashtra	67	30	33	33	73	346	63	52	303	0
17	Manipur	95	40	35	41	87	337	117	52	196	-
18	Meghalaya	33	20	47	22	40	483	38	25	292	-
19	Mizoram	52	47	62	49	89	508	59	22	113	-
20	Nagaland	54	50	69	58	72	544	49	27	78	-
21	Odisha	51	29	49	31	101	294	74	47	324	-
22	Punjab	86	42	41	45	115	204	116	54	297	-
23	Rajasthan	66	28	47	21	73	403	107	54	203	-
24	Sikkim	72	48	44	86	74	288	94	65	228	-
25	Tamil Nadu	59	48	37	31	70	100	176	72	408	-
26	Telangana	59	45	35	21	52	211	99	52	427	-
27	Tripura	73	28	32	25	51	194	52	50	495	-
28	Uttarakhand	87	46	71	60	98	282	65	59	233	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	63	21	37	21	67	359	101	41	290	-
30	West Bengal	55	35	34	29	79	172	175	48	374	-
31	A & N Islands	49	27	66	62	161	179	55	114	288	-
32	Chandigarh	73	53	36	146	179	31	277	69	136	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76	5	39	44	67	195	60	150	364	-
34	Daman & Diu	124	37	40	40	108	213	113	187	137	-
35	Lakshadweep	63	92	102	183	50	93	165	171	81	-
36	Puduchery	60	39	97	70	132	24	143	91	343	-
	All India	65	32	41	29	74	283	103	50	323	0

Table (25.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	62	32	38	31	55	185	122	67	409	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	103	32	37	68	80	581	41	13	45	-
3	Assam	123	28	57	41	67	340	72	40	232	-
4	Bihar	73	23	36	20	72	301	73	38	363	-
5	Chhattisgarh	58	26	31	21	54	368	50	32	360	-
6	Delhi	213	83	75	83	171	18	144	109	104	-
7	Goa	133	44	45	144	152	61	116	161	143	-
8	Gujarat	84	24	34	31	79	321	103	86	238	-
9	Haryana	80	43	47	55	101	268	103	78	225	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	43	29	70	107	196	148	64	124	219	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	77	49	69	59	123	236	83	53	250	-
12	Jharkhand	81	23	64	36	105	310	135	62	185	-
13	Karnataka	98	45	29	44	56	245	108	69	306	-
14	Kerala	93	45	42	40	109	102	211	131	228	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	71	20	28	18	58	374	63	31	336	-
16	Maharashtra	90	34	32	41	85	307	75	73	263	0
17	Manipur	85	55	33	57	113	390	66	79	121	-
18	Meghalaya	35	13	36	19	41	499	44	40	273	-
19	Mizoram	28	61	73	71	91	467	75	40	95	-
20	Nagaland	69	62	70	69	91	453	63	46	78	-
21	Odisha	63	30	44	37	112	277	77	60	302	-
22	Punjab	93	35	26	43	111	219	120	60	294	-
23	Rajasthan	88	33	49	27	87	326	125	73	191	-
24	Sikkim	85	60	45	119	70	280	99	102	139	-
25	Tamil Nadu	78	53	36	34	76	109	201	101	312	-
26	Telangana	85	56	40	28	58	223	88	79	343	-
27	Tripura	105	20	32	35	64	257	49	79	360	-
28	Uttarakhand	106	51	72	64	97	223	75	73	239	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	69	22	32	23	70	347	104	46	287	-
30	West Bengal	65	33	30	31	83	181	153	59	366	-
31	A & N Islands	42	28	42	58	169	161	60	146	295	-
32	Chandigarh	76	44	29	117	181	34	305	77	138	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76	4	26	48	59	209	51	166	360	-
34	Daman & Diu	140	39	35	36	94	229	107	213	108	-
35	Lakshadweep	72	77	59	178	34	103	164	224	89	-
36	Puduchery	75	17	82	83	148	29	169	122	275	-
	All India	80	32	38	33	80	272	109	63	293	0

Table (25.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	27	22	35	14	45	191	66	6	594	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	36	14	19	5	62	734	81	3	47	-
3	Assam	20	32	101	17	58	373	47	11	342	-
4	Bihar	12	21	40	5	48	254	52	1	566	-
5	Chhattisgarh	5	13	30	4	30	479	12	4	422	-
6	Delhi	59	192	177	91	150	33	116	14	167	-
7	Goa	75	215	61	210	141	31	88	30	149	-
8	Gujarat	12	18	64	12	49	420	85	22	319	-
9	Haryana	21	69	111	15	62	392	41	2	286	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	27	34	115	46	181	341	29	6	221	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	22	152	308	116	98	80	100	4	121	-
12	Jharkhand	8	11	52	6	47	637	54	6	179	-
13	Karnataka	31	39	52	29	75	165	126	8	475	-
14	Kerala	27	111	107	69	114	62	127	33	349	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	16	21	51	6	38	383	54	3	429	-
16	Maharashtra	16	21	35	14	48	435	35	4	392	-
17	Manipur	109	17	38	17	47	254	197	9	312	-
18	Meghalaya	30	30	64	27	38	460	29	1	321	-
19	Mizoram	80	30	44	24	87	561	39	-	136	-
20	Nagaland	34	33	67	43	45	672	29	-	78	-
21	Odisha	8	24	65	11	63	357	65	2	404	-
22	Punjab	32	101	162	56	146	84	87	13	319	-
23	Rajasthan	10	13	41	4	37	600	60	4	231	-
24	Sikkim	50	28	44	30	81	302	85	2	378	-
25	Tamil Nadu	23	38	38	24	59	85	130	18	586	-
26	Telangana	16	26	27	10	39	192	119	5	568	-
27	Tripura	18	42	33	6	29	87	57	1	726	-
28	Uttarakhand	21	30	66	43	104	488	29	9	209	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	20	16	66	7	50	443	82	6	309	-
30	West Bengal	15	43	47	18	60	136	269	5	407	-
31	A & N Islands	73	24	147	76	135	240	37	3	265	-
32	Chandigarh	41	135	109	411	159	-	22	-	123	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76	6	107	22	112	126	102	66	383	-
34	Daman & Diu	29	26	71	66	191	122	150	35	309	-
35	Lakshadweep	35	139	236	198	103	62	170	-	56	-
36	Puduchery	23	94	134	38	93	11	80	15	512	-
	All India	19	30	52	17	55	317	87	8	416	-

Table (25.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	123	17	-	-	133	425	33	82	187	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	179	-	190	337	-	-	294	-
4	Bihar	82	-	-	-	132	174	-	-	612	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	305	-	-	182	-	-	-	513	-
6	Delhi	630	-	-	261	109	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	42	-	151	57	-	680	34	36	-	-
9	Haryana	86	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	843	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	39	284	473	-	-	204	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	90	-	61	-	-	132	112	-	605	-
13	Karnataka	121	-	-	-	60	92	235	84	406	-
14	Kerala	-	150	-	58	-	-	464	84	244	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	12	-	153	359	-	-	476	-
16	Maharashtra	40	17	-	-	97	385	72	-	388	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	286	-	-	714	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	958	-	-	42	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	101	82	125	38	206	129	-	319	-
22	Punjab	-	118	-	-	-	-	-	-	882	-
23	Rajasthan	161	53	148	-	148	-	-	-	490	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	712	288	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	168	-	-	110	72	175	101	-	375	-
26	Telangana	130	13	-	-	294	207	134	144	77	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	122	-	153	-	345	97	-	283	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	77	123	-	-	-	139	-	272	388	-
30	West Bengal	85	86	222	-	28	292	-	-	287	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puduchery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	75	55	45	30	82	236	76	58	342	-

Table (25.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	26	19	28	17	38	222	80	35	535	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	56	15	24	34	70	694	56	7	44	-
3	Assam	84	22	61	27	50	390	58	30	279	-
4	Bihar	50	18	32	14	63	313	65	30	414	-
5	Chhattisgarh	17	11	21	7	23	467	23	13	417	-
6	Delhi	2	27	35	46	301	193	58	166	173	-
7	Goa	61	39	69	133	155	131	123	150	139	-
8	Gujarat	24	10	23	17	41	471	75	52	287	-
9	Haryana	19	18	39	35	85	388	75	52	289	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	29	21	79	85	190	206	52	104	234	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	43	42	76	59	103	254	89	45	290	-
12	Jharkhand	25	9	51	17	79	487	104	37	192	-
13	Karnataka	40	16	20	16	40	306	86	34	442	-
14	Kerala	63	52	56	31	108	121	169	103	299	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	22	8	19	7	31	460	45	17	392	-
16	Maharashtra	27	11	16	14	44	479	34	30	345	0
17	Manipur	67	30	34	32	58	437	114	41	187	-
18	Meghalaya	20	6	45	5	18	568	30	21	288	-
19	Mizoram	36	19	44	21	28	725	25	10	92	-
20	Nagaland	33	42	57	37	48	648	33	22	80	-
21	Odisha	36	22	43	26	95	326	72	44	336	-
22	Punjab	30	17	32	32	109	274	95	45	366	-
23	Rajasthan	45	19	35	13	61	472	93	48	215	-
24	Sikkim	47	33	43	64	43	355	95	62	260	-
25	Tamil Nadu	37	23	24	21	56	132	145	62	500	-
26	Telangana	24	11	19	7	27	287	85	34	505	-
27	Tripura	32	20	27	14	42	228	56	40	539	-
28	Uttarakhand	58	31	63	54	78	353	54	55	253	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	40	12	29	14	55	421	86	37	306	-
30	West Bengal	30	18	23	14	68	220	169	38	420	-
31	A & N Islands	48	14	62	55	106	254	37	124	299	-
32	Chandigarh	6	10	52	25	295	231	188	135	58	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	48	4	57	43	23	238	67	142	379	-
34	Daman & Diu	134	43	38	36	116	178	121	136	199	-
35	Lakshadweep	35	26	203	19	245	94	203	9	166	-
36	Puduchery	42	23	20	25	80	21	145	135	509	-
	All India	36	16	30	17	57	356	85	39	362	0

Table (25.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	29	22	32	22	41	226	101	56	471	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	77	19	31	57	80	644	37	10	43	-
3	Assam	105	23	53	32	52	384	65	35	252	-
4	Bihar	59	19	32	16	66	324	68	37	379	-
5	Chhattisgarh	27	15	22	10	30	438	35	19	403	-
6	Delhi	2	10	39	53	331	172	67	178	148	-
7	Goa	66	23	67	85	145	150	141	179	144	-
8	Gujarat	31	11	18	21	45	462	77	62	274	-
9	Haryana	22	19	28	43	92	365	87	67	279	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	29	18	69	97	201	164	59	126	236	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	44	34	55	50	103	271	88	49	305	-
12	Jharkhand	37	10	58	25	101	376	138	56	199	-
13	Karnataka	52	17	15	21	35	345	83	47	385	-
14	Kerala	80	34	41	27	105	139	191	125	257	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	26	8	15	8	32	468	45	21	378	-
16	Maharashtra	38	12	13	21	53	463	42	48	310	0
17	Manipur	35	41	38	48	88	553	44	71	82	-
18	Meghalaya	22	6	36	5	22	587	27	35	261	-
19	Mizoram	20	27	69	33	22	708	32	20	70	-
20	Nagaland	45	59	60	47	71	559	44	38	78	-
21	Odisha	46	22	39	31	107	309	74	57	315	-
22	Punjab	31	15	16	31	102	295	98	49	362	-
23	Rajasthan	63	24	34	19	74	397	114	69	207	-
24	Sikkim	44	39	43	96	58	361	103	102	155	-
25	Tamil Nadu	52	28	23	27	61	153	175	95	385	-
26	Telangana	36	15	21	10	34	329	70	59	427	-
27	Tripura	50	16	23	24	56	314	53	67	397	-
28	Uttarakhand	71	37	71	61	77	285	65	71	262	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	45	13	25	16	57	411	89	42	303	-
30	West Bengal	36	18	20	15	73	235	141	48	414	-
31	A & N Islands	35	14	38	53	107	234	42	164	315	-
32	Chandigarh	6	6	49	26	295	240	195	140	44	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	45	4	39	53	6	279	52	162	359	-
34	Daman & Diu	160	31	18	40	119	182	114	149	186	-
35	Lakshadweep	61	47	-	21	109	131	359	16	256	-
36	Puducherry	56	22	21	34	117	22	175	181	373	-
	All India	45	17	28	21	63	351	90	51	332	0

Table (25.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	20	16	23	10	35	214	52	4	627	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	28	10	16	4	57	755	82	3	45	-
3	Assam	15	18	90	10	41	410	36	11	369	-
4	Bihar	11	18	31	4	45	263	49	1	579	-
5	Chhattisgarh	3	6	21	2	14	509	5	4	436	-
6	Delhi	-	105	16	14	168	282	18	112	284	-
7	Goa	42	95	72	307	191	64	62	47	120	-
8	Gujarat	4	6	39	5	30	499	65	18	333	-
9	Haryana	9	17	80	8	64	467	33	0	321	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	30	27	116	36	144	391	21	7	228	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	27	117	276	152	101	87	100	0	140	-
12	Jharkhand	5	6	39	3	42	671	49	5	179	-
13	Karnataka	14	12	32	4	52	220	92	4	569	-
14	Kerala	19	98	93	41	116	73	109	44	407	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	9	7	33	4	26	428	42	3	447	-
16	Maharashtra	8	10	21	3	29	505	19	2	404	-
17	Manipur	108	15	29	10	20	288	204	3	323	-
18	Meghalaya	18	6	58	4	11	540	34	1	328	-
19	Mizoram	54	9	15	7	35	745	18	-	118	-
20	Nagaland	17	19	52	24	18	769	19	-	82	-
21	Odisha	5	20	55	9	56	383	66	1	405	-
22	Punjab	17	32	159	42	163	112	72	14	389	-
23	Rajasthan	7	8	35	2	32	633	48	2	234	-
24	Sikkim	51	24	42	15	19	345	83	2	418	-
25	Tamil Nadu	13	16	25	12	48	100	101	14	671	-
26	Telangana	7	7	16	4	17	231	107	1	610	-
27	Tripura	5	27	34	-	20	96	60	-	758	-
28	Uttarakhand	22	11	39	33	85	555	23	6	226	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	15	7	53	3	42	485	68	4	324	-
30	West Bengal	10	17	34	10	51	164	273	1	440	-
31	A & N Islands	91	15	136	61	104	317	24	-	251	-
32	Chandigarh	-	140	140	-	294	-	-	-	426	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	58	-	134	-	89	70	130	58	461	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	106	143	14	98	156	154	63	266	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	467	17	422	46	-	-	48	-
36	Puducherry	12	24	19	6	-	21	81	33	804	-
	All India	11	14	37	8	41	370	71	5	443	-

Table (25.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)											
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	163	521	-	88	229	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	63	-	217	385	-	-	335	-
4	Bihar	82	-	-	-	132	174	-	-	612	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	627	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	74	-	880	-	46	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	296	492	-	-	212	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	67	-	-	145	123	-	665	-
13	Karnataka	172	-	-	-	-	131	190	-	508	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	196	407	-	-	397	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	626	-	-	374	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	286	-	-	714	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	106	87	121	40	217	136	-	293	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
23	Rajasthan	202	-	185	-	-	-	-	-	613	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	235	67	376	15	-	306	-
26	Telangana	-	-	-	-	401	325	154	-	121	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	175	-	390	111	-	324	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	15	-	-	-	181	-	355	448	-
30	West Bengal	127	-	-	-	-	440	-	-	433	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	23	34	35	33	76	309	59	53	378	-

Table (25.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	149	65	74	56	106	44	186	80	242	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	267	119	80	115	96	167	65	25	65	-
3	Assam	206	80	110	98	171	56	120	58	100	-
4	Bihar	204	72	94	59	126	68	126	47	203	-
5	Chhattisgarh	167	82	91	63	180	53	114	74	176	-
6	Delhi	200	100	90	85	164	14	143	94	110	-
7	Goa	156	117	36	177	146	4	100	116	149	-
8	Gujarat	174	53	78	52	146	42	158	122	176	-
9	Haryana	200	128	115	81	113	35	135	93	99	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	112	99	88	166	210	28	93	94	111	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	155	110	146	83	173	120	74	58	81	-
12	Jharkhand	238	79	113	76	123	39	123	76	133	-
13	Karnataka	157	102	67	89	104	46	172	88	176	-
14	Kerala	90	79	65	71	114	51	213	105	212	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	204	65	82	49	141	66	125	59	209	-
16	Maharashtra	161	74	72	76	140	39	131	100	206	-
17	Manipur	155	63	37	62	149	120	124	75	215	-
18	Meghalaya	95	85	60	108	145	76	78	40	312	-
19	Mizoram	73	85	87	88	172	211	104	38	142	-
20	Nagaland	131	80	111	132	155	171	104	45	71	-
21	Odisha	154	80	87	69	142	67	89	71	241	-
22	Punjab	211	98	61	72	128	48	162	75	144	-
23	Rajasthan	178	75	112	60	137	40	179	85	134	-
24	Sikkim	182	112	53	182	208	6	90	75	92	-
25	Tamil Nadu	98	91	60	47	95	44	230	89	246	-
26	Telangana	149	129	77	55	112	20	134	95	230	-
27	Tripura	289	69	58	80	101	13	32	102	257	-
28	Uttarakhand	185	101	97	78	167	37	100	72	163	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	174	67	75	56	129	50	178	62	209	-
30	West Bengal	128	86	67	72	111	27	195	78	237	-
31	A & N Islands	49	55	75	77	286	9	94	91	264	-
32	Chandigarh	75	55	36	150	174	24	280	67	139	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	116	6	13	46	131	135	49	162	342	-
34	Daman & Diu	121	35	41	41	106	224	111	202	119	-
35	Lakshadweep	67	101	88	204	25	93	160	192	70	-
36	Puduchery	73	51	150	102	168	25	142	61	227	-
	All India	158	83	77	67	127	44	164	84	196	-

Table (25.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	169	65	59	61	100	50	190	99	207	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	291	127	83	142	80	119	67	31	60	-
3	Assam	240	65	88	103	164	55	117	69	98	-
4	Bihar	218	69	80	62	126	69	125	51	199	-
5	Chhattisgarh	203	76	75	71	165	42	117	93	158	-
6	Delhi	221	85	76	84	166	13	146	107	102	-
7	Goa	178	59	29	184	157	-	100	149	143	-
8	Gujarat	191	50	65	53	148	39	156	133	165	-
9	Haryana	218	100	94	85	122	36	143	106	97	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	136	104	82	178	159	35	95	114	98	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	177	93	111	89	186	128	69	65	81	-
12	Jharkhand	269	79	89	80	121	29	121	87	126	-
13	Karnataka	186	100	55	88	94	53	158	111	156	-
14	Kerala	110	60	43	57	114	53	236	138	189	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	221	59	70	53	143	65	124	65	198	-
16	Maharashtra	179	72	64	76	138	40	132	115	185	-
17	Manipur	171	80	25	71	156	110	104	94	189	-
18	Meghalaya	99	46	36	86	130	83	125	65	330	-
19	Mizoram	39	103	78	119	181	154	131	67	127	-
20	Nagaland	149	73	101	142	157	104	125	73	78	-
21	Odisha	173	81	72	75	143	68	94	80	214	-
22	Punjab	230	78	48	71	130	51	167	82	142	-
23	Rajasthan	193	73	108	63	140	33	171	91	128	-
24	Sikkim	228	132	52	198	112	3	89	101	85	-
25	Tamil Nadu	115	89	56	44	98	45	238	110	206	-
26	Telangana	177	135	77	62	105	21	122	117	184	-
27	Tripura	335	36	68	85	98	14	32	131	202	-
28	Uttarakhand	209	90	74	73	157	40	104	79	173	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	183	64	66	56	130	49	175	65	212	-
30	West Bengal	146	74	60	76	113	27	184	89	230	-
31	A & N Islands	56	56	52	68	297	11	98	108	254	-
32	Chandigarh	79	46	28	121	176	26	309	74	141	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	116	4	10	42	126	119	51	172	361	-
34	Daman & Diu	134	41	40	35	87	242	105	230	86	-
35	Lakshadweep	73	80	65	193	27	100	145	244	73	-
36	Puduchery	88	14	121	115	168	33	165	84	212	-
	All India	179	76	67	68	127	44	162	98	180	-

Table (25.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	81	64	122	40	125	28	170	16	353	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	184	91	72	25	151	330	59	4	83	-
3	Assam	63	146	198	77	204	60	136	7	111	-
4	Bihar	42	107	249	29	128	54	140	3	249	-
5	Chhattisgarh	27	109	151	32	236	96	104	2	243	-
6	Delhi	62	197	185	95	149	20	121	9	161	-
7	Goa	93	278	55	158	114	13	102	21	165	-
8	Gujarat	46	74	175	42	133	60	177	38	255	-
9	Haryana	79	315	259	51	54	34	81	9	118	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	4	78	114	114	431	-	84	4	171	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11	224	372	44	93	65	99	10	82	-
12	Jharkhand	49	82	260	52	133	100	131	12	180	-
13	Karnataka	74	108	104	91	134	25	214	17	233	-
14	Kerala	38	128	124	106	112	48	152	17	273	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	64	116	174	22	121	68	135	4	297	-
16	Maharashtra	59	84	116	79	153	39	124	18	328	-
17	Manipur	115	22	68	39	134	145	173	30	276	-
18	Meghalaya	90	148	98	143	170	64	4	1	283	-
19	Mizoram	118	61	88	49	162	288	71	-	163	-
20	Nagaland	102	91	127	117	152	282	68	-	61	-
21	Odisha	45	75	182	31	137	60	60	16	395	-
22	Punjab	66	259	169	86	108	21	121	12	158	-
23	Rajasthan	54	96	140	39	114	92	243	37	183	-
24	Sikkim	49	54	55	131	491	13	96	0	111	-
25	Tamil Nadu	48	96	74	58	88	42	208	30	356	-
26	Telangana	57	110	75	35	134	17	172	21	378	-
27	Tripura	137	178	25	64	109	10	32	6	437	-
28	Uttarakhand	17	165	258	112	243	15	68	28	94	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	70	104	183	46	123	71	207	23	173	-
30	West Bengal	35	148	100	47	97	27	253	19	275	-
31	A & N Islands	18	50	180	121	235	-	75	14	307	-
32	Chandigarh	41	135	108	416	157	-	23	-	119	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	122	22	38	79	170	268	32	86	183	-
34	Daman & Diu	38	-	47	84	221	111	149	25	323	-
35	Lakshadweep	45	176	174	247	18	67	216	-	59	-
36	Puduchery	32	151	229	65	170	3	79	-	271	-
	All India	57	114	127	64	125	45	172	20	278	-

Table (25.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by Occupation Divisions based on NCO 2004 according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers by occupation division (NCO 2004)									
		Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 15	Code 6	Code 7	Code 8	Code 9	Code X
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	670	95	-	-	-	-	180	55	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	630	-	-	261	109	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	183	-	666	-	-	-	151	-	-	-
9	Haryana	547	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	204	-	345	287	164	-
14	Kerala	-	212	-	82	-	-	240	119	346	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	53	-	-	188	-	-	759	-
16	Maharashtra	104	45	-	-	253	-	188	-	410	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	958	-	-	42	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	195	-	-	-	-	805	-
22	Punjab	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	264	-	-	736	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	712	288	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	314	-	-	-	76	-	175	-	435	-
26	Telangana	360	36	-	-	107	-	99	399	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	972	-	-	-	28	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	330	478	-	-	-	-	-	-	193	-
30	West Bengal	-	256	662	-	82	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puduchery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	237	122	76	23	98	11	129	74	230	-

Table (26): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	57.7	37.8	0.4	4.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	47.1	43.3	3.7	5.9
3	Assam	67.9	25.6	1.7	4.9
4	Bihar	46.9	47.5	1.2	4.4
5	Chhattisgarh	36.2	61.9	0.6	1.2
6	Delhi	91.7	5.3	0.2	2.8
7	Goa	83.7	6.5	0.2	9.6
8	Gujarat	80.7	18.5	0.2	0.5
9	Haryana	76.5	18.7	1.3	3.5
10	Himachal Pradesh	82.8	5.4	0.3	11.5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	59.3	33.6	0.5	6.6
12	Jharkhand	49.9	40.6	5.8	3.7
13	Karnataka	70.8	27.8	0	1.4
14	Kerala	63.4	24.7	1.5	10.4
15	Madhya Pradesh	42.6	53.1	1.2	3.1
16	Maharashtra	68.6	29.4	0.5	1.6
17	Manipur	36.1	57.5	2.2	4.1
18	Meghalaya	60.2	34.1	0.7	5
19	Mizoram	57.3	39.4	1.3	1.9
20	Nagaland	64.6	26.4	2.3	6.7
21	Odisha	45.9	49	0.9	4.1
22	Punjab	63.6	30.4	0.1	5.9
23	Rajasthan	64	28.9	3.9	3.2
24	Sikkim	58.8	27.6	2.2	11.4
25	Tamil Nadu	70.7	25.2	0.2	4
26	Telangana	57.4	39.3	0.1	3.2
27	Tripura	48.9	29.4	7.9	13.9
28	Uttarakhand	69	24.3	0.6	6.1
29	Uttar Pradesh	55.8	36.5	1.4	6.3
30	West Bengal	61.2	33.9	1.2	3.7
31	A & N Islands	71.3	16.7	0.5	11.4
32	Chandigarh	96.6	0	-	3.4
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	90	7.6	-	2.4
34	Daman & Diu	91.6	8.1	-	0.3
35	Lakshadweep	72	13.2	11	3.8
36	Puducherry	75.8	19.1	-	5
All India		60.6	34.4	1.1	3.9

Table (26.1): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	62.8	33.2	0.4	3.6
2	Arunachal Pradesh	50.3	40.9	2.6	6.1
3	Assam	70.4	25.5	1.2	2.9
4	Bihar	50.6	44.1	1	4.2
5	Chhattisgarh	44.2	54	0.5	1.2
6	Delhi	92.9	4.7	0.1	2.2
7	Goa	85.6	7.1	0.1	7.2
8	Gujarat	84.9	14.4	0.2	0.6
9	Haryana	76.7	19.5	1.2	2.6
10	Himachal Pradesh	85.4	4.8	0.3	9.5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	59.3	36.4	0.5	3.8
12	Jharkhand	51.4	40.9	4.6	3.1
13	Karnataka	73.8	25	0	1.2
14	Kerala	69.3	26.8	0.3	3.5
15	Madhya Pradesh	45	51.7	1.1	2.2
16	Maharashtra	74.4	23.6	0.5	1.5
17	Manipur	35.6	58.5	2.2	3.8
18	Meghalaya	64.3	32.6	0.5	2.6
19	Mizoram	63.9	33.3	1.7	1.1
20	Nagaland	69	23.2	2.9	4.9
21	Odisha	47.5	48.8	0.6	3
22	Punjab	63.9	32.1	0.1	3.9
23	Rajasthan	65.2	29.3	2.7	2.7
24	Sikkim	67.6	25.4	1.6	5.4
25	Tamil Nadu	75	22.1	0.2	2.7
26	Telangana	64.7	33.2	0	2
27	Tripura	57.1	34.1	2.3	6.5
28	Uttarakhand	70.7	23.7	0.6	5
29	Uttar Pradesh	57.6	36.7	1.1	4.6
30	West Bengal	63.1	33.2	1	2.7
31	A & N Islands	73.9	21.4	0.4	4.2
32	Chandigarh	96.4	0	-	3.6
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	90.4	8.3	-	1.4
34	Daman & Diu	93.7	6.3	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	69.1	15.1	13.6	2.3
36	Puducherry	80.8	17.2	-	2
All India		63.5	32.7	0.9	3

Table (26.2): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	47	47.3	0.4	5.3
2	Arunachal Pradesh	41.6	46.7	6.1	5.5
3	Assam	56.4	25.5	4	14.2
4	Bihar	23.1	69.5	2.3	5.1
5	Chhattisgarh	22.9	75.2	0.7	1.3
6	Delhi	83.3	8.9	0.8	7
7	Goa	78.2	4.8	0.5	16.6
8	Gujarat	62	37.2	0.4	0.4
9	Haryana	75.3	13.8	2	8.9
10	Himachal Pradesh	69.3	8.5	0.1	22
11	Jammu & Kashmir	58.7	14.8	0.4	26.2
12	Jharkhand	41	38.6	13.2	7.1
13	Karnataka	63.1	34.9	0.1	1.9
14	Kerala	50.6	20.3	4	25.2
15	Madhya Pradesh	30.4	60.2	2	7.4
16	Maharashtra	54.1	43.5	0.5	1.8
17	Manipur	38	53.9	2.5	5.5
18	Meghalaya	53.3	36.7	0.9	9.1
19	Mizoram	48.1	48	0.9	3.1
20	Nagaland	57.2	31.7	1.3	9.7
21	Odisha	37.6	50.4	2.2	9.8
22	Punjab	61.3	18.5	0.6	19.7
23	Rajasthan	58.5	26.7	9.2	5.5
24	Sikkim	29	34.9	4.4	31.7
25	Tamil Nadu	61.2	31.9	0.2	6.6
26	Telangana	43.3	50.9	0.2	5.5
27	Tripura	28.6	17.6	21.6	32.2
28	Uttarakhand	62.5	26.2	0.4	11
29	Uttar Pradesh	38.7	35	4.4	22
30	West Bengal	52.2	37.4	2.3	8.2
31	A & N Islands	64.3	4.2	0.9	30.7
32	Chandigarh	98.1	-	-	1.9
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	88	4.7	-	7.3
34	Daman & Diu	75.7	21.9	-	2.3
35	Lakshadweep	81	7.3	3	8.7
36	Puducherry	63.6	23.9	-	12.5
	All India	49.5	41	2	7.6

Table (26.3): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	89.7	10.3	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	100	-	-
3	Assam	34.8	65.2	-	-
4	Bihar	75.7	24.3	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	36.6	63.4	-	-
6	Delhi	100	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	100	-	-	-
9	Haryana	100	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	100	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	100	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	36.6	27.6	35.8	-
13	Karnataka	38.7	61.3	-	-
14	Kerala	42.4	20.1	-	37.6
15	Madhya Pradesh	29.4	70.6	-	-
16	Maharashtra	62.7	35.1	-	2.3
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	100	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	100	-	-	-
21	Odisha	63.7	36.3	-	-
22	Punjab	11.8	88.2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	94.2	5.8	-	-
24	Sikkim	100	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	84.7	15.3	-	-
26	Telangana	57.1	42.9	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	49.8	50.2	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	65.9	28.8	-	5.3
30	West Bengal	67.5	32.5	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-
	All India	62.6	33.5	1.3	2.6

Table (26.4): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	49.4	46.1	0.5	4.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	42.4	47.5	4.1	6.1
3	Assam	65.5	28.6	1.7	4.2
4	Bihar	43.9	50.7	1.3	4.1
5	Chhattisgarh	28.9	70.1	0.5	0.5
6	Delhi	77.5	17.9	0.5	4.1
7	Goa	70.7	12.6	0.1	16.6
8	Gujarat	74.9	24.3	0.2	0.6
9	Haryana	71	24.2	1.6	3.2
10	Himachal Pradesh	80.8	6	0.3	12.9
11	Jammu & Kashmir	52	39.7	0.6	7.7
12	Jharkhand	41.4	49.2	7.3	2.2
13	Karnataka	62.4	36.4	0	1.2
14	Kerala	58.9	29.5	1.5	10.1
15	Madhya Pradesh	34.1	61.3	1.3	3.2
16	Maharashtra	59.3	38.7	0.6	1.4
17	Manipur	40.4	53.2	3.3	3.1
18	Meghalaya	54.7	41.7	0	3.5
19	Mizoram	42.8	55.5	1.3	0.4
20	Nagaland	60.6	31.7	1.8	6
21	Odisha	41.4	53.5	1	4.1
22	Punjab	55.2	38.8	0.2	5.8
23	Rajasthan	59.7	32.5	4.6	3.2
24	Sikkim	55.7	31.1	2.1	11.1
25	Tamil Nadu	62.9	32.3	0.3	4.5
26	Telangana	45	53.3	0.1	1.6
27	Tripura	41.6	34.3	10	14.2
28	Uttarakhand	63.9	28.3	0.6	7.2
29	Uttar Pradesh	50.9	41.1	1.7	6.2
30	West Bengal	52.7	42.7	1.6	3.1
31	A & N Islands	69.7	17.7	0.6	12
32	Chandigarh	94.9	0.3	-	4.9
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	89.5	8.2	-	2.2
34	Daman & Diu	91.8	8	-	0.2
35	Lakshadweep	96.5	3.5	-	-
36	Puducherry	64.1	29.1	-	6.8
All India		52.7	42.1	1.4	3.8

Table (26.5): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	53.8	41.9	0.5	3.9
2	Arunachal Pradesh	44.7	45.9	2.9	6.6
3	Assam	67.8	28.7	1.1	2.4
4	Bihar	47.6	47.2	1.1	4.1
5	Chhattisgarh	35.9	63.2	0.5	0.5
6	Delhi	77.5	18.9	0.6	2.9
7	Goa	73	14	0.2	12.9
8	Gujarat	80	19.1	0.2	0.6
9	Haryana	70.5	25.4	1.5	2.6
10	Himachal Pradesh	83.9	5.2	0.4	10.5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	52.1	42.8	0.6	4.5
12	Jharkhand	42.7	49.7	5.7	2
13	Karnataka	66.1	32.8	0	1.1
14	Kerala	65	31.7	0.1	3.2
15	Madhya Pradesh	36	60.7	1.1	2.2
16	Maharashtra	64.9	33	0.6	1.5
17	Manipur	40.7	52.7	3.6	3.1
18	Meghalaya	59.3	39.2	-	1.5
19	Mizoram	49.3	48.7	1.4	0.6
20	Nagaland	64.3	28.9	2.7	4.1
21	Odisha	42.9	53.5	0.7	3
22	Punjab	54.7	41.1	0.1	4.1
23	Rajasthan	60.2	33.8	3.2	2.9
24	Sikkim	65.1	27.8	1.5	5.6
25	Tamil Nadu	67.7	28.8	0.3	3.2
26	Telangana	50.7	48.1	0	1.2
27	Tripura	50.4	40.1	2.9	6.6
28	Uttarakhand	64.7	28.5	0.7	6.1
29	Uttar Pradesh	52.8	41.3	1.4	4.6
30	West Bengal	54.7	41.7	1.3	2.3
31	A & N Islands	70.8	23.8	0.4	5
32	Chandigarh	98	0.3	-	1.7
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	89	9.3	-	1.7
34	Daman & Diu	93.4	6.6	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	93.7	6.3	-	-
36	Puducherry	70.4	28.2	-	1.4
All India		55.5	40.3	1.1	3

Table (26.6): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	41.3	53.8	0.4	4.4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	39.3	49	6.5	5.2
3	Assam	54.7	27.7	4.6	13
4	Bihar	20.5	72.4	2.4	4.7
5	Chhattisgarh	18.7	80.3	0.6	0.4
6	Delhi	77.5	13.1	-	9.4
7	Goa	63.2	8.3	-	28.5
8	Gujarat	55.9	43.4	0.3	0.4
9	Haryana	73.6	17.6	2.4	6.4
10	Himachal Pradesh	64.4	9.9	0.2	25.6
11	Jammu & Kashmir	50.7	17.3	0.5	31.6
12	Jharkhand	33.7	46.2	16.8	3.3
13	Karnataka	53.5	45	0.1	1.4
14	Kerala	45.6	24.5	4.7	25.2
15	Madhya Pradesh	25.8	64.1	2.1	8
16	Maharashtra	49.1	49.1	0.6	1.2
17	Manipur	39	55.4	2.3	3.3
18	Meghalaya	47.1	46	0.1	6.8
19	Mizoram	34.7	64	1.1	0.2
20	Nagaland	54.7	36.1	0.3	8.9
21	Odisha	33.9	54	2.4	9.6
22	Punjab	58.7	22.6	0.8	17.9
23	Rajasthan	58	27.5	10.1	4.5
24	Sikkim	24.7	42	4.2	29.1
25	Tamil Nadu	54.2	38.9	0.1	6.8
26	Telangana	36.1	61.4	0.2	2.3
27	Tripura	20.6	20.4	26.7	32.3
28	Uttarakhand	61.1	27.2	0.4	11.3
29	Uttar Pradesh	34.2	39.5	5.1	21.2
30	West Bengal	43.4	47.1	2.8	6.7
31	A & N Islands	66.9	2.5	1.2	29.4
32	Chandigarh	51.2	-	-	48.8
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	91.8	4.1	-	4.1
34	Daman & Diu	82.4	16.5	-	1.1
35	Lakshadweep	100	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	49.5	31.1	-	19.4
	All India	42.9	48.3	2.3	6.6

Table (26.7): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	91.7	8.3	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	100	-	-
3	Assam	42.2	57.8	-	-
4	Bihar	75.7	24.3	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	45.2	54.8	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	100	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	100	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	26.5	32	41.4	-
13	Karnataka	13.1	86.9	-	-
14	Kerala	-	100	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	29.8	70.2	-	-
16	Maharashtra	66.1	33.9	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	100	-	-	-
21	Odisha	61.6	38.4	-	-
22	Punjab	-	100	-	-
23	Rajasthan	92.8	7.2	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	87.8	12.2	-	-
26	Telangana	55.5	44.5	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	56.5	43.5	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	57.2	34.8	-	8
30	West Bengal	63.6	36.4	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-
All India		58.4	39	1.8	0.7

Table (26.8): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	83.5	12.1	0.2	4.2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	83.4	11.1	0.9	4.6
3	Assam	79.3	10.9	1.4	8.3
4	Bihar	77.5	15.3	0.7	6.5
5	Chhattisgarh	78.9	14.3	1	5.9
6	Delhi	92.1	4.9	0.2	2.8
7	Goa	91.3	2.9	0.2	5.6
8	Gujarat	93.4	6	0.1	0.5
9	Haryana	87.6	7.5	0.7	4.3
10	Himachal Pradesh	96.1	1.6	-	2.3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	81.7	14.9	0.4	3.1
12	Jharkhand	76.1	14.1	1.3	8.4
13	Karnataka	86.6	11.7	-	1.7
14	Kerala	68.8	19	1.4	10.8
15	Madhya Pradesh	71.4	25.1	1.1	2.4
16	Maharashtra	87.9	9.9	0.3	1.9
17	Manipur	30.6	63.1	0.9	5.5
18	Meghalaya	77.5	10.1	2.6	9.9
19	Mizoram	74.4	20.4	1.4	3.8
20	Nagaland	74.9	12.8	3.7	8.7
21	Odisha	73.9	21.4	0.1	4.6
22	Punjab	81.8	12	0	6.2
23	Rajasthan	81.7	14	0.9	3.4
24	Sikkim	69.3	15.8	2.4	12.5
25	Tamil Nadu	82.1	14.6	0.1	3.2
26	Telangana	79.6	14.2	0.1	6
27	Tripura	76.3	10.8	0	12.9
28	Uttarakhand	86	11	0.4	2.6
29	Uttar Pradesh	76	17.3	0.2	6.5
30	West Bengal	84.2	10.3	0.2	5.3
31	A & N Islands	74.9	14.6	0.4	10.2
32	Chandigarh	96.6	-	-	3.4
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	90.6	6.8	-	2.6
34	Daman & Diu	91.5	8.2	-	0.3
35	Lakshadweep	68.9	14.4	12.4	4.3
36	Puducherry	82.4	13.6	-	4
All India		82.1	13.2	0.4	4.3

Table (26.9): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	86.4	10.8	0.1	2.7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	85.6	10.2	0.8	3.4
3	Assam	83.4	9.5	1.5	5.6
4	Bihar	78.1	15.3	0.7	5.9
5	Chhattisgarh	80.6	14	0.9	4.5
6	Delhi	93.4	4.3	0.1	2.2
7	Goa	93.5	2.9	-	3.7
8	Gujarat	94.4	5.1	-	0.5
9	Haryana	88.8	7.8	0.6	2.7
10	Himachal Pradesh	95.7	1.8	-	2.4
11	Jammu & Kashmir	82.2	16	0.4	1.4
12	Jharkhand	77.7	14.3	1.4	6.7
13	Karnataka	87.5	11.2	-	1.3
14	Kerala	74.7	20.9	0.6	3.9
15	Madhya Pradesh	72.9	23.9	1	2.3
16	Maharashtra	89.6	8.8	0.3	1.3
17	Manipur	28.9	66.1	0.3	4.7
18	Meghalaya	80.5	11.5	2.1	6
19	Mizoram	80	16.3	2	1.7
20	Nagaland	80.2	9.4	3.5	6.9
21	Odisha	75.2	21.2	0.1	3.6
22	Punjab	84.1	12.3	-	3.5
23	Rajasthan	83.6	13.3	0.8	2.2
24	Sikkim	75.6	17.8	1.7	4.9
25	Tamil Nadu	84.4	13.5	0	2.2
26	Telangana	85.3	11.4	0.1	3.2
27	Tripura	81.2	12.7	0	6.1
28	Uttarakhand	88.3	9.6	0.5	1.6
29	Uttar Pradesh	77.7	17.6	0.1	4.6
30	West Bengal	85.6	10.4	0.1	3.9
31	A & N Islands	80.3	16.5	0.5	2.6
32	Chandigarh	96.4	-	-	3.6
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	92.2	6.9	-	0.9
34	Daman & Diu	93.8	6.2	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	66.9	15.8	14.8	2.5
36	Puducherry	86.5	11.2	-	2.3
	All India	84.2	12.6	0.3	2.9

Table (26.10): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	74.1	16.4	0.4	9.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	73.9	15	1	10.1
3	Assam	63.5	15.9	1.2	19.4
4	Bihar	71.2	15.5	0.3	13.1
5	Chhattisgarh	72.3	14.9	1.3	11.5
6	Delhi	83.6	8.7	0.9	6.9
7	Goa	85.7	3	0.7	10.6
8	Gujarat	86.2	12.2	0.8	0.8
9	Haryana	79	5.2	1	14.7
10	Himachal Pradesh	97.5	0.6	-	1.9
11	Jammu & Kashmir	78.4	8.5	0.3	12.8
12	Jharkhand	65.9	13.1	1.1	19.9
13	Karnataka	83.7	13.3	-	3
14	Kerala	56.4	15.3	3.1	25.1
15	Madhya Pradesh	58.4	36.3	1.5	3.8
16	Maharashtra	78.9	16	0.2	5
17	Manipur	36.7	52.1	2.9	8.3
18	Meghalaya	72.6	7.9	3.3	16.1
19	Mizoram	65.8	26.7	0.5	6.9
20	Nagaland	64.6	19.2	4.1	12.1
21	Odisha	65.9	22.9	0.3	10.9
22	Punjab	66.4	10.2	0.1	23.3
23	Rajasthan	63.3	20.4	1.6	14.8
24	Sikkim	45	8.4	5.1	41.5
25	Tamil Nadu	75.5	17.8	0.4	6.3
26	Telangana	63.2	22.2	0.3	14.3
27	Tripura	62.6	5.3	0	32.1
28	Uttarakhand	70.4	20	0.2	9.3
29	Uttar Pradesh	58.6	14.7	1.2	25.4
30	West Bengal	77.4	9.6	0.6	12.4
31	A & N Islands	57.7	8.4	-	33.8
32	Chandigarh	99.3	-	-	0.7
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	79.6	5.9	-	14.5
34	Daman & Diu	73.2	24	-	2.8
35	Lakshadweep	76	9.2	3.8	11
36	Puducherry	72	19.6	-	8.4
All India		72.5	15.6	0.8	11

Table (26.11): Percentage distribution of workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	82	18	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	100	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	5	95	-	-
6	Delhi	100	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	100	-	-	-
9	Haryana	100	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	100	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	100	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	100	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	100	-	-	-
14	Kerala	53	-	-	47
15	Madhya Pradesh	22.1	77.9	-	-
16	Maharashtra	59.3	36.3	-	4.4
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	100	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	100	-	-	-
22	Punjab	100	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	100	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	100	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	82.5	17.5	-	-
26	Telangana	60.1	39.9	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	2.8	97.2	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	83.3	16.7	-	-
30	West Bengal	74.4	25.6	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-
	All India	72.9	19.9	-	7.2

Table (26.12): Percentage distribution of self employed aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural + Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	73.9	25.6	0.5	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	42.3	52.8	4.9	-
3	Assam	70	27.4	2.6	-
4	Bihar	64.6	34.4	1.1	-
5	Chhattisgarh	32	67.7	0.3	-
6	Delhi	94.8	4.8	0.4	-
7	Goa	99.4	0.6	-	-
8	Gujarat	83.1	16.8	0.1	-
9	Haryana	86.3	13	0.7	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	92.9	6.3	0.8	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	62.7	37	0.3	-
12	Jharkhand	46.5	45.7	7.8	-
13	Karnataka	73.3	26.7	0	-
14	Kerala	80.8	18.1	1	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	50	49.3	0.6	-
16	Maharashtra	76.7	22.9	0.3	-
17	Manipur	25	72.8	2.2	-
18	Meghalaya	60.3	39.5	0.2	-
19	Mizoram	42.9	56.5	0.6	-
20	Nagaland	57.8	39.3	3	-
21	Odisha	43.9	55	1.1	-
22	Punjab	76.4	23.4	0.2	-
23	Rajasthan	66.9	29.7	3.3	-
24	Sikkim	59	37.5	3.5	-
25	Tamil Nadu	80.5	19.2	0.3	-
26	Telangana	60.6	39.3	0	-
27	Tripura	60.3	37.7	2	-
28	Uttarakhand	74.2	25.2	0.6	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	65.1	33.7	1.2	-
30	West Bengal	69.4	29.1	1.4	-
31	A & N Islands	87.6	10.8	1.6	-
32	Chandigarh	99.9	0.1	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	93.3	6.7	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	91.6	8.4	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	85.6	14.4	-	-
36	Puducherry	82.9	17.1	-	-
All India		67.2	31.6	1.1	-

Table (26.13): Percentage distribution of self employed aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	68.8	30.6	0.6	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	39.1	55.7	5.2	-
3	Assam	66.6	30.9	2.5	-
4	Bihar	62.2	36.7	1.2	-
5	Chhattisgarh	24	75.8	0.2	-
6	Delhi	96.2	2.8	1.1	-
7	Goa	97.8	2.2	-	-
8	Gujarat	78.5	21.3	0.1	-
9	Haryana	84.6	14.6	0.8	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	92.2	6.9	0.9	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	59	40.9	0	-
12	Jharkhand	36.6	54	9.5	-
13	Karnataka	66.4	33.6	0	-
14	Kerala	78	21.1	0.9	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	42.9	56.5	0.6	-
16	Maharashtra	70.5	29	0.4	-
17	Manipur	25.4	71.7	2.9	-
18	Meghalaya	56.6	43.3	0.1	-
19	Mizoram	35.6	63.8	0.6	-
20	Nagaland	54.7	43.6	1.8	-
21	Odisha	39.5	59.3	1.3	-
22	Punjab	70.6	29.1	0.2	-
23	Rajasthan	63.7	32.5	3.8	-
24	Sikkim	56.6	40.4	3	-
25	Tamil Nadu	76.5	23	0.5	-
26	Telangana	51.4	48.6	-	-
27	Tripura	51.6	45.8	2.6	-
28	Uttarakhand	69.7	29.6	0.7	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	60.9	37.6	1.4	-
30	West Bengal	61.3	36.8	1.8	-
31	A & N Islands	87.3	10.9	1.8	-
32	Chandigarh	99.2	0.8	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	88.9	11.1	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	92.9	7.1	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	75.1	24.9	-	-
36	Puducherry	90.2	9.8	-	-
All India		61	37.6	1.4	-

Table (26.14): Percentage distribution of self employed aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Urban					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	88.4	11.3	0.2	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	82.4	16.6	1	-
3	Assam	87.2	10.1	2.7	-
4	Bihar	85.8	13.6	0.6	-
5	Chhattisgarh	82.6	16.6	0.8	-
6	Delhi	94.7	4.9	0.4	-
7	Goa	100	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	95.5	4.3	0.2	-
9	Haryana	90.5	9.1	0.4	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	98.2	1.8	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	73.7	25.3	0.9	-
12	Jharkhand	78.2	19.4	2.3	-
13	Karnataka	88	12	-	-
14	Kerala	84.7	14.2	1.1	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	77.2	22	0.8	-
16	Maharashtra	94.6	5.3	0.1	-
17	Manipur	24.3	74.8	1	-
18	Meghalaya	90.4	8	1.5	-
19	Mizoram	62.2	37.1	0.7	-
20	Nagaland	70.7	21.3	8	-
21	Odisha	76.3	23.6	0	-
22	Punjab	87.8	12.2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	84.3	14.7	1.1	-
24	Sikkim	67.3	27.3	5.4	-
25	Tamil Nadu	86	14	0	-
26	Telangana	82.4	17.5	0.1	-
27	Tripura	91.3	8.7	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	91.8	8	0.2	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	85.4	14.4	0.2	-
30	West Bengal	92.4	7.3	0.3	-
31	A & N Islands	89.6	10.4	-	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	99	1	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	91.1	8.9	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	86.3	13.7	-	-
36	Puducherry	75.6	24.4	-	-
	All India	87.6	12	0.4	-

Table (26.15): Percentage distribution of wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural + Urban					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	93.7	6.3	0	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	89	11	-	-
3	Assam	89.8	10.2	-	-
4	Bihar	93.4	5.6	1	-
5	Chhattisgarh	96.3	3.6	0.1	-
6	Delhi	97.8	2.1	0	-
7	Goa	99.5	0.2	0.3	-
8	Gujarat	98.6	1.4	0	-
9	Haryana	95.1	3.9	1	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	96.4	3.6	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	94.4	5.6	-	-
12	Jharkhand	96.7	2.9	0.3	-
13	Karnataka	92.9	7.1	0	-
14	Kerala	91.1	8.2	0.7	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	86.7	13.1	0.2	-
16	Maharashtra	96	3.9	0.1	-
17	Manipur	74.6	25.4	-	-
18	Meghalaya	88.2	11.8	-	-
19	Mizoram	96.8	2.6	0.5	-
20	Nagaland	92.5	7.4	0.1	-
21	Odisha	95.4	4.6	0.1	-
22	Punjab	97.4	2.6	0	-
23	Rajasthan	88.5	10.9	0.6	-
24	Sikkim	94	6	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	94.3	5.6	0	-
26	Telangana	94.1	5.7	0.2	-
27	Tripura	85.6	14.4	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	96.2	3.6	0.2	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	88	11.4	0.7	-
30	West Bengal	97.9	1.9	0.2	-
31	A & N Islands	99.1	0.4	0.5	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	100	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	100	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	95.6	4.4	-	-
36	Puducherry	99.5	0.5	-	-
	All India	93.4	6.3	0.3	-

Table (26.16): Percentage distribution of wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	91.7	8.2	0.1	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	85.8	14.2	-	-
3	Assam	88.1	11.9	-	-
4	Bihar	92.3	6.4	1.2	-
5	Chhattisgarh	94.4	5.4	0.2	-
6	Delhi	89.5	10.5	-	-
7	Goa	99.3	0.7	-	-
8	Gujarat	97.7	2.2	0.1	-
9	Haryana	92.7	5.8	1.5	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	95.8	4.2	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	92.8	7.2	-	-
12	Jharkhand	95.2	4.5	0.3	-
13	Karnataka	88.3	11.7	0	-
14	Kerala	89.3	9.9	0.9	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	85.1	14.9	-	-
16	Maharashtra	95.8	4	0.3	-
17	Manipur	91.5	8.5	-	-
18	Meghalaya	82.2	17.8	-	-
19	Mizoram	88.4	9.5	2	-
20	Nagaland	91.2	8.8	-	-
21	Odisha	94.7	5.3	0.1	-
22	Punjab	97.1	2.9	-	-
23	Rajasthan	85	14.1	0.8	-
24	Sikkim	93.3	6.7	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	93.5	6.4	0.1	-
26	Telangana	94.7	5.2	0	-
27	Tripura	76.7	23.3	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	96.5	3.4	0.2	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	85.8	13.3	0.9	-
30	West Bengal	97.4	2.2	0.4	-
31	A & N Islands	100	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	100	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	100	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	100	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	100	-	-	-
	All India	91.4	8.2	0.4	-

Table (26.17): Percentage distribution of wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Urban					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	95.7	4.3	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	96.9	3.1	-	-
3	Assam	95.3	4.7	-	-
4	Bihar	97.4	2.6	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	98.5	1.5	0	-
6	Delhi	98.1	1.9	0	-
7	Goa	99.6	-	0.4	-
8	Gujarat	99.1	0.9	-	-
9	Haryana	97.6	1.9	0.5	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	99.5	0.5	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	96.9	3.1	-	-
12	Jharkhand	99.2	0.5	0.3	-
13	Karnataka	95.4	4.6	-	-
14	Kerala	92.8	6.6	0.5	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	87.8	11.9	0.3	-
16	Maharashtra	96.1	3.8	0.1	-
17	Manipur	57.3	42.7	-	-
18	Meghalaya	96.6	3.4	-	-
19	Mizoram	99.8	0.2	-	-
20	Nagaland	94.5	5.2	0.3	-
21	Odisha	97.5	2.4	0.1	-
22	Punjab	97.6	2.3	0	-
23	Rajasthan	94.5	5.3	0.2	-
24	Sikkim	95.7	4.3	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	95	5	0	-
26	Telangana	93.9	5.9	0.2	-
27	Tripura	98.8	1.2	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	95.6	4	0.4	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	91.5	8.2	0.3	-
30	West Bengal	98.4	1.5	0	-
31	A & N Islands	98.3	0.7	0.9	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	100	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	100	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	94.9	5.1	-	-
36	Puducherry	99.4	0.6	-	-
	All India	95.4	4.4	0.1	-

Table (26.18): Percentage distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural + Urban					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	68.3	30.3	1.4	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	72.1	27.9	-	-
3	Assam	63	34.6	2.4	-
4	Bihar	72.2	25.4	2.3	-
5	Chhattisgarh	85.4	11.6	3	-
6	Delhi	90	9.6	0.4	-
7	Goa	92.5	7.5	-	-
8	Gujarat	83.2	16.8	0.1	-
9	Haryana	84.2	12.8	3	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	95.4	4.6	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	54.5	45.5	-	-
12	Jharkhand	54.1	44.9	1.1	-
13	Karnataka	91.1	8.9	-	-
14	Kerala	64.7	35	0.3	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	54	43.3	2.6	-
16	Maharashtra	79.4	20	0.7	-
17	Manipur	34.1	65.9	-	-
18	Meghalaya	80.5	4.3	15.1	-
19	Mizoram	69.4	22.8	7.9	-
20	Nagaland	13.2	78.1	8.6	-
21	Odisha	68	31.5	0.5	-
22	Punjab	87.9	11.4	0.7	-
23	Rajasthan	56.8	39.6	3.7	-
24	Sikkim	32.4	64.1	3.5	-
25	Tamil Nadu	77	22.6	0.4	-
26	Telangana	88.3	11.7	-	-
27	Tripura	93.7	6.3	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	43.3	54.5	2.2	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	56.1	42.4	1.5	-
30	West Bengal	77.1	21.7	1.2	-
31	A & N Islands	85.7	14.3	-	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	92.5	7.5	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	87.8	12.2	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	22.4	31	46.6	-
36	Puducherry	93.8	6.2	-	-
All India		73.7	25.1	1.1	-

Table (26.19): Percentage distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	51.3	46.4	2.3	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	72.8	27.2	-	-
3	Assam	62.8	36.7	0.5	-
4	Bihar	70.9	27.2	1.9	-
5	Chhattisgarh	84.3	13.8	1.9	-
6	Delhi	98.8	1	0.2	-
7	Goa	87	13	-	-
8	Gujarat	75.9	24	0.1	-
9	Haryana	77.8	18.9	3.4	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	93.5	6.5	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	58.4	41.6	-	-
12	Jharkhand	52.7	46.1	1.2	-
13	Karnataka	85.6	14.4	-	-
14	Kerala	56.6	43.4	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	43.9	52.7	3.4	-
16	Maharashtra	62.8	36.7	0.4	-
17	Manipur	57.3	42.7	-	-
18	Meghalaya	100	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	74.5	25.5	-	-
20	Nagaland	14.1	85.9	-	-
21	Odisha	62.3	37	0.7	-
22	Punjab	82.8	15.9	1.2	-
23	Rajasthan	51.6	45.2	3.1	-
24	Sikkim	48.9	51.1	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	71.1	28.2	0.7	-
26	Telangana	96.6	3.4	-	-
27	Tripura	100	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	38.3	61.7	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	51.9	46.1	2	-
30	West Bengal	70.2	27.8	2	-
31	A & N Islands	86.6	13.4	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	100	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	79.2	20.8	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	100	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	92.6	7.4	-	-
	All India	65.7	33	1.4	-

Table (26.20): Percentage distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Urban					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	92.6	7.4	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	67.4	32.6	-	-
3	Assam	63.6	29.3	7.2	-
4	Bihar	79.3	16	4.7	-
5	Chhattisgarh	87.3	8.1	4.6	-
6	Delhi	89.7	9.9	0.4	-
7	Goa	96.6	3.4	-	-
8	Gujarat	92.3	7.7	-	-
9	Haryana	93.1	4.4	2.5	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	99.5	0.5	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	24.4	75.6	-	-
12	Jharkhand	61.2	38.6	0.2	-
13	Karnataka	94.1	5.9	-	-
14	Kerala	78.6	20.6	0.8	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	68.7	29.8	1.5	-
16	Maharashtra	88.6	10.6	0.8	-
17	Manipur	-	100	-	-
18	Meghalaya	69.5	6.8	23.8	-
19	Mizoram	69	22.6	8.4	-
20	Nagaland	11.3	60.4	28.2	-
21	Odisha	88.7	11.3	-	-
22	Punjab	94.9	5.1	-	-
23	Rajasthan	76.4	18	5.6	-
24	Sikkim	-	89.6	10.4	-
25	Tamil Nadu	84.5	15.5	-	-
26	Telangana	84.6	15.4	-	-
27	Tripura	85.5	14.5	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	57.4	34.3	8.3	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	69.3	30.7	-	-
30	West Bengal	88.6	11.4	0	-
31	A & N Islands	83.1	16.9	-	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	68.7	31.3	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	89.4	10.6	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	12.4	35	52.6	-
36	Puducherry	96	4	-	-
	All India	85.9	13.3	0.8	-

Table (26.21): Percentage distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural + Urban					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	35.9	63.8	0.4	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	13.7	83.9	2.4	-
3	Assam	54.5	43.5	2	-
4	Bihar	15.2	83.4	1.4	-
5	Chhattisgarh	24.2	74.7	1.1	-
6	Delhi	63.6	36.3	0.2	-
7	Goa	66.6	33.1	0.3	-
8	Gujarat	62.6	36.9	0.5	-
9	Haryana	25	71.4	3.6	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	89	11	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	25	73.1	1.9	-
12	Jharkhand	8.9	80.7	10.4	-
13	Karnataka	56.5	43.4	0	-
14	Kerala	51.3	46	2.8	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	15.7	81.6	2.7	-
16	Maharashtra	34.6	64.3	1.1	-
17	Manipur	11.8	78.8	9.4	-
18	Meghalaya	53.3	46.3	0.4	-
19	Mizoram	46.1	45.9	8	-
20	Nagaland	42.7	46.4	10.9	-
21	Odisha	15.9	82.8	1.2	-
22	Punjab	28.1	71.8	0	-
23	Rajasthan	36.6	52.7	10.6	-
24	Sikkim	7.5	86.5	6	-
25	Tamil Nadu	55.2	44.6	0.3	-
26	Telangana	36.2	63.7	0.1	-
27	Tripura	34.5	41.5	24.1	-
28	Uttarakhand	41.9	57	1.1	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	27.3	69.9	2.9	-
30	West Bengal	46.6	52	1.4	-
31	A & N Islands	59.3	40.7	-	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	58.4	41.6	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	87.7	12.3	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	88.4	9	2.6	-
36	Puducherry	51.7	48.3	-	-
	All India	36.6	61.6	1.8	-

Table (26.22): Percentage distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Rural					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	30.4	69.2	0.4	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4.5	94.5	1	-
3	Assam	54	43.8	2.2	-
4	Bihar	14.3	84.3	1.5	-
5	Chhattisgarh	23.7	75.4	1	-
6	Delhi	28.6	70.2	1.2	-
7	Goa	34.6	64.6	0.8	-
8	Gujarat	60.2	39.2	0.6	-
9	Haryana	23.4	73	3.7	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	89.1	10.9	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	18.7	79.2	2.2	-
12	Jharkhand	7.6	81.5	11	-
13	Karnataka	52.7	47.2	0.1	-
14	Kerala	44.4	52.7	2.9	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	14.2	83.2	2.6	-
16	Maharashtra	30.9	68.1	1	-
17	Manipur	12.6	69.6	17.7	-
18	Meghalaya	41.1	58.9	-	-
19	Mizoram	49	39.4	11.6	-
20	Nagaland	38.8	49	12.1	-
21	Odisha	14.9	83.7	1.3	-
22	Punjab	25.3	74.7	0.1	-
23	Rajasthan	35.6	52.8	11.6	-
24	Sikkim	7.9	85.9	6.2	-
25	Tamil Nadu	48.3	51.5	0.2	-
26	Telangana	30.6	69.3	0.1	-
27	Tripura	33.5	40.2	26.3	-
28	Uttarakhand	40.1	58.6	1.3	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	25.5	71.3	3.2	-
30	West Bengal	40.2	58.2	1.6	-
31	A & N Islands	58.7	41.3	-	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	52.1	47.9	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	77.7	22.3	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	100	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	46.6	53.4	-	-
	All India	32	66.1	1.9	-

Table (26.23): Percentage distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above available for 12 months but actually worked according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach (ps+ss) for each State/UT

Urban					
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	worked for 12 months	worked 6-11 months	worked 1 to 5 months	did not get any work
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	72.3	27.3	0.4	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	54.2	37.4	8.4	-
3	Assam	60.5	39.2	0.3	-
4	Bihar	43.9	54.9	1.2	-
5	Chhattisgarh	38.3	57.8	3.9	-
6	Delhi	69.1	30.9	-	-
7	Goa	84.7	15.3	-	-
8	Gujarat	74.5	25.5	-	-
9	Haryana	40.3	56.9	2.8	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	86.8	13.2	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	78.9	21.1	-	-
12	Jharkhand	30.8	67.6	1.7	-
13	Karnataka	72.6	27.4	-	-
14	Kerala	60.2	37.2	2.6	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	28.1	68.2	3.7	-
16	Maharashtra	54	44.6	1.3	-
17	Manipur	11.1	85.9	2.9	-
18	Meghalaya	78.5	20.3	1.2	-
19	Mizoram	44.7	49.1	6.3	-
20	Nagaland	55.4	37.8	6.8	-
21	Odisha	27.7	71.9	0.3	-
22	Punjab	48.8	51.2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	45.1	52.3	2.6	-
24	Sikkim	-	100	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	71.2	28.4	0.4	-
26	Telangana	66.1	33.9	-	-
27	Tripura	44.7	55.2	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	52.9	47	0	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	42.8	57	0.2	-
30	West Bengal	76	23.7	0.3	-
31	A & N Islands	60.8	39.2	-	-
32	Chandigarh	100	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	78.9	21.1	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	88.4	11.6	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	86.9	10.2	2.9	-
36	Puducherry	57.5	42.5	-	-
	All India	62.4	36.7	0.9	-

Table (27): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and average number of months actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	10.7	9.4	8.5	7.8	7.1	6.2	5.7	10
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10.5	9.4	8	7.5	6.4	5.9	5.6	9.7
3	Assam	11.2	9.1	8.7	7.1	6.5	5.6	5.1	10.4
4	Bihar	10.4	9.6	8.6	6.6	6.4	5.8	5.5	10.1
5	Chhattisgarh	9.3	8.3	7.7	6.1	5.9	5.4	5.2	9.2
6	Delhi	11.8	10.4	9.8	6.1	7.7	6	6	11.8
7	Goa	11.7	-	6.7	6.9	5.5	5	4.5	11.3
8	Gujarat	11.4	10.3	8.9	7.8	7.7	6.4	4.8	11.3
9	Haryana	11.4	9.5	8.3	7.5	6.5	6.5	6	10.8
10	Himachal Pradesh	11.9	10.9	9.6	8	7.1	6.6	6	11.5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	10.5	7.9	7.7	6.5	6.4	6.1	5.9	10.4
12	Jharkhand	10.4	8.6	8.1	7.5	7.3	6.8	6	9.7
13	Karnataka	11.2	10.5	8.7	8.1	7.2	6	5.9	10.9
14	Kerala	11.1	8.9	8.3	7.8	6.8	6.4	5.3	10.8
15	Madhya Pradesh	10	8.9	8.2	7	6.6	5.9	5.7	9.8
16	Maharashtra	11	9.6	8.7	7.2	7	5.9	5.7	10.8
17	Manipur	10.2	9.9	8.4	7.2	7.3	6.1	5.4	9.3
18	Meghalaya	10.8	8.5	7.7	8	6.9	6.4	6	10
19	Mizoram	11	9.6	9.2	8.2	6.8	5.8	5.7	10.6
20	Nagaland	11.2	9.8	9.5	7.9	7.1	6	5.8	10.5
21	Odisha	10.1	8.8	7.9	7	6.3	5.7	5.6	9.9
22	Punjab	11	11	9	7.9	-	7	6	11
23	Rajasthan	11	9.4	8.4	8	7.4	6.8	5.4	10.6
24	Sikkim	11.2	10.6	8.7	8.4	7.8	6	5.8	10.6
25	Tamil Nadu	11.2	10.1	8.7	8	7.3	6.4	5.8	10.7
26	Telangana	10.8	9.6	8.4	7.9	6.7	6.6	5.7	10.2
27	Tripura	11	10.1	8.7	7.1	5.9	6.4	6	10.2
28	Uttarakhand	11.2	11	8.9	8	7	6	6	11.1
29	Uttar Pradesh	10.8	8.3	8.2	7.7	6.6	5.8	5.3	10.3
30	West Bengal	10.7	9.4	7.9	7.8	7.3	6.6	5.8	10.6
31	A & N Islands	11.3	11	-	9	8	7	6	11.2
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.7
34	Daman & Diu	11.9	10	9.4	9	-	-	-	11.7
35	Lakshadweep	11.3	11	9	8.9	7.3	7	5.5	10.9
36	Puduchery	11.2	-	8.3	6.8	7.2	5.5	6	10.7
	All India	10.8	9.3	8.4	7.5	6.9	6.2	5.6	10.4

Table (27.1): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (male)									
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	11	9.5	8.7	7.8	7.1	6.1	5.9	10.4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10.7	9.5	7.9	7.7	6.7	5.9	5.1	10
3	Assam	11.2	9.1	8.7	7.3	6.5	5.4	4.9	10.5
4	Bihar	10.6	9.7	8.7	6.6	6.2	5.6	5.1	10.3
5	Chhattisgarh	9.7	8.4	8.3	6.2	6.2	5.6	3	9.6
6	Delhi	11.9	10.4	9.7	6.1	8	-	-	11.9
7	Goa	11.7	-	6.6	7	4	5	3.6	11.3
8	Gujarat	11.6	10.4	8.9	7.8	7.8	6.4	6	11.5
9	Haryana	11.4	9.5	8.4	7.6	6.5	6.3	6	10.9
10	Himachal Pradesh	11.9	10.9	10	8.2	7.2	6.2	6	11.6
11	Jammu & Kashmir	10.4	7.9	7.7	7.1	6.3	6	5.8	10.4
12	Jharkhand	10.5	8.6	8.1	7.6	7.4	6.6	6	10
13	Karnataka	11.3	10.6	8.8	8	7.2	6.2	5.9	11.1
14	Kerala	11.1	9	8.4	7.8	6.7	6.6	5.3	10.8
15	Madhya Pradesh	10.2	8.9	8.3	7	6.2	6.1	5.7	10
16	Maharashtra	11.2	9.8	8.7	6.9	7.2	5.9	6	11.1
17	Manipur	10.2	9.8	8.4	6.9	7	6.1	5.3	9.4
18	Meghalaya	10.9	8.7	7.6	7.9	7	6.4	6	10.2
19	Mizoram	11.2	9.8	9.2	8	7.5	6.9	3.5	10.9
20	Nagaland	11.3	9.8	9.5	7.7	6.9	5.4	6	10.7
21	Odisha	10.2	8.9	8.1	7.4	6.2	6.4	6	10.1
22	Punjab	11	11	8.5	7.9	-	7	6	11
23	Rajasthan	11	9.4	8.5	8.1	7.4	6.8	5.8	10.7
24	Sikkim	11.3	10.6	8.9	8.4	7	7	6	11
25	Tamil Nadu	11.3	10.1	8.8	8.2	7.5	6.7	5.9	11
26	Telangana	11	9.4	8.6	7.9	6.9	6.5	5.8	10.6
27	Tripura	11.1	10.1	8.7	6.7	6.2	6.4	6	10.3
28	Uttarakhand	11.3	11	8.6	7.6	7	6.9	6	11.2
29	Uttar Pradesh	10.8	8.3	8.2	7.8	6.6	5.8	5.4	10.4
30	West Bengal	10.8	9.3	7.9	7.9	7.4	6.9	5.8	10.7
31	A & N Islands	11.2	11	-	9	8	7	6	11
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.7
34	Daman & Diu	11.9	11	9.3	9	-	-	-	11.8
35	Lakshadweep	11.2	11	8.6	9	7.2	7	5.2	10.7
36	Puduchery	11.4	-	8.1	6.8	7	7	5.9	10.9
	All India	10.9	9.3	8.5	7.5	6.8	6.1	5.6	10.6

Table (27.2): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	10.2	9.2	8.2	7.9	7.1	6.2	5.7	9.3
2	Arunachal Pradesh	9.8	9	8	6.4	6	5.9	5.9	9
3	Assam	10.9	8.9	8.2	6.9	6.6	5.9	5.3	9.7
4	Bihar	9.1	9	7.9	6.5	7.4	6.1	5.9	8.9
5	Chhattisgarh	8.6	7.9	7.4	5.9	5.8	5.4	5.3	8.4
6	Delhi	11.7	10.1	10	6	7.5	6	6	11.6
7	Goa	11.8	-	10	6	7	-	5.2	11.4
8	Gujarat	10.7	10	8.9	7.4	7.4	6.5	4.5	10.5
9	Haryana	11.4	10.4	7.4	6.9	6.4	6.6	6	10.2
10	Himachal Pradesh	11.7	-	8.9	7.8	6.6	6.9	6	10.6
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11.1	-	7.7	6	6.9	6.3	6	11
12	Jharkhand	10.1	8.5	8.1	7.1	7.1	6.6	6	8.6
13	Karnataka	10.9	10.3	8.5	8.3	7.1	5.8	5.8	10.5
14	Kerala	10.9	8.2	7.8	7.9	6.9	5.7	5.4	10.5
15	Madhya Pradesh	9.2	8.8	7.7	7.1	6.9	5.7	5.6	8.8
16	Maharashtra	10.4	9.3	8.6	7.5	6.8	5.9	5.6	10.1
17	Manipur	10.2	10.1	8.3	7.9	7.6	6.1	5.4	8.9
18	Meghalaya	10.7	6.6	8	8	6.9	6.4	5.5	9.8
19	Mizoram	10.8	9.2	9.1	9	6.6	5.4	6	10.3
20	Nagaland	10.9	9.9	9.5	8	7.3	6.3	5.7	10.1
21	Odisha	9.4	7.3	7.2	6.3	6.3	5.5	5.3	8.9
22	Punjab	11.1	-	10	9	-	-	6	11
23	Rajasthan	10.9	9.3	8.3	7.8	7.4	6.8	5.2	10
24	Sikkim	10.3	9.8	7.3	8	8	5.1	5.5	9.2
25	Tamil Nadu	10.8	10.2	8.4	7.7	7.1	6.1	5.7	10
26	Telangana	10.2	9.8	8.3	7.9	6.6	6.7	5.6	9.5
27	Tripura	10.8	11	8.1	7.5	5.1	6	6	9.6
28	Uttarakhand	10.9	11	10	9	6.9	5.9	6	10.5
29	Uttar Pradesh	10.1	8.3	7.8	7.2	6.5	5.8	5.3	8.9
30	West Bengal	10.2	9.5	8.2	7.8	7.1	5.8	5.7	10.1
31	A & N Islands	11.8	-	-	9	8	-	6	11.6
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.8
34	Daman & Diu	11.6	9	9.4	9	-	-	-	11.1
35	Lakshadweep	11.7	11	9.7	8.6	8	-	6	11.2
36	Puduchery	10.7	-	8.6	7	8	5.1	6	10.1
	All India	10.3	9.4	8.2	7.6	6.9	6.1	5.6	9.7

Table (27.3): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	11.4	-	10	-	-	-	-	11.3
2	Arunachal Pradesh	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.1
3	Assam	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	10
4	Bihar	10.9	-	-	-	4	-	-	9.5
5	Chhattisgarh	9.4	-	8	-	-	-	-	9.2
6	Delhi	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
9	Haryana	12	-	8	-	-	-	-	8.6
10	Himachal Pradesh	12	-	-	-	6	-	-	10.8
11	Jammu & Kashmir	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
12	Jharkhand	10.7	-	-	-	-	6	-	8.6
13	Karnataka	10.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.1
14	Kerala	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	11
15	Madhya Pradesh	9.8	-	-	7	-	-	-	9.4
16	Maharashtra	10.6	-	8	-	-	-	-	10
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	8	-	-	6	6.6
19	Mizoram	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
20	Nagaland	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
21	Odisha	10.8	-	6	8	-	-	-	10.3
22	Punjab	9.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.4
23	Rajasthan	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
24	Sikkim	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
25	Tamil Nadu	11.4	-	-	-	-	6	-	10.9
26	Telangana	10.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.8
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	10.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.9
29	Uttar Pradesh	11	7	8.2	8	5	-	-	10
30	West Bengal	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puduchery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	10.8	8.4	8.2	7.5	4.7	6	6	10.3

Table (27.4): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural									
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	10.4	9.3	8.4	7.8	7.1	6.2	5.7	9.7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10.3	9.3	8	7.5	6.4	5.9	5.6	9.5
3	Assam	11.1	9.1	8.7	7.2	6.5	5.6	5.1	10.2
4	Bihar	10.3	9.6	8.6	6.6	6.4	5.7	5.5	10
5	Chhattisgarh	9	8.2	7.7	6.1	5.9	5.4	5.1	8.8
6	Delhi	11.5	11	10	9	-	-	-	11.5
7	Goa	11.4	-	6.7	6.9	5.5	5	4.5	10.5
8	Gujarat	11.2	10.3	8.8	7.8	7.7	6.4	4.8	11.1
9	Haryana	11.2	9.5	8.3	7.5	6.5	6.5	6	10.4
10	Himachal Pradesh	11.9	10.9	9.6	8	7.1	6.6	6	11.4
11	Jammu & Kashmir	10.1	7.9	7.8	6	6.4	6.3	6	10.1
12	Jharkhand	10	8.5	8.1	7.5	7.3	6.8	6	9.3
13	Karnataka	10.9	10.4	8.6	8	7.2	6	5.9	10.6
14	Kerala	10.8	8.8	8	7.9	6.8	6.3	5.3	10.5
15	Madhya Pradesh	9.7	8.7	8.1	7	6.6	5.8	5.7	9.4
16	Maharashtra	10.7	9.7	8.7	7.2	7	5.9	5.7	10.4
17	Manipur	10.2	10	8.1	7.2	7.3	6	5.3	9
18	Meghalaya	10.6	8.5	7.7	8	6.9	6.4	6	9.7
19	Mizoram	10.6	9.5	9.3	7	6.2	5.5	3	10.3
20	Nagaland	11	9.7	9.5	7.8	7	5.9	5.7	10.3
21	Odisha	9.9	8.8	7.9	7.1	6.3	5.7	5.6	9.7
22	Punjab	10.7	11	9	8	-	7	6	10.7
23	Rajasthan	10.9	9.4	8.4	8	7.4	6.8	5.3	10.4
24	Sikkim	11.1	10.5	8.4	8.3	7.7	6	5.8	10.5
25	Tamil Nadu	10.9	10	8.6	7.9	7.3	6.4	5.8	10.2
26	Telangana	10.3	9.5	8.5	7.9	6.7	6.6	5.7	9.7
27	Tripura	10.8	9.9	8.7	6.9	5.9	6.4	6	9.9
28	Uttarakhand	11.1	11	8.9	8	6.9	5.9	6	10.9
29	Uttar Pradesh	10.6	8.3	8.2	7.7	6.6	5.8	5.3	10.1
30	West Bengal	10.3	9.4	7.9	7.8	7.3	6.6	5.8	10.2
31	A & N Islands	11.3	11	-	9	8	7	6	11.1
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.7
34	Daman & Diu	11.8	10.5	8.3	-	-	-	-	11.7
35	Lakshadweep	11.8	-	7.2	8.3	7.1	-	3.7	11.4
36	Puduchery	10.5	-	7.3	6.5	6.9	5.1	6	9.6
	All India	10.5	9.2	8.4	7.5	6.9	6.1	5.6	10.1

Table (27.5): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	10.7	9.4	8.7	7.7	7.1	6.1	5.9	10.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10.5	9.4	7.9	7.7	6.7	5.9	5.1	9.8
3	Assam	11.1	9.1	8.8	7.3	6.5	5.4	4.9	10.4
4	Bihar	10.5	9.7	8.7	6.6	6.2	5.6	5.1	10.2
5	Chhattisgarh	9.3	8.4	8.3	6.2	6.1	5.6	3	9.2
6	Delhi	11.5	-	10	9	-	-	-	11.5
7	Goa	11.4	-	6.6	7	4	5	3.6	10.5
8	Gujarat	11.4	10.4	8.8	7.8	7.8	6.4	6	11.3
9	Haryana	11.1	9.5	8.3	7.6	6.5	6.3	6	10.5
10	Himachal Pradesh	11.9	10.9	10	8.2	7.2	6.2	6	11.6
11	Jammu & Kashmir	10	7.9	7.8	6	6.3	6.3	6	10
12	Jharkhand	10.1	8.5	8.1	7.6	7.4	6.6	6	9.5
13	Karnataka	11.1	10.5	8.8	7.9	7.2	6.2	5.9	10.8
14	Kerala	10.9	8.9	8.2	7.8	6.6	6.5	5.1	10.6
15	Madhya Pradesh	9.8	8.7	8.3	7	6.2	6	5.7	9.6
16	Maharashtra	10.9	9.8	8.7	6.9	7.2	5.9	6	10.7
17	Manipur	10.2	9.9	8.1	6.9	6.9	6	5.3	9.2
18	Meghalaya	10.8	8.7	7.6	7.9	7	6.4	6	9.9
19	Mizoram	10.8	9.9	9.3	7	6	7	3	10.5
20	Nagaland	11.2	9.6	9.5	7.7	6.9	5.3	6	10.5
21	Odisha	10.1	8.9	8.1	7.5	6.2	6.4	6	9.9
22	Punjab	10.7	11	8.5	7.9	-	7	6	10.7
23	Rajasthan	10.8	9.4	8.5	8.1	7.4	6.8	5.8	10.5
24	Sikkim	11.3	10.5	8.7	8.3	6.4	7	6	10.9
25	Tamil Nadu	11.1	10	8.8	8.1	7.6	6.7	5.9	10.6
26	Telangana	10.5	9.3	8.6	7.9	6.9	6.5	6	10
27	Tripura	10.9	9.9	8.7	6.2	6.2	6.4	6	10.1
28	Uttarakhand	11.2	11	8.6	7.6	7.1	-	6	11
29	Uttar Pradesh	10.6	8.3	8.2	7.8	6.6	5.8	5.3	10.2
30	West Bengal	10.5	9.3	7.9	7.7	7.3	6.9	5.8	10.4
31	A & N Islands	11.1	11	-	9	8	7	6	10.9
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.6
34	Daman & Diu	11.9	11	10	-	-	-	-	11.8
35	Lakshadweep	11.7	-	7.2	-	7.1	-	3.7	11.1
36	Puducherry	10.8	-	6.9	6.5	6.5	-	5.9	9.9
	All India	10.6	9.2	8.5	7.5	6.8	6.1	5.6	10.3

Table (27.6): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	10	9	8.2	7.9	7.1	6.2	5.7	9.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	9.6	8.8	8	6.4	6	6	5.9	8.9
3	Assam	10.8	9	8.2	6.9	6.6	5.9	5.3	9.4
4	Bihar	9	8.9	8	6.5	7.4	6.1	5.9	8.8
5	Chhattisgarh	8.4	7.3	7.3	5.8	5.8	5.4	5.3	8.2
6	Delhi	11.6	11	-	-	-	-	-	11.5
7	Goa	11.5	-	10	6	7	-	5.2	10.4
8	Gujarat	10.5	9.9	8.8	7.4	7.4	6.5	4.5	10.3
9	Haryana	11.3	11	7.3	6.9	6.4	6.6	6	9.8
10	Himachal Pradesh	11.6	-	8.9	7.8	6.6	6.9	6	10.4
11	Jammu & Kashmir	10.8	-	7	6	7.4	6.3	6	10.7
12	Jharkhand	9.7	8.6	8	7.2	7.1	6.6	6	8.2
13	Karnataka	10.6	10.2	8.4	8.3	7.2	5.8	5.9	10.1
14	Kerala	10.6	8.3	7.7	8.1	7.1	5.6	5.6	10.2
15	Madhya Pradesh	9	8	7.7	7.1	6.8	5.6	5.6	8.5
16	Maharashtra	10.2	9.4	8.6	7.6	6.8	5.9	5.6	9.8
17	Manipur	10	10.1	8.1	7.9	7.7	6	5.4	8.5
18	Meghalaya	10.4	6.5	7.9	8.1	6.7	6.4	5.5	9.5
19	Mizoram	10.4	9.1	9.3	-	6.3	5.3	-	10
20	Nagaland	10.8	9.9	9.5	7.9	7.2	6.2	5.6	10
21	Odisha	9.2	7.2	7.2	6.3	6.4	5.5	5.3	8.7
22	Punjab	10.8	-	10	9	-	-	6	10.8
23	Rajasthan	10.9	9.2	8.2	7.8	7.4	6.8	5.1	9.9
24	Sikkim	10	-	7	-	8	5	5.4	9
25	Tamil Nadu	10.5	9.8	8.3	7.6	7.1	6.1	5.7	9.6
26	Telangana	9.9	9.8	8.2	7.9	6.7	6.6	5.6	9.2
27	Tripura	10.5	11	7.9	7.5	5.1	6	6	9.1
28	Uttarakhand	10.8	11	10	9	6.6	5.9	6	10.4
29	Uttar Pradesh	9.9	8.4	7.7	7.3	6.5	5.8	5.3	8.6
30	West Bengal	9.7	9.5	8.1	7.9	7.1	5.8	5.7	9.6
31	A & N Islands	11.9	-	-	9	8	-	6	11.6
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
34	Daman & Diu	11.7	9	7.4	-	-	-	-	11.2
35	Lakshadweep	12	-	-	8.3	-	-	-	11.8
36	Puducherry	9.9	-	7.9	7	8	5.1	6	8.8
	All India	10	9.3	8.1	7.6	6.9	6.1	5.6	9.4

Table (27.7): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	11.5	-	10	-	-	-	-	11.3
2	Arunachal Pradesh	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.1
3	Assam	9.9	-	10	-	-	-	-	10
4	Bihar	10.9	-	-	-	4	-	-	9.5
5	Chhattisgarh	9.3	-	8	-	-	-	-	9
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
9	Haryana	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	8
10	Himachal Pradesh	12	-	-	-	6	-	-	10.7
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	10.4	-	-	-	-	6	-	8.1
13	Karnataka	9.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.2
14	Kerala	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
15	Madhya Pradesh	9.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.8
16	Maharashtra	10.9	-	8	-	-	-	-	9.8
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	8	-	-	6	6.6
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
21	Odisha	10.7	-	6	8	-	-	-	10.3
22	Punjab	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
23	Rajasthan	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	11.5	-	-	-	-	6	-	10.4
26	Telangana	10.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.8
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	11.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.1
29	Uttar Pradesh	11	7	8.2	8	5	-	-	9.6
30	West Bengal	10.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.5
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All India		10.6	7	8.2	8	4.7	6	6	10

Table (27.8): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban									
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	11.7	10.2	8.7	7.8	7.7	6.8	5.9	11.5
2	Arunachal Pradesh	11.7	10	7.9	8	6.8	5.7	6	11.1
3	Assam	11.7	9.2	8	6.7	6.4	5.3	5.3	11.5
4	Bihar	11.5	9.6	8.5	6	6	6.1	5.2	11.3
5	Chhattisgarh	11.6	8.6	8.4	7.7	6.2	-	6	11.5
6	Delhi	11.9	10.2	9.8	6	7.7	6	6	11.8
7	Goa	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
8	Gujarat	11.8	10.9	9.8	-	8	-	-	11.8
9	Haryana	11.8	8.9	9.1	8.4	6.7	6.3	6	11.7
10	Himachal Pradesh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11.5	-	7.6	7.4	6.3	5.2	4.4	11.5
12	Jharkhand	11.7	9.5	8.9	7.8	7.7	7	6	11.5
13	Karnataka	11.7	10.7	9.1	8.4	6.9	6	5.7	11.6
14	Kerala	11.3	9.2	8.7	7.6	6.9	6.7	5.3	11.1
15	Madhya Pradesh	11.2	9.4	8.7	7.5	7.3	6.4	6	11.1
16	Maharashtra	11.7	8.7	8.9	7	7.1	6.7	6	11.7
17	Manipur	10.2	9.7	9	6.9	7.3	6.7	5.5	9.7
18	Meghalaya	11.6	9.1	9.3	6.6	8	6	5.6	11.5
19	Mizoram	11.5	9.7	8.6	9	7.4	6.1	5.7	11.1
20	Nagaland	11.6	10.5	9.1	8.3	7.9	6.2	6	11.3
21	Odisha	11.3	9.5	7.9	6.5	6.1	4	5.4	11.2
22	Punjab	11.6	-	-	7	-	7	6	11.6
23	Rajasthan	11.6	10.5	8.6	7.4	7.4	7	5.6	11.5
24	Sikkim	11.5	10.9	9.6	8.6	8	7	6	11.1
25	Tamil Nadu	11.6	10.4	9	8.6	7	6.6	5.9	11.4
26	Telangana	11.6	10.1	8.2	7.4	6.4	6.7	4.9	11.5
27	Tripura	11.7	10.6	8.8	8.7	7	6	6	11.4
28	Uttarakhand	11.7	11	9.5	9	7.7	6.9	6	11.6
29	Uttar Pradesh	11.5	8.4	8.3	7.1	6.7	6.4	6	11.3
30	West Bengal	11.6	-	8	8.1	7.7	7	4.9	11.6
31	A & N Islands	11.4	-	-	9	8	-	6	11.4
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
34	Daman & Diu	11.9	9.5	9.7	9	-	-	-	11.7
35	Lakshadweep	11.2	11	9.3	9	7.3	7	5.6	10.8
36	Puduchery	11.6	-	9.9	9	8	7	6	11.5
	All India	11.6	9.8	8.7	7.5	6.9	6.6	5.8	11.5

Table (27.9): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	11.7	10.2	9	8.3	8	6.7	5.8	11.6
2	Arunachal Pradesh	11.7	10	7.9	8	7.1	6.5	6	11.2
3	Assam	11.7	9.4	7.9	6.9	6.4	5.3	5.8	11.6
4	Bihar	11.6	9.4	8.6	6	5.8	5.8	4.9	11.3
5	Chhattisgarh	11.6	8.3	8.6	-	6.6	-	-	11.6
6	Delhi	11.9	10.4	9.6	6	8	-	-	11.9
7	Goa	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
8	Gujarat	11.8	10	10	-	8	-	-	11.8
9	Haryana	11.8	9	9.2	8.3	7	6.3	-	11.7
10	Himachal Pradesh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11.5	-	7.5	7.4	6.3	5.2	4.3	11.5
12	Jharkhand	11.7	9.7	9	8.4	7.9	-	6	11.6
13	Karnataka	11.7	10.7	9.1	8.5	7.2	6	5.8	11.6
14	Kerala	11.3	9.5	8.9	7.8	7.2	6.8	5.8	11.2
15	Madhya Pradesh	11.3	9.5	8.7	-	7.1	6.7	6	11.2
16	Maharashtra	11.8	10	8.8	6.9	6.9	7	6	11.7
17	Manipur	10.1	9.5	8.9	6.6	7.2	6.4	5.5	9.8
18	Meghalaya	11.6	9.6	7.8	-	6	6	6	11.5
19	Mizoram	11.5	9.3	8.5	9	8	6.8	3.5	11.3
20	Nagaland	11.8	10.6	9.1	8.1	7.8	5.5	6	11.5
21	Odisha	11.4	9.6	8.1	6.3	6.4	4	-	11.3
22	Punjab	11.6	-	-	7	-	7	6	11.6
23	Rajasthan	11.7	10.7	8.6	7.5	7.8	7	5.4	11.6
24	Sikkim	11.4	11	9.6	8.6	8	7	6	11.2
25	Tamil Nadu	11.6	10.4	8.8	8.7	7.2	6.7	5.9	11.5
26	Telangana	11.7	10.1	7.9	8.9	7.1	-	5.2	11.6
27	Tripura	11.7	10.6	8.7	8.7	7	-	6	11.3
28	Uttarakhand	11.7	11	9.4	9	6.3	6.9	6	11.7
29	Uttar Pradesh	11.5	8.5	8.4	7.1	6.7	6.6	6	11.3
30	West Bengal	11.7	-	7.8	9	8	7	4.9	11.6
31	A & N Islands	11.4	-	-	9	8	-	6	11.4
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
34	Daman & Diu	11.9	11	9	9	-	-	-	11.9
35	Lakshadweep	11.1	11	8.9	9	7.2	7	5.4	10.7
36	Puducherry	11.7	-	9.9	9	8	7	6	11.6
	All India	11.6	9.8	8.7	7.6	7	6.6	5.8	11.5

Table (27.10): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	11.4	10.3	8.4	7.2	7.4	7	5.9	11
2	Arunachal Pradesh	11.7	10	8	8	6.2	5	6	10.7
3	Assam	11.4	8.2	8.5	6.6	6.3	-	5	11
4	Bihar	11.2	11	7.4	6.2	7.2	6.8	5.6	10.8
5	Chhattisgarh	11.4	9.5	8	7.7	6	-	6	11.1
6	Delhi	11.7	6	10	6	7.5	6	6	11.6
7	Goa	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
8	Gujarat	11.6	11	9.6	-	-	-	-	11.6
9	Haryana	11.8	8.9	8.6	8.4	6	6.4	6	11.5
10	Himachal Pradesh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11.7	-	7.8	-	6.2	-	6	11.6
12	Jharkhand	11.5	8.3	8.7	6	7	7	6	11.1
13	Karnataka	11.6	10.6	9.1	7	6.5	6	5.6	11.5
14	Kerala	11.2	7.8	8.2	7.2	6	6	4.9	11
15	Madhya Pradesh	10.7	9.2	8.7	9	7.6	6	6	10.5
16	Maharashtra	11.4	8.2	9	7.3	7.3	6.6	6	11.3
17	Manipur	10.5	10.1	9.1	8.6	7.4	7	5.6	9.7
18	Meghalaya	11.7	8	10	6.6	8	-	5.6	11.4
19	Mizoram	11.3	10.1	8.7	9	7	5.7	6	10.8
20	Nagaland	11.3	10.3	9.3	8.7	7.9	7	6	11
21	Odisha	11	8.6	7.3	7	5.8	-	5.4	10.8
22	Punjab	11.6	-	-	-	-	-	6	11.5
23	Rajasthan	11.3	10	8.5	7.4	7.2	7	5.7	10.7
24	Sikkim	11.7	9.8	10	8	7.9	7	6	10.3
25	Tamil Nadu	11.4	10.5	9.2	8.4	6.7	5.6	5.9	11.1
26	Telangana	11.2	9.8	8.9	7.1	6.2	6.7	4.3	10.9
27	Tripura	11.7	-	8.9	9	-	6	6	11.6
28	Uttarakhand	11.3	-	9.8	-	8	-	6	11.2
29	Uttar Pradesh	11.3	6.2	8	6.9	6.5	5.7	6	11
30	West Bengal	11.6	-	8.4	7	7.1	7	-	11.5
31	A & N Islands	11.5	-	-	9	-	-	-	11.5
32	Chandigarh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.8
34	Daman & Diu	11.5	9	10	9	-	-	-	11
35	Lakshadweep	11.6	11	9.7	9	8	-	6	11.1
36	Puducherry	11.1	-	10	-	8	-	-	11.1
	All India	11.4	9.9	8.8	7.5	6.8	6.4	5.7	11.2

Table (27.11): Distribution of workers aged 15 years & above by number of months available and actually worked according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	distribution of workers by number of months available and average months actually worked							Overall average
		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	11.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	10.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.1
6	Delhi	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
9	Haryana	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
10	Himachal Pradesh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
11	Jammu & Kashmir	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
12	Jharkhand	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
13	Karnataka	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
14	Kerala	12	11	-	-	-	-	-	11.9
15	Madhya Pradesh	10.4	-	-	7	-	-	-	7.8
16	Maharashtra	10.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.3
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
22	Punjab	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
23	Rajasthan	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
24	Sikkim	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
25	Tamil Nadu	11.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.3
26	Telangana	10.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.8
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	9.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.1
29	Uttar Pradesh	11.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.1
30	West Bengal	11.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.7
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All India		11.3	11	-	7	-	-	-	11.1

Table (28): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	476	260	162	74	25	2	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	812	583	193	123	93	8	-	-
3	Assam	501	397	303	178	97	22	2	1
4	Bihar	479	375	348	207	61	9	1	-
5	Chhattisgarh	513	574	238	91	76	19	2	-
6	Delhi	427	31	66	189	328	307	71	9
7	Goa	255	227	185	206	246	95	18	22
8	Gujarat	546	317	232	188	186	72	4	1
9	Haryana	499	248	254	196	183	103	12	5
10	Himachal Pradesh	389	307	283	214	172	24	0	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	427	417	190	223	128	40	2	0
12	Jharkhand	548	524	224	139	96	16	1	0
13	Karnataka	428	379	229	192	146	44	8	2
14	Kerala	270	268	195	233	221	71	10	1
15	Madhya Pradesh	531	481	286	147	67	17	1	0
16	Maharashtra	531	382	236	203	132	41	5	1
17	Manipur	671	347	305	226	116	3	1	-
18	Meghalaya	571	574	191	139	65	30	-	-
19	Mizoram	675	563	181	87	129	36	4	-
20	Nagaland	637	571	163	160	82	20	3	1
21	Odisha	453	558	305	94	34	8	1	-
22	Punjab	469	212	168	229	274	113	3	0
23	Rajasthan	601	287	300	242	139	30	3	0
24	Sikkim	516	261	224	265	146	91	11	3
25	Tamil Nadu	258	403	221	183	137	49	5	2
26	Telangana	371	395	246	163	138	49	8	2
27	Tripura	456	446	251	168	120	16	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	488	396	195	159	179	41	20	10
29	Uttar Pradesh	546	438	299	159	80	23	1	0
30	West Bengal	392	595	214	103	68	17	2	0
31	A & N Islands	314	389	247	230	105	26	3	-
32	Chandigarh	167	328	370	143	66	10	23	61
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	397	519	264	162	55	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	460	286	243	301	104	39	28	-
35	Lakshadweep	315	284	356	185	112	63	-	-
36	Puducherry	157	256	271	163	199	44	29	38
All India		466	413	262	174	111	35	4	1

Table (28.1): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	382	386	294	189	96	32	3	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	766	527	214	132	119	9	-	-
3	Assam	540	380	312	184	99	23	2	-
4	Bihar	512	358	356	214	62	9	1	-
5	Chhattisgarh	509	518	269	104	85	23	2	-
6	Delhi	443	17	61	183	338	315	77	10
7	Goa	262	216	144	239	264	88	22	27
8	Gujarat	551	278	230	201	206	80	4	1
9	Haryana	503	227	238	203	201	114	12	5
10	Himachal Pradesh	374	211	299	257	204	29	0	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	451	405	192	227	133	41	2	0
12	Jharkhand	546	485	239	149	108	17	1	0
13	Karnataka	470	351	230	195	162	50	10	1
14	Kerala	296	198	198	251	255	84	13	2
15	Madhya Pradesh	542	469	290	151	71	18	1	0
16	Maharashtra	533	335	247	220	146	46	6	1
17	Manipur	639	250	357	247	140	5	1	-
18	Meghalaya	565	507	203	167	80	42	-	-
19	Mizoram	586	609	147	93	109	40	2	-
20	Nagaland	562	444	194	217	109	29	5	2
21	Odisha	458	536	318	101	36	9	1	-
22	Punjab	492	206	163	227	282	117	3	0
23	Rajasthan	574	225	310	268	159	35	3	0
24	Sikkim	518	231	221	291	136	106	12	3
25	Tamil Nadu	291	325	239	202	167	59	7	2
26	Telangana	403	325	262	185	159	60	10	-
27	Tripura	488	403	268	177	134	18	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	455	338	204	173	202	46	24	11
29	Uttar Pradesh	551	416	309	166	84	24	1	0
30	West Bengal	412	568	229	111	72	18	2	0
31	A & N Islands	295	308	268	269	120	31	4	-
32	Chandigarh	176	344	362	150	64	11	24	46
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	404	513	275	149	64	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	461	238	248	328	113	43	30	-
35	Lakshadweep	301	249	394	208	80	68	-	-
36	Puducherry	179	223	282	182	185	51	33	45
All India		484	377	273	185	121	39	4	1

Table (28.2): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	333	729	167	86	12	4	2	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	902	771	124	96	6	3	-	-
3	Assam	318	615	190	94	79	10	-	12
4	Bihar	258	758	168	42	29	3	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	520	807	110	40	40	2	-	-
6	Delhi	317	191	121	257	217	205	9	-
7	Goa	231	278	363	66	168	125	-	-
8	Gujarat	526	623	247	85	36	7	1	-
9	Haryana	476	400	367	143	54	25	7	4
10	Himachal Pradesh	463	787	201	4	9	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	217	659	149	148	27	17	-	-
12	Jharkhand	557	772	131	74	15	7	-	-
13	Karnataka	322	518	225	172	65	15	1	3
14	Kerala	198	598	183	148	64	8	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	476	642	236	95	22	5	-	-
16	Maharashtra	526	654	175	102	55	12	2	-
17	Manipur	748	584	180	176	60	0	-	-
18	Meghalaya	582	715	167	79	34	5	-	-
19	Mizoram	791	486	240	76	162	29	8	-
20	Nagaland	750	800	107	56	31	5	-	-
21	Odisha	427	816	164	17	3	0	-	-
22	Punjab	277	304	247	262	142	44	-	-
23	Rajasthan	713	632	244	94	26	4	0	-
24	Sikkim	508	452	241	100	207	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	193	694	155	113	26	10	0	2
26	Telangana	318	633	194	91	67	9	-	7
27	Tripura	304	820	97	83	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	624	706	145	85	53	11	1	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	505	737	162	64	26	9	1	1
30	West Bengal	290	851	80	29	27	10	0	3
31	A & N Islands	386	825	137	16	22	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	91	-	528	-	111	-	-	361
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	365	560	189	251	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	456	759	196	31	15	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	356	382	250	120	201	48	-	-
36	Puducherry	101	470	203	43	284	-	-	-
	All India	399	674	181	93	39	10	1	1

Table (28.3): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	633	300	299	401	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1000	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	279	795	205	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	679	536	136	194	134	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	487	-	362	-	638	-	-	-
6	Delhi	739	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	722	243	42	715	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	86	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	527	121	879	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1000	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	338	510	145	-	346	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	447	266	385	349	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	169	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	524	582	418	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	497	639	187	174	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	286	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	369	404	456	140	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	309	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	347	511	114	375	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	471	215	-	752	33	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	467	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	252	446	518	36	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	447	556	220	-	224	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All India		443	396	250	241	109	-	5	-

Table (28.4): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	357	548	260	143	41	8	1	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	843	636	188	103	70	2	-	-
3	Assam	504	434	315	161	74	13	2	1
4	Bihar	473	396	352	197	51	4	0	-
5	Chhattisgarh	515	644	223	67	59	6	1	-
6	Delhi	271	329	202	204	159	92	14	-
7	Goa	249	364	129	182	236	88	-	-
8	Gujarat	585	410	267	175	119	27	1	1
9	Haryana	518	320	299	220	124	37	0	1
10	Himachal Pradesh	402	316	304	216	146	17	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	431	499	190	217	76	16	2	-
12	Jharkhand	551	633	232	93	39	3	-	0
13	Karnataka	440	462	261	169	86	14	6	2
14	Kerala	279	318	227	230	158	56	9	2
15	Madhya Pradesh	543	558	288	111	39	4	-	-
16	Maharashtra	575	476	262	188	67	6	1	1
17	Manipur	763	423	304	185	86	-	1	-
18	Meghalaya	632	606	197	135	42	21	-	-
19	Mizoram	855	673	182	83	45	13	5	-
20	Nagaland	702	626	152	151	60	7	2	1
21	Odisha	463	603	300	71	20	4	1	-
22	Punjab	453	288	182	251	236	42	1	-
23	Rajasthan	628	324	326	231	106	12	-	-
24	Sikkim	516	324	275	310	82	9	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	245	507	230	163	81	19	0	0
26	Telangana	393	480	281	161	73	5	-	1
27	Tripura	456	526	247	125	101	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	511	454	209	150	141	13	21	12
29	Uttar Pradesh	559	487	303	143	58	8	0	0
30	West Bengal	393	692	206	66	33	3	-	-
31	A & N Islands	406	433	247	209	88	19	4	-
32	Chandigarh	342	785	64	11	140	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	382	774	105	121	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	523	259	395	243	89	13	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	134	160	438	248	-	154	-	-
36	Puducherry	200	272	287	152	187	70	32	-
	All India	483	485	279	155	69	11	1	0

Table (28.5): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	374	461	308	167	54	9	-	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	799	581	211	113	92	3	-	-
3	Assam	545	418	323	167	76	14	2	-
4	Bihar	508	378	360	204	53	5	0	-
5	Chhattisgarh	510	590	260	79	64	7	1	-
6	Delhi	236	96	248	287	225	124	19	-
7	Goa	275	379	147	200	175	100	-	-
8	Gujarat	589	374	268	194	134	30	1	1
9	Haryana	513	300	285	234	137	42	1	1
10	Himachal Pradesh	380	221	320	262	175	21	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	451	487	191	222	80	17	2	-
12	Jharkhand	547	595	254	104	43	3	-	0
13	Karnataka	489	435	266	176	97	16	7	1
14	Kerala	307	253	232	253	184	66	10	2
15	Madhya Pradesh	555	548	293	113	41	4	-	-
16	Maharashtra	587	428	280	209	76	6	1	1
17	Manipur	716	322	363	212	100	-	2	-
18	Meghalaya	623	545	210	162	53	31	-	-
19	Mizoram	802	702	148	81	59	10	-	-
20	Nagaland	624	499	193	203	88	11	4	2
21	Odisha	466	582	313	77	22	4	1	-
22	Punjab	476	284	177	249	247	42	1	-
23	Rajasthan	598	259	343	260	124	15	-	-
24	Sikkim	509	293	281	360	55	10	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	283	436	259	178	103	24	0	1
26	Telangana	443	418	306	189	80	7	-	-
27	Tripura	485	485	262	140	113	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	467	392	225	167	162	14	25	15
29	Uttar Pradesh	563	464	316	150	62	8	0	0
30	West Bengal	415	665	223	72	36	4	-	-
31	A & N Islands	381	351	272	250	101	23	4	-
32	Chandigarh	354	785	64	11	140	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	394	790	125	85	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	546	179	438	268	99	15	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	204	189	518	293	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	237	263	301	167	148	83	38	-
	All India	502	449	294	167	76	12	1	0

Table (28.6): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	330	763	142	81	7	3	2	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	919	809	116	74	1	-	-	-
3	Assam	309	670	198	75	42	-	-	16
4	Bihar	253	775	169	40	16	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	523	841	93	27	37	2	-	-
6	Delhi	442	894	90	-	-	15	-	-
7	Goa	148	258	-	48	694	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	569	657	268	48	22	5	-	-
9	Haryana	548	432	379	139	43	7	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	501	774	213	4	8	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	227	730	162	107	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	570	865	98	23	13	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	326	599	235	128	28	4	1	5
14	Kerala	195	646	204	114	28	8	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	489	679	227	83	12	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	554	714	172	82	26	6	-	-
17	Manipur	870	641	177	127	56	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	650	730	171	80	19	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	919	600	267	88	9	20	16	-
20	Nagaland	810	859	80	54	8	-	-	-
21	Odisha	448	836	157	3	4	-	-	-
22	Punjab	264	342	258	282	81	38	-	-
23	Rajasthan	738	656	244	82	17	1	-	-
24	Sikkim	542	485	243	50	222	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	182	734	137	117	11	1	-	-
26	Telangana	326	664	206	78	51	-	-	2
27	Tripura	316	876	124	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	670	726	140	76	46	12	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	525	788	146	52	12	3	-	-
30	West Bengal	287	955	38	1	6	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	490	851	125	-	24	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	332	692	-	308	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	400	951	24	25	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	47	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
36	Puducherry	114	321	210	68	402	-	-	-
	All India	420	728	175	72	21	3	0	1

Table (28.7): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	612	428	-	572	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1000	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	136	497	503	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	679	536	136	194	134	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	373	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	880	258	-	742	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	508	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	251	779	221	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	492	266	385	349	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	603	615	385	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	626	638	138	224	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	286	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1000	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	346	474	362	164	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	202	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	386	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	478	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	218	850	150	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	509	716	284	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	447	496	194	243	67	-	-	-

Table (28.8): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	395	241	262	225	181	81	8	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	571	120	234	299	292	55	-	-
3	Assam	481	148	223	288	253	86	1	-
4	Bihar	546	186	315	296	149	48	7	-
5	Chhattisgarh	502	248	306	202	161	77	6	-
6	Delhi	432	23	62	188	333	312	73	9
7	Goa	259	142	220	222	252	100	29	36
8	Gujarat	459	103	148	218	341	177	12	2
9	Haryana	451	47	127	128	350	289	44	16
10	Himachal Pradesh	312	213	105	187	406	87	2	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	416	143	190	248	300	119	0	0
12	Jharkhand	534	69	191	331	332	71	6	-
13	Karnataka	404	223	170	235	259	99	12	1
14	Kerala	259	199	151	237	310	90	13	1
15	Madhya Pradesh	487	222	279	268	164	62	5	1
16	Maharashtra	429	185	182	233	269	115	14	2
17	Manipur	505	171	307	323	187	11	0	-
18	Meghalaya	287	212	125	185	339	139	-	-
19	Mizoram	422	354	181	95	288	80	3	-
20	Nagaland	394	262	221	215	202	93	7	-
21	Odisha	390	217	350	264	133	36	1	-
22	Punjab	503	83	145	193	338	233	6	1
23	Rajasthan	479	88	158	300	312	124	17	0
24	Sikkim	515	32	35	98	378	393	50	14
25	Tamil Nadu	280	255	208	212	217	91	12	5
26	Telangana	317	162	152	172	315	167	28	4
27	Tripura	456	169	262	314	184	72	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	414	166	136	198	331	150	20	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	487	209	277	234	182	92	5	2
30	West Bengal	388	342	237	201	158	54	6	2
31	A & N Islands	111	59	247	385	230	79	-	-
32	Chandigarh	161	298	390	151	61	11	24	65
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	419	151	494	220	135	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	442	295	190	321	109	47	37	-
35	Lakshadweep	342	292	351	181	119	57	-	-
36	Puducherry	127	237	251	176	214	11	24	87
	All India	412	189	207	231	244	114	13	2

Table (28.9): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	407	172	253	251	214	98	10	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	555	93	233	282	333	59	-	-
3	Assam	504	111	232	305	259	92	1	-
4	Bihar	560	174	320	303	148	48	7	-
5	Chhattisgarh	505	234	303	203	169	84	7	-
6	Delhi	449	15	57	181	340	319	78	10
7	Goa	254	99	142	267	328	80	38	46
8	Gujarat	474	72	147	216	362	190	12	2
9	Haryana	481	42	119	125	361	295	42	15
10	Himachal Pradesh	329	119	117	210	453	98	2	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	449	129	195	244	310	121	0	0
12	Jharkhand	542	47	177	328	368	74	6	-
13	Karnataka	435	193	163	232	285	112	14	2
14	Kerala	280	120	149	249	355	110	16	1
15	Madhya Pradesh	499	207	279	274	170	64	5	1
16	Maharashtra	441	155	182	240	282	124	14	3
17	Manipur	513	96	344	322	223	14	1	-
18	Meghalaya	294	129	135	220	360	157	-	-
19	Mizoram	305	337	144	131	255	127	7	-
20	Nagaland	356	139	200	298	227	126	10	-
21	Odisha	411	198	354	270	140	38	1	-
22	Punjab	528	75	141	191	342	243	7	1
23	Rajasthan	480	60	150	308	330	133	18	0
24	Sikkim	549	31	26	68	396	413	52	14
25	Tamil Nadu	301	177	212	234	253	106	15	4
26	Telangana	327	96	155	175	351	190	34	-
27	Tripura	500	118	292	306	204	80	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	421	152	132	197	341	158	20	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	496	198	277	239	185	95	5	2
30	West Bengal	405	310	245	215	168	56	6	1
31	A & N Islands	115	18	242	400	253	87	-	-
32	Chandigarh	169	313	383	159	58	12	26	49
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	416	150	472	232	147	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	437	257	183	349	118	52	41	-
35	Lakshadweep	312	254	385	202	86	73	-	-
36	Puducherry	140	174	258	199	231	12	27	98
	All India	432	156	207	238	260	123	14	2

Table (28.10): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	355	553	292	113	36	6	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	640	260	238	392	72	38	-	-
3	Assam	373	413	163	165	213	46	-	-
4	Bihar	369	552	152	62	192	43	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	490	403	316	194	82	6	-	-
6	Delhi	311	121	124	283	239	224	10	-
7	Goa	273	284	479	71	-	165	-	-
8	Gujarat	343	488	165	235	92	15	6	-
9	Haryana	226	139	269	176	141	174	66	35
10	Himachal Pradesh	230	990	-	-	10	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	196	421	104	284	118	73	-	-
12	Jharkhand	478	255	314	354	29	47	-	-
13	Karnataka	312	370	207	254	133	35	1	-
14	Kerala	201	539	157	188	107	9	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	386	473	278	154	69	25	-	-
16	Maharashtra	364	449	185	169	152	35	9	-
17	Manipur	482	410	190	326	73	2	-	-
18	Meghalaya	275	484	95	70	272	79	-	-
19	Mizoram	594	370	213	63	317	37	-	-
20	Nagaland	470	482	258	67	159	35	-	-
21	Odisha	251	574	249	175	-	2	-	-
22	Punjab	302	229	225	223	267	57	-	-
23	Rajasthan	470	388	247	215	116	31	4	-
24	Sikkim	345	52	217	699	32	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	220	618	189	106	54	26	1	6
26	Telangana	282	501	143	146	135	49	-	26
27	Tripura	261	617	-	383	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	355	425	211	207	142	-	15	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	378	406	268	146	119	48	4	8
30	West Bengal	300	617	173	91	76	33	1	9
31	A & N Islands	89	474	296	230	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	92	-	528	-	111	-	-	361
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	448	160	764	76	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	476	682	265	33	21	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	443	396	259	124	208	14	-	-
36	Puducherry	91	722	192	-	86	-	-	-
	All India	309	469	207	172	108	37	3	4

Table (28.11): Per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of self-employed persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	725	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	1000	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	1000	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	739	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	183	-	725	275	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	547	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1000	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	1000	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	338	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	240	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	241	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	292	643	357	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	805	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	736	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	314	-	234	766	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	459	215	-	752	33	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	356	73	857	70	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	338	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	434	143	391	235	215	-	16	-

Table (29): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	130	214	270	206	145	140	24	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	147	102	118	151	348	279	3	-
3	Assam	213	227	148	122	235	261	7	0
4	Bihar	97	141	240	271	254	89	6	-
5	Chhattisgarh	98	300	172	135	266	121	6	-
6	Delhi	445	18	67	193	334	344	43	2
7	Goa	447	24	59	184	295	349	77	11
8	Gujarat	160	165	222	244	239	128	2	0
9	Haryana	247	105	144	161	274	275	35	7
10	Himachal Pradesh	318	198	118	65	310	306	-	2
11	Jammu & Kashmir	305	138	107	117	243	383	8	4
12	Jharkhand	185	158	201	156	253	228	5	-
13	Karnataka	181	120	179	233	290	164	12	2
14	Kerala	260	129	160	214	279	200	18	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	116	245	219	189	235	104	7	0
16	Maharashtra	166	180	178	210	269	153	8	2
17	Manipur	177	31	48	182	163	556	20	-
18	Meghalaya	126	163	92	148	256	328	12	-
19	Mizoram	226	32	122	99	187	543	15	2
20	Nagaland	283	61	73	78	351	428	9	-
21	Odisha	196	183	255	171	232	155	4	1
22	Punjab	172	185	140	214	185	265	10	-
23	Rajasthan	196	175	191	222	275	133	3	1
24	Sikkim	327	37	129	155	162	509	7	1
25	Tamil Nadu	241	216	232	205	188	135	20	4
26	Telangana	168	124	176	189	227	220	52	13
27	Tripura	176	222	289	205	123	140	23	-
28	Uttarakhand	285	260	115	130	274	195	22	4
29	Uttar Pradesh	151	270	249	156	163	150	12	0
30	West Bengal	123	247	128	140	264	214	6	1
31	A & N Islands	270	14	72	163	154	562	20	15
32	Chandigarh	542	125	447	213	86	75	19	35
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	217	134	437	308	95	26	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	180	64	204	323	270	139	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	421	52	115	116	144	539	34	-
36	Puducherry	395	38	183	221	292	230	36	-
	All India	170	187	195	190	236	177	14	2

Table (29.1): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	153	285	225	153	156	27	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	187	89	127	133	367	281	3	-
3	Assam	202	187	149	117	254	284	9	0
4	Bihar	99	122	243	277	264	89	4	-
5	Chhattisgarh	125	214	190	154	291	143	8	-
6	Delhi	430	13	60	193	345	346	42	2
7	Goa	434	12	40	215	313	325	79	15
8	Gujarat	167	128	228	259	249	133	2	0
9	Haryana	240	75	119	174	303	296	24	9
10	Himachal Pradesh	326	184	98	52	342	321	-	3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	273	99	99	109	262	418	10	3
12	Jharkhand	192	131	202	150	271	241	6	-
13	Karnataka	184	98	173	211	321	179	15	3
14	Kerala	215	68	149	232	319	213	18	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	119	210	225	195	247	115	8	0
16	Maharashtra	198	140	178	223	281	167	9	2
17	Manipur	205	34	29	193	172	552	20	-
18	Meghalaya	122	113	88	166	266	360	6	-
19	Mizoram	309	13	128	82	205	556	15	1
20	Nagaland	352	70	68	70	370	411	12	-
21	Odisha	203	150	261	179	240	165	4	1
22	Punjab	150	121	141	246	193	288	11	-
23	Rajasthan	212	125	192	242	294	143	3	1
24	Sikkim	353	32	104	163	183	512	4	1
25	Tamil Nadu	263	162	242	230	202	140	20	6
26	Telangana	218	94	172	190	247	230	52	15
27	Tripura	161	202	215	264	145	146	29	-
28	Uttarakhand	305	226	116	145	287	198	23	4
29	Uttar Pradesh	150	240	262	163	168	154	12	0
30	West Bengal	120	201	133	148	279	232	7	1
31	A & N Islands	267	18	55	185	161	549	12	20
32	Chandigarh	522	100	493	230	74	45	20	38
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	242	101	440	330	101	28	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	191	62	195	334	260	150	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	376	62	54	139	77	637	31	-
36	Puducherry	410	37	155	214	340	226	28	-
	All India	176	150	198	199	250	186	14	2

Table (29.2): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	89	394	224	150	123	94	15	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	69	170	71	245	246	267	-	-
3	Assam	265	367	142	143	169	178	1	-
4	Bihar	87	279	221	228	173	82	16	-
5	Chhattisgarh	56	600	107	68	181	44	-	-
6	Delhi	548	44	105	190	277	336	47	-
7	Goa	487	59	113	96	244	418	70	-
8	Gujarat	128	374	186	159	179	102	-	-
9	Haryana	286	244	263	98	138	173	84	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	279	279	228	142	133	218	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	584	302	141	150	161	240	0	6
12	Jharkhand	152	317	194	193	145	151	-	-
13	Karnataka	174	179	194	290	208	123	6	-
14	Kerala	389	224	179	186	216	178	17	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	98	451	189	154	162	41	4	-
16	Maharashtra	91	379	180	144	209	86	2	0
17	Manipur	106	18	135	133	118	576	19	-
18	Meghalaya	133	242	100	120	239	277	23	-
19	Mizoram	120	98	102	156	126	500	14	5
20	Nagaland	181	38	87	103	294	478	-	-
21	Odisha	163	383	214	120	184	94	4	-
22	Punjab	357	410	138	103	157	186	5	-
23	Rajasthan	132	503	190	93	147	65	2	-
24	Sikkim	233	63	272	113	40	492	21	-
25	Tamil Nadu	196	359	207	141	151	122	20	0
26	Telangana	83	253	195	184	141	175	51	1
27	Tripura	246	284	514	23	54	122	4	-
28	Uttarakhand	202	474	109	39	187	174	16	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	167	507	141	101	121	120	11	-
30	West Bengal	137	445	109	104	198	138	5	-
31	A & N Islands	280	-	132	84	127	609	48	-
32	Chandigarh	727	296	137	103	166	271	14	14
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	91	598	402	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	116	78	299	214	378	30	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	553	32	234	70	278	346	40	-
36	Puducherry	360	41	267	242	151	241	59	-
	All India	148	344	181	154	173	135	14	0

Table (29.3): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status

Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	183	180	783	37	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	328	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	261	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	244	-	147	-	853	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	473	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	146	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	60	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	208	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	166	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	17	-	707	-	-	293	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	163	-	234	-	766	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	201	736	-	-	-	264	-	-
24	Sikkim	1000	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	409	637	30	66	267	-	-	-
26	Telangana	269	-	952	-	-	-	-	48
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	153	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	350	-	786	-	-	-	214	-
30	West Bengal	241	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	195	270	353	91	197	40	45	4

Table (29.4): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	85	264	345	203	97	88	3	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	118	138	151	176	329	205	-	-
3	Assam	188	271	156	125	244	202	0	-
4	Bihar	83	156	241	291	243	68	0	-
5	Chhattisgarh	60	473	146	77	256	48	-	-
6	Delhi	455	19	72	397	359	154	-	-
7	Goa	412	12	28	140	462	357	-	-
8	Gujarat	91	274	292	217	144	73	-	0
9	Haryana	175	154	196	204	268	162	15	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	315	220	126	69	322	260	-	3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	248	202	108	114	271	304	0	2
12	Jharkhand	143	234	259	118	189	198	1	-
13	Karnataka	96	235	259	208	225	74	-	-
14	Kerala	225	162	173	232	286	139	8	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	60	383	235	203	158	21	-	-
16	Maharashtra	77	336	226	182	163	91	1	-
17	Manipur	139	56	46	76	216	606	-	-
18	Meghalaya	92	262	120	214	202	196	6	-
19	Mizoram	99	30	110	115	249	477	19	-
20	Nagaland	218	88	94	87	372	359	-	-
21	Odisha	170	205	297	172	221	103	1	1
22	Punjab	123	298	184	193	119	204	2	-
23	Rajasthan	151	247	226	211	223	93	1	-
24	Sikkim	297	42	150	173	169	456	9	1
25	Tamil Nadu	171	306	289	176	145	84	1	-
26	Telangana	66	257	321	163	188	66	5	-
27	Tripura	137	288	257	264	107	84	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	234	341	120	85	299	146	5	4
29	Uttar Pradesh	114	335	285	141	136	103	1	-
30	West Bengal	76	386	162	132	212	109	-	-
31	A & N Islands	172	31	75	231	64	579	20	-
32	Chandigarh	542	271	426	110	139	54	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	118	223	348	198	165	67	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	243	135	495	182	119	69	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	484	-	395	122	65	397	22	-
36	Puducherry	121	10	450	113	172	192	64	-
	All India	113	272	239	176	195	115	2	0

Table (29.5): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	106	201	363	222	109	101	5	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	153	124	169	149	362	196	-	-
3	Assam	177	223	160	119	269	229	-	-
4	Bihar	85	134	245	296	257	68	1	-
5	Chhattisgarh	76	352	187	93	307	60	-	-
6	Delhi	481	-	82	390	364	164	-	-
7	Goa	375	-	20	132	502	347	-	-
8	Gujarat	98	217	316	238	157	71	-	1
9	Haryana	171	97	160	236	311	192	4	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	328	199	103	52	357	286	-	3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	222	140	103	112	293	349	1	2
12	Jharkhand	150	196	269	117	208	209	2	-
13	Karnataka	100	188	277	213	250	72	-	-
14	Kerala	191	100	164	263	310	158	6	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	61	315	269	226	167	23	-	-
16	Maharashtra	97	267	245	203	176	108	2	-
17	Manipur	167	64	22	50	242	622	-	-
18	Meghalaya	102	156	99	216	273	249	8	-
19	Mizoram	154	14	112	127	237	489	22	-
20	Nagaland	286	100	91	82	383	343	-	-
21	Odisha	178	171	305	179	233	110	1	1
22	Punjab	99	179	195	237	137	253	-	-
23	Rajasthan	164	180	234	237	243	105	1	-
24	Sikkim	335	39	128	179	193	455	5	2
25	Tamil Nadu	197	235	306	202	167	89	1	-
26	Telangana	92	225	330	164	200	76	6	-
27	Tripura	130	265	163	328	137	107	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	257	308	122	90	317	153	6	5
29	Uttar Pradesh	113	298	302	149	143	106	1	-
30	West Bengal	72	326	172	145	235	121	-	-
31	A & N Islands	169	41	63	284	73	538	1	-
32	Chandigarh	525	290	426	117	109	58	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	136	156	378	215	179	72	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	245	132	478	204	115	71	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	182	-	-	579	312	6	103	-
36	Puducherry	150	5	465	103	197	186	44	-
	All India	120	221	250	189	213	125	1	0

Table (29.6): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	55	451	284	151	63	50	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	56	210	62	312	167	248	-	-
3	Assam	240	442	146	148	153	110	1	-
4	Bihar	70	328	204	257	138	72	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	37	817	27	31	111	13	-	-
6	Delhi	330	155	-	447	318	79	-	-
7	Goa	553	43	50	163	358	386	-	-
8	Gujarat	67	567	167	106	77	83	-	-
9	Haryana	198	407	356	64	77	34	62	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	249	315	283	178	121	103	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	516	469	129	119	175	108	-	-
12	Jharkhand	114	443	208	126	83	139	-	-
13	Karnataka	88	358	211	196	157	78	-	-
14	Kerala	324	268	190	179	246	106	11	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	57	689	83	101	117	10	-	-
16	Maharashtra	43	607	153	100	116	25	-	-
17	Manipur	75	15	168	204	89	524	-	-
18	Meghalaya	73	526	170	210	28	66	-	-
19	Mizoram	34	122	103	47	319	410	-	-
20	Nagaland	124	49	103	104	335	409	-	-
21	Odisha	130	425	243	133	137	62	-	-
22	Punjab	321	607	157	79	74	78	6	-
23	Rajasthan	107	610	180	67	112	31	-	-
24	Sikkim	165	60	304	135	-	464	36	-
25	Tamil Nadu	129	485	246	110	87	71	-	-
26	Telangana	29	408	251	169	144	28	-	-
27	Tripura	170	375	595	30	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	153	543	111	41	198	107	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	121	633	136	77	77	76	-	-
30	West Bengal	97	594	127	86	129	64	-	-
31	A & N Islands	186	-	110	69	36	707	78	-
32	Chandigarh	1000	-	437	-	563	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	48	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	232	154	586	59	142	59	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	865	-	500	-	-	500	-	-
36	Puducherry	52	43	348	178	-	236	196	-
	All India	93	489	191	123	121	73	3	-

Table (29.7): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status

Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	183	-	955	45	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	393	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	120	-	386	-	614	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	492	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	166	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	162	-	249	-	751	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	185	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	293	-	-	198	802	-	-	-
26	Telangana	401	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	175	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	308	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	159	168	523	58	251	-	-	-

Table (29.8): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	312	158	187	209	199	199	47	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	376	9	32	86	395	468	10	-
3	Assam	371	80	119	112	209	450	31	0
4	Bihar	250	86	238	200	291	161	24	-
5	Chhattisgarh	347	106	201	199	277	203	13	-
6	Delhi	445	18	66	186	334	351	44	2
7	Goa	469	31	76	208	203	345	119	18
8	Gujarat	316	94	176	262	301	164	3	-
9	Haryana	427	53	91	116	281	390	55	15
10	Himachal Pradesh	344	97	62	43	222	576	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	471	40	105	123	199	506	20	6
12	Jharkhand	362	33	103	218	358	277	10	-
13	Karnataka	355	57	135	247	326	214	19	3
14	Kerala	305	97	147	197	273	259	28	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	320	152	208	179	287	161	12	0
16	Maharashtra	368	105	156	223	320	183	11	3
17	Manipur	245	6	49	290	108	506	41	-
18	Meghalaya	282	14	52	50	336	526	22	-
19	Mizoram	402	33	126	93	165	566	14	3
20	Nagaland	528	20	40	64	318	536	22	-
21	Odisha	368	114	128	166	268	311	13	-
22	Punjab	280	77	98	235	249	324	18	-
23	Rajasthan	397	52	132	241	364	202	7	1
24	Sikkim	435	25	79	112	147	637	1	-
25	Tamil Nadu	359	144	186	229	223	175	35	8
26	Telangana	423	71	123	198	241	279	70	18
27	Tripura	329	112	341	108	148	231	60	-
28	Uttarakhand	450	123	105	212	229	278	51	3
29	Uttar Pradesh	327	161	193	180	207	228	31	1
30	West Bengal	254	128	99	147	308	304	12	1
31	A & N Islands	487	1	70	109	224	549	20	27
32	Chandigarh	542	120	447	217	84	76	19	36
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	358	93	479	360	62	7	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	162	33	78	384	336	169	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	412	61	67	115	158	564	36	-
36	Puducherry	584	42	145	237	309	235	32	-
	All India	345	101	151	204	276	239	26	4

Table (29.9): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	307	100	198	229	202	217	52	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	403	4	22	94	379	489	11	-
3	Assam	361	74	116	109	204	458	39	0
4	Bihar	236	82	232	210	291	167	18	-
5	Chhattisgarh	353	73	193	215	274	228	16	-
6	Delhi	429	13	59	186	344	352	44	2
7	Goa	474	19	51	259	212	313	121	24
8	Gujarat	306	71	173	273	308	172	3	-
9	Haryana	405	53	78	112	295	401	44	18
10	Himachal Pradesh	317	76	67	51	239	568	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	433	34	92	104	214	527	25	5
12	Jharkhand	357	26	93	203	374	293	12	-
13	Karnataka	345	49	116	210	360	238	23	5
14	Kerala	245	36	133	200	329	270	31	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	313	143	196	176	299	173	13	0
16	Maharashtra	368	83	148	232	329	193	12	3
17	Manipur	269	2	37	339	100	480	41	-
18	Meghalaya	211	17	62	55	252	614	-	-
19	Mizoram	509	12	135	64	192	582	13	2
20	Nagaland	572	18	31	49	348	523	31	-
21	Odisha	357	83	125	180	262	337	13	-
22	Punjab	262	72	96	254	241	317	20	-
23	Rajasthan	399	37	124	249	377	206	7	2
24	Sikkim	409	14	40	120	158	667	1	-
25	Tamil Nadu	357	104	191	252	229	179	35	10
26	Telangana	455	44	111	200	264	289	70	21
27	Tripura	284	86	310	147	160	216	81	-
28	Uttarakhand	446	89	105	238	239	275	51	3
29	Uttar Pradesh	315	146	198	185	208	232	30	1
30	West Bengal	252	101	102	150	314	319	12	1
31	A & N Islands	473	1	49	112	226	557	20	34
32	Chandigarh	522	92	496	234	73	45	20	40
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	377	76	468	383	66	7	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	175	35	83	385	316	180	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	396	65	57	117	65	668	27	-
36	Puducherry	581	42	102	233	365	233	25	-
	All India	337	79	146	208	288	248	26	4

Table (29.10): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	329	328	153	149	192	145	33	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	264	40	100	32	499	329	-	-
3	Assam	416	101	128	125	227	419	1	-
4	Bihar	421	116	279	129	288	116	71	-
5	Chhattisgarh	326	252	234	128	291	93	-	-
6	Delhi	558	41	108	183	275	343	49	-
7	Goa	454	69	152	55	175	438	112	-
8	Gujarat	391	230	200	198	254	117	-	-
9	Haryana	588	54	155	137	209	335	110	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	464	160	47	22	173	599	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	718	65	157	195	142	427	0	14
12	Jharkhand	394	83	167	316	259	174	-	-
13	Karnataka	385	79	185	343	236	148	10	-
14	Kerala	471	186	169	192	191	241	22	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	374	204	299	209	208	72	8	-
16	Maharashtra	368	230	197	172	271	126	3	0
17	Manipur	173	22	103	67	146	625	37	-
18	Meghalaya	404	11	42	46	410	449	42	-
19	Mizoram	253	93	102	178	87	518	17	6
20	Nagaland	443	23	65	101	242	569	-	-
21	Odisha	445	276	143	89	303	175	15	-
22	Punjab	434	102	109	140	288	357	4	-
23	Rajasthan	378	200	217	167	247	163	6	-
24	Sikkim	563	66	225	81	96	532	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	363	249	173	168	207	166	37	1
26	Telangana	325	192	174	189	140	233	71	1
27	Tripura	532	174	415	16	118	268	8	-
28	Uttarakhand	486	348	106	36	167	298	45	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	468	291	148	142	195	194	30	-
30	West Bengal	264	270	89	127	280	225	10	-
31	A & N Islands	551	-	152	99	215	514	20	-
32	Chandigarh	723	302	131	104	159	276	14	14
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	199	354	646	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	76	-	-	376	624	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	466	48	95	107	423	265	61	-
36	Puducherry	594	41	262	246	161	241	49	-
	All India	386	192	170	185	226	200	25	0

Table (29.11): Per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status

Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of wage/salaried persons by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	180	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	261	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	666	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	204	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	294	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	759	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	44	-	707	-	-	293	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	195	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	264	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
24	Sikkim	1000	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	511	955	45	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	478	-	358	-	-	-	642	-
30	West Bengal	662	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	301	429	87	142	111	102	117	11

Table (30): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	22	330	393	170	87	20	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10	730	122	-	107	40	-	-
3	Assam	18	400	223	235	110	32	-	-
4	Bihar	35	383	405	158	51	4	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	15	573	249	123	55	-	-	-
6	Delhi	82	29	230	468	227	46	-	-
7	Goa	106	98	470	238	194	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	77	356	267	233	119	25	-	-
9	Haryana	58	288	281	196	184	50	2	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	127	187	229	249	309	26	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	39	525	279	82	97	17	-	-
12	Jharkhand	67	470	312	174	39	5	-	-
13	Karnataka	23	142	132	388	246	89	2	-
14	Kerala	32	251	237	252	223	33	4	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	23	612	184	131	64	7	2	-
16	Maharashtra	35	246	274	320	146	13	1	1
17	Manipur	20	53	88	505	177	178	-	-
18	Meghalaya	20	93	245	422	155	84	-	-
19	Mizoram	22	740	145	71	37	7	-	-
20	Nagaland	15	62	30	166	488	255	-	-
21	Odisha	42	538	298	114	38	13	-	-
22	Punjab	80	414	254	206	91	33	-	2
23	Rajasthan	21	291	289	192	211	17	-	-
24	Sikkim	4	612	38	-	350	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	29	356	269	201	132	36	6	-
26	Telangana	28	328	278	256	108	27	3	-
27	Tripura	5	316	375	-	309	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	20	436	323	118	44	22	31	26
29	Uttar Pradesh	31	474	293	153	72	9	-	-
30	West Bengal	48	575	241	109	62	13	-	-
31	A & N Islands	61	400	219	169	162	50	-	-
32	Chandigarh	178	256	702	32	10	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	318	398	440	133	29	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	219	122	251	476	150	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	150	39	91	402	228	221	17	-
36	Puducherry	45	219	509	26	234	5	7	-
All India		37	385	279	203	110	21	1	0

Table (30.1): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	28	212	479	179	107	24	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	15	726	124	-	109	41	-	-
3	Assam	15	329	304	212	136	17	-	-
4	Bihar	34	282	470	184	60	4	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	21	547	278	124	50	-	-	-
6	Delhi	84	27	216	490	224	43	-	-
7	Goa	104	110	389	285	216	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	80	275	295	267	134	30	-	-
9	Haryana	55	295	300	178	170	54	3	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	113	97	227	285	359	31	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	32	483	298	100	94	24	-	-
12	Jharkhand	68	450	310	193	41	6	-	-
13	Karnataka	25	114	154	364	269	98	1	-
14	Kerala	30	159	223	287	283	41	6	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	23	573	205	140	72	7	2	-
16	Maharashtra	41	187	277	360	162	13	1	1
17	Manipur	26	54	93	538	189	126	-	-
18	Meghalaya	18	63	248	542	75	73	-	-
19	Mizoram	23	690	131	108	64	7	-	-
20	Nagaland	21	69	35	146	450	299	-	-
21	Odisha	43	524	303	124	39	10	-	-
22	Punjab	72	364	270	237	90	37	-	3
23	Rajasthan	22	232	289	219	240	20	-	-
24	Sikkim	4	487	50	-	463	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	36	281	286	230	162	34	8	-
26	Telangana	31	219	320	269	148	38	5	-
27	Tripura	6	219	428	-	353	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	23	442	298	128	48	24	33	28
29	Uttar Pradesh	32	459	297	158	77	9	-	-
30	West Bengal	41	443	313	146	81	18	-	-
31	A & N Islands	62	362	200	183	194	62	-	-
32	Chandigarh	180	229	736	35	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	280	318	511	151	20	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	229	71	253	508	167	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	180	44	53	411	233	240	19	-
36	Puducherry	40	-	581	40	361	6	11	-
	All India	38	325	304	224	123	23	1	0

Table (30.2): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	12	802	50	136	10	2	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	28	580	16	293	41	70	-	-
4	Bihar	46	864	92	38	6	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	5	740	59	112	89	-	-	-
6	Delhi	66	50	348	272	252	78	-	-
7	Goa	113	60	708	102	130	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	64	790	117	53	40	1	-	-
9	Haryana	70	254	195	275	243	33	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	193	436	234	148	168	13	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	103	641	224	32	103	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	61	580	324	72	24	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	18	240	57	473	168	57	5	-
14	Kerala	37	462	268	171	84	15	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	23	800	83	88	22	7	-	-
16	Maharashtra	21	511	262	138	76	14	-	-
17	Manipur	4	37	-	-	-	963	-	-
18	Meghalaya	23	134	242	261	263	99	-	-
19	Mizoram	21	811	165	18	-	6	-	-
20	Nagaland	5	20	-	277	703	-	-	-
21	Odisha	37	623	267	55	30	26	-	-
22	Punjab	150	612	191	85	95	18	-	-
23	Rajasthan	17	617	289	44	51	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	5	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	16	679	198	76	1	45	-	-
26	Telangana	24	561	186	227	23	4	-	-
27	Tripura	4	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	8	359	641	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	24	648	243	92	10	7	-	-
30	West Bengal	81	902	64	17	17	0	-	-
31	A & N Islands	56	563	299	113	26	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	160	542	348	-	110	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	517	623	241	81	56	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	162	567	235	198	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	60	-	429	325	185	62	-	-
36	Puducherry	56	621	377	-	-	3	-	-
	All India	31	650	169	112	55	14	0	-

Table (30.3): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	17	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	71	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	294	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	122	-	857	-	-	143	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	958	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	190	434	566	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	118	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	7	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	39	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	33	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	48	175	378	199	-	248	-	-

Table (30.4): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	17	316	516	95	55	17	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10	764	121	-	116	-	-	-
3	Assam	15	410	259	215	107	10	-	-
4	Bihar	34	420	403	136	41	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	11	783	217	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	92	19	535	440	1	5	-	-
7	Goa	130	119	464	181	236	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	62	502	297	145	44	12	-	-
9	Haryana	53	413	308	177	94	9	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	103	264	270	215	239	13	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	47	559	257	57	109	19	-	-
12	Jharkhand	70	536	298	151	13	2	-	-
13	Karnataka	13	156	225	292	273	55	-	-
14	Kerala	38	288	269	204	224	14	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	17	743	179	47	22	10	-	-
16	Maharashtra	18	405	362	161	63	9	-	-
17	Manipur	19	82	143	581	-	194	-	-
18	Meghalaya	10	114	259	487	141	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	3	-	76	625	298	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	14	76	24	127	509	265	-	-
21	Odisha	38	623	273	73	31	-	-	-
22	Punjab	68	605	258	112	23	2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	21	298	293	174	225	10	-	-
24	Sikkim	3	740	-	-	260	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	26	430	296	126	125	24	-	-
26	Telangana	12	442	369	152	36	2	-	-
27	Tripura	4	-	429	-	571	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	20	555	237	85	50	-	40	34
29	Uttar Pradesh	29	525	274	140	59	2	-	-
30	West Bengal	41	614	245	80	56	6	-	-
31	A & N Islands	65	545	167	138	151	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	412	424	448	107	21	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	187	315	474	198	12	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	245	43	128	778	-	51	-	-
36	Puducherry	66	335	586	29	43	7	-	-
	All India	30	484	300	134	73	8	0	0

Table (30.5): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	22	196	629	84	69	22	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	16	762	121	-	116	-	-	-
3	Assam	14	308	336	223	121	13	-	-
4	Bihar	32	308	482	161	49	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	16	766	234	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	109	-	548	445	1	5	-	-
7	Goa	120	117	345	217	321	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	63	401	357	179	48	15	-	-
9	Haryana	53	422	324	145	98	10	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	86	146	315	250	270	19	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	38	504	297	68	107	25	-	-
12	Jharkhand	72	519	292	173	14	2	-	-
13	Karnataka	17	140	238	267	295	60	-	-
14	Kerala	36	185	284	246	286	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	17	690	214	56	28	12	-	-
16	Maharashtra	22	316	410	202	68	4	-	-
17	Manipur	27	82	143	581	-	194	-	-
18	Meghalaya	9	91	303	474	133	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	5	-	76	625	298	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	24	78	24	130	497	271	-	-
21	Odisha	39	627	261	79	33	-	-	-
22	Punjab	58	548	285	141	23	2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	22	231	290	201	265	13	-	-
24	Sikkim	3	582	-	-	418	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	35	373	328	134	151	14	-	-
26	Telangana	15	274	507	170	47	2	-	-
27	Tripura	4	-	429	-	571	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	25	549	235	88	52	-	42	35
29	Uttar Pradesh	30	508	280	146	64	2	-	-
30	West Bengal	34	459	335	116	81	9	-	-
31	A & N Islands	70	476	180	164	180	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	363	340	532	125	3	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	173	285	445	254	15	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	384	49	-	892	-	59	-	-
36	Puducherry	56	-	868	48	73	11	-	-
	All India	32	417	337	152	85	9	0	0

Table (30.6): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	8	788	75	137	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	20	751	-	189	60	-	-	-
4	Bihar	46	900	64	30	6	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	3	901	99	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	13	752	22	226	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	166	122	799	79	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	57	897	65	11	27	-	-	-
9	Haryana	50	361	220	351	68	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	183	528	168	136	167	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	140	709	148	28	115	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	62	621	326	41	12	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	3	340	63	592	5	-	-	-
14	Kerala	42	560	245	111	84	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	18	948	41	11	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	12	678	214	35	47	26	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	12	146	197	505	152	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	1	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-
21	Odisha	33	617	314	43	26	-	-	-
22	Punjab	150	787	170	20	23	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	16	634	307	37	22	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	6	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	12	698	144	91	-	67	-	-
26	Telangana	8	851	32	108	10	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	3	710	290	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	21	732	195	74	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	73	957	43	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	46	903	97	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	611	628	245	60	66	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	258	423	577	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	71	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	89	833	167	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	24	771	142	58	25	5	-	-

Table (30.7): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	1000	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	200	434	566	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	15	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	38	301	368	-	-	332	-	-

Table (30.8): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	45	349	208	282	135	26	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	6	278	142	-	-	580	-	-
3	Assam	36	374	129	289	118	90	-	-
4	Bihar	55	134	418	305	116	27	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	43	235	301	320	144	-	-	-
6	Delhi	82	30	218	469	235	48	-	-
7	Goa	91	79	475	290	156	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	111	172	229	343	213	42	-	-
9	Haryana	70	49	232	230	354	130	6	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	288	3	131	331	477	57	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	18	260	450	277	3	9	-	-
12	Jharkhand	53	112	392	299	176	21	-	-
13	Karnataka	44	135	78	444	231	109	4	-
14	Kerala	24	166	165	343	213	101	12	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	43	421	191	255	125	4	4	-
16	Maharashtra	74	155	225	409	193	15	1	1
17	Manipur	21	6	-	385	456	153	-	-
18	Meghalaya	64	78	235	374	166	146	-	-
19	Mizoram	53	730	137	113	13	7	-	-
20	Nagaland	16	13	51	297	417	221	-	-
21	Odisha	69	230	398	255	59	58	-	-
22	Punjab	108	151	248	335	185	76	-	5
23	Rajasthan	22	263	274	266	154	43	-	-
24	Sikkim	6	377	108	-	515	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	34	260	235	298	141	52	14	-
26	Telangana	69	277	237	304	139	39	4	-
27	Tripura	12	689	311	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	20	53	601	228	26	93	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	41	301	356	198	114	30	-	-
30	West Bengal	67	507	236	160	74	23	-	-
31	A & N Islands	53	7	361	254	191	187	-	-
32	Chandigarh	184	256	702	32	10	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	184	315	416	216	53	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	229	77	199	542	183	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	136	38	82	304	288	266	22	-
36	Puducherry	30	40	390	21	528	2	18	-
	All India	57	224	245	315	171	43	2	0

Table (30.9): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	48	236	256	318	162	27	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	7	161	165	-	-	674	-	-
3	Assam	26	407	193	177	192	31	-	-
4	Bihar	55	132	402	314	123	29	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	45	191	350	327	132	-	-	-
6	Delhi	84	28	202	492	233	44	-	-
7	Goa	93	104	428	344	124	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	114	136	226	363	229	46	-	-
9	Haryana	60	26	250	246	322	147	8	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	296	1	53	356	536	54	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	16	336	311	337	4	11	-	-
12	Jharkhand	53	89	403	298	185	24	-	-
13	Karnataka	41	94	88	440	248	128	3	-
14	Kerala	22	103	93	377	278	131	19	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	42	414	194	254	133	1	4	-
16	Maharashtra	74	122	209	440	209	17	1	2
17	Manipur	24	-	-	458	542	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	57	41	205	594	30	129	-	-
19	Mizoram	45	799	140	27	27	8	-	-
20	Nagaland	11	-	117	274	103	507	-	-
21	Odisha	69	161	450	281	61	47	-	-
22	Punjab	102	135	250	355	174	80	-	6
23	Rajasthan	22	232	287	288	145	48	-	-
24	Sikkim	8	377	108	-	515	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	37	160	229	358	176	60	18	-
26	Telangana	61	194	234	315	195	55	7	-
27	Tripura	11	574	426	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	18	28	541	284	32	115	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	41	297	353	199	121	30	-	-
30	West Bengal	60	416	278	194	81	31	-	-
31	A & N Islands	46	-	261	240	240	259	-	-
32	Chandigarh	187	229	736	35	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	173	260	456	220	64	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	244	29	215	559	197	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	159	42	66	289	292	286	24	-
36	Puducherry	29	-	215	30	730	-	25	-
	All India	57	179	251	337	184	45	2	1

Table (30.10): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	37	825	10	133	25	6	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	5	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	82	330	39	444	15	172	-	-
4	Bihar	47	163	650	181	6	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	31	505	-	276	220	-	-	-
6	Delhi	69	44	351	273	254	78	-	-
7	Goa	86	-	621	123	255	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	95	511	252	163	71	3	-	-
9	Haryana	140	121	165	181	459	75	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	252	17	533	204	174	73	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	30	-	931	69	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	53	276	307	306	111	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	54	225	56	455	192	66	6	-
14	Kerala	31	293	308	274	85	40	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	56	467	176	261	73	23	-	-
16	Maharashtra	72	350	308	237	103	2	-	-
17	Manipur	13	37	-	-	-	963	-	-
18	Meghalaya	75	127	274	89	342	169	-	-
19	Mizoram	53	811	165	18	-	6	-	-
20	Nagaland	27	23	-	316	661	-	-	-
21	Odisha	75	642	92	98	46	121	-	-
22	Punjab	152	243	234	222	247	54	-	-
23	Rajasthan	25	508	171	88	233	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	26	659	258	59	3	20	-	-
26	Telangana	96	449	246	273	27	5	-	-
27	Tripura	18	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	33	154	846	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	42	365	408	155	43	30	-	-
30	West Bengal	106	781	108	54	55	1	-	-
31	A & N Islands	83	25	619	291	66	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	162	542	348	-	110	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	278	591	215	194	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	129	666	-	334	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	57	-	229	439	249	83	-	-
36	Puducherry	30	144	848	-	-	8	-	-
	All India	59	436	218	208	108	30	1	-

Table (30.11): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers persons in labour force	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	95	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	453	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	316	-	857	-	-	143	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	958	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	1000	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	107	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	136	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	80	-	392	476	-	132	-	-

Table (31): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	484	503	331	140	24	2	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	31	949	31	5	-	14	-	-
3	Assam	269	552	278	129	33	7	-	-
4	Bihar	389	648	294	51	7	0	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	373	792	167	22	19	-	-	-
6	Delhi	46	40	364	402	194	-	-	-
7	Goa	192	280	165	404	150	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	217	455	223	268	51	2	-	-
9	Haryana	196	536	266	153	45	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	166	737	117	111	35	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	229	510	311	139	39	1	-	-
12	Jharkhand	200	686	221	88	5	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	368	472	261	190	67	7	-	2
14	Kerala	438	258	284	276	168	12	1	0
15	Madhya Pradesh	331	844	131	21	3	0	-	-
16	Maharashtra	269	542	271	152	33	3	-	-
17	Manipur	133	238	462	215	68	17	-	-
18	Meghalaya	283	468	410	112	10	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	76	446	308	240	3	3	-	-
20	Nagaland	65	350	439	161	27	24	-	-
21	Odisha	309	669	297	32	2	-	-	0
22	Punjab	279	565	174	231	27	1	-	-
23	Rajasthan	182	367	326	263	42	2	-	-
24	Sikkim	153	358	475	156	11	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	472	483	286	172	53	6	0	-
26	Telangana	432	482	297	150	61	8	2	-
27	Tripura	363	537	354	108	0	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	207	663	227	69	24	17	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	271	724	205	54	15	1	0	-
30	West Bengal	438	714	209	60	16	0	-	0
31	A & N Islands	355	215	366	337	82	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	113	175	708	82	35	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	67	533	308	158	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	140	574	271	72	83	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	114	139	340	187	123	211	-	-
36	Puducherry	403	273	388	235	82	21	-	-
	All India	328	593	250	120	35	3	0	0

Table (31.1): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	437	451	364	158	24	2	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	32	938	42	1	-	19	-	-
3	Assam	243	526	306	122	38	8	-	-
4	Bihar	355	642	299	52	7	0	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	345	730	215	30	26	-	-	-
6	Delhi	43	15	344	413	228	-	-	-
7	Goa	199	193	203	417	187	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	202	397	243	299	58	3	-	-
9	Haryana	201	520	273	158	48	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	187	730	114	119	37	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	244	497	320	141	41	1	-	-
12	Jharkhand	194	662	238	97	3	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	320	428	265	222	75	8	-	2
14	Kerala	460	170	297	318	200	14	0	0
15	Madhya Pradesh	316	831	141	24	4	0	-	-
16	Maharashtra	228	497	294	167	39	3	-	-
17	Manipur	129	199	433	262	85	21	-	-
18	Meghalaya	296	348	507	133	12	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	83	320	368	302	5	5	-	-
20	Nagaland	65	294	428	202	40	36	-	-
21	Odisha	296	630	331	37	2	-	-	0
22	Punjab	286	546	180	246	26	2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	193	330	343	279	46	2	-	-
24	Sikkim	125	352	434	206	8	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	411	330	349	239	74	8	0	-
26	Telangana	349	385	343	182	75	12	3	-
27	Tripura	345	492	373	134	1	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	217	665	225	67	25	18	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	268	714	213	56	15	1	0	-
30	West Bengal	427	669	240	71	19	0	-	0
31	A & N Islands	375	146	396	359	99	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	123	179	702	84	35	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	75	533	308	158	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	120	496	244	121	139	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	143	150	365	154	132	199	-	-
36	Puducherry	372	201	399	263	108	28	-	-
All India		302	555	269	133	39	3	0	0

Table (31.2): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	566	714	196	64	22	5	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	28	983	-	17	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	389	735	86	179	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	608	807	183	10	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	418	946	52	2	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	69	153	455	348	44	-	-	-
7	Goa	169	636	15	349	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	282	797	108	84	10	-	-	-
9	Haryana	168	748	165	87	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	65	839	161	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	97	802	113	86	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	230	830	113	36	21	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	486	611	250	88	43	4	-	3
14	Kerala	376	632	231	99	32	-	6	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	403	917	76	6	1	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	362	757	163	78	2	-	-	-
17	Manipur	141	397	577	26	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	262	801	142	52	5	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	68	654	208	138	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	64	462	461	77	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	373	927	73	0	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	216	784	110	65	41	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	138	707	172	118	3	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	254	372	582	25	21	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	594	807	152	30	8	2	-	-
26	Telangana	574	677	204	84	32	2	-	-
27	Tripura	446	717	277	6	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	166	630	266	105	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	304	867	81	33	13	6	-	-
30	West Bengal	492	934	59	5	1	1	-	-
31	A & N Islands	278	535	226	237	2	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	22	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	266	690	310	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	30	-	-	628	-	372	-	-
36	Puducherry	484	499	354	147	-	-	-	-
	All India	422	795	143	48	12	2	0	0

Table (31.3): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	167	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	393	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	321	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	513	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	34	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	843	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	515	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	493	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	329	348	395	256	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	364	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	714	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	278	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	490	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	236	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	221	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	381	141	-	859	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	365	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	312	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	313	646	212	142	-	-	-	-

Table (31.4): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	542	567	317	104	11	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	29	976	12	-	-	12	-	-
3	Assam	293	564	273	127	29	6	-	-
4	Bihar	411	667	284	42	7	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	414	872	115	8	5	-	-	-
6	Delhi	181	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	210	212	12	446	330	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	263	599	277	115	9	-	-	-
9	Haryana	254	575	256	132	38	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	181	755	116	103	26	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	274	551	258	146	44	1	-	-
12	Jharkhand	237	705	211	78	5	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	451	509	309	141	35	7	-	-
14	Kerala	458	289	223	287	194	4	2	1
15	Madhya Pradesh	380	896	92	9	3	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	330	723	205	72	1	-	-	-
17	Manipur	79	352	444	134	60	10	-	-
18	Meghalaya	266	626	266	94	14	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	42	898	95	7	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	65	301	555	144	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	330	683	291	24	2	-	-	-
22	Punjab	356	624	130	221	23	2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	200	378	331	256	35	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	184	362	458	167	12	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	558	546	280	138	34	2	-	-
26	Telangana	529	561	264	86	76	11	3	-
27	Tripura	403	549	347	104	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	235	675	235	56	14	20	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	298	755	186	46	12	0	-	-
30	West Bengal	490	771	180	39	10	-	-	0
31	A & N Islands	357	295	457	206	43	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	116	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	88	726	274	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	47	880	120	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	136	264	428	191	118	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	613	197	652	141	11	-	-	-
	All India	374	655	229	90	24	1	0	0

Table (31.5): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	498	536	349	105	9	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	32	970	16	-	-	15	-	-
3	Assam	264	539	298	123	33	7	-	-
4	Bihar	376	661	288	43	7	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	398	818	164	12	7	-	-	-
6	Delhi	174	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	230	162	13	474	351	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	250	548	310	132	11	-	-	-
9	Haryana	263	560	263	137	41	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	206	746	117	109	28	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	289	543	265	145	46	1	-	-
12	Jharkhand	232	682	230	85	2	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	394	499	298	162	34	7	-	-
14	Kerala	465	190	228	341	234	5	-	1
15	Madhya Pradesh	367	892	95	10	3	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	294	699	222	78	1	-	-	-
17	Manipur	90	343	427	152	67	11	-	-
18	Meghalaya	265	559	310	112	19	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	38	698	275	27	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	66	305	488	207	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	317	648	323	28	2	-	-	-
22	Punjab	367	607	140	231	20	2	-	-
23	Rajasthan	217	343	348	271	38	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	153	347	426	218	8	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	485	361	375	210	51	3	-	-
26	Telangana	450	448	316	119	98	15	4	-
27	Tripura	380	508	361	131	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	252	685	225	54	15	21	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	294	744	195	49	12	0	-	-
30	West Bengal	479	733	208	47	12	-	-	0
31	A & N Islands	380	198	516	233	53	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	121	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	107	726	274	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	35	864	136	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	230	280	455	140	125	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	556	160	683	144	13	-	-	-
	All India	347	623	249	100	26	1	0	0

Table (31.6): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT
Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	607	712	170	100	18	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	24	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	431	756	83	161	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	631	808	181	12	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	437	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	215	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	132	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	307	927	67	6	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	203	796	149	55	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	67	910	90	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	118	798	53	149	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	255	849	96	33	22	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	583	550	353	54	39	3	-	-
14	Kerala	438	670	202	79	39	-	10	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	435	921	75	4	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	391	823	132	45	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	54	421	579	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	265	798	154	48	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	48	973	27	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	65	291	709	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	390	932	68	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	265	843	12	87	58	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	139	713	176	111	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	287	403	546	28	23	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	677	858	121	17	4	-	-	-
26	Telangana	637	776	164	22	36	3	-	-
27	Tripura	515	707	293	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	173	433	567	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	333	911	60	17	13	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	543	959	41	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	278	704	206	90	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	110	904	96	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	18	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	744	328	542	130	-	-	-	-
	All India	463	843	117	29	10	0	1	-

Table (31.7): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	471	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	321	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	627	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	584	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	508	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	397	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	374	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	714	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	293	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	613	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	306	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	435	141	-	859	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	474	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	491	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	356	806	152	42	-	-	-	-

Table (31.8): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	247	407	351	192	43	6	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	46	838	108	27	-	26	-	-
3	Assam	112	490	303	140	52	14	-	-
4	Bihar	149	436	408	151	5	0	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	108	645	265	46	43	-	-	-
6	Delhi	41	40	364	401	194	-	-	-
7	Goa	181	310	233	386	71	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	114	287	159	448	101	5	-	-
9	Haryana	53	244	341	317	98	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	57	350	136	289	225	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	96	368	494	116	22	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	51	389	359	244	7	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	197	433	215	239	100	7	-	5
14	Kerala	412	226	350	265	140	20	0	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	149	614	303	76	6	1	-	-
16	Maharashtra	128	394	325	217	59	5	-	-
17	Manipur	229	132	478	291	76	24	-	-
18	Meghalaya	367	336	530	126	8	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	123	298	377	317	4	4	-	-
20	Nagaland	61	425	261	186	68	60	-	-
21	Odisha	172	573	339	83	3	-	-	2
22	Punjab	109	350	336	270	44	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	101	293	288	313	90	16	-	-
24	Sikkim	44	312	654	33	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	327	398	293	217	80	12	0	-
26	Telangana	191	351	350	259	36	5	-	-
27	Tripura	202	475	391	132	3	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	116	618	198	125	54	6	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	146	545	316	101	31	7	1	-
30	West Bengal	291	582	278	108	31	1	-	-
31	A & N Islands	350	48	177	612	163	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	113	144	735	85	36	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	39	-	403	597	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	167	541	287	80	91	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	111	116	324	186	124	250	-	-
36	Puducherry	259	344	145	322	148	41	-	-
	All India	186	425	304	200	64	7	0	0

Table (31.9): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	238	319	387	241	48	5	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	35	771	178	9	-	43	-	-
3	Assam	109	441	360	115	67	18	-	-
4	Bihar	148	413	421	160	6	0	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	97	573	305	62	60	-	-	-
6	Delhi	38	15	344	413	228	-	-	-
7	Goa	179	210	308	386	96	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	106	216	161	501	116	6	-	-
9	Haryana	54	216	351	324	108	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	58	340	23	357	279	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	102	330	521	126	23	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	47	346	367	278	9	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	179	343	226	294	123	9	-	5
14	Kerala	453	149	367	294	165	24	0	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	146	582	329	82	6	1	-	-
16	Maharashtra	117	338	350	237	69	6	-	-
17	Manipur	194	32	440	390	106	33	-	-
18	Meghalaya	438	179	664	150	7	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	140	274	380	336	5	5	-	-
20	Nagaland	62	275	325	195	109	97	-	-
21	Odisha	164	509	387	99	4	-	-	2
22	Punjab	108	313	335	303	50	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	99	240	308	334	100	18	-	-
24	Sikkim	34	419	530	51	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	305	294	319	272	101	14	0	-
26	Telangana	157	286	386	281	40	7	-	-
27	Tripura	205	410	436	150	4	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	115	591	226	114	62	7	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	149	545	320	98	32	4	1	-
30	West Bengal	284	519	316	128	36	0	-	-
31	A & N Islands	365	43	159	608	190	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	123	147	730	87	37	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	34	-	403	597	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	144	456	256	134	153	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	133	125	348	157	134	236	-	-
36	Puducherry	250	242	123	379	200	56	-	-
	All India	174	364	328	225	75	8	0	0

Table (31.10): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	279	716	226	21	26	10	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	91	944	-	56	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	129	671	94	234	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	164	804	196	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	154	836	158	6	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	62	153	455	348	44	-	-	-
7	Goa	187	600	16	384	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	171	666	150	163	20	-	-	-
9	Haryana	46	504	248	248	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	54	392	608	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	56	807	193	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	75	598	321	81	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	249	652	181	111	46	5	-	5
14	Kerala	297	585	267	125	23	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	184	891	80	24	5	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	195	692	194	110	5	-	-	-
17	Manipur	331	388	576	36	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	246	803	131	56	9	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	100	367	370	263	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	61	675	154	172	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	229	900	98	2	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	112	642	345	14	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	128	676	148	156	21	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	92	110	890	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	391	704	216	56	17	7	-	-
26	Telangana	297	500	276	197	26	-	-	-
27	Tripura	189	778	176	46	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	126	793	16	191	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	112	535	242	157	18	48	-	-
30	West Bengal	330	877	100	16	4	2	-	-
31	A & N Islands	277	80	280	632	7	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	23	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	320	667	333	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	34	-	-	570	-	430	-	-
36	Puducherry	285	632	208	160	-	-	-	-
	All India	246	694	198	86	18	4	-	1

Table (31.11): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above in Labour Force by Average Monthly Earnings according to Usual Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers persons in labourforce	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by average monthly earnings in code						
			Up to 5000	5001 to 7500	7501 to 10000	10001 to 20000	20001 to 50000	50001 to 100000	above 100000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	151	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	458	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	466	348	395	256	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	349	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	175	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	399	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	31	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	184	396	307	298	-	-	-	-

Table (32): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban											
Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	24	17	292	14	261	14	49	17	308	28
2	Arunachal Pradesh	48	29	596	-	161	30	80	-	102	2
3	Assam	30	55	348	15	234	0	139	21	117	72
4	Bihar	29	8	416	60	349	14	27	24	45	57
5	Chhattisgarh	13	26	322	20	202	29	18	21	349	12
6	Delhi	14	0	256	52	200	11	18	101	339	22
7	Goa	47	83	397	-	98	46	15	18	252	92
8	Gujarat	4	48	261	5	441	5	59	7	132	42
9	Haryana	21	24	410	31	100	8	27	93	193	113
10	Himachal Pradesh	47	38	309	4	193	-	44	-	394	18
11	Jammu & Kashmir	28	18	174	-	35	-	19	23	677	54
12	Jharkhand	39	7	260	27	438	27	6	31	193	11
13	Karnataka	8	72	301	30	255	41	2	19	238	40
14	Kerala	63	63	206	48	221	10	88	19	299	46
15	Madhya Pradesh	20	102	169	17	345	18	60	65	178	47
16	Maharashtra	11	158	322	37	187	16	55	26	152	47
17	Manipur	30	525	214	-	15	-	120	-	108	18
18	Meghalaya	30	-	298	8	240	21	152	21	259	2
19	Mizoram	19	54	527	-	114	-	11	7	230	56
20	Nagaland	53	24	330	36	70	28	138	35	286	55
21	Odisha	25	52	212	67	313	35	29	30	118	144
22	Punjab	25	7	200	8	569	9	1	4	134	68
23	Rajasthan	35	103	260	33	370	22	40	26	95	51
24	Sikkim	101	64	473	30	188	17	138	-	74	16
25	Tamil Nadu	24	61	273	29	158	4	95	14	334	32
26	Telangana	16	84	236	8	279	102	56	38	193	3
27	Tripura	110	213	98	-	455	-	40	9	106	79
28	Uttarakhand	32	44	361	146	239	0	6	-	201	3
29	Uttar Pradesh	33	4	63	6	24	5	7	2	889	0
30	West Bengal	25	4	296	12	383	5	58	45	167	30
31	A & N Islands	77	117	206	-	202	-	136	86	198	55
32	Chandigarh	13	-	517	180	109	24	-	93	38	40
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	13	-	821	-	179	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	1	-	127	-	873	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	58	21	37	127	42	565	151	-	57	-
36	Puducherry	26	18	285	102	67	88	54	6	369	12
	All India	25	43	237	27	241	14	42	23	335	38

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.1): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	29	2	299	15	221	14	64	29	327	30
2	Arunachal Pradesh	56	10	497	-	215	40	135	-	99	4
3	Assam	30	87	351	21	164	1	146	5	120	107
4	Bihar	45	10	438	61	354	12	19	24	42	41
5	Chhattisgarh	15	24	260	9	254	48	20	34	334	19
6	Delhi	17	0	252	8	238	17	28	27	408	22
7	Goa	51	157	359	-	120	20	5	34	132	173
8	Gujarat	7	42	233	3	526	-	70	9	116	1
9	Haryana	27	29	342	46	119	9	20	96	209	129
10	Himachal Pradesh	65	55	428	-	103	-	43	-	372	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	29	16	148	-	62	-	31	30	622	92
12	Jharkhand	51	10	266	33	439	21	8	38	179	5
13	Karnataka	10	72	288	41	271	42	1	12	231	42
14	Kerala	29	36	207	38	217	25	107	41	309	20
15	Madhya Pradesh	24	110	167	19	326	20	74	75	159	50
16	Maharashtra	15	148	322	30	203	22	41	25	175	33
17	Manipur	42	628	140	-	5	-	137	-	82	7
18	Meghalaya	19	-	544	24	107	-	176	-	149	-
19	Mizoram	20	107	369	-	164	-	-	13	328	19
20	Nagaland	59	37	262	35	87	26	167	21	283	82
21	Odisha	28	49	218	52	296	29	40	6	131	178
22	Punjab	28	6	129	5	525	13	2	4	213	102
23	Rajasthan	42	115	271	39	326	29	34	30	113	42
24	Sikkim	82	63	620	69	97	39	19	-	92	-
25	Tamil Nadu	23	44	323	31	191	2	85	21	283	19
26	Telangana	13	27	239	7	272	82	33	91	245	5
27	Tripura	64	187	273	-	398	-	58	-	15	70
28	Uttarakhand	42	5	358	151	305	0	7	-	169	5
29	Uttar Pradesh	42	3	57	5	27	4	8	2	894	0
30	West Bengal	30	6	298	17	399	1	47	54	173	5
31	A & N Islands	42	58	245	-	316	-	6	-	238	138
32	Chandigarh	23	-	523	190	115	25	-	98	40	10
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	13	-	679	-	321	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	98	18	24	117	37	721	9	-	73	-
36	Puducherry	19	8	200	266	93	188	65	18	129	33
All India		30	39	246	28	239	13	36	25	340	34

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.2): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	20	38	282	14	321	14	27	1	278	26
2	Arunachal Pradesh	40	56	740	-	83	15	-	-	106	-
3	Assam	30	17	344	8	316	-	130	39	114	31
4	Bihar	11	-	312	57	327	21	63	24	60	136
5	Chhattisgarh	10	30	423	40	118	-	15	-	375	-
6	Delhi	10	-	265	138	125	-	-	249	201	22
7	Goa	42	-	440	-	73	74	26	-	387	-
8	Gujarat	2	67	353	10	163	21	24	-	184	177
9	Haryana	13	11	560	-	58	5	43	87	159	77
10	Himachal Pradesh	30	-	46	14	393	-	46	-	444	57
11	Jammu & Kashmir	28	20	204	-	4	-	6	15	738	13
12	Jharkhand	26	-	249	14	429	40	3	16	226	23
13	Karnataka	7	72	322	13	231	40	4	31	250	37
14	Kerala	92	71	207	52	223	6	83	13	292	54
15	Madhya Pradesh	15	87	172	15	381	13	34	47	212	40
16	Maharashtra	7	178	323	50	156	5	84	27	104	75
17	Manipur	19	297	376	-	37	-	84	-	164	42
18	Meghalaya	41	-	181	-	304	30	141	30	311	3
19	Mizoram	18	-	691	-	62	-	23	-	130	94
20	Nagaland	46	4	427	36	46	29	96	54	292	16
21	Odisha	22	56	204	88	337	43	13	63	101	95
22	Punjab	22	7	298	12	629	4	-	4	25	22
23	Rajasthan	27	80	241	24	447	10	51	20	62	66
24	Sikkim	123	64	365	-	256	-	227	-	61	28
25	Tamil Nadu	25	77	226	27	129	6	104	7	380	44
26	Telangana	19	123	234	9	283	116	72	3	159	2
27	Tripura	156	223	28	-	477	-	33	13	143	83
28	Uttarakhand	22	125	367	136	100	-	5	-	267	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	23	5	76	6	19	8	6	0	879	0
30	West Bengal	19	1	292	3	354	13	76	30	158	73
31	A & N Islands	114	141	190	-	157	-	187	120	183	22
32	Chandigarh	2	-	425	-	-	-	-	-	-	575
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	13	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	3	-	127	-	873	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	24	33	86	159	61	-	661	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	32	24	332	11	53	32	48	-	501	-
All India		21	51	224	26	244	14	51	19	327	45

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.3): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	156	-	101	-	899	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	254	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	975	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	8	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	65	-	440	-	-	-	-	-	560	-
26	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	21	25	132	-	229	-	-	-	613	-

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.4): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	26	20	277	15	304	6	61	22	270	25
2	Arunachal Pradesh	52	26	621	-	151	25	85	-	90	1
3	Assam	27	69	379	11	232	-	99	27	91	93
4	Bihar	29	7	405	55	367	15	26	25	40	60
5	Chhattisgarh	8	15	410	10	278	17	36	28	182	24
6	Delhi	21	5	439	-	50	-	3	325	156	23
7	Goa	77	129	503	-	43	71	-	28	161	65
8	Gujarat	5	55	265	-	459	6	70	9	81	55
9	Haryana	19	26	364	47	134	-	29	64	175	162
10	Himachal Pradesh	53	38	312	4	183	-	45	-	399	18
11	Jammu & Kashmir	33	21	187	-	40	-	10	26	655	62
12	Jharkhand	38	9	201	30	487	33	4	35	188	13
13	Karnataka	7	112	348	36	246	32	1	33	144	47
14	Kerala	63	76	189	41	210	10	92	31	289	62
15	Madhya Pradesh	21	126	163	9	378	12	41	74	153	44
16	Maharashtra	12	179	265	39	176	15	73	34	147	70
17	Manipur	26	605	171	-	21	-	137	-	43	24
18	Meghalaya	17	-	398	-	458	45	26	45	29	-
19	Mizoram	10	170	204	-	268	-	39	-	147	173
20	Nagaland	45	-	338	4	91	29	169	20	276	73
21	Odisha	26	41	193	64	335	36	25	34	111	160
22	Punjab	25	-	205	-	591	10	-	-	112	82
23	Rajasthan	40	106	247	24	389	24	42	27	85	56
24	Sikkim	103	80	453	37	201	21	109	-	79	20
25	Tamil Nadu	30	72	236	37	163	6	125	16	321	25
26	Telangana	8	202	178	14	181	-	149	111	159	5
27	Tripura	114	212	110	-	511	-	5	2	65	96
28	Uttarakhand	39	45	355	152	246	-	5	-	194	4
29	Uttar Pradesh	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
30	West Bengal	24	6	239	10	472	7	63	50	109	43
31	A & N Islands	85	142	177	-	245	-	50	114	197	73
32	Chandigarh	22	-	232	-	-	-	-	-	-	768
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	15	-	709	-	291	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	1	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	12	250	-	-	-	-	250	-	500	-
36	Puducherry	30	34	161	-	-	15	36	-	754	-
All India		27	46	207	24	253	11	39	24	352	44

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.5): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	33	1	287	16	245	5	75	35	299	36
2	Arunachal Pradesh	61	6	513	-	213	37	144	-	83	2
3	Assam	26	111	383	15	143	-	99	7	101	142
4	Bihar	44	9	427	56	370	13	17	25	39	44
5	Chhattisgarh	9	25	288	17	360	28	42	46	154	40
6	Delhi	25	7	657	-	78	-	5	7	242	3
7	Goa	90	227	353	-	75	29	-	49	152	114
8	Gujarat	8	52	239	-	565	-	88	11	44	1
9	Haryana	29	34	291	61	139	-	22	83	201	169
10	Himachal Pradesh	72	56	436	-	84	-	44	-	380	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	34	18	153	-	69	-	19	33	604	103
12	Jharkhand	49	14	222	36	484	25	5	46	162	6
13	Karnataka	9	102	316	57	246	50	2	20	151	56
14	Kerala	27	62	91	25	238	26	112	69	361	16
15	Madhya Pradesh	24	144	158	7	350	13	56	92	136	43
16	Maharashtra	17	167	284	32	180	21	56	31	180	49
17	Manipur	41	621	161	-	-	-	173	-	46	-
18	Meghalaya	9	-	919	-	81	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	13	269	237	-	329	-	-	-	127	38
20	Nagaland	51	-	245	2	121	41	203	33	249	106
21	Odisha	28	33	199	47	318	33	34	8	125	204
22	Punjab	30	-	110	-	582	14	-	-	182	113
23	Rajasthan	48	122	269	26	341	31	35	30	100	46
24	Sikkim	91	74	612	80	95	46	-	-	93	-
25	Tamil Nadu	28	59	303	38	198	2	107	22	261	9
26	Telangana	7	-	201	-	265	-	70	234	227	4
27	Tripura	68	148	314	-	456	-	-	-	-	81
28	Uttarakhand	52	-	365	151	319	-	7	-	153	5
29	Uttar Pradesh	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
30	West Bengal	30	9	276	16	459	-	54	58	122	8
31	A & N Islands	51	72	143	-	315	-	-	-	297	172
32	Chandigarh	13	-	448	-	-	-	-	-	-	552
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	20	-	596	-	404	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	19	-	-	-	-	-	333	-	667	-
36	Puducherry	11	-	507	-	-	85	-	-	408	-
	All India	32	41	221	24	245	11	33	26	360	38

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.6): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	19	53	258	13	406	9	36	1	220	6
2	Arunachal Pradesh	43	55	776	-	62	7	-	-	99	-
3	Assam	28	22	374	6	330	-	99	49	81	39
4	Bihar	11	-	301	54	348	24	70	24	43	136
5	Chhattisgarh	6	-	595	-	155	-	27	-	223	-
6	Delhi	17	-	63	-	-	-	-	872	9	56
7	Goa	64	-	701	-	-	126	-	-	173	-
8	Gujarat	2	67	367	-	49	31	-	-	224	262
9	Haryana	10	-	599	-	117	-	53	1	89	141
10	Himachal Pradesh	33	-	42	14	398	-	47	-	441	58
11	Jammu & Kashmir	32	23	227	-	5	-	-	17	713	15
12	Jharkhand	26	-	156	18	487	51	-	12	247	29
13	Karnataka	6	129	404	-	247	-	-	57	132	32
14	Kerala	96	79	214	45	203	6	86	21	271	74
15	Madhya Pradesh	18	98	169	12	422	11	18	48	178	45
16	Maharashtra	8	207	222	56	167	-	114	43	69	121
17	Manipur	11	541	212	-	100	-	-	-	30	117
18	Meghalaya	25	-	207	-	596	61	36	61	39	-
19	Mizoram	8	-	148	-	163	-	106	-	181	402
20	Nagaland	39	-	479	7	45	10	118	-	316	24
21	Odisha	23	53	185	86	359	40	13	70	94	101
22	Punjab	20	-	357	-	605	4	-	-	-	34
23	Rajasthan	31	78	209	21	473	11	54	22	59	73
24	Sikkim	116	85	317	-	292	-	202	-	66	37
25	Tamil Nadu	31	83	176	37	132	9	141	10	375	38
26	Telangana	9	371	159	27	111	-	215	9	103	6
27	Tripura	160	239	23	-	534	-	7	2	92	102
28	Uttarakhand	25	141	334	153	90	-	-	-	281	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
30	West Bengal	18	-	173	-	496	19	80	37	87	107
31	A & N Islands	120	173	192	-	215	-	72	164	153	31
32	Chandigarh	34	-	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	877
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	9	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	2	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	6	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	46	41	90	-	-	-	44	-	826	-
All India		21	55	183	23	265	10	50	20	340	54

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.7): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	173	-	101	-	899	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	11	-	72	-	642	-	-	-	286	-

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.8): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	20	5	346	11	113	40	8	1	436	39
2	Arunachal Pradesh	21	70	207	-	312	103	-	-	289	19
3	Assam	50	9	245	29	242	2	271	-	203	-
4	Bihar	32	19	508	101	201	4	29	18	86	35
5	Chhattisgarh	32	36	237	30	130	41	1	15	509	-
6	Delhi	14	-	248	54	207	12	19	91	348	21
7	Goa	27	-	205	-	197	-	42	-	416	140
8	Gujarat	3	22	247	21	381	-	24	-	305	-
9	Haryana	24	19	495	3	39	23	25	147	228	21
10	Himachal Pradesh	10	23	204	-	569	-	-	-	203	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	14	-	82	-	-	-	83	-	835	-
12	Jharkhand	42	-	450	16	281	7	15	20	210	2
13	Karnataka	10	18	237	22	268	54	4	-	368	29
14	Kerala	62	46	229	58	235	10	83	4	311	24
15	Madhya Pradesh	16	5	194	50	212	41	136	28	276	58
16	Maharashtra	9	116	434	32	209	20	18	9	162	-
17	Manipur	36	427	266	-	8	-	100	-	187	11
18	Meghalaya	79	-	212	14	55	-	259	-	455	4
19	Mizoram	28	7	659	-	52	-	-	9	265	8
20	Nagaland	75	63	316	88	36	26	84	59	305	23
21	Odisha	21	128	349	89	154	29	55	-	168	28
22	Punjab	26	20	189	26	523	8	4	12	179	39
23	Rajasthan	17	73	374	112	208	6	25	19	175	8
24	Sikkim	94	-	554	-	137	-	252	-	57	-
25	Tamil Nadu	17	38	351	11	148	-	32	10	361	48
26	Telangana	31	25	265	5	327	154	10	2	210	2
27	Tripura	97	217	39	-	183	-	210	45	306	-
28	Uttarakhand	13	31	412	97	175	1	16	-	267	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	26	24	400	36	152	32	45	10	300	2
30	West Bengal	26	2	428	17	173	1	44	31	303	-
31	A & N Islands	60	41	291	-	72	-	393	-	203	-
32	Chandigarh	13	-	533	190	115	25	-	98	40	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	1	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	65	14	38	130	44	581	148	-	44	-
36	Puducherry	23	5	386	185	122	148	68	11	54	21
All India		21	34	335	36	204	24	51	18	280	18

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.9): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	19	9	352	7	105	58	12	-	458	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	26	71	255	-	234	76	-	-	334	30
3	Assam	56	15	256	39	227	3	285	-	177	-
4	Bihar	50	22	527	104	215	5	34	16	61	15
5	Chhattisgarh	39	23	234	1	159	65	-	24	495	-
6	Delhi	17	-	234	9	245	17	29	28	416	22
7	Goa	26	-	371	-	221	-	17	-	88	303
8	Gujarat	4	-	209	15	370	-	-	-	405	-
9	Haryana	25	18	474	6	70	33	17	128	227	27
10	Himachal Pradesh	17	27	178	-	668	-	-	-	127	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	13	-	106	-	-	-	127	-	767	-
12	Jharkhand	57	-	397	22	305	9	16	16	232	3
13	Karnataka	11	29	247	16	307	30	-	-	350	21
14	Kerala	32	8	332	52	195	24	102	11	253	24
15	Madhya Pradesh	24	6	194	52	253	43	129	25	225	72
16	Maharashtra	11	106	406	27	252	23	8	14	164	-
17	Manipur	43	641	105	-	13	-	76	-	145	21
18	Meghalaya	59	-	309	39	123	-	287	-	241	-
19	Mizoram	28	15	443	-	72	-	-	21	441	9
20	Nagaland	83	104	293	93	26	-	102	-	343	38
21	Odisha	26	151	335	80	163	5	78	-	169	18
22	Punjab	25	23	176	19	381	11	8	16	292	74
23	Rajasthan	21	60	291	145	205	9	28	29	222	13
24	Sikkim	50	-	667	-	113	-	135	-	85	-
25	Tamil Nadu	17	14	363	18	175	-	42	19	329	40
26	Telangana	22	43	262	11	276	132	10	5	256	6
27	Tripura	46	430	8	-	31	-	425	-	106	-
28	Uttarakhand	15	51	286	155	174	2	-	-	332	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	31	21	382	35	179	24	51	16	291	2
30	West Bengal	31	1	351	21	252	2	30	43	299	-
31	A & N Islands	25	-	654	-	319	-	28	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	23	-	524	193	117	26	-	99	41	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	6	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	111	18	25	121	38	742	-	-	56	-
36	Puducherry	23	10	115	339	119	217	83	23	52	42
All India		23	30	337	39	217	22	50	20	267	17

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.10): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	1	340	15	121	25	5	2	418	74
2	Arunachal Pradesh	16	69	127	-	441	149	-	-	213	-
3	Assam	43	-	228	15	263	-	252	-	241	-
4	Bihar	11	-	409	88	123	-	-	27	218	135
5	Chhattisgarh	25	60	244	81	80	-	2	-	534	-
6	Delhi	10	-	276	145	131	-	-	217	211	20
7	Goa	28	-	64	-	177	-	64	-	696	-
8	Gujarat	2	67	325	32	403	-	74	-	100	-
9	Haryana	22	21	522	-	-	10	34	172	228	14
10	Himachal Pradesh	3	-	357	-	-	-	-	-	643	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	16	-	62	-	-	-	44	-	894	-
12	Jharkhand	25	-	584	-	219	-	14	29	153	-
13	Karnataka	8	3	222	30	213	89	9	-	394	42
14	Kerala	88	59	198	60	251	5	78	2	321	25
15	Madhya Pradesh	6	-	192	40	42	32	168	39	488	-
16	Maharashtra	7	130	486	39	137	13	35	-	160	-
17	Manipur	31	158	469	-	2	-	131	-	240	-
18	Meghalaya	98	-	156	-	16	-	243	-	579	7
19	Mizoram	28	-	842	-	34	-	-	-	116	8
20	Nagaland	67	9	346	81	48	60	61	138	254	4
21	Odisha	15	84	374	106	138	74	12	-	165	47
22	Punjab	27	17	202	32	667	4	-	9	65	3
23	Rajasthan	12	98	528	52	215	-	19	-	88	-
24	Sikkim	148	-	508	-	147	-	301	-	45	-
25	Tamil Nadu	17	64	337	4	123	-	23	2	391	57
26	Telangana	40	15	267	1	358	167	10	-	183	-
27	Tripura	144	154	48	-	228	-	146	59	365	-
28	Uttarakhand	11	-	610	6	177	-	41	-	166	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	20	29	431	36	106	45	35	2	315	2
30	West Bengal	21	4	549	9	49	-	67	13	310	-
31	A & N Islands	101	53	185	-	-	-	499	-	263	-
32	Chandigarh	1	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	17	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	3	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	26	-	89	165	63	-	683	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	23	-	663	27	125	77	53	-	56	-
All India		20	40	333	34	189	25	52	14	294	19

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (32.11): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons aged 15 years & above by methods adopted to seek work according to Principal Status Approach (ps) for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons	distribution of unemployed persons by methods adopted to seek work in code								
			code 1	code 2	code 3	code 4	code 5	code 6	code 7	code 8	code 9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	354	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	975	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	17	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	110	-	440	-	-	-	-	-	560	-
26	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	42	39	166	-	-	-	-	-	795	-

through employment exchange-1, application made in response to advertisement-2, application made directly-3, through friends/relatives etc.-4, Through placement agencies/contractors-5, Codes 1 and 2-6, Codes 4 and 5-7, More than two methods-8, others-9.

Table (33): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experience	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	137	698	142	27	133
2	Arunachal Pradesh	106	540	366	7	88
3	Assam	126	481	166	43	310
4	Bihar	152	444	289	50	217
5	Chhattisgarh	85	466	231	15	288
6	Delhi	25	468	356	49	127
7	Goa	71	285	329	39	347
8	Gujarat	16	410	238	10	342
9	Haryana	65	510	149	55	287
10	Himachal Pradesh	234	477	241	77	205
11	Jammu & Kashmir	104	599	136	-	266
12	Jharkhand	159	514	302	115	69
13	Karnataka	37	652	193	53	102
14	Kerala	185	718	152	77	54
15	Madhya Pradesh	44	494	266	111	128
16	Maharashtra	44	657	158	59	125
17	Manipur	139	540	72	131	257
18	Meghalaya	150	576	387	-	37
19	Mizoram	158	528	268	14	190
20	Nagaland	258	231	121	52	597
21	Odisha	110	538	218	42	203
22	Punjab	90	402	382	30	186
23	Rajasthan	138	454	369	52	125
24	Sikkim	477	502	291	42	165
25	Tamil Nadu	99	688	192	64	56
26	Telangana	63	869	70	19	41
27	Tripura	228	714	159	47	80
28	Uttarakhand	123	721	220	11	48
29	Uttar Pradesh	139	647	236	56	62
30	West Bengal	98	590	76	20	314
31	A & N Islands	205	452	83	80	385
32	Chandigarh	27	722	-	36	242
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	98	659	341	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	15	-	127	-	873
35	Lakshadweep	223	307	-	-	693
36	Puducherry	62	615	162	166	58
All India		100	583	228	53	135

Table (33.1): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	205	628	176	33	164
2	Arunachal Pradesh	135	578	383	-	39
3	Assam	110	406	112	30	452
4	Bihar	165	441	291	57	211
5	Chhattisgarh	33	602	398	-	-
6	Delhi	130	-	-	-	1000
7	Goa	132	318	430	-	252
8	Gujarat	39	360	228	-	411
9	Haryana	77	636	72	-	292
10	Himachal Pradesh	325	476	244	78	202
11	Jammu & Kashmir	143	584	147	-	269
12	Jharkhand	174	548	326	51	75
13	Karnataka	70	631	230	19	121
14	Kerala	200	669	182	106	43
15	Madhya Pradesh	76	493	263	144	99
16	Maharashtra	89	560	203	72	165
17	Manipur	191	438	79	203	280
18	Meghalaya	27	677	-	-	323
19	Mizoram	113	312	614	74	-
20	Nagaland	255	311	135	46	508
21	Odisha	129	540	225	39	196
22	Punjab	115	332	338	28	303
23	Rajasthan	220	463	384	42	111
24	Sikkim	637	502	275	-	223
25	Tamil Nadu	181	629	243	82	46
26	Telangana	63	940	49	10	2
27	Tripura	320	674	196	65	65
28	Uttarakhand	178	748	207	5	40
29	Uttar Pradesh	189	608	263	62	67
30	West Bengal	142	561	41	39	359
31	A & N Islands	258	645	132	13	211
32	Chandigarh	67	-	-	-	1000
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	40	1000	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	7	-	1000	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	89	500	-	-	500
36	Puducherry	104	737	263	-	-
All India		154	559	251	55	135

Table (33.2): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	69	1000	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	57	387	297	34	282
3	Assam	155	559	222	57	161
4	Bihar	114	457	278	24	241
5	Chhattisgarh	123	433	191	18	358
6	Delhi	25	480	365	51	104
7	Goa	58	265	265	64	407
8	Gujarat	7	518	259	32	191
9	Haryana	57	396	218	104	282
10	Himachal Pradesh	16	553	-	-	447
11	Jammu & Kashmir	38	688	64	-	247
12	Jharkhand	147	482	279	175	64
13	Karnataka	23	676	152	93	79
14	Kerala	174	768	121	45	65
15	Madhya Pradesh	28	496	270	71	162
16	Maharashtra	25	819	84	38	59
17	Manipur	104	690	62	26	223
18	Meghalaya	215	570	409	-	21
19	Mizoram	174	577	190	-	233
20	Nagaland	262	72	93	62	773
21	Odisha	66	526	179	54	241
22	Punjab	79	445	408	31	116
23	Rajasthan	46	405	274	111	211
24	Sikkim	333	501	316	108	75
25	Tamil Nadu	54	830	67	20	82
26	Telangana	62	833	81	24	61
27	Tripura	152	813	68	3	116
28	Uttarakhand	35	572	290	42	97
29	Uttar Pradesh	68	847	96	22	35
30	West Bengal	73	621	114	-	265
31	A & N Islands	165	195	18	170	617
32	Chandigarh	26	737	-	37	227
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	189	591	409	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	18	-	-	-	1000
35	Lakshadweep	252	292	-	-	708
36	Puducherry	49	525	88	287	100
All India		58	640	175	50	135

Table (33.3): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	134	692	138	22	148
2	Arunachal Pradesh	103	554	333	9	104
3	Assam	110	488	166	46	301
4	Bihar	155	445	295	44	216
5	Chhattisgarh	87	504	254	11	231
6	Delhi	28	454	447	-	100
7	Goa	24	500	500	-	-
8	Gujarat	17	513	254	-	233
9	Haryana	54	488	213	10	289
10	Himachal Pradesh	280	444	229	75	252
11	Jammu & Kashmir	108	609	118	-	273
12	Jharkhand	164	529	302	105	64
13	Karnataka	35	747	178	31	45
14	Kerala	88	669	266	-	65
15	Madhya Pradesh	50	546	270	68	116
16	Maharashtra	44	640	172	77	111
17	Manipur	159	529	80	170	222
18	Meghalaya	97	628	301	-	71
19	Mizoram	103	432	556	11	-
20	Nagaland	247	264	59	66	610
21	Odisha	102	544	259	34	164
22	Punjab	78	426	330	7	237
23	Rajasthan	138	465	359	41	135
24	Sikkim	362	522	172	-	306
25	Tamil Nadu	82	680	200	35	86
26	Telangana	48	830	106	1	63
27	Tripura	133	559	259	98	84
28	Uttarakhand	122	646	283	7	64
29	Uttar Pradesh	135	679	233	25	63
30	West Bengal	96	568	96	14	321
31	A & N Islands	156	772	210	-	18
32	Chandigarh	46	722	-	36	242
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	72	793	207	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	276	372	-	-	628
36	Puducherry	53	595	168	151	86
All India		95	578	241	37	144

Table (33.4): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	143	710	151	34	105
2	Arunachal Pradesh	117	499	460	-	41
3	Assam	164	470	166	40	324
4	Bihar	143	439	267	72	222
5	Chhattisgarh	81	344	158	29	469
6	Delhi	21	494	187	141	178
7	Goa	119	230	286	49	436
8	Gujarat	16	196	204	31	569
9	Haryana	85	542	54	120	284
10	Himachal Pradesh	163	568	274	82	76
11	Jammu & Kashmir	97	578	172	-	250
12	Jharkhand	145	465	303	145	87
13	Karnataka	40	539	212	80	170
14	Kerala	258	729	121	99	51
15	Madhya Pradesh	31	344	256	239	162
16	Maharashtra	44	687	134	26	154
17	Manipur	106	577	47	12	364
18	Meghalaya	199	556	419	-	24
19	Mizoram	240	592	75	15	318
20	Nagaland	273	191	194	34	580
21	Odisha	128	527	139	56	277
22	Punjab	103	381	429	50	140
23	Rajasthan	137	433	387	73	106
24	Sikkim	676	488	370	70	72
25	Tamil Nadu	119	692	186	89	32
26	Telangana	88	910	33	39	18
27	Tripura	399	852	70	2	76
28	Uttarakhand	126	871	94	19	16
29	Uttar Pradesh	149	597	240	103	60
30	West Bengal	100	630	39	31	299
31	A & N Islands	238	298	22	118	561
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	152	565	435	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	44	-	127	-	873
35	Lakshadweep	116	-	-	-	1000
36	Puducherry	71	630	157	177	36
All India		109	591	208	79	122

Table (34): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification	distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	133	765	196	0	39
2	Arunachal Pradesh	587	372	37	296	296
3	Assam	71	547	306	-	147
4	Bihar	118	504	198	34	265
5	Chhattisgarh	48	488	462	-	50
6	Delhi	36	739	128	-	133
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	18	625	197	-	179
9	Haryana	77	572	169	219	41
10	Himachal Pradesh	38	668	332	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	107	504	165	5	326
12	Jharkhand	107	537	374	-	89
13	Karnataka	49	863	89	10	38
14	Kerala	145	814	131	29	26
15	Madhya Pradesh	28	498	353	-	150
16	Maharashtra	68	685	221	22	72
17	Manipur	68	656	-	-	344
18	Meghalaya	273	458	458	-	84
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	226	290	129	18	563
21	Odisha	83	288	382	-	330
22	Punjab	112	414	393	-	193
23	Rajasthan	107	445	338	100	117
24	Sikkim	21	400	200	-	400
25	Tamil Nadu	106	655	188	83	75
26	Telangana	72	917	83	-	-
27	Tripura	385	902	-	-	98
28	Uttarakhand	116	588	411	-	1
29	Uttar Pradesh	127	713	188	25	74
30	West Bengal	139	492	76	1	431
31	A & N Islands	202	629	349	-	22
32	Chandigarh	9	811	-	-	189
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	315	500	500	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	245	154	-	-	846
36	Puducherry	69	370	-	117	514
All India		98	624	215	38	124

Table (34.1): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification	distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	188	670	275	0	54
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1000	362	-	319	319
3	Assam	12	464	-	-	536
4	Bihar	118	586	167	37	210
5	Chhattisgarh	47	540	460	-	-
6	Delhi	117	-	-	-	1000
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	33	937	63	-	-
9	Haryana	159	756	244	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	54	668	332	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	135	522	123	9	346
12	Jharkhand	350	500	392	-	108
13	Karnataka	47	1000	-	-	-
14	Kerala	163	815	185	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	23	911	89	-	-
16	Maharashtra	176	705	236	-	59
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	118	661	300	-	39
21	Odisha	123	203	513	-	285
22	Punjab	228	386	418	-	196
23	Rajasthan	211	471	337	86	105
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	212	564	228	106	101
26	Telangana	43	1000	-	-	-
27	Tripura	292	1000	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	169	591	409	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	182	643	226	29	101
30	West Bengal	185	468	18	1	513
31	A & N Islands	689	786	214	-	-
32	Chandigarh	81	-	-	-	1000
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	315	500	500	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	500	1000	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	87	1000	-	-	-
All India		162	585	248	37	130

Table (34.2): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification	distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	86	1000	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	72	500	500	-	-
3	Assam	144	555	333	-	112
4	Bihar	117	382	243	28	347
5	Chhattisgarh	49	417	464	-	120
6	Delhi	35	745	129	-	126
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	14	501	249	-	249
9	Haryana	48	441	116	373	69
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	76	479	223	-	298
12	Jharkhand	32	712	288	-	-
13	Karnataka	49	827	113	12	49
14	Kerala	132	813	76	58	53
15	Madhya Pradesh	29	435	393	-	173
16	Maharashtra	39	661	204	47	87
17	Manipur	113	656	-	-	344
18	Meghalaya	296	458	458	-	84
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	347	97	40	27	836
21	Odisha	67	339	304	-	357
22	Punjab	19	796	50	-	154
23	Rajasthan	45	367	339	141	153
24	Sikkim	49	400	200	-	400
25	Tamil Nadu	56	864	93	29	14
26	Telangana	78	909	91	-	-
27	Tripura	427	876	-	-	124
28	Uttarakhand	40	570	424	-	6
29	Uttar Pradesh	82	884	93	14	9
30	West Bengal	105	523	150	-	327
31	A & N Islands	74	273	656	-	71
32	Chandigarh	8	1000	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	238	101	-	-	899
36	Puducherry	66	278	-	134	588
All India		62	687	160	40	113

Table (34.3): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification	distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	121	745	249	1	5
2	Arunachal Pradesh	596	362	-	319	319
3	Assam	40	125	565	-	310
4	Bihar	115	503	182	24	291
5	Chhattisgarh	46	376	563	-	61
6	Delhi	29	668	239	-	93
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	19	599	200	-	200
9	Haryana	64	554	287	130	29
10	Himachal Pradesh	44	1000	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	74	505	125	11	360
12	Jharkhand	84	563	437	-	-
13	Karnataka	49	836	90	15	60
14	Kerala	86	880	120	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	33	538	333	-	129
16	Maharashtra	37	532	305	-	163
17	Manipur	42	505	-	-	495
18	Meghalaya	328	500	500	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	156	328	258	-	414
21	Odisha	43	191	666	-	143
22	Punjab	128	426	458	-	116
23	Rajasthan	108	442	306	96	156
24	Sikkim	86	400	200	-	400
25	Tamil Nadu	99	680	210	27	84
26	Telangana	32	991	9	-	-
27	Tripura	7	-	-	-	1000
28	Uttarakhand	96	558	442	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	121	686	216	9	89
30	West Bengal	101	624	92	2	282
31	A & N Islands	73	500	500	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	39	1000	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	1	500	-	-	500
All India		83	614	246	24	116

Table (34.4): Per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification aged 15 years & above by reasons of unemployment for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification	distribution of unemployed persons having post-graduate level qualification by reasons of unemployment			
			non-availability of jobs matching with education/skill/experi ence	non-availability of adequate remuneration	family/ personal problems	others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	164	810	73	-	117
2	Arunachal Pradesh	471	500	500	-	-
3	Assam	121	736	190	-	74
4	Bihar	129	507	234	56	203
5	Chhattisgarh	51	1000	-	-	-
6	Delhi	45	813	14	-	173
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	17	685	188	-	128
9	Haryana	89	584	90	278	48
10	Himachal Pradesh	34	500	500	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	164	503	202	-	295
12	Jharkhand	184	500	287	-	213
13	Karnataka	49	912	88	-	-
14	Kerala	201	789	136	40	36
15	Madhya Pradesh	16	399	399	-	201
16	Maharashtra	117	779	170	35	16
17	Manipur	270	1000	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	246	427	427	-	147
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	342	252	-	35	712
21	Odisha	160	312	312	-	376
22	Punjab	95	397	296	-	306
23	Rajasthan	106	453	408	108	31
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	114	630	168	134	68
26	Telangana	147	891	109	-	-
27	Tripura	637	908	-	-	92
28	Uttarakhand	140	615	383	-	2
29	Uttar Pradesh	140	763	137	53	47
30	West Bengal	185	402	66	-	532
31	A & N Islands	349	684	285	-	31
32	Chandigarh	21	811	-	-	189
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	901	500	500	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	370	101	-	-	899
36	Puducherry	164	367	-	119	514
All India		122	634	180	54	132

Table (35): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	915	16	8	55	6
2	Arunachal Pradesh	325	30	66	516	63
3	Assam	717	25	15	202	40
4	Bihar	714	33	24	170	59
5	Chhattisgarh	827	22	8	131	12
6	Delhi	746	34	66	129	25
7	Goa	533	46	2	363	55
8	Gujarat	695	26	18	127	134
9	Haryana	812	16	35	81	55
10	Himachal Pradesh	595	33	52	315	5
11	Jammu & Kashmir	675	9	27	277	12
12	Jharkhand	608	48	15	314	16
13	Karnataka	826	18	21	87	47
14	Kerala	820	42	14	113	11
15	Madhya Pradesh	790	34	20	148	9
16	Maharashtra	821	17	17	128	16
17	Manipur	666	14	27	246	47
18	Meghalaya	575	31	22	338	34
19	Mizoram	401	56	4	506	33
20	Nagaland	417	14	7	359	202
21	Odisha	750	43	12	177	19
22	Punjab	800	22	12	92	74
23	Rajasthan	806	8	8	162	16
24	Sikkim	364	11	36	585	4
25	Tamil Nadu	889	23	19	38	31
26	Telangana	887	22	15	54	22
27	Tripura	748	23	21	192	17
28	Uttarakhand	645	14	6	247	88
29	Uttar Pradesh	847	25	14	92	21
30	West Bengal	795	20	16	156	13
31	A & N Islands	626	73	9	235	56
32	Chandigarh	967	9	0	25	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	341	232	6	421	0
34	Daman & Diu	763	40	35	144	17
35	Lakshadweep	498	139	19	236	107
36	Puducherry	910	23	21	39	7
	All India	803	25	17	124	31

Table (35.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	910	16	10	57	7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	345	33	66	504	52
3	Assam	730	25	13	199	33
4	Bihar	728	34	23	158	57
5	Chhattisgarh	803	26	8	152	11
6	Delhi	748	34	64	127	27
7	Goa	543	42	3	354	58
8	Gujarat	682	24	19	129	146
9	Haryana	828	12	34	72	54
10	Himachal Pradesh	604	32	44	313	6
11	Jammu & Kashmir	684	5	22	278	11
12	Jharkhand	608	43	15	319	16
13	Karnataka	829	16	21	91	43
14	Kerala	855	35	11	90	9
15	Madhya Pradesh	796	28	19	148	9
16	Maharashtra	801	17	21	145	17
17	Manipur	660	17	29	238	56
18	Meghalaya	635	22	27	282	35
19	Mizoram	385	28	2	541	43
20	Nagaland	418	12	8	340	222
21	Odisha	758	40	10	173	19
22	Punjab	802	19	11	86	82
23	Rajasthan	810	8	8	162	12
24	Sikkim	344	5	43	605	3
25	Tamil Nadu	890	21	19	39	31
26	Telangana	862	28	18	73	19
27	Tripura	801	7	9	183	0
28	Uttarakhand	677	15	5	221	82
29	Uttar Pradesh	857	24	13	85	21
30	West Bengal	795	19	16	158	13
31	A & N Islands	642	53	11	235	59
32	Chandigarh	963	10	-	27	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	348	187	3	461	0
34	Daman & Diu	757	37	41	148	16
35	Lakshadweep	560	143	26	235	36
36	Puducherry	911	11	20	47	10
	All India	800	23	17	127	32

Table (35.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	925	16	6	50	3
2	Arunachal Pradesh	221	14	66	580	119
3	Assam	662	25	25	217	71
4	Bihar	568	29	27	298	78
5	Chhattisgarh	889	11	7	77	16
6	Delhi	735	29	80	144	12
7	Goa	504	60	-	390	46
8	Gujarat	750	37	12	117	85
9	Haryana	722	41	42	135	60
10	Himachal Pradesh	560	38	75	327	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	633	27	51	273	16
12	Jharkhand	602	75	16	295	12
13	Karnataka	821	25	20	78	57
14	Kerala	732	61	22	169	15
15	Madhya Pradesh	752	69	23	147	9
16	Maharashtra	880	20	8	79	14
17	Manipur	693	1	20	282	5
18	Meghalaya	458	50	12	450	31
19	Mizoram	453	133	7	398	8
20	Nagaland	415	20	5	416	143
21	Odisha	710	59	22	192	17
22	Punjab	787	41	18	117	37
23	Rajasthan	779	13	4	162	42
24	Sikkim	457	35	2	495	11
25	Tamil Nadu	887	28	17	35	33
26	Telangana	928	13	11	26	23
27	Tripura	567	77	63	222	71
28	Uttarakhand	403	5	9	447	136
29	Uttar Pradesh	757	40	16	161	26
30	West Bengal	797	24	19	147	12
31	A & N Islands	557	159	-	238	46
32	Chandigarh	998	-	2	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	303	455	19	223	-
34	Daman & Diu	802	57	-	119	23
35	Lakshadweep	304	127	-	238	331
36	Puducherry	906	53	24	18	-
	All India	813	30	17	111	30

Table (35.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	822	-	-	178	-
4	Bihar	314	-	-	-	686
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	1000	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	328	-	-	672	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	1000	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	1000	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	1000	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	1000	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	938	-	-	62	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	1000	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	338	-	-	439	224
22	Punjab	-	1000	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	923	-	-	77	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	1000	-
25	Tamil Nadu	820	-	180	-	-
26	Telangana	492	-	-	24	484
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	425	-	-	575	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	425	285	150	140	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	1000	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	638	47	83	132	101

Table (35.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	933	17	7	40	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	273	34	76	563	53
3	Assam	685	27	17	222	48
4	Bihar	735	31	22	151	61
5	Chhattisgarh	862	27	3	97	11
6	Delhi	446	55	45	453	1
7	Goa	695	42	0	203	59
8	Gujarat	745	26	12	74	142
9	Haryana	819	13	35	80	53
10	Himachal Pradesh	636	35	41	282	6
11	Jammu & Kashmir	700	12	38	235	15
12	Jharkhand	685	49	12	238	16
13	Karnataka	855	17	23	63	41
14	Kerala	854	30	14	83	18
15	Madhya Pradesh	856	32	14	88	9
16	Maharashtra	870	15	12	86	17
17	Manipur	525	17	33	335	90
18	Meghalaya	574	57	10	345	14
19	Mizoram	448	75	0	405	72
20	Nagaland	360	14	10	368	249
21	Odisha	779	47	10	143	21
22	Punjab	795	14	4	87	101
23	Rajasthan	843	10	8	120	19
24	Sikkim	407	14	42	533	4
25	Tamil Nadu	885	29	22	35	29
26	Telangana	940	7	4	17	32
27	Tripura	809	30	16	123	22
28	Uttarakhand	680	17	2	240	61
29	Uttar Pradesh	869	26	11	70	24
30	West Bengal	865	18	13	98	7
31	A & N Islands	677	90	1	215	17
32	Chandigarh	953	-	8	40	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	434	294	10	262	1
34	Daman & Diu	437	94	22	437	10
35	Lakshadweep	370	58	-	79	494
36	Puducherry	848	42	57	53	-
	All India	831	24	14	98	33

Table (35.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	926	17	8	44	6
2	Arunachal Pradesh	289	38	77	551	44
3	Assam	697	28	15	220	39
4	Bihar	751	31	22	138	58
5	Chhattisgarh	839	32	4	114	11
6	Delhi	428	59	46	465	1
7	Goa	737	19	1	190	53
8	Gujarat	726	24	15	76	159
9	Haryana	841	8	36	65	51
10	Himachal Pradesh	639	35	34	286	7
11	Jammu & Kashmir	722	7	31	227	14
12	Jharkhand	687	44	12	240	17
13	Karnataka	857	14	25	66	38
14	Kerala	890	27	10	57	15
15	Madhya Pradesh	866	25	14	87	9
16	Maharashtra	845	17	17	103	18
17	Manipur	506	20	39	328	107
18	Meghalaya	613	39	7	321	20
19	Mizoram	384	64	0	459	94
20	Nagaland	369	10	11	334	277
21	Odisha	790	43	8	137	21
22	Punjab	793	10	2	84	111
23	Rajasthan	851	9	9	117	14
24	Sikkim	391	6	50	550	3
25	Tamil Nadu	885	26	24	37	28
26	Telangana	936	8	4	19	32
27	Tripura	861	9	4	125	1
28	Uttarakhand	721	19	2	204	54
29	Uttar Pradesh	879	24	10	63	23
30	West Bengal	867	17	12	98	7
31	A & N Islands	712	66	1	209	13
32	Chandigarh	958	-	-	42	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	450	245	6	299	1
34	Daman & Diu	452	67	28	441	13
35	Lakshadweep	677	113	-	112	99
36	Puducherry	839	31	56	74	-
	All India	829	23	14	100	33

Table (35.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	943	16	6	33	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	189	14	71	627	98
3	Assam	627	24	29	232	88
4	Bihar	578	32	20	291	79
5	Chhattisgarh	911	15	-	62	12
6	Delhi	627	8	30	336	-
7	Goa	567	113	-	243	76
8	Gujarat	810	34	5	68	83
9	Haryana	685	43	32	173	68
10	Himachal Pradesh	637	35	63	265	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	583	41	79	275	22
12	Jharkhand	668	76	11	235	9
13	Karnataka	850	25	18	57	50
14	Kerala	764	38	24	149	25
15	Madhya Pradesh	805	69	17	99	9
16	Maharashtra	920	10	4	52	14
17	Manipur	618	-	3	370	9
18	Meghalaya	481	101	17	401	-
19	Mizoram	650	110	-	236	4
20	Nagaland	329	29	6	481	155
21	Odisha	719	73	18	173	17
22	Punjab	804	31	11	102	52
23	Rajasthan	800	14	4	134	48
24	Sikkim	485	50	-	456	9
25	Tamil Nadu	886	33	18	31	32
26	Telangana	948	6	4	14	29
27	Tripura	625	104	57	118	95
28	Uttarakhand	326	-	-	547	126
29	Uttar Pradesh	763	46	12	150	29
30	West Bengal	857	23	16	98	7
31	A & N Islands	537	185	-	241	37
32	Chandigarh	860	-	140	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	373	475	25	127	-
34	Daman & Diu	377	201	-	421	-
35	Lakshadweep	49	-	-	44	907
36	Puducherry	867	70	62	2	-
	All India	838	29	13	90	31

Table (35.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	822	-	-	178	-
4	Bihar	314	-	-	-	686
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	614	-	-	386	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	1000	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	1000	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	1000	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	1000	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	345	-	-	426	229
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	1000	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	546	-	454	-	-
26	Telangana	232	-	-	-	768
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	425	-	-	575	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	383	404	213	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	556	71	117	100	156

Table (35.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	871	15	13	93	9
2	Arunachal Pradesh	474	18	35	382	91
3	Assam	837	18	7	129	10
4	Bihar	560	48	36	309	47
5	Chhattisgarh	758	13	18	197	14
6	Delhi	758	33	67	116	26
7	Goa	435	49	3	460	53
8	Gujarat	613	26	26	214	121
9	Haryana	800	22	36	84	58
10	Himachal Pradesh	364	24	110	500	1
11	Jammu & Kashmir	624	1	4	365	6
12	Jharkhand	327	41	27	590	15
13	Karnataka	794	19	19	114	54
14	Kerala	781	56	14	146	2
15	Madhya Pradesh	669	37	30	256	9
16	Maharashtra	764	20	23	177	16
17	Manipur	815	11	21	153	0
18	Meghalaya	576	3	35	331	55
19	Mizoram	385	50	5	539	21
20	Nagaland	513	15	2	346	124
21	Odisha	626	24	22	320	9
22	Punjab	809	37	25	99	30
23	Rajasthan	691	4	6	292	6
24	Sikkim	228	1	17	749	5
25	Tamil Nadu	894	16	14	42	34
26	Telangana	777	54	37	132	0
27	Tripura	544	-	37	419	-
28	Uttarakhand	568	6	14	263	149
29	Uttar Pradesh	783	23	22	158	14
30	West Bengal	666	23	23	264	23
31	A & N Islands	553	50	21	264	112
32	Chandigarh	967	9	-	24	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	199	138	-	663	-
34	Daman & Diu	844	27	39	72	19
35	Lakshadweep	523	155	23	266	33
36	Puducherry	945	12	-	31	12
	All India	748	26	23	175	29

Table (35.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	875	14	15	85	10
2	Arunachal Pradesh	504	19	32	371	74
3	Assam	857	15	5	117	7
4	Bihar	565	53	32	305	44
5	Chhattisgarh	743	16	15	216	10
6	Delhi	762	33	64	112	28
7	Goa	424	55	5	454	61
8	Gujarat	617	23	25	208	126
9	Haryana	805	19	32	85	59
10	Himachal Pradesh	392	18	107	481	2
11	Jammu & Kashmir	601	2	5	387	6
12	Jharkhand	327	36	26	599	13
13	Karnataka	797	17	18	118	50
14	Kerala	815	44	11	128	2
15	Madhya Pradesh	676	33	29	254	9
16	Maharashtra	761	16	24	183	16
17	Manipur	830	14	18	139	-
18	Meghalaya	661	1	51	234	53
19	Mizoram	385	16	3	570	26
20	Nagaland	508	17	2	351	122
21	Odisha	617	27	19	330	7
22	Punjab	819	33	24	91	34
23	Rajasthan	692	4	7	292	5
24	Sikkim	182	2	20	793	3
25	Tamil Nadu	895	16	14	42	34
26	Telangana	752	59	37	152	0
27	Tripura	593	-	23	383	-
28	Uttarakhand	573	5	12	261	149
29	Uttar Pradesh	787	23	22	154	14
30	West Bengal	665	22	23	266	23
31	A & N Islands	546	35	25	270	123
32	Chandigarh	963	10	-	27	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	213	111	-	676	-
34	Daman & Diu	826	31	44	82	17
35	Lakshadweep	545	147	29	250	29
36	Puducherry	951	1	-	32	16
	All India	746	24	23	179	29

Table (35.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	856	17	5	118	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	314	13	51	443	179
3	Assam	767	28	14	172	19
4	Bihar	505	8	69	347	70
5	Chhattisgarh	819	-	30	123	28
6	Delhi	738	30	81	140	12
7	Goa	468	29	-	475	28
8	Gujarat	589	43	30	247	91
9	Haryana	777	38	56	79	49
10	Himachal Pradesh	256	47	123	574	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	723	1	0	271	6
12	Jharkhand	330	72	35	537	26
13	Karnataka	787	24	22	102	65
14	Kerala	695	88	20	193	4
15	Madhya Pradesh	615	70	36	271	8
16	Maharashtra	779	43	17	146	14
17	Manipur	757	1	34	205	1
18	Meghalaya	438	6	7	492	58
19	Mizoram	397	140	9	444	10
20	Nagaland	524	10	3	335	129
21	Odisha	675	10	38	261	16
22	Punjab	755	59	30	147	8
23	Rajasthan	682	9	3	292	15
24	Sikkim	388	-	6	590	16
25	Tamil Nadu	890	17	15	44	35
26	Telangana	852	39	38	71	1
27	Tripura	397	-	78	525	-
28	Uttarakhand	536	13	25	273	154
29	Uttar Pradesh	738	22	26	196	17
30	West Bengal	672	27	26	253	23
31	A & N Islands	589	118	-	233	61
32	Chandigarh	1000	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	72	388	-	540	-
34	Daman & Diu	968	-	-	-	32
35	Lakshadweep	428	189	-	331	52
36	Puducherry	930	42	-	28	-
	All India	756	34	25	158	28

Table (35.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed by type of job contract for each State/UT

Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers except self employed by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	1000	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	185	-	-	815	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	1000	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	1000	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	938	-	-	62	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	1000	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	1000	-
22	Punjab	-	1000	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	1000	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	1000	-
25	Tamil Nadu	1000	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	934	-	-	66	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	524	-	-	476	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	1000	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	787	3	21	189	-

Table (36): Per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	785	33	21	153	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	251	24	70	621	33
3	Assam	605	17	14	316	49
4	Bihar	390	28	54	497	31
5	Chhattisgarh	672	38	14	257	19
6	Delhi	763	9	45	158	25
7	Goa	362	33	4	559	42
8	Gujarat	568	28	28	284	92
9	Haryana	787	10	4	135	64
10	Himachal Pradesh	551	10	21	418	0
11	Jammu & Kashmir	540	5	41	397	17
12	Jharkhand	377	19	22	569	14
13	Karnataka	746	28	35	165	27
14	Kerala	651	36	29	270	13
15	Madhya Pradesh	526	54	39	363	18
16	Maharashtra	665	19	20	271	25
17	Manipur	524	20	30	394	32
18	Meghalaya	283	15	6	663	33
19	Mizoram	255	36	4	661	44
20	Nagaland	353	12	5	403	227
21	Odisha	619	32	14	322	14
22	Punjab	741	9	9	169	72
23	Rajasthan	654	7	8	307	24
24	Sikkim	146	7	44	797	6
25	Tamil Nadu	821	26	27	87	38
26	Telangana	744	33	46	169	8
27	Tripura	416	47	29	508	1
28	Uttarakhand	495	19	8	371	107
29	Uttar Pradesh	716	27	26	210	21
30	West Bengal	428	23	28	486	35
31	A & N Islands	416	30	-	463	92
32	Chandigarh	951	11	0	38	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	27	6	-	968	-
34	Daman & Diu	631	25	4	326	14
35	Lakshadweep	439	85	19	289	169
36	Puducherry	895	7	6	77	15
	All India	649	25	26	270	31

Table (36.1): Per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	767	53	24	143	13
2	Arunachal Pradesh	169	32	82	699	18
3	Assam	535	20	17	365	63
4	Bihar	387	30	56	492	34
5	Chhattisgarh	670	61	7	242	19
6	Delhi	339	7	13	640	2
7	Goa	534	17	-	347	102
8	Gujarat	552	38	29	235	146
9	Haryana	765	11	1	165	57
10	Himachal Pradesh	602	11	14	373	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	539	8	64	367	23
12	Jharkhand	481	19	22	462	17
13	Karnataka	695	37	67	171	30
14	Kerala	707	35	31	204	22
15	Madhya Pradesh	506	81	52	336	24
16	Maharashtra	609	18	26	308	41
17	Manipur	332	28	26	550	64
18	Meghalaya	331	24	-	619	26
19	Mizoram	294	89	0	524	93
20	Nagaland	271	11	6	421	289
21	Odisha	670	37	14	262	16
22	Punjab	666	8	11	204	112
23	Rajasthan	679	10	9	268	34
24	Sikkim	146	10	57	782	6
25	Tamil Nadu	795	33	38	103	31
26	Telangana	831	8	24	111	27
27	Tripura	507	76	11	405	1
28	Uttarakhand	490	26	3	394	88
29	Uttar Pradesh	729	33	25	192	22
30	West Bengal	535	32	29	377	27
31	A & N Islands	373	68	-	507	51
32	Chandigarh	943	-	9	48	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	19	-	-	981	-
34	Daman & Diu	293	1	14	671	20
35	Lakshadweep	-	45	-	76	879
36	Puducherry	628	22	47	302	-
	All India	637	30	28	268	36

Table (36.2): Per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	806	10	18	165	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	460	6	40	422	73
3	Assam	809	6	4	170	10
4	Bihar	401	21	46	514	18
5	Chhattisgarh	675	11	21	274	20
6	Delhi	778	9	46	142	25
7	Goa	267	42	5	677	9
8	Gujarat	579	21	27	316	57
9	Haryana	810	8	7	105	70
10	Himachal Pradesh	242	2	60	693	3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	543	2	5	444	7
12	Jharkhand	204	19	22	745	10
13	Karnataka	773	24	17	161	26
14	Kerala	599	38	27	332	4
15	Madhya Pradesh	540	36	29	381	14
16	Maharashtra	691	20	17	254	17
17	Manipur	718	11	34	236	0
18	Meghalaya	211	2	14	728	44
19	Mizoram	242	18	5	708	27
20	Nagaland	480	13	2	375	129
21	Odisha	465	15	13	500	7
22	Punjab	812	9	8	136	34
23	Rajasthan	611	1	8	373	7
24	Sikkim	145	1	13	835	6
25	Tamil Nadu	843	21	19	74	43
26	Telangana	710	43	54	192	1
27	Tripura	266	-	57	677	-
28	Uttarakhand	505	7	18	331	139
29	Uttar Pradesh	696	16	30	239	20
30	West Bengal	339	16	26	576	42
31	A & N Islands	449	-	-	428	123
32	Chandigarh	952	11	-	37	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	31	8	-	961	-
34	Daman & Diu	778	35	-	176	11
35	Lakshadweep	514	92	22	325	47
36	Puducherry	933	4	-	45	17
	All India	661	19	23	272	25

Table (37): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	820	64	23	82	12
2	Arunachal Pradesh	408	149	165	278	-
3	Assam	659	68	70	155	48
4	Bihar	671	157	39	96	37
5	Chhattisgarh	924	20	14	35	7
6	Delhi	559	175	201	34	31
7	Goa	740	167	1	38	54
8	Gujarat	619	74	37	121	149
9	Haryana	611	79	226	33	51
10	Himachal Pradesh	269	111	191	409	20
11	Jammu & Kashmir	843	59	-	91	7
12	Jharkhand	349	234	26	374	17
13	Karnataka	714	25	63	79	120
14	Kerala	806	120	27	48	0
15	Madhya Pradesh	698	153	61	82	6
16	Maharashtra	769	70	87	61	13
17	Manipur	802	30	118	-	50
18	Meghalaya	257	309	184	216	33
19	Mizoram	379	352	12	246	11
20	Nagaland	836	59	47	22	37
21	Odisha	580	161	49	197	13
22	Punjab	733	87	37	96	47
23	Rajasthan	779	56	64	70	31
24	Sikkim	209	414	378	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	791	52	67	46	45
26	Telangana	705	172	24	99	-
27	Tripura	436	402	55	107	-
28	Uttarakhand	833	35	-	33	99
29	Uttar Pradesh	803	115	16	40	26
30	West Bengal	586	111	80	211	11
31	A & N Islands	266	393	-	342	-
32	Chandigarh	992	8	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	458	422	11	109	-
34	Daman & Diu	728	78	84	86	24
35	Lakshadweep	594	278	36	79	13
36	Puducherry	567	177	248	8	-
	All India	678	108	59	115	40

Table (37.1): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	841	28	13	99	20
2	Arunachal Pradesh	423	140	178	259	-
3	Assam	635	29	81	191	62
4	Bihar	683	155	34	93	36
5	Chhattisgarh	967	-	-	22	11
6	Delhi	313	357	259	72	-
7	Goa	834	154	2	10	-
8	Gujarat	588	101	37	117	158
9	Haryana	611	56	219	39	75
10	Himachal Pradesh	219	134	191	427	29
11	Jammu & Kashmir	828	67	-	97	8
12	Jharkhand	307	236	16	425	16
13	Karnataka	803	21	38	44	94
14	Kerala	828	123	15	34	0
15	Madhya Pradesh	752	151	17	70	10
16	Maharashtra	712	124	87	52	25
17	Manipur	724	-	194	-	82
18	Meghalaya	230	709	-	60	-
19	Mizoram	537	298	-	165	-
20	Nagaland	862	76	61	-	-
21	Odisha	566	170	29	226	8
22	Punjab	752	60	2	110	76
23	Rajasthan	767	58	79	60	36
24	Sikkim	-	638	362	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	743	73	78	41	66
26	Telangana	673	156	10	161	-
27	Tripura	-	1000	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	815	40	-	42	102
29	Uttar Pradesh	796	119	12	41	31
30	West Bengal	583	98	63	240	16
31	A & N Islands	295	307	-	398	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	460	439	15	85	-
34	Daman & Diu	482	241	38	239	-
35	Lakshadweep	894	62	-	44	-
36	Puducherry	451	128	408	13	-
	All India	662	116	46	132	44

Table (37.2): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	788	116	38	58	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	195	278	-	527	-
3	Assam	720	170	41	60	9
4	Bihar	587	175	73	119	46
5	Chhattisgarh	854	53	36	57	-
6	Delhi	569	168	199	33	32
7	Goa	655	179	-	62	103
8	Gujarat	658	42	36	127	137
9	Haryana	610	122	239	22	6
10	Himachal Pradesh	389	56	191	364	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	951	-	-	49	-
12	Jharkhand	583	223	79	96	19
13	Karnataka	662	28	77	99	135
14	Kerala	759	114	51	76	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	620	156	126	99	-
16	Maharashtra	800	40	87	66	6
17	Manipur	924	76	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	276	12	321	332	58
19	Mizoram	366	357	13	253	11
20	Nagaland	745	-	-	95	160
21	Odisha	630	130	119	93	29
22	Punjab	706	124	84	77	8
23	Rajasthan	828	50	-	112	10
24	Sikkim	593	-	407	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	852	25	54	52	18
26	Telangana	719	179	30	72	-
27	Tripura	730	-	92	178	-
28	Uttarakhand	890	19	-	1	90
29	Uttar Pradesh	824	102	30	34	9
30	West Bengal	593	134	111	160	3
31	A & N Islands	187	627	-	187	-
32	Chandigarh	992	8	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	448	366	-	186	-
34	Daman & Diu	785	41	94	50	29
35	Lakshadweep	516	334	45	88	17
36	Puducherry	746	254	-	-	-
	All India	703	94	81	88	34

Table (38): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	991	3	1	1	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	723	16	-	5	257
3	Assam	924	34	9	11	22
4	Bihar	904	11	4	2	79
5	Chhattisgarh	991	5	-	-	5
6	Delhi	927	19	29	9	15
7	Goa	843	7	-	61	89
8	Gujarat	824	7	2	5	162
9	Haryana	950	0	11	-	40
10	Himachal Pradesh	960	18	-	19	3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	986	-	-	13	0
12	Jharkhand	974	4	3	2	17
13	Karnataka	921	8	2	11	58
14	Kerala	935	40	3	13	10
15	Madhya Pradesh	985	3	1	8	3
16	Maharashtra	985	5	0	2	8
17	Manipur	899	-	3	26	72
18	Meghalaya	936	1	12	17	34
19	Mizoram	975	12	-	10	2
20	Nagaland	869	14	7	79	32
21	Odisha	934	27	1	13	26
22	Punjab	899	4	2	4	91
23	Rajasthan	985	4	0	6	5
24	Sikkim	994	6	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	948	18	8	1	26
26	Telangana	961	7	1	2	29
27	Tripura	955	2	16	0	26
28	Uttarakhand	938	-	0	15	47
29	Uttar Pradesh	966	9	2	2	21
30	West Bengal	990	3	1	3	3
31	A & N Islands	857	50	18	36	39
32	Chandigarh	1000	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	819	59	-	118	3
34	Daman & Diu	988	-	-	-	12
35	Lakshadweep	595	158	-	247	-
36	Puducherry	969	22	9	-	-
	All India	953	10	3	4	30

Table (38.1): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	994	4	1	1	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	743	-	-	-	257
3	Assam	917	38	10	11	24
4	Bihar	908	8	4	2	78
5	Chhattisgarh	990	5	-	-	6
6	Delhi	1000	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	981	19	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	857	3	-	3	137
9	Haryana	946	-	12	-	42
10	Himachal Pradesh	958	19	-	20	3
11	Jammu & Kashmir	988	-	-	12	0
12	Jharkhand	977	4	2	2	15
13	Karnataka	936	8	0	12	44
14	Kerala	942	18	4	18	18
15	Madhya Pradesh	986	4	1	6	4
16	Maharashtra	989	4	-	1	6
17	Manipur	825	-	6	28	141
18	Meghalaya	962	-	26	12	-
19	Mizoram	995	-	-	-	5
20	Nagaland	864	-	9	99	27
21	Odisha	926	30	1	14	29
22	Punjab	896	-	-	2	103
23	Rajasthan	986	4	-	5	5
24	Sikkim	993	7	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	940	23	10	1	26
26	Telangana	962	3	1	0	33
27	Tripura	948	3	18	-	31
28	Uttarakhand	974	-	-	14	12
29	Uttar Pradesh	965	8	2	1	24
30	West Bengal	994	2	1	2	1
31	A & N Islands	905	58	1	32	4
32	Chandigarh	1000	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	878	-	-	119	4
34	Daman & Diu	1000	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	750	95	-	154	-
36	Puducherry	949	36	15	-	-
	All India	956	9	3	4	30

Table (38.2): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above by type of job contract for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by job contract				
		no written job contract	written job contract			not known
			1 year or less	more than 1 year to 3 years	more than 3 years	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	977	1	-	-	22
2	Arunachal Pradesh	637	83	-	26	255
3	Assam	971	5	4	12	8
4	Bihar	848	47	1	2	101
5	Chhattisgarh	995	5	-	-	-
6	Delhi	920	21	32	10	17
7	Goa	761	-	-	97	142
8	Gujarat	662	24	13	16	286
9	Haryana	975	3	-	-	22
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	980	-	-	20	-
12	Jharkhand	932	9	7	6	45
13	Karnataka	881	7	8	8	96
14	Kerala	925	67	1	6	1
15	Madhya Pradesh	983	2	-	15	-
16	Maharashtra	970	8	2	4	16
17	Manipur	977	-	-	23	-
18	Meghalaya	913	2	-	22	63
19	Mizoram	968	17	-	14	1
20	Nagaland	881	47	1	29	43
21	Odisha	992	1	-	4	3
22	Punjab	912	22	10	16	41
23	Rajasthan	974	5	2	16	3
24	Sikkim	1000	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	964	8	3	0	24
26	Telangana	953	30	0	17	0
27	Tripura	1000	-	-	0	-
28	Uttarakhand	776	-	0	18	206
29	Uttar Pradesh	973	15	3	6	4
30	West Bengal	980	4	1	5	10
31	A & N Islands	756	33	53	44	113
32	Chandigarh	1000	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	614	268	-	118	-
34	Daman & Diu	987	-	-	-	13
35	Lakshadweep	567	170	-	263	-
36	Puducherry	1000	-	-	-	-
	All India	942	16	3	6	33

Table (39): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	93	134	856	10
2	Arunachal Pradesh	638	594	325	81
3	Assam	283	338	521	141
4	Bihar	142	181	656	164
5	Chhattisgarh	118	220	679	102
6	Delhi	511	418	504	79
7	Goa	595	551	386	63
8	Gujarat	196	190	686	124
9	Haryana	371	397	574	28
10	Himachal Pradesh	531	427	535	38
11	Jammu & Kashmir	391	490	476	34
12	Jharkhand	370	300	575	125
13	Karnataka	194	271	590	138
14	Kerala	239	232	748	20
15	Madhya Pradesh	156	176	790	34
16	Maharashtra	216	208	748	45
17	Manipur	424	439	423	138
18	Meghalaya	257	326	583	92
19	Mizoram	589	598	327	75
20	Nagaland	741	770	151	79
21	Odisha	259	310	686	5
22	Punjab	211	226	591	183
23	Rajasthan	311	211	723	66
24	Sikkim	544	565	421	14
25	Tamil Nadu	190	203	732	65
26	Telangana	149	141	820	39
27	Tripura	213	203	756	41
28	Uttarakhand	405	385	537	78
29	Uttar Pradesh	197	140	773	87
30	West Bengal	154	184	780	36
31	A & N Islands	415	431	484	85
32	Chandigarh	321	237	761	2
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	393	318	682	0
34	Daman & Diu	179	207	719	73
35	Lakshadweep	541	409	510	81
36	Puducherry	348	347	644	8
All India		206	216	712	72

Table (39.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	112	152	838	10
2	Arunachal Pradesh	654	599	322	79
3	Assam	290	348	514	138
4	Bihar	148	170	663	167
5	Chhattisgarh	146	239	652	108
6	Delhi	492	409	509	82
7	Goa	578	538	412	50
8	Gujarat	200	196	669	135
9	Haryana	353	381	592	27
10	Himachal Pradesh	518	434	530	36
11	Jammu & Kashmir	375	493	473	35
12	Jharkhand	377	305	574	121
13	Karnataka	212	277	589	135
14	Kerala	200	195	784	20
15	Madhya Pradesh	162	176	789	35
16	Maharashtra	262	238	713	49
17	Manipur	460	453	398	149
18	Meghalaya	242	337	585	77
19	Mizoram	638	638	316	46
20	Nagaland	772	765	154	81
21	Odisha	263	303	693	4
22	Punjab	186	215	607	177
23	Rajasthan	303	209	726	65
24	Sikkim	595	596	396	7
25	Tamil Nadu	220	218	716	66
26	Telangana	198	181	781	38
27	Tripura	217	195	782	23
28	Uttarakhand	391	393	541	67
29	Uttar Pradesh	195	136	777	87
30	West Bengal	156	189	775	36
31	A & N Islands	409	440	493	68
32	Chandigarh	290	233	766	1
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	434	354	646	0
34	Daman & Diu	195	227	691	81
35	Lakshadweep	500	401	553	46
36	Puducherry	367	344	649	7
All India		219	221	704	74

Table (39.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	61	101	890	9
2	Arunachal Pradesh	566	568	344	88
3	Assam	260	294	552	155
4	Bihar	113	294	586	119
5	Chhattisgarh	72	169	747	84
6	Delhi	616	467	474	59
7	Goa	646	588	310	102
8	Gujarat	178	161	760	78
9	Haryana	472	491	474	35
10	Himachal Pradesh	592	397	551	52
11	Jammu & Kashmir	493	477	493	30
12	Jharkhand	337	276	575	149
13	Karnataka	159	260	593	147
14	Kerala	339	324	655	21
15	Madhya Pradesh	129	175	798	27
16	Maharashtra	114	119	847	34
17	Manipur	297	382	531	87
18	Meghalaya	285	303	577	120
19	Mizoram	454	505	365	130
20	Nagaland	660	785	143	72
21	Odisha	239	351	643	6
22	Punjab	354	280	509	212
23	Rajasthan	355	222	702	76
24	Sikkim	355	422	531	46
25	Tamil Nadu	139	171	766	63
26	Telangana	76	78	883	39
27	Tripura	198	230	669	101
28	Uttarakhand	490	319	515	166
29	Uttar Pradesh	220	179	736	86
30	West Bengal	145	161	802	38
31	A & N Islands	442	393	450	157
32	Chandigarh	580	277	719	4
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	189	138	862	-
34	Daman & Diu	80	86	891	23
35	Lakshadweep	673	433	374	194
36	Puducherry	305	357	632	11
All India		167	197	740	63

Table (39.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural +Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	47	-	1000	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	455	786	214	-
4	Bihar	-	-	314	686
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	1000	-	-	1000
7	Goa	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	877	877	123	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	-	1000	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	221	-	1000	-
13	Karnataka	109	127	873	-
14	Kerala	70	70	930	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	349	1000	-	-
16	Maharashtra	252	18	982	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	1000	-	-	1000
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	329	456	544	-
22	Punjab	-	-	1000	-
23	Rajasthan	291	77	923	-
24	Sikkim	1000	1000	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	659	341
26	Telangana	24	24	492	484
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	286	575	60	366
29	Uttar Pradesh	269	290	701	9
30	West Bengal	-	-	1000	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-
All India		210	193	670	137

Table (39.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	64	101	892	7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	622	584	351	65
3	Assam	241	306	543	151
4	Bihar	122	165	676	159
5	Chhattisgarh	72	157	762	81
6	Delhi	440	445	512	43
7	Goa	503	447	493	60
8	Gujarat	123	122	768	110
9	Haryana	268	304	672	24
10	Himachal Pradesh	524	415	546	39
11	Jammu & Kashmir	321	435	518	47
12	Jharkhand	297	225	658	117
13	Karnataka	94	182	659	159
14	Kerala	202	216	755	29
15	Madhya Pradesh	90	109	855	36
16	Maharashtra	114	132	845	23
17	Manipur	498	466	301	233
18	Meghalaya	198	333	579	88
19	Mizoram	588	585	290	126
20	Nagaland	709	769	161	70
21	Odisha	226	282	715	4
22	Punjab	151	174	618	208
23	Rajasthan	266	158	765	76
24	Sikkim	478	512	483	5
25	Tamil Nadu	134	158	786	57
26	Telangana	35	42	909	49
27	Tripura	152	132	820	48
28	Uttarakhand	343	335	598	66
29	Uttar Pradesh	156	103	802	95
30	West Bengal	91	118	843	39
31	A & N Islands	332	378	531	91
32	Chandigarh	280	257	728	15
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	265	266	733	1
34	Daman & Diu	295	345	645	10
35	Lakshadweep	610	274	348	378
36	Puducherry	100	188	798	15
All India		144	160	766	74

Table (39.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT

Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	77	114	879	7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	635	583	349	68
3	Assam	249	315	534	151
4	Bihar	128	155	682	163
5	Chhattisgarh	92	172	736	92
6	Delhi	469	454	507	40
7	Goa	455	456	501	44
8	Gujarat	127	127	752	121
9	Haryana	245	281	698	21
10	Himachal Pradesh	511	426	537	37
11	Jammu & Kashmir	302	435	518	48
12	Jharkhand	301	225	664	111
13	Karnataka	107	191	652	157
14	Kerala	171	172	799	29
15	Madhya Pradesh	90	105	859	36
16	Maharashtra	149	166	810	25
17	Manipur	549	507	245	248
18	Meghalaya	207	390	535	75
19	Mizoram	660	640	279	81
20	Nagaland	755	755	167	78
21	Odisha	229	273	724	3
22	Punjab	123	158	645	197
23	Rajasthan	253	152	772	75
24	Sikkim	539	546	450	4
25	Tamil Nadu	163	181	764	55
26	Telangana	47	48	902	50
27	Tripura	172	130	840	30
28	Uttarakhand	328	344	601	55
29	Uttar Pradesh	153	99	806	95
30	West Bengal	89	118	844	38
31	A & N Islands	309	384	559	57
32	Chandigarh	264	264	736	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	302	301	699	1
34	Daman & Diu	303	365	622	13
35	Lakshadweep	286	102	609	288
36	Puducherry	118	226	755	19
All India		155	165	758	77

Table (39.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	46	78	914	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	561	588	363	49
3	Assam	216	259	588	154
4	Bihar	96	270	617	113
5	Chhattisgarh	44	124	818	58
6	Delhi	249	362	562	75
7	Goa	662	422	467	111
8	Gujarat	112	103	827	69
9	Haryana	400	449	510	41
10	Himachal Pradesh	584	363	582	55
11	Jammu & Kashmir	457	437	521	42
12	Jharkhand	277	229	623	147
13	Karnataka	71	161	674	165
14	Kerala	279	328	644	28
15	Madhya Pradesh	90	132	834	33
16	Maharashtra	58	65	914	21
17	Manipur	251	265	571	164
18	Meghalaya	183	199	684	117
19	Mizoram	376	412	322	266
20	Nagaland	584	819	140	42
21	Odisha	208	336	657	7
22	Punjab	315	247	493	260
23	Rajasthan	334	191	725	84
24	Sikkim	256	348	642	9
25	Tamil Nadu	93	117	825	58
26	Telangana	21	35	919	46
27	Tripura	85	140	749	111
28	Uttarakhand	432	255	583	162
29	Uttar Pradesh	182	145	760	95
30	West Bengal	98	116	843	41
31	A & N Islands	427	354	415	230
32	Chandigarh	563	140	576	284
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	127	138	862	-
34	Daman & Diu	263	263	737	-
35	Lakshadweep	951	454	74	472
36	Puducherry	62	96	898	6
All India		114	144	793	63

Table (39.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	1000	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	455	786	214	-
4	Bihar	-	-	314	686
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	1000	1000	-	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	1000	-	1000	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	221	-	1000	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	1000	-
14	Kerala	-	-	1000	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	318	444	556	-
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	232	-	1000	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	140	860
26	Telangana	-	-	232	768
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	286	575	60	366
29	Uttar Pradesh	144	213	775	12
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-
All India		157	174	635	191

Table (39.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	219	219	765	16
2	Arunachal Pradesh	687	623	251	126
3	Assam	540	459	439	102
4	Bihar	392	295	510	195
5	Chhattisgarh	406	345	513	142
6	Delhi	514	417	503	80
7	Goa	653	614	322	65
8	Gujarat	321	302	549	149
9	Haryana	598	563	400	37
10	Himachal Pradesh	573	494	473	33
11	Jammu & Kashmir	593	604	389	7
12	Jharkhand	664	573	271	156
13	Karnataka	387	372	513	115
14	Kerala	287	250	739	11
15	Madhya Pradesh	372	298	673	30
16	Maharashtra	391	296	634	70
17	Manipur	360	411	552	37
18	Meghalaya	397	318	586	96
19	Mizoram	589	603	339	58
20	Nagaland	801	771	136	93
21	Odisha	453	429	562	9
22	Punjab	355	315	545	140
23	Rajasthan	456	373	592	35
24	Sikkim	772	729	226	44
25	Tamil Nadu	291	265	658	76
26	Telangana	401	344	638	18
27	Tripura	450	435	546	19
28	Uttarakhand	576	496	399	105
29	Uttar Pradesh	363	250	688	62
30	West Bengal	333	306	663	31
31	A & N Islands	539	506	419	75
32	Chandigarh	322	237	762	1
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	586	396	604	-
34	Daman & Diu	150	174	738	89
35	Lakshadweep	528	434	541	24
36	Puducherry	504	439	556	5
	All India	376	324	608	68

Table (39.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	234	229	754	17
2	Arunachal Pradesh	707	644	244	112
3	Assam	534	476	438	86
4	Bihar	377	278	523	199
5	Chhattisgarh	400	353	512	136
6	Delhi	493	407	509	83
7	Goa	659	589	357	54
8	Gujarat	313	299	544	157
9	Haryana	594	565	396	39
10	Himachal Pradesh	560	484	485	31
11	Jammu & Kashmir	600	617	377	7
12	Jharkhand	666	590	254	156
13	Karnataka	393	371	519	110
14	Kerala	237	223	767	10
15	Madhya Pradesh	373	298	670	32
16	Maharashtra	403	305	625	71
17	Manipur	374	392	567	41
18	Meghalaya	331	274	647	80
19	Mizoram	629	637	328	34
20	Nagaland	807	783	131	86
21	Odisha	456	433	557	10
22	Punjab	339	310	546	144
23	Rajasthan	456	374	591	35
24	Sikkim	795	765	217	18
25	Tamil Nadu	304	263	659	78
26	Telangana	435	377	602	21
27	Tripura	402	415	582	2
28	Uttarakhand	562	506	399	95
29	Uttar Pradesh	358	247	690	62
30	West Bengal	340	316	653	31
31	A & N Islands	554	518	400	82
32	Chandigarh	291	232	767	2
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	610	424	576	-
34	Daman & Diu	170	196	707	97
35	Lakshadweep	526	437	547	16
36	Puducherry	512	409	590	1
	All India	379	326	605	69

Table (39.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	175	188	797	16
2	Arunachal Pradesh	582	512	288	200
3	Assam	558	400	442	158
4	Bihar	519	452	388	160
5	Chhattisgarh	429	314	520	166
6	Delhi	630	469	472	58
7	Goa	636	685	219	96
8	Gujarat	365	315	583	102
9	Haryana	618	553	421	26
10	Himachal Pradesh	624	529	428	42
11	Jammu & Kashmir	561	549	442	9
12	Jharkhand	652	467	379	154
13	Karnataka	371	376	498	126
14	Kerala	415	319	668	13
15	Madhya Pradesh	354	283	707	10
16	Maharashtra	335	253	680	67
17	Manipur	322	483	496	21
18	Meghalaya	506	392	486	122
19	Mizoram	478	532	378	91
20	Nagaland	786	742	148	110
21	Odisha	437	406	590	4
22	Punjab	441	342	539	118
23	Rajasthan	456	365	597	38
24	Sikkim	692	604	259	137
25	Tamil Nadu	259	274	654	72
26	Telangana	303	244	745	10
27	Tripura	593	493	438	70
28	Uttarakhand	666	429	398	173
29	Uttar Pradesh	407	277	664	59
30	West Bengal	298	256	713	30
31	A & N Islands	467	454	503	43
32	Chandigarh	581	279	721	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	378	137	863	-
34	Daman & Diu	8	17	952	32
35	Lakshadweep	539	423	518	59
36	Puducherry	485	521	464	15
All India		362	316	621	63

Table (39.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	345	-	1000	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	1000	-	-	1000
7	Goa	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	815	815	185	-
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	308	308	692	-
14	Kerala	108	108	892	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	1000	1000	-	-
16	Maharashtra	464	18	982	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	1000	-	-	1000
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	1000	1000	-	-
22	Punjab	-	-	1000	-
23	Rajasthan	1000	1000	-	-
24	Sikkim	1000	1000	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	1000	-
26	Telangana	66	66	934	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	741	476	524	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	1000	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-
All India		364	227	733	39

Table (40): Per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	413	329	399	272
2	Arunachal Pradesh	804	506	379	115
3	Assam	624	467	334	199
4	Bihar	665	439	355	205
5	Chhattisgarh	567	426	317	257
6	Delhi	622	506	400	94
7	Goa	861	640	263	97
8	Gujarat	469	362	398	241
9	Haryana	679	497	356	147
10	Himachal Pradesh	817	489	363	148
11	Jammu & Kashmir	711	511	380	108
12	Jharkhand	768	531	301	169
13	Karnataka	540	459	369	172
14	Kerala	558	415	381	205
15	Madhya Pradesh	533	401	403	196
16	Maharashtra	534	397	420	183
17	Manipur	726	527	392	82
18	Meghalaya	732	524	283	193
19	Mizoram	807	673	245	82
20	Nagaland	919	589	381	30
21	Odisha	668	442	360	198
22	Punjab	581	459	359	181
23	Rajasthan	570	409	317	274
24	Sikkim	801	510	368	122
25	Tamil Nadu	504	381	385	234
26	Telangana	493	404	381	215
27	Tripura	644	463	258	279
28	Uttarakhand	706	478	308	214
29	Uttar Pradesh	510	364	308	328
30	West Bengal	651	517	341	142
31	A & N Islands	860	647	300	53
32	Chandigarh	460	362	613	26
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	896	549	444	7
34	Daman & Diu	389	313	584	103
35	Lakshadweep	800	656	337	7
36	Puducherry	683	529	433	39
All India		571	425	360	215

Table (40.1): Per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	428	370	625	5
2	Arunachal Pradesh	821	748	206	46
3	Assam	601	522	354	124
4	Bihar	672	554	337	109
5	Chhattisgarh	571	392	490	118
6	Delhi	685	644	322	35
7	Goa	844	683	261	56
8	Gujarat	422	369	538	93
9	Haryana	676	615	372	13
10	Himachal Pradesh	812	686	289	25
11	Jammu & Kashmir	701	706	249	45
12	Jharkhand	741	572	295	133
13	Karnataka	447	477	346	177
14	Kerala	532	458	512	30
15	Madhya Pradesh	516	392	557	52
16	Maharashtra	523	435	517	48
17	Manipur	797	745	165	91
18	Meghalaya	684	549	359	92
19	Mizoram	841	763	190	46
20	Nagaland	932	892	40	68
21	Odisha	662	603	391	5
22	Punjab	608	489	332	179
23	Rajasthan	564	362	556	83
24	Sikkim	775	747	246	7
25	Tamil Nadu	464	406	548	47
26	Telangana	245	209	741	50
27	Tripura	605	393	595	11
28	Uttarakhand	691	525	407	68
29	Uttar Pradesh	509	277	648	75
30	West Bengal	576	573	370	57
31	A & N Islands	764	777	71	153
32	Chandigarh	340	312	669	19
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	961	971	29	-
34	Daman & Diu	579	583	397	20
35	Lakshadweep	1000	472	33	494
36	Puducherry	477	716	284	-
All India		559	451	478	71

Table (40.2): Per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of regular wage/salaried workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	396	372	623	5
2	Arunachal Pradesh	759	695	192	113
3	Assam	700	620	314	66
4	Bihar	642	493	359	148
5	Chhattisgarh	564	477	396	127
6	Delhi	620	511	401	88
7	Goa	870	806	146	49
8	Gujarat	500	400	501	99
9	Haryana	682	652	331	16
10	Himachal Pradesh	853	855	141	4
11	Jammu & Kashmir	726	733	265	2
12	Jharkhand	811	716	155	128
13	Karnataka	591	533	365	103
14	Kerala	582	494	491	15
15	Madhya Pradesh	545	446	539	15
16	Maharashtra	540	425	509	66
17	Manipur	654	630	314	56
18	Meghalaya	805	737	144	119
19	Mizoram	795	798	135	67
20	Nagaland	899	845	102	53
21	Odisha	687	652	340	8
22	Punjab	556	503	384	113
23	Rajasthan	582	478	503	19
24	Sikkim	861	813	137	49
25	Tamil Nadu	536	443	498	59
26	Telangana	589	496	476	28
27	Tripura	707	681	288	31
28	Uttarakhand	733	621	267	112
29	Uttar Pradesh	512	377	578	45
30	West Bengal	715	679	303	19
31	A & N Islands	936	858	78	65
32	Chandigarh	465	367	631	2
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	865	603	397	-
34	Daman & Diu	307	274	726	-
35	Lakshadweep	766	654	343	3
36	Puducherry	712	572	422	6
All India		583	495	448	57

Table (41): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	20	116	382	503
2	Arunachal Pradesh	9	147	44	809
3	Assam	30	272	174	555
4	Bihar	63	158	141	702
5	Chhattisgarh	8	44	259	697
6	Delhi	31	89	819	92
7	Goa	77	338	273	389
8	Gujarat	78	166	368	465
9	Haryana	71	251	253	496
10	Himachal Pradesh	178	303	311	385
11	Jammu & Kashmir	14	107	133	761
12	Jharkhand	75	186	156	657
13	Karnataka	36	265	468	266
14	Kerala	24	147	350	503
15	Madhya Pradesh	46	144	382	474
16	Maharashtra	59	142	546	312
17	Manipur	23	166	420	414
18	Meghalaya	114	341	464	195
19	Mizoram	30	177	670	153
20	Nagaland	25	283	125	593
21	Odisha	50	184	229	587
22	Punjab	64	116	392	492
23	Rajasthan	12	104	197	699
24	Sikkim	3	190	475	335
25	Tamil Nadu	20	163	419	418
26	Telangana	44	184	551	265
27	Tripura	3	-	598	402
28	Uttarakhand	7	64	242	694
29	Uttar Pradesh	43	154	202	644
30	West Bengal	81	170	281	549
31	A & N Islands	127	373	397	229
32	Chandigarh	27	-	1000	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	166	84	274	642
34	Daman & Diu	146	175	499	326
35	Lakshadweep	37	92	704	203
36	Puducherry	9	130	554	316
	All India	44	164	331	504

Table (41.1): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	24	136	864	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	8	10	756	234
3	Assam	27	80	701	219
4	Bihar	68	58	777	165
5	Chhattisgarh	3	-	949	51
6	Delhi	20	-	864	136
7	Goa	73	99	748	153
8	Gujarat	131	204	649	147
9	Haryana	55	153	769	78
10	Himachal Pradesh	163	229	705	65
11	Jammu & Kashmir	22	41	915	44
12	Jharkhand	96	101	719	180
13	Karnataka	41	234	401	366
14	Kerala	28	158	799	43
15	Madhya Pradesh	55	105	856	39
16	Maharashtra	60	193	766	41
17	Manipur	26	194	724	82
18	Meghalaya	84	388	359	253
19	Mizoram	14	-	1000	-
20	Nagaland	31	24	976	-
21	Odisha	46	133	859	9
22	Punjab	63	78	706	216
23	Rajasthan	14	46	869	85
24	Sikkim	4	362	638	-
25	Tamil Nadu	29	202	732	66
26	Telangana	37	76	915	10
27	Tripura	-	-	1000	-
28	Uttarakhand	4	123	770	107
29	Uttar Pradesh	53	33	888	79
30	West Bengal	120	74	883	43
31	A & N Islands	263	526	474	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	336	94	906	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	118	882	-
35	Lakshadweep	22	-	980	20
36	Puducherry	27	460	533	7
All India		52	111	790	99

Table (41.2): Per 1000 distribution of contract workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of contract workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of contract workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	16	118	811	70
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10	580	420	-
3	Assam	40	171	473	356
4	Bihar	42	85	689	225
5	Chhattisgarh	14	87	659	254
6	Delhi	31	88	849	62
7	Goa	80	456	449	95
8	Gujarat	44	142	595	262
9	Haryana	87	429	491	80
10	Himachal Pradesh	270	148	832	21
11	Jammu & Kashmir	2	59	909	32
12	Jharkhand	41	144	472	383
13	Karnataka	33	231	590	179
14	Kerala	20	139	834	27
15	Madhya Pradesh	40	106	871	23
16	Maharashtra	59	96	811	93
17	Manipur	20	153	847	-
18	Meghalaya	158	163	691	146
19	Mizoram	36	160	747	92
20	Nagaland	17	108	661	231
21	Odisha	60	238	734	28
22	Punjab	66	102	771	127
23	Rajasthan	7	105	844	51
24	Sikkim	-	-	1000	-
25	Tamil Nadu	13	150	766	84
26	Telangana	47	192	804	3
27	Tripura	7	-	1000	-
28	Uttarakhand	12	90	583	327
29	Uttar Pradesh	27	37	848	115
30	West Bengal	47	117	744	140
31	A & N Islands	20	194	806	-
32	Chandigarh	28	-	1000	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	86	69	931	-
34	Daman & Diu	210	216	587	197
35	Lakshadweep	40	106	894	-
36	Puducherry	6	262	736	2
All India		36	134	742	125

Table (42): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	5	12	176	812
2	Arunachal Pradesh	18	5	150	845
3	Assam	8	15	139	846
4	Bihar	8	17	58	924
5	Chhattisgarh	2	8	149	843
6	Delhi	47	45	846	109
7	Goa	123	122	501	377
8	Gujarat	6	37	127	836
9	Haryana	4	7	109	883
10	Himachal Pradesh	40	39	50	912
11	Jammu & Kashmir	13	27	215	758
12	Jharkhand	56	68	62	870
13	Karnataka	19	35	278	687
14	Kerala	54	57	449	494
15	Madhya Pradesh	19	36	175	789
16	Maharashtra	12	18	196	787
17	Manipur	54	64	632	304
18	Meghalaya	14	28	514	458
19	Mizoram	35	46	771	183
20	Nagaland	20	42	197	762
21	Odisha	4	6	130	863
22	Punjab	2	1	179	820
23	Rajasthan	54	58	100	842
24	Sikkim	-	-	84	916
25	Tamil Nadu	32	49	297	654
26	Telangana	7	12	148	840
27	Tripura	5	7	155	838
28	Uttarakhand	20	34	218	747
29	Uttar Pradesh	22	27	142	831
30	West Bengal	9	8	263	730
31	A & N Islands	51	61	372	567
32	Chandigarh	25	-	963	37
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	89	85	288	627
34	Daman & Diu	-	18	882	100
35	Lakshadweep	158	41	783	177
36	Puducherry	50	73	358	569
All India		17	28	201	771

Table (42.1): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	4	8	984	9
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	915	85
3	Assam	5	8	808	184
4	Bihar	7	3	816	182
5	Chhattisgarh	1	3	939	58
6	Delhi	-	-	1000	-
7	Goa	-	138	862	-
8	Gujarat	3	9	885	106
9	Haryana	4	14	968	18
10	Himachal Pradesh	35	19	931	50
11	Jammu & Kashmir	10	21	927	51
12	Jharkhand	57	9	909	81
13	Karnataka	13	35	829	137
14	Kerala	42	81	893	27
15	Madhya Pradesh	19	13	957	30
16	Maharashtra	10	6	983	12
17	Manipur	48	28	444	528
18	Meghalaya	9	26	917	57
19	Mizoram	3	5	570	425
20	Nagaland	20	103	769	127
21	Odisha	4	14	985	1
22	Punjab	-	-	775	225
23	Rajasthan	57	4	925	71
24	Sikkim	-	-	1000	-
25	Tamil Nadu	30	33	906	61
26	Telangana	5	18	932	50
27	Tripura	-	18	918	64
28	Uttarakhand	20	54	888	58
29	Uttar Pradesh	17	9	881	110
30	West Bengal	4	2	964	33
31	A & N Islands	57	147	774	78
32	Chandigarh	-	-	1000	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	116	119	878	4
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	1000	-
35	Lakshadweep	242	59	323	619
36	Puducherry	31	31	950	19
All India		14	15	913	72

Table (42.2): Per 1000 distribution of casual workers aged 15 years & above who received paid leave and availing social security benefits for each State/UT
Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of casual workers received paid leave	per 1000 distribution of casual workers by social security benefits		
			availed	not eligible	not known
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	16	27	951	21
2	Arunachal Pradesh	110	26	725	249
3	Assam	54	6	853	142
4	Bihar	45	9	719	272
5	Chhattisgarh	12	9	846	146
6	Delhi	54	49	923	28
7	Goa	214	194	714	91
8	Gujarat	17	183	638	179
9	Haryana	-	8	846	146
10	Himachal Pradesh	150	37	678	285
11	Jammu & Kashmir	38	42	928	30
12	Jharkhand	23	7	882	111
13	Karnataka	47	40	836	124
14	Kerala	71	67	927	6
15	Madhya Pradesh	25	15	919	66
16	Maharashtra	24	18	916	66
17	Manipur	57	47	946	6
18	Meghalaya	30	19	912	69
19	Mizoram	51	54	940	6
20	Nagaland	17	-	390	610
21	Odisha	4	1	996	3
22	Punjab	18	3	762	235
23	Rajasthan	34	22	882	96
24	Sikkim	-	-	1000	-
25	Tamil Nadu	38	51	851	98
26	Telangana	26	52	945	2
27	Tripura	47	48	952	-
28	Uttarakhand	20	33	935	32
29	Uttar Pradesh	70	16	898	86
30	West Bengal	35	9	974	17
31	A & N Islands	38	61	837	102
32	Chandigarh	26	-	1000	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	1000	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	19	954	26
35	Lakshadweep	143	-	861	139
36	Puducherry	81	132	867	1
All India		40	39	889	71

Table (43): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Rural+Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	231	100	44	48	41	53	483
2	Arunachal Pradesh	20	15	-	45	11	352	557
3	Assam	157	43	54	142	7	40	558
4	Bihar	45	36	82	240	75	31	490
5	Chhattisgarh	138	49	138	155	41	79	402
6	Delhi	49	9	137	59	83	39	623
7	Goa	90	25	71	23	44	42	706
8	Gujarat	103	13	205	134	23	49	471
9	Haryana	96	14	89	44	123	31	604
10	Himachal Pradesh	23	45	32	315	53	7	525
11	Jammu & Kashmir	73	21	28	142	14	5	717
12	Jharkhand	113	74	82	57	50	4	620
13	Karnataka	201	69	110	50	225	68	278
14	Kerala	99	54	122	72	43	27	583
15	Madhya Pradesh	96	43	122	81	43	50	565
16	Maharashtra	393	74	52	125	24	42	290
17	Manipur	70	17	47	118	38	87	623
18	Meghalaya	16	16	106	34	21	36	772
19	Mizoram	58	2	55	109	2	6	767
20	Nagaland	157	19	23	55	4	5	737
21	Odisha	56	72	55	144	39	22	612
22	Punjab	164	28	58	115	26	9	600
23	Rajasthan	78	13	80	73	55	34	666
24	Sikkim	-	3	121	35	1	26	814
25	Tamil Nadu	136	60	120	79	88	103	414
26	Telangana	151	52	47	96	104	84	466
27	Tripura	-	0	97	116	1	33	753
28	Uttarakhand	549	28	20	42	11	7	342
29	Uttar Pradesh	220	51	109	155	64	40	361
30	West Bengal	51	48	37	109	100	31	624
31	A & N Islands	74	148	6	6	-	9	757
32	Chandigarh	257	-	-	32	-	-	711
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	22	45	-	-	933
34	Daman & Diu	232	-	40	142	190	44	352
35	Lakshadweep	13	9	19	3	7	250	698
36	Puducherry	48	83	79	128	80	61	520
All India		148	49	87	107	68	45	496

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.1): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Rural+Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	226	112	39	57	41	36	490
2	Arunachal Pradesh	23	16	-	48	13	325	575
3	Assam	158	43	49	149	3	35	563
4	Bihar	50	39	58	258	65	26	504
5	Chhattisgarh	175	47	57	155	39	86	441
6	Delhi	48	11	123	59	93	39	626
7	Goa	75	34	82	19	49	39	703
8	Gujarat	106	14	209	140	22	51	459
9	Haryana	106	9	61	48	127	32	617
10	Himachal Pradesh	12	49	34	360	39	8	498
11	Jammu & Kashmir	87	17	24	156	4	3	709
12	Jharkhand	118	77	55	53	43	4	651
13	Karnataka	180	70	117	50	219	76	289
14	Kerala	86	65	123	66	43	29	588
15	Madhya Pradesh	100	36	116	88	41	44	575
16	Maharashtra	416	69	45	130	21	39	280
17	Manipur	71	16	56	139	25	99	594
18	Meghalaya	24	3	28	31	23	34	858
19	Mizoram	72	-	49	86	2	2	789
20	Nagaland	153	24	20	53	1	2	747
21	Odisha	58	63	46	152	39	18	623
22	Punjab	136	36	47	122	16	11	633
23	Rajasthan	80	12	48	80	57	32	690
24	Sikkim	-	-	113	40	-	27	820
25	Tamil Nadu	130	61	115	81	85	116	411
26	Telangana	130	47	40	82	114	98	489
27	Tripura	-	0	66	157	-	33	744
28	Uttarakhand	554	31	21	46	10	8	331
29	Uttar Pradesh	233	51	93	163	60	36	364
30	West Bengal	55	43	31	108	110	26	628
31	A & N Islands	90	180	7	7	-	10	707
32	Chandigarh	293	-	-	37	-	-	671
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	49	-	-	951
34	Daman & Diu	244	-	25	150	197	47	336
35	Lakshadweep	18	13	26	4	10	256	674
36	Puducherry	65	35	40	176	103	76	504
	All India	150	48	75	114	66	44	503

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.2): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Rural+Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	244	65	61	24	43	102	461
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	12	-	26	-	502	460
3	Assam	142	47	79	108	23	62	539
4	Bihar	20	13	223	134	135	63	412
5	Chhattisgarh	-	55	435	153	46	54	257
6	Delhi	54	-	206	57	36	41	608
7	Goa	131	-	42	32	30	50	714
8	Gujarat	89	13	187	104	32	43	532
9	Haryana	54	33	211	25	108	25	545
10	Himachal Pradesh	95	20	18	44	137	-	686
11	Jammu & Kashmir	4	37	45	73	66	16	757
12	Jharkhand	84	59	251	78	93	-	434
13	Karnataka	256	68	92	50	239	45	251
14	Kerala	120	37	121	80	44	23	575
15	Madhya Pradesh	76	68	157	47	53	85	515
16	Maharashtra	261	106	95	98	41	56	343
17	Manipur	65	21	2	10	105	24	772
18	Meghalaya	-	43	277	42	14	42	581
19	Mizoram	8	10	76	191	3	21	690
20	Nagaland	166	4	32	60	13	14	711
21	Odisha	48	121	102	95	40	41	554
22	Punjab	271	-	100	88	62	2	476
23	Rajasthan	65	18	267	30	46	49	525
24	Sikkim	-	19	173	3	4	24	778
25	Tamil Nadu	153	58	132	74	95	67	422
26	Telangana	224	73	73	144	67	35	384
27	Tripura	-	-	185	-	5	32	778
28	Uttarakhand	493	-	18	3	29	-	457
29	Uttar Pradesh	124	41	236	100	96	66	336
30	West Bengal	35	74	71	114	47	53	606
31	A & N Islands	-	-	4	-	-	-	996
32	Chandigarh	7	-	-	-	-	-	993
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	308	-	-	-	692
34	Daman & Diu	35	-	277	-	70	-	618
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	230	770
36	Puducherry	8	201	177	9	22	24	559
All India		136	53	135	78	81	48	469

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.3): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Rural+Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	773	-	-	-	-	-	227
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	147	-	-	-	-	-	853
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	397	-	-	603
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	517	-	-	-	-	483
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	181	255	-	104	50	-	410

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.4): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT

Rural

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	263	150	41	23	28	55	441
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2	18	-	46	15	448	470
3	Assam	208	54	70	139	5	38	486
4	Bihar	39	43	89	253	68	27	480
5	Chhattisgarh	123	82	165	134	31	119	346
6	Delhi	-	-	6	1	5	-	988
7	Goa	88	68	-	9	114	65	656
8	Gujarat	103	9	183	124	13	61	508
9	Haryana	114	23	116	42	114	3	588
10	Himachal Pradesh	14	52	33	348	62	9	481
11	Jammu & Kashmir	122	24	43	186	23	3	599
12	Jharkhand	111	103	103	62	12	-	608
13	Karnataka	269	120	112	88	80	15	316
14	Kerala	111	75	152	85	45	4	526
15	Madhya Pradesh	98	59	161	83	48	47	504
16	Maharashtra	364	102	64	103	20	64	284
17	Manipur	78	22	76	14	55	123	632
18	Meghalaya	29	24	96	45	15	-	791
19	Mizoram	130	10	111	95	6	-	649
20	Nagaland	160	23	33	18	-	8	759
21	Odisha	55	86	58	154	32	22	593
22	Punjab	175	29	25	121	34	-	617
23	Rajasthan	90	17	105	62	66	25	634
24	Sikkim	-	4	146	47	-	15	788
25	Tamil Nadu	145	65	143	62	84	111	390
26	Telangana	139	89	17	217	49	8	481
27	Tripura	-	-	96	195	-	8	700
28	Uttarakhand	699	40	31	37	4	12	177
29	Uttar Pradesh	231	54	116	121	78	37	363
30	West Bengal	61	67	50	140	88	18	576
31	A & N Islands	69	288	12	11	-	-	620
32	Chandigarh	845	-	-	-	-	-	155
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	44	89	-	-	866
34	Daman & Diu	95	-	121	59	67	-	657
35	Lakshadweep	33	88	-	-	-	-	880
36	Puducherry	23	50	214	126	173	125	288
	All India	152	64	94	119	52	37	483

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.5): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Rural (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	262	181	22	32	25	44	434
2	Arunachal Pradesh	3	22	-	55	18	423	480
3	Assam	205	54	62	146	2	37	493
4	Bihar	42	48	66	270	62	19	493
5	Chhattisgarh	164	91	15	153	27	139	410
6	Delhi	-	-	2	1	6	-	991
7	Goa	63	88	-	11	149	84	604
8	Gujarat	100	11	175	122	7	64	521
9	Haryana	126	14	67	53	122	3	614
10	Himachal Pradesh	1	56	38	391	45	10	458
11	Jammu & Kashmir	143	17	37	208	6	3	585
12	Jharkhand	122	109	68	53	8	-	640
13	Karnataka	239	105	124	84	95	12	341
14	Kerala	68	101	130	84	62	7	547
15	Madhya Pradesh	111	43	149	95	46	39	517
16	Maharashtra	396	96	49	121	14	57	268
17	Manipur	86	18	85	12	40	136	623
18	Meghalaya	35	-	22	36	18	-	888
19	Mizoram	149	-	90	72	7	-	682
20	Nagaland	139	28	26	21	-	3	784
21	Odisha	61	74	47	162	29	20	607
22	Punjab	123	39	-	133	14	-	691
23	Rajasthan	94	20	50	73	69	21	673
24	Sikkim	-	-	137	54	-	17	792
25	Tamil Nadu	136	67	140	68	85	126	377
26	Telangana	131	63	2	180	66	6	552
27	Tripura	-	-	1	254	-	11	734
28	Uttarakhand	696	44	34	40	-	13	173
29	Uttar Pradesh	250	53	87	129	74	32	376
30	West Bengal	64	59	37	143	104	10	583
31	A & N Islands	85	354	14	13	-	-	534
32	Chandigarh	841	-	-	-	-	-	159
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	101	-	-	899
34	Daman & Diu	105	-	85	70	80	-	660
35	Lakshadweep	172	459	-	-	-	-	369
36	Puducherry	27	59	144	149	167	148	306
	All India	154	63	73	129	51	35	494

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.6): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Rural (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	265	75	85	-	35	83	456
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	580	420
3	Assam	206	55	114	107	18	44	455
4	Bihar	21	17	228	153	106	69	407
5	Chhattisgarh	-	57	612	76	43	59	153
6	Delhi	-	-	51	-	-	-	949
7	Goa	170	-	-	-	-	-	830
8	Gujarat	115	-	216	132	41	46	450
9	Haryana	67	58	308	-	80	-	487
10	Himachal Pradesh	109	26	4	43	180	-	638
11	Jammu & Kashmir	7	63	77	72	108	-	673
12	Jharkhand	57	74	288	107	33	-	443
13	Karnataka	355	162	79	98	39	22	245
14	Kerala	168	42	181	87	24	-	498
15	Madhya Pradesh	45	123	210	34	57	82	450
16	Maharashtra	206	129	137	15	47	98	367
17	Manipur	-	65	-	32	196	-	707
18	Meghalaya	-	135	437	87	-	-	341
19	Mizoram	38	56	211	206	-	-	489
20	Nagaland	226	7	53	10	-	22	682
21	Odisha	26	148	116	107	50	34	519
22	Punjab	326	-	98	87	91	-	399
23	Rajasthan	72	-	352	16	55	46	459
24	Sikkim	-	32	215	-	-	-	753
25	Tamil Nadu	171	59	149	45	81	70	425
26	Telangana	153	129	41	277	23	11	366
27	Tripura	-	-	410	-	-	-	590
28	Uttarakhand	720	-	-	-	45	-	235
29	Uttar Pradesh	107	42	322	69	113	72	274
30	West Bengal	49	99	105	128	21	54	545
31	A & N Islands	-	-	3	-	-	-	997
32	Chandigarh	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	401	-	-	-	599
34	Daman & Diu	40	-	322	-	-	-	638
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
36	Puducherry	-	-	609	-	208	-	183
	All India	141	68	176	77	57	43	437

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.7): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Rural (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	773	-	-	-	-	-	227
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	386	-	-	-	-	-	614
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	417	-	-	583
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	274	214	-	179	-	-	333

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.8): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT

Urban

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	194	42	48	78	57	49	532
2	Arunachal Pradesh	67	7	-	41	-	93	792
3	Assam	32	18	15	147	11	42	735
4	Bihar	70	6	53	188	103	49	531
5	Chhattisgarh	151	18	114	174	49	43	452
6	Delhi	51	10	142	61	87	41	608
7	Goa	91	5	102	29	13	32	728
8	Gujarat	103	17	220	141	30	42	447
9	Haryana	79	5	62	46	132	57	619
10	Himachal Pradesh	67	7	25	161	7	-	733
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1	15	4	76	1	10	893
12	Jharkhand	116	32	52	49	104	9	637
13	Karnataka	164	41	108	29	304	97	257
14	Kerala	87	33	92	58	41	49	639
15	Madhya Pradesh	95	33	95	81	39	52	605
16	Maharashtra	408	60	46	137	27	30	292
17	Manipur	61	10	12	242	19	43	613
18	Meghalaya	2	6	117	22	27	77	750
19	Mizoram	35	-	38	114	1	8	804
20	Nagaland	151	12	7	116	10	2	702
21	Odisha	58	33	48	115	60	21	665
22	Punjab	154	28	90	109	18	17	585
23	Rajasthan	61	9	47	87	41	47	708
24	Sikkim	-	-	66	7	2	52	873
25	Tamil Nadu	129	56	100	93	92	96	434
26	Telangana	154	43	55	65	117	104	462
27	Tripura	-	0	97	37	2	57	806
28	Uttarakhand	320	8	4	50	23	-	595
29	Uttar Pradesh	205	47	101	199	46	44	358
30	West Bengal	44	34	28	87	108	40	659
31	A & N Islands	79	-	1	-	-	18	902
32	Chandigarh	239	-	-	33	-	-	728
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
34	Daman & Diu	299	-	-	182	250	65	204
35	Lakshadweep	11	-	22	3	8	280	676
36	Puducherry	55	91	46	129	57	46	577
	All India	144	34	80	96	84	52	509

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.9): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Urban (male)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	189	40	56	82	58	27	549
2	Arunachal Pradesh	77	-	-	30	-	72	822
3	Assam	35	15	17	156	6	29	742
4	Bihar	80	7	26	210	77	51	549
5	Chhattisgarh	184	11	92	157	49	42	466
6	Delhi	51	12	128	62	97	41	609
7	Goa	81	8	120	23	2	18	750
8	Gujarat	110	15	231	152	31	42	419
9	Haryana	87	5	56	44	131	58	620
10	Himachal Pradesh	71	8	16	193	3	-	709
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1	18	5	76	-	3	897
12	Jharkhand	113	33	36	53	90	10	665
13	Karnataka	147	50	112	30	289	113	259
14	Kerala	101	34	117	50	25	49	624
15	Madhya Pradesh	94	32	96	83	38	48	610
16	Maharashtra	425	55	43	135	25	30	287
17	Manipur	50	13	15	320	5	46	552
18	Meghalaya	3	8	37	22	33	92	805
19	Mizoram	46	-	35	90	-	3	826
20	Nagaland	179	16	9	111	1	1	682
21	Odisha	49	32	46	125	69	14	666
22	Punjab	146	33	87	112	17	19	585
23	Rajasthan	63	3	46	90	43	45	710
24	Sikkim	-	-	56	8	-	51	886
25	Tamil Nadu	126	56	94	92	86	107	439
26	Telangana	130	44	47	63	123	116	477
27	Tripura	-	0	135	52	-	57	755
28	Uttarakhand	328	9	-	56	25	-	582
29	Uttar Pradesh	212	48	101	205	43	42	348
30	West Bengal	48	32	26	84	114	38	657
31	A & N Islands	94	-	-	-	-	21	884
32	Chandigarh	273	-	-	38	-	-	689
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
34	Daman & Diu	303	-	-	184	247	66	200
35	Lakshadweep	13	-	27	4	10	264	683
36	Puducherry	76	28	8	185	84	54	565
	All India	147	34	77	100	79	52	511

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.10): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Urban (female)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	210	49	22	62	54	132	470
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	53	-	114	-	240	593
3	Assam	16	32	11	109	34	96	702
4	Bihar	17	-	205	60	251	36	430
5	Chhattisgarh	-	52	213	250	50	46	389
6	Delhi	55	-	208	58	36	42	601
7	Goa	117	-	57	44	41	68	672
8	Gujarat	67	24	163	79	24	40	604
9	Haryana	38	3	94	55	141	55	613
10	Himachal Pradesh	55	3	55	48	22	-	817
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	76	8	40	877
12	Jharkhand	141	30	178	20	213	-	418
13	Karnataka	207	20	98	25	339	57	253
14	Kerala	63	31	49	73	69	50	665
15	Madhya Pradesh	112	3	93	63	49	88	591
16	Maharashtra	297	90	68	151	36	29	328
17	Manipur	97	-	3	-	62	36	803
18	Meghalaya	-	4	208	23	20	60	686
19	Mizoram	2	-	46	188	4	25	735
20	Nagaland	83	1	2	129	30	3	752
21	Odisha	113	39	59	60	10	60	659
22	Punjab	194	-	104	90	22	6	584
23	Rajasthan	48	62	59	63	25	58	684
24	Sikkim	-	-	113	7	9	58	813
25	Tamil Nadu	138	57	117	98	107	64	419
26	Telangana	263	42	91	72	90	48	394
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	8	58	933
28	Uttarakhand	259	-	37	5	11	-	687
29	Uttar Pradesh	150	41	104	147	71	57	431
30	West Bengal	21	49	38	101	72	52	666
31	A & N Islands	-	-	5	-	-	-	995
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	500	-	500
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	350	650
36	Puducherry	9	224	127	10	-	27	603
All India		130	37	94	79	105	53	501

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

Table (43.11): Per 1000 distribution of workers aged 15 years & above except self employed who received social security benefits by different schemes for each State/UT Urban (transgender)

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT/ All India	per 1000 distribution of workers who received social security benefits by different schemes (codes)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Assam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bihar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
9	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Karnataka	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-
14	Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
15	Madhya Pradesh	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
16	Maharashtra	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
17	Manipur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Odisha	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
22	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Rajasthan	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
25	Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Telangana	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Tripura	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Uttar Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
30	West Bengal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	All India	53	311	-	-	120	-	516

Note: PF/pension -1, gratuity -2, health care & maternity benefits -3, both 1 & 2 -4, both 1 & 3 -5, both 2 & 3 -6, all 1, 2 & 3 -7

No. Y-16011/1/2014-ESA (LB)
Government of India
Ministry of Labour & Employment
(ESA Section)

Shram Shakti Bhawan, Rafi Marg,
New Delhi, dated 29th September, 2014

ORDER

The Government hereby constitutes an Expert Group for examination and finalization of Schedule of enquiry, sampling, design and other technical details for conduct of the Fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey by Labour Bureau with reference period 2014 to 2015. The composition of the Expert Group would be as follows:

Sr.No.	Name of the officer & Designation	
1.	Dr. S.P. Mukherjee, Emeritus Professor, University of Kolkata, AD-276, Salt Lake City, Kolkata	Chairman
2.	DDG(E), DGET, Ministry of Labour & Employment, Shram Shakti Bhawan, New Delhi	Member
3.	DDG, Ministry of Labour & Employment, Shram Shakti Bhawan, New Delhi	Member
4.	Representative of V.V.Giri National Labour Institute, Sector-24, NOIDA	Member
5.	Three Representatives of NSSO (FOD, SDRD & DPD) & one from CSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation as nominated by the Chief Statistician of India	Member
6.	Representative of Institute of Human Development, NIDM Building, IIPA Campus, Indraprastha Estate, New Delhi-110002	Member ✓
7.	Representative of LEM Division, Planning Commission	Member ✓
8.	Representative of Institute of Economic Growth, Delhi University, Delhi-110007	Member ✓
9.	Representative of National Council of Applied Economic Research (NCAER), Parisila Bhawan, 11, Indraprastha Estate, New Delhi-110002	Member
10.	Director General, Sector 17-A, S.C.O. 28-31, Labour Bureau, Chandigarh	Member
11.	Director, Labour Bureau, S.C.O. 28-31, Sector 17-A, Chandigarh	Member Secretary

Dy. No. 838

Dated: 10-10-14

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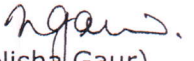
2. Terms of Reference:-

- (i) To examine and finalize the Schedule, sampling, design, tabulation plan and other technical details for the conduct of the fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey by Labour Bureau.
- (ii) To assess the resources required in terms of manpower & financial for the conduct of the fifth Annual Employment-Unemployment Survey.
- (iii) To be involved in examination and finalization of the methodology for the processing of Data.
- (iv) To examine the results and finalize the Report.

3. The Expert Group may also invite subject experts from within and/or outside the Government and may co-opt members according to necessity.

4. Secretarial assistance to the Expert Group will be provided by the Labour Bureau.

5. The expenditure on payment of TA & DA to non-official members and all other expenditure in connection with the work of the Expert Group shall be met from the funds of the Labour Bureau, Chandigarh, an attached office under the Ministry of Labour and Employment, while the expenditure on TA&DA in respect of official members will be met from the source from which their pay and allowances are drawn.


(Nisha Gaur)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India
Tele: 23473278

To:

Director General, Labour Bureau

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