

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1380
TO BE ANSWERED ON 09TH DECEMBER, 2021

UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

1380. SHRI P. BHATTACHARYA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of educated unemployed at present, the State and Union Territory-wise data thereof; and**
- (b) the effective measures taken by Government to remove unemployment during the last one year to solve this serious problem?**

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
(SHRI RAMESWAR TELI)

(a) : As per latest annual Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) report for 2019-20, the State/UT-wise details of the estimated unemployment rate among educated population with secondary & above qualification (age 15 years and above on usual status basis) are given at Annexure-I.

Ministry of Labour & Employment has launched National Career Service (NCS) portal as a digital platform that brings together job seekers and employers on a single platform for job matching in dynamic, efficient and responsive manner. State/UT-wise details of the educated job seekers with secondary & above qualification (age 15 years and above) registered on NCS portal as on 07.12.2021 are given at Annexure-II.

(b): Employment generation coupled with improving employability is the priority of the Government. Accordingly, the Government of India has taken various steps for generating employment in the country. The Government of India is encouraging various projects involving substantial investment and public expenditure on schemes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) of the Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises, Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) & Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) of the Ministry of Rural Development, Deen Dayal Antodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) of the Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs and Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) of the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship (MSDE) etc.

The Government of India has announced Aatmanirbhar Bharat package to provide stimulus to business and to mitigate the adverse impact of Covid 19. Under this package, the Government is providing fiscal stimulus of more than Rs. Twenty Seven lakh crore. This package comprises of various long term schemes/ programmes/policies for making the country self-reliant and to create employment opportunities.

Aatmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana (ABRY) has been launched with effect from 1st October, 2020 as part of Atmanirbhar Bharat package 3.0 to incentivize employers for creation of new employment along with social security benefits and restoration of loss of employment during Covid-19 pandemic. This scheme being implemented through the Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO), seeks to reduce the financial burden of the employers and encourages them to hire more workers. The terminal date for registration of beneficiaries has been extended from 30.06.2021 to 31.03.2022. As on 4.12.21 benefits have been provided to 39.72 lakh beneficiaries through 1.17 lakh establishments.

Prime Minister Street Vendor's Atma Nirbhar Nidhi (PM SVANidhi) Scheme has been launched on June 01, 2020 to provide working capital loans to Street Vendors, vending in urban areas, to resume their businesses, which were impacted adversely due to COVID-19. Under this scheme, amount of Rs 2684.01 crore has been disbursed to 26.81lakh beneficiaries till 03.12.2021.

Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) is being implemented by the Government for facilitating self-employment. Under PMMY, collateral free loans uptoRs. 10 lakh, are extended to micro/small business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities. Under the scheme, 31.28 crore loans were sanctioned till November, 2021.

Besides these initiatives, various flagship programmes of the Government such as Make in India, Digital India, Smart City Mission, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation, Housing for All, Infrastructure Development and Industrial Corridors and Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme are also oriented towards generating productive employment opportunities.

Recently, Government has launched All-India Quarterly Establishment Based Employment Survey (AQEES) in April, 2021. As per the result of the first round of Quarterly Employment Survey for the period April to June 2021, employment increased to 3.8 crore in the nine selected sectors of the economy against a total of 2.37 crores in these sectors taken collectively, as reported in the sixth Economic Census (2013-14) reflecting a growth rate of 29%. The most impressive growth of 152 percent has been recorded in the IT/BPO sector, while growth rates in Health is 77 percent, in Education it is 39 percent, in Manufacturing it is 22 percent, in Transport it is 68 percent and in Construction it is 42 percent.

Annexure referred to in reply of part (a) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1380 due for reply on 09.12.2021

State/UT-wise details of unemployment rate for persons of age 15 years and above of different general education level according to usual status basis approach during 2019-20 (PLFS)

(in %)

State \ UT	General Education level					
	secondary & above	higher secondary	diploma/certificate course	graduate	post graduate & above	all
Andhra Pradesh	13.6	7.3	16.7	24.5	28.7	4.7
Arunachal Pradesh	15.7	10.5	0.0	23.9	36.5	6.7
Assam	13.5	14.9	4.0	20.1	6.6	7.9
Bihar	10.0	6.6	84.9	19.9	12.3	5.1
Chhattisgarh	8.5	6.6	34.1	17.8	12.7	3.3
Delhi	11.5	10.1	14.6	13.5	16.1	8.6
Goa	11.6	11.6	14.8	15.0	15.3	8.1
Gujarat	3.9	3.5	5.2	5.3	8.8	2.0
Haryana	9.7	10.6	13.1	13.4	8.9	6.4
Himachal Pradesh	6.5	4.5	10.8	17.9	10.8	3.7
Jharkhand	9.6	9.1	24.7	14.0	14.3	4.2
Karnataka	9.1	3.5	9.9	19.8	10.4	4.2
Kerala	16.7	17.5	13.8	28.2	24.2	10.0
Madhya Pradesh	7.1	4.6	17.1	14.7	6.3	3.0
Maharashtra	5.6	6.3	10.9	8.6	2.5	3.2
Manipur	14.2	12.9	9.4	18.2	21.3	9.5
Meghalaya	10.9	10.0	5.9	16.6	19.7	2.7
Mizoram	11.6	12.7	0.0	14.3	22.3	5.7
Nagaland	36.6	34.3	34.5	46.3	56.0	25.7
Odisha	16.9	16.9	28.4	25.3	10.5	6.2
Punjab	11.7	15.8	16.4	14.5	14.1	7.3
Rajasthan	11.7	5.4	14.1	22.8	16.9	4.5
Sikkim	5.9	5.3	13.9	11.1	2.1	2.2
Tamil Nadu	11.7	6.2	16.4	20.6	13.5	5.3
Telangana	14.0	9.7	12.8	26.9	24.6	7.0
Tripura	8.3	6.6	16.3	13.8	5.6	3.2
Uttarakhand	12.6	13.8	22.0	21.9	8.3	7.1
Uttar Pradesh	8.7	6.3	21.2	15.6	10.6	4.4
West Bengal	10.1	9.1	13.9	15.2	11.5	4.6
Andaman & N. Island	23.2	29.4	19.7	29.8	18.9	12.6
Chandigarh	6.9	10.5	0.0	3.0	8.2	6.3
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	6.7	4.1	3.2	8.6	17.3	3.0
Daman & Diu	4.5	7.8	5.6	3.4	0.0	2.9
Jammu & Kashmir	14.6	14.6	49.6	21.9	21.2	6.7
Ladakh	0.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Lakshadweep	20.3	27.8	29.3	35.2	0.0	13.7
Puducherry	10.5	9.1	10.1	19.8	8.4	7.6
all India	10.1	7.9	14.2	17.2	12.9	4.8

Source: Annual report PLFS, 2019-20; M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation.

Annexure referred to in reply of part (a) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1380 due for reply on 09.12.2021

State/UT-wise details of job seekers of age 15 years and above of different general education level registered on NCS portal

(in numbers)

State	Secondary	Higher Secondary	Diploma/Certificate Course	Graduate	Post Graduate and Above	Grand Total
Andaman and Nicobar Islands	2,346	3,559	1,603	2,320	730	10,558
Andhra Pradesh	88,111	36,130	20,740	146,734	39,752	331,467
Arunachal Pradesh	36,583	6,722	242	2,736	321	46,604
Assam	271,519	41,474	3,739	21,379	5,110	343,221
Bihar	228,392	300,148	45,746	186,415	25,581	786,282
Chandigarh	7,992	6,365	1,727	8,229	3,040	27,353
Chhattisgarh	35,559	40,609	8,050	35,291	15,082	134,591
Dadra and Nagar Haveli	248	363	296	993	388	2,288
Daman and Diu	694	79	25	279	39	1,116
Delhi	47,637	35,183	7,124	55,530	21,798	167,272
Goa	4,843	13,282	1,633	18,326	4,850	42,934
Gujarat	98,843	67,450	23,714	83,850	17,930	291,787
Haryana	71,060	22,349	7,173	33,169	12,459	146,210
Himachal Pradesh	48,966	50,402	71,276	44,220	11,877	226,741
Jammu and Kashmir	74,660	20,195	2,255	14,018	7,917	119,045
Jharkhand	201,963	228,913	15,570	225,865	43,736	716,047
Karnataka	80,851	26,006	26,750	113,548	28,400	275,555
Kerala	43,464	33,865	15,204	82,304	29,207	204,044
Ladakh	738	1,040	19	275	149	2,221
Lakshadweep	1,462	2,561	418	689	241	5,371
Madhya Pradesh	152,247	61,775	11,794	280,716	22,675	529,207
Maharashtra	171,085	110,850	43,530	257,527	55,583	638,575
Manipur	26,150	6,467	168	3,375	731	36,891
Meghalaya	11,637	5,905	169	2,602	673	20,986
Mizoram	8,545	2,996	23	885	152	12,601
Nagaland	11,217	2,716	78	1,657	353	16,021
Odisha	89,602	21,164	10,526	42,002	9,407	172,701
Puducherry	2,844	1,897	742	6,754	7,288	19,525
Punjab	193,346	89,386	31,186	107,376	113,157	534,451
Rajasthan	477,276	76,397	23,904	85,227	24,595	687,399
Sikkim	2,550	1,115	122	941	264	4,992
Tamil Nadu	209,842	53,765	30,777	207,778	53,687	555,849
Telangana	53,485	29,667	10,629	116,552	28,951	239,284
Tripura	97,757	72,470	5,574	55,679	13,522	245,002
Uttar Pradesh	286,475	164,801	43,498	219,161	67,470	781,405
Uttarakhand	36,898	27,967	10,559	37,658	9,496	122,578
West Bengal	645,061	680,009	39,284	319,643	86,484	1,770,481
State Not Specified	28,452	34,700	755	14,691	4,419	83,017
Grand Total	3,850,400	2,380,742	516,622	2,836,394	767,514	10,351,672

Source : NCS portal, Ministry of Labour & Employment (data as on 07.12.2021)