

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**  
**MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT**  
**RAJYA SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2673**  
**TO BE ANSWERED ON 11<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER, 2019**

**JOB LOST IN MANUFACTURING AND CONSTRUCTION SECTORS**

**2673. SHRI SHAMSHER SINGH DULLO:**

**Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:**

- (a) the number of jobs lost in the manufacturing and construction sectors for the last four years, State-wise including Punjab;**
- (b) whether Government is taking steps to increase employment in these sectors; and**
- (c) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?**

**ANSWER**

**MINISTER OF STATE (IC) FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT**  
**(SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR GANGWAR)**

**(a) As per Labour Bureau statistics on “Industrial Disputes, Closures, Retrenchments and Lay-offs in India” State-wise & Year-wise number of Permanent Closures & Workers affected in Manufacturing and Construction Sector from 2015 to 2019 and number of Retrenchments & Workers affected in Manufacturing and Construction Sector from 2015 to 2019 are placed at Annexure-I & II.**

**(b) & (c) As per Section 22 (1) of the Building and Other Construction Workers Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service [(BOCW) (RECS)] Act, 1996 the welfare schemes including the scheme related to skill development of BOC workers and their dependents are formulated and implemented by the State Welfare Boards of States/UTs. The Central Government has been issuing instructions/advisories in this regard from time to time. In September,2018, the State/UTs have been advised to converge skill development activities of the BOCW Board with those of the State Skill Development Missions/Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship and National Skill Development Corporation, to provide financial assistance in the form of stipend & training expenses during the training period which is limited to once in 3 years & providing skill development to the dependents of a BOC worker without any stipend.**

**Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) has been initiated by Government inter alia, for facilitating self-employment. Under PMMY collateral free loans upto Rs. 10 lakh, are extended to micro/small business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities.**

**Pradhan Mantri Rojgar Protsahan Yojana (PMRPY) was launched with the objective to incentivise employers for creation of employment. Under the scheme, Government of India was paying Employer's full contribution i.e. 12% towards EPF and EPS both (as admissible from time to time) for a period of three years to the new employees through EPFO. The beneficiaries registered upto 31st March, 2019 will receive the benefit for 3 years from the date of registration under the scheme.**

**ASPIRE (A scheme for promotion of Innovation, Rural Industry and Entrepreneurship) was launched to set up a network of technology centres and to set up incubation centres to accelerate entrepreneurship in agro-industry.**

**Besides these initiatives, flagship programmes of the Government such as Make in India, Digital India, Swachh Bharat Mission, Smart City Mission, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation, Housing for All, Infrastructure development and Industrial corridors have the potential to generate productive employment opportunities. Schemes such as the National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS) wherein Government reimburses 25 percent of the stipend payable to apprentices also enhances employability of the youth to access employment.**

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**STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (a) OF THE RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2673 FOR 11-12-2019 REGARDING JOB LOST IN MANUFACTURING AND CONSTRUCTION SECTORS.**

**State & Year-wise number of Permanent Closures & Workers affected in Manufacturing and Construction Sector from 2015 to 2019 (Provisional)**

Year-2015 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Andhra Pradesh	1	260	-	-
2	Goa	-	-	1	17
3	Himachal Pradesh	1	90	-	-
4	Karnataka	1	96	-	-
5	Odisha	1	36	-	-
6	Tripura	9	687	-	-
7	Uttar Pradesh	4	118	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>17</b>	<b>1287</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>17</b>

Year-2016 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Himachal Pradesh	3	204	-	-
2	Odisha	2	943	-	-
3	Tripura	11	553	-	-
4	Uttar Pradesh	6	345	-	-
5	Uttarakhand	1	21	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>23</b>	<b>2066</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Year-2017 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Haryana	1	145	-	-
2	Maharashtra	2	51	-	-
3	Tripura	4	24	-	-
4	Uttar Pradesh	4	234	-	-
5	Telangana	3	642	-	-
6	Uttarakhand	2	188	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>16</b>	<b>1284</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Year-2018 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Himachal Pradesh	2	57	-	-
2	Maharashtra	1	21	-	-
3	Rajasthan	1	118	-	-
4	Telangana	2	226	-	-
5	Uttarakhand	1	8	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>7</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Year-2019 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Himachal Pradesh	1	45	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Source: Labour Bureau.

‘-’ denotes Nil information

Note: This statement is based on the returns/information received in the Bureau till 26th November, 2019

**STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (a) OF THE RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2673 FOR 11-12-2019 REGARDING JOB LOST IN MANUFACTURING AND CONSTRUCTION SECTORS.**

**State & Year-wise number of Retrenchments & Workers affected in Manufacturing and Construction Sector from 2015 to 2019 (Provisional)**

Year-2015 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Kerala	1	24	-	-
2	Odisha	1	1	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Year-2016 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Maharastra	-	-	-	-
		(1)	(36)		
2	Telangana	1	15	-	-
		2	51	-	-

Year-2016 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Maharastra	-	-	-	-
		(1)	(36)		
2	Telangana	1	15	-	-
		2	51	-	-

Year-2017 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Odisha	1	1	-	-
2	Uttar Pradesh	2	50	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>3</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Year-2018 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1	Karnataka	1	9	-	-
2	Odisha	2	27	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>3</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Year-2019 (Provisional)					
Manufacturing				Construction	
Sr. No.	State/UT	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected	No of Units	No. of Workers Affected
1		-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Source: Labour Bureau.

‘-’ denotes Nil information

Note: 1. The information within brackets relates to Central Sphere.

2. This statement is based on the returns/information received in the Bureau till 26th November, 2019 .