# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO.\*35 TO BE ANSWERED ON 6<sup>TH</sup> FEBURARY, 2019

### **CMIE REPORT ON JOB-LOSS**

#### \*35. SHRI RAVI PRAKASH VERMA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether as per the recent report of Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy (CMIE), 11 million individuals have lost their jobs in 2018;
- (b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise and month-wise;
- (c) the details of job-loss during January, 2019, State-wise;
- (d) the response of Government to above said report;
- (e) whether 3.7 million salaried employees have lost their jobs in 2018;
- (f) if so, the details thereof, State-wise; and
- (g) the details of action proposed in this regard?

#### **ANSWER**

## MINISTER OF STATE (IC) FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR GANGWAR)

(a) to (g): A statement is laid on the table of the House.

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STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) TO (g) OF RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. \*35 DUE FOR REPLY ON 06-02-2019 BY SHRI RAVI PRAKASH VERMA REGARDING CMIE REPORT ON JOB LOSS IN COUNTRY

(a) to (g): Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy (CMIE) is a private company and the Government is not aware of the methodology adopted by them. However, Labour Bureau, Ministry of Labour and Employment conducted labour force survey on Employment-Unemployment in 2015-16. As per the result of survey, the estimated unemployment rate and worker population ratio for persons aged 15 years and above on usual status basis in the country was 3.7% and 50.5% respectively. The State-wise detail is given at Annexure.

Employment generation coupled with improving employability is the priority of the Government. Government has taken various steps for generating employment in the country like encouraging private sector of economy, fast-tracking various projects involving substantial investment and increasing public expenditure on schemes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) and Deendyal Antodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM).

Pradhan Mantri Rojgar Protsahan Yojana (PMRPY) has been launched by the Ministry of Labour and Employment for incentivising employers for promoting employment generation. Under this scheme, Government is paying entire employer's contribution (12% or as admissible) towards EPF and EPS for all eligible new employees for all sectors for 3 years. Till 28-01-2019, the scheme has covered 1,29,916 establishments and 1.05 crore beneficiaries.

Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) has been initiated by Government inter alia for facilitating self-employment. Under PMMY collateral free loans uptoRs. 10 lakh, are extended to small/micro business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities. Till 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2019, total 15.59 crore loans have been sanctioned under the scheme.

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Annexure referred to in reply to part (a to g) of the Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. \*35 due for reply on 06-02-2019

State-wise detail of unemployment rate and worker population ratio for persons aged 15 years & above according to Usual Principal & Subsidiary Status Approach in 2015-16

SI. No.	State/UTs	Unemployment Rate	Worker Population Ratio
		(in %)	(in %)
1	Andhra Pradesh	3.5	61.6
2	Arunachal Pradesh	3.9	62.1
3	Assam	4.0	50.6
4	Bihar	4.4	48.4
5	Chhattisgarh	1.2	67.3
6	Delhi	3.1	40.8
7	Goa	9.0	44.7
8	Gujarat	0.6	49.0
9	Haryana	3.3	44.7
10	Himachal Pradesh	10.2	40.8
11	Jammu & Kashmir	6.6	36.7
12	Jharkhand	2.2	65.2
13	Karnataka	1.4	55.5
14	Kerala	10.6	45.2
15	Madhya Pradesh	3.0	44.8
16	Maharashtra	1.5	52.2
17	Manipur	3.4	59.9
18	Meghalaya	4.0	62.8
19	Mizoram	1.5	67.4
20	Nagaland	5.6	63.5
21	Odisha	3.8	51.2
22	Punjab	5.8	40.2
23	Rajasthan	2.5	53.7
24	Sikkim	8.9	61.4
25	Tamil Nadu	3.8	56.3
26	Telangana	2.7	56.6
27	Tripura	10.0	61.9
28	- Uttarakhand	6.1	44.6
29	Uttar Pradesh	5.8	43.7
30	West Bengal	3.6	50.7
31	A & N Islands	12.0	54.1
32	Chandigarh	3.4	37.1
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.7	45.4
34	Daman & Diu	0.3	50.1
35	Lakshadweep	4.3	34.6
36	Puducherry	4.8	50.9
	All India	3.7	50.5

Source: Employment-Unemployment Surveys of Labour Bureau