

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT  
LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 384  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 24<sup>TH</sup> JUNE, 2019**

**UNEMPLOYMENT RATE**

**384. ADV. ADOOR PRAKASH:**

**Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:**

- (a) the unemployment rate in the country at present;**
- (b) whether the unemployment rate in the country is at 45 year high as per survey of National Sample Survey Office;**
- (c) if so, the details thereof and the reaction of the Government thereto; and**
- (d) the details of measures proposed by the Government to address the issue?**

**ANSWER**

**MINISTER OF STATE (IC) FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT  
(SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR GANGWAR)**

**(a) to (d): As per the results of Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) conducted by National Sample Survey Office, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation during 2017-18, the estimated Unemployment Rate on usual status (ps+ss) basis for persons of all ages in the country was 6.1%. The unemployment rate for last 45 years is given below:**

| <b>Unemployment Rates (in %) according to usual status (ps+ss) from 1972-73 to 2017-18</b> |              |               |              |               |
|--|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| <b>Survey year</b>   | <b>Rural</b> |               | <b>urban</b> |               |
|  | <b>Male</b>  | <b>Female</b> | <b>Male</b>  | <b>female</b> |
| <b>2017-18*<br/>(PLFS)</b>   | <b>5.8</b>   | <b>3.8</b>    | <b>7.1</b>   | <b>10.8</b>   |
| <b>2011-12<br/>(NSS 68<sup>th</sup> round)</b>   | <b>1.7</b>   | <b>1.7</b>    | <b>3.0</b>   | <b>5.2</b>    |
| <b>2009-10<br/>(NSS 66<sup>th</sup> round)</b>   | <b>1.6</b>   | <b>1.6</b>    | <b>2.8</b>   | <b>5.7</b>    |
| <b>2004-05<br/>(NSS 61<sup>st</sup> round)</b>   | <b>1.6</b>   | <b>1.8</b>    | <b>3.8</b>   | <b>6.9</b>    |
| <b>1999-00<br/>(NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round)</b>   | <b>1.7</b>   | <b>1.0</b>    | <b>4.5</b>   | <b>5.7</b>    |

|   |     |     |     |      |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 1993-94<br>(NSS 50 <sup>th</sup> round) | 1.4 | 0.9 | 4.1 | 6.1  |
| 1987-88<br>(NSS 43 <sup>rd</sup> round) | 1.8 | 2.4 | 5.2 | 6.2  |
| 1983<br>(NSS 38 <sup>th</sup> round)    | 1.4 | 0.7 | 5.1 | 4.9  |
| 1977-78<br>(NSS 32 <sup>nd</sup> round) | 1.3 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 12.4 |
| 1972-73<br>(NSS 27 <sup>th</sup> round) | 1.2 | 0.5 | 4.8 | 6.0  |

**(Note: \* For comparability, the results of the PLFS need to be understood in the context with which the survey methodology and sample selection has been designed)**

**Government has taken various steps for generating employment i.e. encouraging private sector of economy, fast-tracking various projects involving substantial investment and increasing public expenditure on schemes such as Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) and Deendyal Antodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM).**

**Pradhan Mantri Rojgar Protsahan Yojana (PMRPY) has been launched by the Ministry of Labour and Employment for incentivising employers for promoting employment generation. Under this scheme, Government is paying entire employer's contribution (12% or as admissible) towards EPF and EPS for all eligible new employees for all sectors for 3 years.**

**Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) has been initiated by Government inter alia for facilitating self-employment. Under PMMY collateral free loans uptoRs. 10 lakh, are extended to micro/small business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities.**

**Government has implemented the National Career Service (NCS) Project which comprises a digital portal that provides a nation-wide online platform for the job seekers and employers for job-matching in a dynamic, efficient and responsive manner and has a repository of career content to job seekers.**

**Pradhan Mantri Kaushal VikasYojana (PMKVY) is the flagship scheme of the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship (MSDE). The objective of this Skill Certification Scheme is to enable a large number of Indian youth to take up industry-relevant skill training that will help them in securing a better livelihood and to meet their employment requirement.**

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