

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2363
TO BE ANSWERED ON 04TH AUGUST, 2025**

EMPLOYMENT IN THE UNROGANISED MANUFACTURING SECTOR

2363. SMT. VIJAYLAKSHMI DEVI:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the employment in the unorganized manufacturing sector is actually less than the level of 2010-11 shown by the Annual Survey of Unorganised Sector Enterprises as shown in the comparison of 67th National Sample Survey (NSS) round;**
- (b) if so, the details thereof;**
- (c) whether the Government has taken cognizance of the fact that the number of workers in the unorganised manufacturing sector is decreasing despite the increase in the number of such manufacturing establishments;**
- (d) if so, the reasons therefor; and**
- (e) the measures taken to reduce unemployment in the unorganised manufacturing sector?**

ANSWER

**MINISTER OF STATE FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT
(SUSHRI SHOBHA KARANDLAJE)**

(a) to (d): Annual Survey of Unincorporated Sector Enterprises (ASUSE), which is conducted by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI), exclusively measures various economic and operational characteristics of unincorporated, non-agricultural establishments in manufacturing, trade and other services sector. The report along with details on number of people employed in the unincorporated, non- agricultural enterprises, including manufacturing sector is available

at

https://www.mospi.gov.in/sites/default/files/publication_reports/ASUSE_2023_24_Full_Report-L.pdf

The KLEMS (K: Capital, L: Labour, E: Energy, M: Materials and S: Services) database published by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) provides employment estimates, including manufacturing sector, at all India level. As per the latest data of the database, employment in the manufacturing sector increased to 6.31 crore in year 2022-23 compared to 5.52 crore in 2018-19. Total increase in employment during 2018-19 to 2022-23 is about 79.17 lakh in the manufacturing sector.

(e): Employment generation coupled with improving employability including employment in unorganised manufacturing sector is a priority of the Government. Accordingly, Government is implementing various employment generation schemes/programmes. These inter-alia include Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana- National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM), Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), Rural Self Employment and Training Institutes (RSETIs), Deen Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM), PM Street Vendor's AtmaNirbhar Nidhi (PM SVANidhi), Stand-up India Scheme, Start Up India , Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY), Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), etc. The details of various employment generation schemes/programmes being implemented by the Government may be seen at https://dge.gov.in/dge/schemes_programmes.

In addition, the Union Cabinet has approved the Employment Linked Incentive (ELI) Scheme to support employment generation, enhance employability and social security across all sectors, with special focus on the manufacturing sector.

Further, Ministry of Labour and Employment, Government of India is running the National Career Service (NCS) Portal which is a one-stop solution for providing career related services including information on jobs from private and government sectors, information on online & offline job fairs, job search & matching, career counselling, vocational guidance, information on skill development courses, employability enhancement programmes,. etc. through a digital platform[www.ncs.gov.in]

DRAFT
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2363
BY SMT. VIJAYLAKSHMI DEVI:
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 04.08.2025
EMPLOYMENT IN THE UNROGANISED MANUFACTURING SECTOR

QUESTION	ANSWER
<p>Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:</p> <p>(f) whether the employment in the unorganized manufacturing sector is actually less than the level of 2010-11 shown by the Annual Survey of Unorganised Sector Enterprises as shown in the comparison of 67th National Sample Survey (NSS) round;</p> <p>(g) if so, the details thereof;</p> <p>(h) whether the Government has taken cognizance of the fact that the number of workers in the unorganised manufacturing sector is decreasing despite the increase in the number of such manufacturing establishments;</p> <p>(i) if so, the reasons therefor; and</p> <p>(j) the measures taken to reduce unemployment in the unorganised manufacturing sector?</p>	<p>(a) to (d) Annual Survey of Unincorporated Sector Enterprises (ASUSE), which is conducted by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI), exclusively measures various economic and operational characteristics of unincorporated, non-agricultural establishments in manufacturing, trade and other services sector. The report along with details on number of people employed in the unincorporated, non-agricultural enterprises, including manufacturing sector is available at https://www.mospi.gov.in/sites/default/files/publication_reports/ASUSE_2023_24_Full_Report-L.pdf</p> <p>The KLEMS (K: Capital, L: Labour, E: Energy, M: Materials and S: Services) database published by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) provides employment estimates, including manufacturing sector, at all India level. As per the latest data of the database, employment in the manufacturing sector increased to 6.31 crore in year 2022-23 compared to 5.52 crore in 2018-19. Total increase in employment during 2018-19 to 2022-23 is about 79.17 lakh in the manufacturing sector</p> <p>(e) Employment generation coupled with improving employability including employment in</p>

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